

2023-2024 学年七年级下学期期中检测全真模拟试卷

(满分 100 分, 考试时间 100 分钟)

第 I 卷 (客观题 共 50 分)

一、单项选择 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

1. Tokyo, _____ eastern city, is _____ capital of Japan.

A. a; the B. the; a C. the; the D. an; the

2. —Can I use your dictionary? _____ is left home.

—Sure. But don't forget to give _____ back before the English class.

A. My; one B. Mine; one C. My; it D. Mine; it

3. It's the last minute in the basketball match, but the player _____ the ball. What a pity!

A. gets B. misses C. catches D. passes

4. —Could you come with us this afternoon?

—Sorry, I _____. I _____ take care of my little sister because my mother is out.

A. can't; may B. couldn't; have to C. can't; have to D. couldn't; may

5. _____ dangerous to swim in the lake. Remember _____ in the swimming pool.

A. That's; swimming B. It; to swim C. This; swimming D. It's; to swim

6. _____ the evening of February 4th, around _____ people watched the Beijing 2022 Olympic Winter Games opening ceremony in Wuxi.

A. On; millions B. On; 3 million C. In; 3 millions D. In; 3 million

7. — _____?

—It's a big house with a beautiful garden.

A. What is your new house look like B. How does your new house look like

C. What's your new house like D. What does your new house like

8. —There is a(n) _____ at the gate of the school. Do you know what it is about?

—Oh. It says we can go to get a nucleic acid test (核酸检测).

A. photo B. notice C. information D. order

9. Nan Tong is a city _____ a long history, and it is _____ of Wu Xi.

A. has; to the north-east B. with; to the north-east

C. with; north-east

D. has; north-east

10. _____ exciting the news is! We will have a _____ holiday after the exam.

A. How; two-month

B. How; two month's

C. What; two-month

D. What an; two months'

11. —Who is at the door?

—I'm not sure. A deliveryman (快递员) or _____ wanting to sell his new products.

A. someone

B. anyone

C. everybody

D. no one

12. —Why are you so excited, Ricky?

—Because there _____ a big show from BLACKPINK on TV this evening.

A. is going to have

B. are going to be

C. is going to be

D. will have

13. — Hello, this is Jim speaking. Is that Sam?

— Sorry, he isn't here now. _____

A. Can I take a message?

B. What are you saying to Sam?

C. May I speak to Sam?

D. Who's that speaking?

14. —How did you find the trip to the Eiffel Tower?

—_____.

A. It was not far from my hotel

B. Really great

C. A tour guide took us there

D. First by train and then by taxi

15. —Hello, this is Tina speaking. Is that Sam?

—Sorry, he isn't here at the moment. _____?

A. Can I take a message

B. What are you saying

C. May I speak to Sam

D. Who is that speaking

二、完形填空 (10 分)

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

“Please, Mom, sit down and let me help you,” says Fred Liscom, a twelve-year-old boy. Mrs. Liscom, looking ill and ___1___, is trying to wash the bowls after breakfast.

She smiles, and says, “You, Fred, you wash the bowls?” “Yes, Mom,” answers Fred. “I can do it ___2___ I see you do it every day.”

A look of relief (宽慰) comes over his mom's ___3___ as she sits in her chair. Fred does the washing. Then he cleans the kitchen, ___4___ the potatoes up from the cellar (地窖) for the dinner, and then goes to school.

When school is over, Fred goes back home quickly, helps his mom cook ___5___, and again ___6___ the

bowls.

He keeps on in this way for two or three days, till (直到) his mom can do ___7___ usual work. One day, the doctor says to his mom, “Well, madam, I can see you did have a good rest, and you are very well now.” The doctor’s words make Fred ___8___. The ___9___ does not know how the “rest” has happened (发生). To help his mother, Fred can’t swim or skate with the boys. He leaves school as soon as school is ___10___ because he wants to help his mother with more housework.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1. A. lucky | B. tired | C. sorry | D. angry |
| 2. A. and | B. so | C. because | D. but |
| 3. A. face | B. nose | C. hand | D. head |
| 4. A. brings | B. cooks | C. throws | D. plants |
| 5. A. breakfast | B. eggs | C. noodles | D. dinner |
| 6. A. makes | B. carries | C. washes | D. buys |
| 7. A. his | B. her | C. my | D. your |
| 8. A. sad | B. worried | C. interested | D. happy |
| 9. A. doctor | B. teacher | C. worker | D. nurse |
| 10. A. free | B. open | C. over | D. ready |

三、阅读理解 阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分）

A

Cooks Wanted

Are you a cook? Would you like to help the old? Can you help them with cooking? Come to join us. Call Tom on 3785788.

Basketball Club

Do you like to play basketball? Do you want to play basketball well? Mr Chen can teach you. You can come here every Saturday afternoon. Tel: 3685788

Art Club

Have nothing to do after work? Why not come to our club and learn to draw? It is fun. You can also make friends here.

Call Millie on 3451238. Time: 7:00 p.m.—9:00 p.m. from Monday to Friday.

Helping Drive

Can't drive after drinking? Call me, Stephen at any time. I can help you. I will drive you home and keep you safe.

I'm a good driver. And I know the city well. My phone number is 4493327.

1. People can go to the Art Club _____.

A. every Saturday morning

B. every Wednesday evening

C. every Monday morning

D. every Sunday evening

2. Who may call Stephen?

A. Millie. She wants to learn to draw.

B. Mr. Smith. He drinks a lot.

C. Tom. He is good at cooking.

D. Mr. Brown. He likes playing basketball.

3. Where may you read the information?

A. In the post office.

B. In the police station.

C. In the community center.

D. In the hospital.

B

Are you busy reciting (背诵) English new words every day? Are you tired of memorizing (记忆) Chinese beautiful words or sentences? You spend too much time on them, but you can just remember a few of them. What to do with this difficult problem?

There are many things you can do to make you memorize things better, such as using different memorizing ways and taking special care of your health.

Regularly use your brain.

Learning a new skill every two weeks or every month helps your brain develop (发展). In this way, your brain can keep working every day.

① When trying to memorize something, do not allow other things to go into your brain, because this will easily make you do something wrong.

Put information with pictures together.

② Try to see the pictures in your brain. If you want to memorize the word "forest", you can put some pictures in your brain, like lions, trees, flowers, birds, monkeys... Taking notes and writing down something important are helpful to memorizing important things in your life.

Eat healthy food and have a good rest.

Enough VC and protein (蛋白质) are important to develop your memory. Drinking a lot of water also helps develop your memory. You must allow your brain to have enough sleep and rest too. When you are sleeping, your brain stores (储存) memory. If you don't have enough sleep, you will have problems in storing information. ③ Being tired will stop you from finishing work better. Tea and coffee can make you not want to sleep, but some people think they may have problems with memory. To develop your brain, you must be relaxed (放松的). ④ By the way, keeping fit and having a regular health check are both important as well, and not just for developing your memory.

1. The underlined (加下划线) word "Regularly" means (意思) _____.

- A. 定期地 B. 充分地 C. 专注地 D. 熟练地

2. The following sentence can be put in _____.

"You should do the most important thing at a time."

- A. ① B. ② C. ③ D. ④

3. What can we infer (推断) from the passage?

- A. Doing more things helps us develop our brain.
B. Keeping a diary helps us remember all the things.
C. Drinking coffee and tea is always good for our brain.
D. Seeing "cat" and "dog" in our brain helps us remember the word "animal".

C

We all think that babies are cute and we all know that they need someone to take care of them. What else do you know about them? You will be surprised to know babies have some amazing abilities (能力) that you can only dream of. Here are some amazing things you may want to know.

First of all, babies can sleep anytime and anywhere. Sometimes, they even can sleep when they are having their lunch. Sometimes, you may find them sleeping on the cold floor in your bathroom.

Second, babies have two times more taste buds (味蕾) than us, so they can feel some small changes in taste even before their birth.

Third, babies can dive and swim without learning till around 6 months old. They can swim with their mouth and eyes open under the water!

Fourth, babies can eat as much as they want without getting fat. They have something called "brown fat" and it can burn calories very quickly. They have a lot of it, too. It even makes up about 5% of a baby's weight.

Babies can also see things clearly. Believe it or not! They can tell the differences (差异) between two faces of

monkeys. But we lose this ability little by little when we grow old. Now, we sometimes can't even tell the differences between two western persons.

Are you feeling a little jealous (嫉妒的) of babies right now? You are not alone. Even scientists are so jealous of babies that they are trying to find a way to get these abilities into adults. However, these special abilities are for babies only.

1. What can babies do according to the article?

- A. They can smell things well. B. They can hear things clearly.
C. They can eat a lot without getting fat. D. They can swim without learning after 6 months old.

2. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Babies lose these amazing abilities when they grow up.
B. Babies can't sleep when they are having lunch or it is cold.
C. Adults can swim well without learning when they grow up.
D. Adults can also have the abilities with the help of scientists.

3. Where may the article come from?

- A. A story book. B. A science book. C. A travel book. D. A cooking book.

4. What is the best title of this article?

- A. Baby Care B. Amazing Babies C. Cute Babies D. Different Babies

第II卷(主观题 共50分)

四. 词汇运用(本大题共9小题, 每小题1分, 共9分)

A. 根据句意和汉语注释, 写出单词的正确形式。

1. There are _____ (百万) of students watching the TV program "The First Lesson for the New Term" in China on the evening of September 1st.
2. Please check the _____ (工程师) names again. We should make sure they are all here for the meeting.
3. Some of the boys are _____ (准备) for the coming sports meeting on the playground.
4. How many _____ (学院) students will come to help children in the poor areas?
5. My mother takes good care of the whole family. She always goes _____ (径直地) home after work to prepare meals for us.

B) 根据句意, 写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。

1. There are many _____ (wash) machines in this shop.
2. It's good for children to sleep _____ (much) than eight hours every day.
3. It's _____ (danger) to run after each other on the street.

4. This person is one of the best _____ (art) in his town. He loves his works very much.

五、动词填空（本大题共 6 小题，每小题 1 分，共 6 分）

选用方框中的动词，并用其适当形式填空。（每词限用一次）

lie	bring	rain	travel	have	catch
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1. We won't go out for camping if it _____ this weekend.
2. Look! Someone _____ on the grass, enjoying the sunshine.
3. —They _____ a fashion show the day after tomorrow, right?—Yes, they are.
4. Mr Wang _____ us a lot of fun when he was our history teacher.
5. My dad told me that the earth _____ around the sun.
6. Hurry up, and you _____ the early bus.

六、句型转换

根据括号内的要求改写句子。答案必须填写在答题卷相应的横线上，每格限填一词。（本大题共 10 分，每格 0.5 分）

1. He is going to order a hamburger and a glass of juice. (改为一般疑问句，并作否定回答)

— _____ he _____ a hamburger and a glass of juice?

—No, he _____.

2. Do you have any problems with your washing machine? (改为同义句)

Is there _____ with your washing machine?

3. It's half an hour on foot from my school to the bus stop. (划线部分提问)

_____ is it from your school to the bus stop?

4. Walk on and turn right at the third turning. (改为同义句)

Walk _____ the road and _____ the third turning _____.

5. I live on the seventh floor. Jim lives on the fifteenth floor. (改为同义句)

Jim lives eight floors _____.

6. Ukraine has an area of over 603,000 square kilometres. (改为同义句)

Ukraine is _____ 603,000 square kilometres _____.

七、阅读填空（5 分）

先通读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在文章后表格的空格内填入一个最恰当的单词。每个空格只能填一个单词。

Thanksgiving is always on a Thursday. The day after it is known as Black Friday. It is the start of the holiday shopping season, and it is usually the busiest shopping day of the year in the US.

Most stores offer big sales on Black Friday. They open their doors quite early in the morning. They try to attract shoppers with big discounts (打折). Some items (商品) like TVs and clothes are much cheaper than usual. Stores may even lose money on these items. They hope that shoppers will buy gifts for other people while they are in the store.

Black Friday is a great time to go shopping. However, there are problems. The biggest one is that there are not enough low-priced items. Each store may only have a few. These items are in great need, so people stand in long lines to get them. They may wait three to four hours before a store opens. They may be hoping to get a low price on a TV or computer, but not everybody can get one. Some people leave, unhappy.

This makes people worried. Some Black Friday events are crazy. There are fights over toys among shoppers. Some workers are even hurt by large crowds (人群). But most Black Friday events are safe and fun. Still, if you plan to go, you should expect (预料) large crowds and a bit of pushing.

Black Friday	
Introduction	<p>▲ It is the day after Thanksgiving.</p> <p>▲ It is the busiest shopping day in the US.</p>
Advantages	<p>▲ Shoppers may buy some items at a very low <u>1</u>.</p> <p>▲ Stores may sell <u>2</u> items than usual.</p>
Disadvantages	<p>▲ Shoppers may need to stand in lines and <u>3</u> long.</p> <p>▲ Not everyone is <u>4</u> enough to get the low-priced items.</p> <p>▲ The shopping environment (环境) may not be as <u>5</u> as usual.</p>

八、完成句子按所给的汉语，用英语完成下列句子。（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

1. 中国人对赢得抗疫战争的胜利有把握。

Chinese people _____ win the war against the epidemic.

2. 如果你晕车就不要朝窗外看。

Don't look out of the window if you _____ in the car.

3. 他每天早晨在开满花的公园慢跑。

He jogs in the park _____ every morning.

4. 过马路前我们一定要仔细观察红绿灯。

We must carefully watch the _____ before _____ the road.

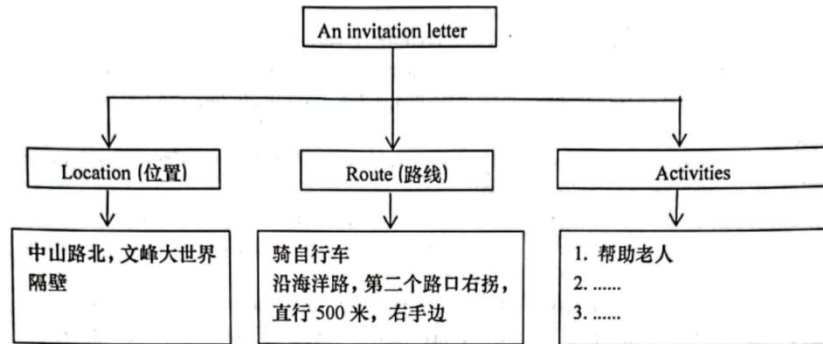
5. Tom，不要整天吃东西。你吃得够多了。

Don't eat _____, Tom. You have _____ food.

九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

“五一”假期快到了，你的社区将要开展一次志愿活动。假如你是 Andy，请根据图示信息，用英语写一

封邀请信，邀请你的同学 Nick 一起参加志愿活动。



- 要求:1.包含全部要点，省略号处须做适当发挥。
- 2.词数 80 左右，短文的开头已经给出，不计入总词数。
- 3.文中不得提及真实的校名、人名等。

Dear Nick,

I am very happy to invite you to join us to do some voluntary work.

I think we'll have a good time here.

Yours,
Andy