2023-2024 学年七年级下学期第一次月考(无锡卷)

英语

注意事项:

1.全卷满分 100 分。考试时间为 100 分钟。试题包含选择题和非选择题。考生答题全部答在答题卡上,答在本试卷上无效。

2.请认真核对监考教师在答题卡上所粘贴条形码的姓名、考试证号是否与本人相符合,再将自己的姓名、考试证号用 0.5毫米黑色墨水签字笔填写在答题卡及本试卷上。

3.答选择题必须用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,请用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案。答非选择题必须用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔写在答题卡的指定位置,在其他位置答题一律无效。

第1卷(客观题 共50分)

(本

_	、单项选择	在 A、B、	C、D 四个选项中,	选	出可以填入空白处的	的最低	圭选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。
大	题共14小题	,每小题	1分,共14分)				
1.	. Jack was born in USA. His birthday is on fifth of July.						
	A. the; /	В.	/; the	C.	the; the	D.	/; /
2.	In our city, th	ne number	of the teachers	a	about 2,000, but only	abou	ut of them are men teachers.
	A. is; seven	hundreds		В.	are; seven hundred		
	C. is; seven	hundred		D.	are; seven hundreds	S	
3.	Some boys a	re playing	basketball on the play	ygro	und, anda	are fl	ying kites.
	A. another	В.	the other	C.	others	D.	the others
4.	The small ro	om	flowers now was		rubbish in the	past.	
	A. full of; fi	ill with		В.	full with; filled of		
	C. fill with;	full of		D.	filled with; full of		
5.	This piece of	music	beautiful. Plea	ase v	vrite its name down.		
	A. sounds li	ike B.	hears	C.	sounds	D.	looks
6.	The engineer	-	the community cent	re w	ill come to fix the		bike in 20 minutes.
	A. to; wrong	g B.	from; new	C.	from; broken	D.	to; old
7.		floor do y	our grandparents live		?		
	Sorry, I don't	know.					
	A. Which; i	n B.	Where; in	C.	Where; /	D.	Which; on
8.	People here a	are like a b	ig family. Amy,		all the others,		_ living here.
	A. like; like	s B.	likes; likes	C.	likes; like	D.	like; like

9. — Is it from Sunsnine Town to the	center of Beijing?
—It's about 20 kilometers our school.	
A. How long, far from	B. How long, away from
C. How far, far away from	D. How far, away from
10. You have a brother. Do you share the room	him or have bedroom?
A. and; your own	B. with; own your
C. with; your own	D. of; own your
11. —Will there a football match on	CCTV 5 this evening?
—Yes. There usually football matches	s on Sunday evenings.
A. have; have B. be; will be	C. are; are D. be; are
12. There is in today's maths homew	vork, so many students spend more time on it.
A. difficult something	B. something difficult
C. difficult anything	D. anything difficult
13. —How do you say 153,009?	
A. One hundred fifty-three thousand and ni	ine B. One hundred and fifty-three thousand and nine
C. One hundred and fifty-three thousand ni	ine D. One hundred and fifty-three thousands and nine
14. —Hello, this is Daniel. Can I speak to Mary	y?
—Yes	
A. I am Mary	B. This is Mary speaking
C. Mary is me	D. My name is Mary
二、完形填空(本大题共10小题,每小题1	分,共10分)
请认真阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 /	A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。
Angle and Sandy are planning to take a holi	iday in Germany. They want to know more about the So
they are looking for some 16 on the	he Internet. The first city they want to learn about is Hamburg. It is the
second largest city in Germany, 17 it	has one of the largest harbors (港口) in the world. Every year millions
of 18 come to Hamburg. Besides lots	s of places of interest and shopping malls in the city, there are also
many parks and 19 green space	it is thought of as one of Germany's greenest cities. The
second thing they like to find out is21	they can have the best beer(啤酒). Of course, it is in22
Munich has the best beer in Germany, even in th	ne world. So travelers go there to have beer. Near the
city is the Alps. It must be quite beautiful. The	last thing they arefor is where to learn more German.
They must improve (提高) their language (语	言) before they go there so that they can have a wonderful time. Good

luck to them!

15. A. country	B. city	C. sea	D. town
16. A. information	B. knowledge	C. reasons	D. ideas
17. A. or	B. and	C. so	D. but
18. A. doctors	B. teachers	C. dancers	D. visitors
19. A. much	B. many	C. little	D. few
20. A. So	B. And	C. But	D. Or
21. A. when	B. where	C. how	D. what

22. A. Berlin B. Hamburg C. Frankfurt D. Munich

23. A. have to B. forget to C. would like to D. dislike to

24. A. asking B. learning C. looking D. waiting

三、阅读理解(本大题共 13 小题,每小题 2 分,共 26 分)

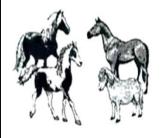
阅读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容,在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Horse Sanctuary

Gift shop

Farming Museums



Open Daily 10:00 a.m.—5:30 p.m.

- •Children's playground and activity area
- •Visitors may adopt (领养) a rescued animal for free!

Admission:

Adults: \$7

Children (up to 16): \$5

Children (3 & amp; under): Free

Family (2 adults & tildren): \$20

FREE CAR AND COACH PARK.

TOILET FOR THE DISABLED AND WHEELCHAIR ACCESS (通道) IN ALL AREAS.

- 25. When can the visitors buy the gifts?
 - A. At 9:30 a.m.
- B. At 11:00 a.m.
- C. At 6:00 p.m.
- D. At 10:00 p.m.
- 26. How much are the tickets (票) for a 15-year-old boy and his parent?
 - A. \$5.
- B. \$7.
- C. \$12.
- D. \$19.

- 27. What do we know about the museum?
 - A. Visitors can not park their cars for free. B. The animals there can't be adopted.
 - C. There are special areas for children.
- D. Children under 3 are not welcome there.

В

One day, Mary visited an old castle (城堡), with Uncle Sam and her cousin Dick.



- 28. This material is part of
 - A. a picture story B. a diary
- C. a poster
- D. a piece of news
- 29. Which is the correct order (顺序) of the material?
- ① Oswald eats a boy's ice cream.

20	Oswald doesn't get his ice cream because he hasn't money.
3 (Oswald keeps the guide (导游) in a room.
4 C	Oswald loves it and goes to town to buy an ice cream.
	A. 1)234 B. 1)423 C. 1)243 D. 4)123
30.	What can we infer (推断) from the material?
	A. Oswald finds nothing to wear.
	B. Oswald hates the visitors to the castle.
	C. Oswald likes being a guide very much.
	D. Oswald works as the guide to make money.
	C
	Every year thousands of young people in England finish school and then take a year off before they start work or
go t	to university. Some young people go to other countries and work as volunteers. Volunteers give their time to help
peop	ple. For example, they work in schools or hospitals, or they do something helpful for the environment(环境).
	Pauline Jones, 18, lives in Cardiff, Wales. Next year she is going to university to study Chinese, but now she's
livin	ng in Belize. Pauline says, "I'm working with other people here to save the coral reefs (珊瑚礁) in the sea near
Beli	ize. The reefs here are beautiful, but if the sea water is badly polluted (污染的), the coral will die. I'm helping to do
rese	earch on the coral and the fish that live around the reefs. All over the world, coral reefs are dying. We need to do
som	nething about the problem before it's too late."
	"I'm staying with a family here and I help do some housework. I don't get any money, but that's OK. I love my
worl	k here, and I'm learning a lot about the people of Beliz — and myself! After I finish my work, I want to stay here
for a	another three months. I want to travel around Belize and Central America."
31.	Pauline Jones, an eighteen-year-old girl, is living in now.
	A. England B. China C. Belize D. Cardiff
32.	Pauline Jones is with other people.
	A. studying Chinese in a university B. helping do some housework
	C. working to save the coral reefs D. doing some research in Wales
33.	From the passage, we know that the coral reefs
	A. will die because of the pollution B. are not as beautiful as before
	C. cannot live without fish in the sea D. may be sold for money
	D
	Evan, an orange and white fox, has a farm. It's Evan's home. His friend, a black and white dog, often stays there

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with him and they do everything together. They drive Evan's farm truck († \pm) and play games. They read books and

have ice cream. But their favorite thing is working in Evan's yard. In the yard, plants are big and beautiful. But friends don't always stay together. One day, the dog dies, so Evan loses his best friend. Without his best friend, the yard becomes a sad place. Evan feels so angry that he destroys (破坏) his yard.

But a good place will not stay empty for long. New plants quietly start to grow. One day, Evan finds a small pumpkin vine (藤) in his yard. He starts to look after it. Fall comes and there is a huge pumpkin on the vine in his yard.

It is the fair (集市) week. Evan takes his big pumpkin to the fair. He meets his old friends there and he enjoys delicious food. Best of all, his pumpkin wins him a prize:10 dollars or a little dog. What does Evan want? You might k

cno	now the answer. Yes. He drives home with the dog.					
	Do you know?					
	This is the story of the book <i>The Rough Patch</i> . It is a 2018 picture book by US writer Brian Lies. The book won					
he	2019 Caldecott Medal (凯迪克大奖—绘本大奖).					
34.	Where do Evan and the dog like to stay best?					
	A. In the truck. B. In the yard.					
	C. In the bedroom. D. In the food store.					
35.	What does Evan do after his friend dies?					
	A. He destroys his farm truck. B. He grows many plants in his yard.					
	C. He makes lots of new friends on his farm. D. He doesn't work in his yard for some time.					
36.	What do we know from the second paragraph?					
	A. Evan is angry to see some new plants. B. Evan likes the small pumpkin vine.					
	C. Evan is worried that pumpkins can't grow in his yard. D. In fall, Evan finds a small pumpkin vine in his yard.					
37.	The purpose(目的) of the passage is to					
	A. ask us to make friends with dogs B. tell us about the Caldecott Medal					
	C. tell us about a picture book D. ask us to read picture books					
	第 II 卷(主观题共 50 分)					
四、	四、词汇运用 (本大题共 8 小题,每小题 1 分,共 8 分)					
(A)	A)根据句意和汉语注释,在答题卡对应题号的横线上写出单词的正确形式。					
38.	Please search the Internet for more (信息).					
39.	John always (饲养) some cows and sheep on the farm.					
10.	0. My computer is (损坏了的), so I can't lend it to you now.					
11.	1. There are a few (录像) shops on both sides of the street.					

42. Tomorrow is Grandpa's _____ (ninety) birthday, so he is excited.

(B)根据句意在答题卡对应题号的横线上,写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。

43. Jack will bring some gifts to the party if everyone else brings (they).
44. If you want to learn more about(west) art, France is a good place for you.
45. When autumn comes, the maple (leaf) turn red and look quite beautiful.
五、动词填空(本大题共8小题,每小题1分,共8分)
用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空,并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。
46. —Who (visit) the Palace Museum the day after tomorrow?
—I think Mr. Green is.
47. The policeman tells the boys (not play) in the street.
48. Excuse me, but the music (not sound) nice to me. Could you turn it off?
49. Never (walk) across the road when the light is red.
50. How happy the volunteers are (share) different skills here!
51. —Would you like to go and have a cup of coffee with me?
—I'd love to, but I (wait) for my father.
52. I'm sure your parents (be) angry if they know all these.
53. We all have a great time (spend) a day out.
六、阅读填空(本大题共 5 小题.每小题 1 分,共 5 分)
先通读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容,在文章后表格的空格内填入一个最恰当的单词,每个空格只能填一个
单词。
Wildwood School Library Guide(指南)
This will offer you some information about our school library. You can use the guide to help your kids use our
library.

Services hours:3:00~5:30 p.m. on school days; 8:30~11:00 a.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.

On school days, your kids may borrow or return books during opening hours only when his classroom teacher allows (允许) him to. At the weekend, our library is open to both you and your kids.

Borrowing: Each student can borrow one or two books at a time. More books can be borrowed only for class reading activities and school research.

Returning: Books borrowed from the library can be kept for three weeks. The books must be returned (归还) before the due (到期的) date or the kid cannot borrow other books.

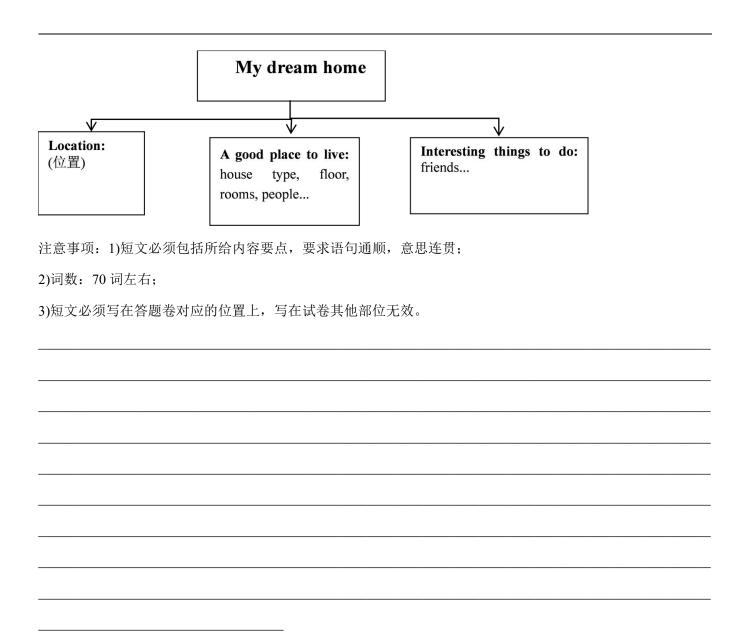
Damaged (受损的)or Lost Books: When a book is returned in a damaged condition, the kid will have to pay three dollars for the damage. Full price must be paid if a book is lost. We encourage students to carry their library books in plastic (塑料) bags to protect them from rainy weather.

Please call us at 3362-1323 for more information and better use.

Aim (目的)	◆ To help kids use the library54			
Service Hours	 ◆ It's open for two and a55 hours on school days and weekends. ◆ Students can't borrow or give back books if the teacher doesn't agree. ◆ Kids can go to the library with their56 at the weekends. 			
Borrowing	◆ Students can borrow more books for class reading activities and school research.			
Returning	 ◆ Students can keep the book for about57 school days. ◆ You can't borrow other books until all the books are returned before the due date. 			
Damaged or Lost ◆ If you damage the book, you must pay 3 dollars while full price for a lost • If it58, you need to protect books in plastic bags.				
七、完成句子(本大题共 6 小题,每小题 1.5 分,共 9 分) 按所给的汉语,用英语完成下列句子,并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。 59. 你妈妈总是准备绰绰有余的食物在厨房吗?				
Does your mother always get food ready in your kitchen? 60. 那个小女孩正期盼着得到一个礼物。				
The little girl a gift. 61. 为什么不和别人分享你有趣的故事呢?				
Why your interesting stories ? 62. 你的冰箱坏了吗?				
with your fridge?				
63. 这些明信片与我们的的确不同。				
These postcards are				
64. 我住在距离伦敦 15 英里的一个镇上。				
I live in a 15 London.				

八、书面表达(本大题共 20 分)

65. Do you like your own home? Do you want a better one? What's your dream home like? Please write an article about your dream home.



参考答案:

1. C

【详解】C 考查冠词的用法。句意为: Jack 出生于美国。他的生日在七月五号。USA 是普通名词组成的专有名词,所以第一空要用 the, 可排除 B、D 选项,第二空表日期,序数词前用定冠词 t h e ,故答案为 C。

2. C

【详解】句意:在我们城市,教师的人数大约是 2000 人,但其中只有大约 700 人是男教师。 考查主谓一致及数词的用法。the number of 表示"……的",修饰主语时,谓语动词用单数形式,排除 B 和 D 选项。表示确切的数量,用基数词+数词的单数形式,故选 C。

3. C

【详解】句意:一些男孩在操场上打篮球,其他人在放风筝。

考查代词。another 三者及以上另一个,后跟名词单数; the other 两者中的另一个,后跟名词; others 其他的人或物,表泛指; the others 其他的人或物,表特指。根据"are flying kites."可知,空后无名词,且此处表示泛指其他人,应用 others 表示。故选 C。

4. D

【详解】句意:这个现在摆满鲜花的小房间过去堆满了垃圾。

考查短语辨析。be full of 充满了,形容词短语; fill with 充满,动词短语; filled with 充满了...... 的。根据"The small room...flowers"可知,填空一处表达"摆满鲜花的房间",故应用 filled with 作后置定语修饰 The small room; 根据"was...rubbish"可知,填空二处应为短语 be full of "充满了"。故选 D。

5. C

【详解】句意:这首曲子听起来很美。请把它的名字写下来。

考查感官动词。sounds like 听起来像; hears 听到; sounds 听起来; looks 看起来。音乐应该是"听起来"美妙的,此处需要感官动词,在这里作系动词,它后面用形容词作表语。故选 C。6. C

【详解】句意:来自社区中心的工程师将在二十分钟后来修理这辆坏了的自行车。

考查介词及形容词辨析。to 朝; from 来自; wrong 错误的; new 新的; broken 坏了的; old 旧的。根据"The engineer ... the community centre"可知是来自社区中心的工程师,第一空用 from 表来源; 再由"fix"可知需要修理的是坏了的自行车,第二空用 broken。故选 C。

7. D

【详解】句意: ——你的祖父母住在哪层楼? ——不好意思, 我不知道。

考查疑问词及介词用法。Which 哪一个,可修饰名词; Where 在哪里,在句中作状语; in 在……里; on 在……上。第一空后有名词"floor",则此处需用疑问词"Which";且第二空表"在……层楼"需用介词"on"。故选 D。

8. A

【详解】句意:这里的人就像一个大家庭。艾米和其他人一样,喜欢住在这里。

考查词汇辨析。like 作动词时,意为"喜欢",作介词时,意为"像"。根据"Amy, ... all the others," 可知艾米像其他人一样,第一空用 like; 第二空作谓语,主语"Amy"后用动词第三人称单数形式 likes。故选 A。

9. D

【详解】句意: ——从阳光城到北京市中心有多远? ——它离我们学校大约 20 公里。 考查特殊疑问句以及副词短语。how long 多长时间; how far 多远; far from 表示"离某地远"; "距离+away from+地点名词"表示"离某地有多远"; far away from 表示"离某地很远"。根据 "It's about 20 kilometers"可知,对距离提问应用 how far, 排除 A 和 B; 20 kilometers away from our school 表示"离我们学校有 20 公里"的意思。故选 D。

10. C

【详解】句意: 你有一个兄弟。你和他共用一个房间还是有自己的卧室? 考查介词以及形容词。and 和; with 和; of......的。share sth. with sb."和某人分享某物", one's own"某人自己的", 修饰名词 bedroom。故选 C。

11. D

【详解】句意: ——今晚 CCTV 5 会有足球比赛吗? ——有。周日晚上通常有足球比赛。 考查谓语动词时态。根据 will 可知其后接动词原形,句子是 there be 句型,第一个空用 be; 根据 usually 可知是一般现在时,football matches 是复数形式,应用 are。故选 D。

12. B

【详解】句意:今天的数学作业有些困难,所以许多学生在这上面花了更多的时间。 考查不定代词用法。根据后句"所以许多学生在这上面花了更多的时间"可以推知,今天的数学作业有一点难,肯定句中应用 something,而不用 anything。又因形容词修饰不定代词时应放在不定代词后面。故选 B。

13. B

【详解】句意: ——你如何说 153009? ——十五万三千九十九。

14. B

【详解】句意: ——你好,我是 Daniel。我可以跟 Mary 通话吗? ——是的,我是 Mary。 考查情景交际。I am Mary 我是 Mary; This is Mary speaking 我是 Mary; Mary is me Mary 是我; My name is Mary 我的名字叫 Mary。这是一个打电话情景,用 This is sb speaking 表示"某人是谁",故选 B。

15. A 16. A 17. B 18. D 19. A 20. A 21. B 22. D 23. C 24. C

【分析】文章大意:安格尔和桑迪计划去德国度假。他们想更多地了解这个国家。所以他们在网上寻找一些信息。第一个要寻找的城市是汉堡,它是德国第二大城市,拥有世界上最大的港口之一。每年都有数百万的游客来到汉堡。除了许多名胜古迹和购物中心外,还有许多公园和绿地,因此它被认为是德国最绿色的城市之一。他们想知道的第二件事是他们能在哪里找到最好的啤酒。

15. 句意: 他们想更多地了解这个国家。

考查名词。country 国家; city 城市; sea 海洋; town 城镇。根据第一句中 take a holiday in Germany 可知。此空应填 country, 故选 A。

16. 句意: 所以他们在网上寻找一些信息。

考查名词。Information 信息; knowledge 知识; reasons 原因; ideas 主意。根据 look for some information on the Internet 在网上查找一些信息。可知,此空应填 information,故选 A。

17. 句意: 它是德国第二大城市,拥有世界上最大的港口之一。

考查连词。or 表示选择关系;and 表示并列关系; so 表示因果关系; but 表示转折关系。 根据"It is the second largest city in Germany,"与"it has one of the largest harbors(港口)in the world."是并列关系,此空应填 and,关系 B。

18. 句意:每年都有数百万的游客来到汉堡。

考查名词。doctors 医生们;teachers 教师们;dancers 舞蹈演员们;visitors 游客们。根据短语 millions of visitors 数百万的游客。结合句意可知,此空是"游客们"的意思,应填 visitors,关系 D。

19. 句意:除了许多名胜古迹和购物中心外,还有许多公园和绿地,因此它被认为是德国最绿色的城市之一。

考查形容词。much 许多,形容不可数名词; many 许多,可数名词的复数形式; little 修饰不可数名词,表示否定; few 修饰可数名词,表示否定。根据 much green space 大量的绿色空地, space 为不可数名词,应用 much 修饰。应填 much,故选 A。

20. 句意:除了许多名胜古迹和购物中心外,还有许多公园和绿地,因此它被认为是德国最绿色的城市之一。

考查连词。So 表示因果关系; And 表示并列关系; But 表示转折关系; Or 表示选择关系; 结合句意可知, 此空是"因此"的意思, 应填 So, 故选 A。

21. 句意: 他们想知道的第二件事是他们能在哪里找到最好的蜜蜂。

考查疑问词。when 何时; where 在哪里; how 如何,怎么样; what 什么。根据下文"Of course, it is in Munich has the best beer in Germany, even in the world."可知陈述的是地点。此空应填 where,故选 B。

22. 句意: 当然, 慕尼黑的啤酒是德国最好的, 甚至是世界上最好的。

考查地点名词。Berlin 柏林; Hamburg 汉堡; Frankfurt 法兰克福; Munich 慕尼黑。根据下文 has the best beer in Germany...可知。此空应填 Munich,故选 D。

23. 句意: 所以旅客们想去那里喝啤酒。

考查动词短语。 have to 必须,不得不; forget to 忘记; would like to 想要; dislike to 不喜欢。 根据短语 would like to go there 想去那儿。可知,此空应填 would like to,故选 C。

24. 句意: 他们最后寻找的是在哪里学习更多的德语。

考查动词。asking 问; learning 学; looking 看; waiting 等。根据 the last thing they are looking for 他们最后寻找的东西。结合句意可知,此空是"寻找"的意思,应填 looking,故选 C。

【点睛】做完型时要记住"瞻前顾后想结果"这一原则,根据上下文以及语境做题,切忌主观臆断。另外,平时还要多多积累词汇。完型填空常考名词、动词、形容词和副词等辨析。做词义辨析题时,首先要确认四个选项的含义,然后分析语境和逻辑关系,确定答案。例如,第 1 小题,结合句意:他们想更多地了解这个国家。考查名词。country 国家;city 城市;sea 海洋;town 城镇。根据第一句中 take a holiday in Germany 可知。此空应填 country,故选 A。25. B 26. C 27. C

【导语】本文是一则关于马匹保护区养殖博物馆的宣传海报。

- 25. 推理判断题。根据"Open Daily 10:00 a.m.—5:30 p.m."可知,游客可以购买礼物的时间是从上午 10 点到下午 5 点半。故选 B。
- 26. 推理判断题。根据"Adults: \$7 Children (up to 16): \$5"可知,成人是每人 7 美元, 16 岁以下儿童是每人 5 美元,因此一个 15 岁的男孩和他的爸爸或妈妈一共需要支付 12 美元。故选 C。
- 27. 细节理解题。根据"Children's playground and activity area"可知,博物馆里有专门为孩子提供的游乐场和活动区域。故选 C。
- 28. A 29. B 30. D
- 【导语】本文主要讲述了幽灵奥斯瓦尔德为了赚钱买冰淇淋,把导游关起来,自己当导游的故事。
- 28. 推理判断题。根据文章的结构和内容可知,本文是漫画故事的一部分。故选 A。
- 29. 细节理解题。根据图片可知,奥斯瓦尔德先是吃了一个男孩的冰淇淋,然后去镇上买冰 淇淋,因为没钱所以没买到,最后把导游关在房间里,故正确顺序是①④②③。故选 B。
- 30. 推理判断题。根据"I haven't got any money"以及"Now I'm the guide"可知他没有钱买冰 淇淋, 所以他把导游关起来, 自己做导游是为了挣钱。故选 D。
- 31. C 32. C 33. A
- 【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。主要讲了在英国每年都有成千上万的高中生毕业,他们在上大学或者工作之前,会花费一年的时间去其他国家做志愿者。文章重点介绍波琳·琼斯所做的事。
- 31. 细节理解题。根据"Pauline Jones, 18, lives in Cardiff, Wales. Next year she is going to university to study Chinese, but now she's living in Belize."可知,波琳·琼斯现在住在伯利兹。故选 C。
- 32. 细节理解题。根据"I'm working with other people here to save the coral reefs (珊瑚礁) in the sea near Belize."可知,波琳·琼斯正在和这里的其他人一起拯救伯利兹附近海域的珊瑚礁。故 C。
- 33. 细节理解题。根据"The reefs here are beautiful, but if the sea water is badly polluted (污染的), the coral will die."可知,如果海水被严重污染,珊瑚就会死亡。故选 A。
- 34. B 35. D 36. B 37. C

- 【导语】本文介绍了美国作家布莱恩·利斯 2018 年出版的一本图画书。
- 34. 细节理解题。根据第一段"But their favorite thing is working in Evan's yard."可知他们最喜欢待在院子里。故选 B。
- 35. 推理判断题。根据第一段"Evan feels so angry that he destroys his yard."可知他毁了院子,会有一段时间没在院子里劳作。故选 D。
- 36. 细节理解题。根据第二段"One day, Evan finds a small pumpkin vine (藤) in his yard. He starts to look after it."可知他很喜欢这个南瓜藤。故选 B。
- 37. 主旨大意题。根据末段"This is the story of the book *The Rough Patch*. It is a 2018 picture book by US writer Brian Lies."可知文章旨在介绍一本获得大奖的图画书。故选 C。
- 38. information
- 【详解】句意:请上网查询更多信息。此处是指上网查信息,应用 information 表示"信息",不可数名词,故填 information。
- 39. raises/feeds
- 【详解】句意:约翰总是在农场里养一些牛和羊。饲养:raise/feed;句子用一般现在时,主语是 John,谓语动词用单三。故填 raises/feeds。
- 40. broken
- 【详解】句意:我的电脑坏了,所以我现在不能借给你。broken"损坏了的",形容词作表语,故填 broken。
- 41. video
- 【详解】句意:街道两旁有几家音像店。根据汉语提示可知,应填 video,修饰名词"shops"。故填 video。
- 42. ninetieth
- 【详解】句意:明天是爷爷九十岁的生日,所以他很激动。ninety"九十",基数词,此处是指生日,应用序数词,故填 ninetieth。
- 43. theirs
- 【详解】句意:如果其他人都带礼物的话,杰克会带一些礼物来参加聚会。空格处指代"他们的礼物",应用名词性物主代词,they 的名词性物主代词是 theirs。故填 theirs。
- 44. western
- 【详解】句意:如果你想更多地了解西方艺术,法国对你来说是个好地方。

这里是西方的艺术, west 的形容词是 western。western art 西方艺术; 故答案为 western。

45. leaves

【详解】句意: 当秋天来临时,枫叶变红了,看起来很漂亮。leaf"树叶",可数名词,此处用名词复数表泛指,故填 leaves。

46. is going to visit

【详解】句意:——后天谁去参观故宫博物院?——我想格林先生会去。根据"the day after tomorrow"可知,句子是一般将来时,结合"Mr. Green is."可知,结构为 be going to do。主语是 who,be 动词应用 is。故填 is going to visit。

47. not to play

【详解】句意:警察告诉男孩们不要在街上玩。tell sb. not to do sth."告诉某人不要做某事"。 故填 not to play。

48. doesn't sound

【详解】句意:对不起,这音乐听起来不太好听。你能把它关掉吗?此句是陈述事实,用一般现在时,主语是不可数名词,否定借助于助动词 doesn't,后接动词原形 sound,故填 doesn't sound。

49. walk

【详解】句意:红灯时千万不要过马路。walk"走",动词。根据"Never"可知,此处是祈使句的否定形式,动词用原形,故填 walk。

50. to share

【详解】句意:志愿者们在这里分享不同的技能是多么开心啊!此句是感叹句,结构为 How+形容词+主谓。所以空处及后面属于其他部分。此处应用动词不定式作原因状语,be happy to do sth"做某事很开心"。故填 to share。

51. am waiting

【详解】句意:——你愿意和我一起去喝杯咖啡吗?——我很想去,但是我在等我爸爸。wait"等待",动词。根据"I'd love to"以及 but 表示转折可知,说话人正在等爸爸,应用现在进行时,主语是 I,be 动词用 am。故填 am waiting。

52. will be

【详解】句意:如果你的父母知道这些,我确定他们会生气的。句子是 if 引导的条件状语从句,遵循主将从现,主句用一般将来时 will do。故填 will be。

53. spending

- 【详解】句意:出去玩一天我们都很开心。have a great time doing sth."做某事很开心",此处应用动名词作宾语。故填 spending。
- 54. better 55. half 56. parents 57. 15/ fifteen 58. rains
- 【分析】这篇短文是 Wildwood 这所学校图书馆的使用指南,包括图书馆开放的时间、关于借书和还书的一些规定等内容。有了这个指南,学生们就可以更好地使用图书馆了。
- 54. 根据短文开头 This will offer you some information about our school library. You can use the guide to help your kids use our library.可知,这篇短文是 Wildwood 学校图书馆的使用指南,这个指南可以帮助孩子更好地使用图书馆,因此这里应填 better,意为"更好地"。
- 55. 根据图书馆的开放时间 **Services hours**:3:00~5:30 p.m. on school days; 8:30~11:00 a.m. on Saturdays and Sundays 可知,不管是上学日还是周末,图书馆的开放时间都是两个半小时,故这里填 half,意为"一半"。
- 56. 根据短文第三段中 At the weekend, our library is open to both you and your kids.以及文意可知,短文叙述的对象是家长,因为开头就提到...help your kids use our library,故这里应填parents。
- 57. 根据短文中 **Returning:** Books borrowed from the library can be kept for three weeks 可知,从图书馆借的书学生们可以保存三周的时间,题目中空后是 school days,上学日,我们知道每周上学五天,三周也就是 15 个上学日,故这里应填 fifteen。
- 58. 根据短文中 We encourage students to carry their library books in plastic(塑料) bags to protect them from rainy weather.可知,如果赶上下雨天,学生们应该把书放在塑料袋里,防止书被淋湿。题目中 If 引导的是条件状语从句,从句中应用一般现在时,因此这里应填 rains。
- 【点睛】这篇短文是 Wildwood 这所学校图书馆的使用指南。短文主题明确,结构清晰,短文中还有关键词提示,有利于学生们把握文章大意。文章内容贴近学生们的日常生活,比较容易理解。题型是任务型阅读,要求根据文意完成表格。浏览表格可知,这其实是对文章内容和结构的一个总结,表格中的层次非常清晰,做题时,学生们可以根据关键词提示,迅速定位原文相关信息,就可以找到答案。需要注意的是,有些空格的表述可能与原文并不一致,这时学生们应注意使用单词的正确形式,或者进行同义转换。例如第 1 小题,根据短文开头This will offer you some information about our school library. You can use the guide to help your kids use our library.可知,这篇短文是 Wildwood 学校图书馆的使用指南,这个指南可以帮助

孩子更好地使用图书馆,因此这里应填 better,意为"更好地"。再如第 4 小题,根据短文中 **Returning:** Books borrowed from the library can be kept for three weeks 可知,从图书馆借的书 学生们可以保存三周的时间,题目中空后是 school days,上学日,我们知道每周上学五天,三周也就是 15 个上学日,故这里应填 fifteen。

59. more than enough

【详解】分析所给汉意可知,填空处为"绰绰有余",即短语 more than enough。故填 more; than; enough。

60. is looking forward to getting

【详解】盼望着做某事: look forward to doing sth., 由语境可知, 句子用现在进行时 be doing, 主语是 The little girl, be 动词用 is; 得到: get。故填 is; looking; forward; to; getting。

61. not share with others

【详解】"为什么不做某事"可用句型"Why not do sth?"来表示,"和别人分享"是动词短语 share sth with sb, others"其他人"。故填 not; share; with; others。

62. Is there anything wrong

【详解】"某物坏了吗?"可用句型"Is there anything wrong with sth?"来表示,形容词修饰不定代词,放在其后。故填 Is; there; anything; wrong。

63. really different from ours

【详解】由英汉对照可知,空格处填"与我们的的确不同", be different from sb."与……不同", really"确实, 的确",副词,修饰形容词 different, ours"我们的",名词性物主代词,指代"我们的明信片"。故填 really; different; from; ours。

64. 例文

My dream home is far away from big cities. It's a big three -floor house with a garden, a football field and a swimming pool. The living room is big and bright. After supper, I can chat with my parents and watch TV there. I have my own bedroom on the second floor. It is clean and comfortable. I like the football field best, because I can have fun playing football with my friends at weekends.

【详解】[总体分析]

题材:本文是一篇说明文,材料作文,描述你梦想中的家是什么样的;

时态:时态为"一般现在时";

提示:写作要点已给出,考生应注意不要遗漏"信息提示"中介绍梦想中的家的提示要点,

适当添加细节,并突出写作重点。

[写作步骤]

第一步, 叙述梦想中的家的位置;

第二步,具体叙述梦想中的家的样子。

第三步, 叙述在家中做的有趣的事情。

[亮点词汇]

Be far away from 远离......

a big three-floor house with a garden 带花园的三层大房子

chat with 与.....聊天

like... best 最喜欢......

have fun doing sth. 很高兴做某事

[高分句型]

- ①I like the football field best, because I can have fun playing football with my friends at weekends.(原因状语从句)
- 65. town miles from
- 【详解】town"小镇",可数名词,被 a 修饰,应用单数; mile"英里",是名词,有数词 15 修饰,用复数名词; from"离……"。故填 town; miles; from。