

江苏省无锡市省锡中实验学校
初三第一次适应性练习英语试卷

2024 年 3 月

注意事项:

- 1、答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考试号和班级写在答题卷上。
- 2、本试卷满分 120 分，考试时间 110 分钟。

第 I 卷（客观题共 70 分）

一、听力测试（本大题共 20 分，每小题 1 分）

第一部分 听对话回答问题

本部分共有 10 道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目；听完后，你还有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

1. Where are the two speakers?

A.



B.



C.



2. Where have you been to twice?

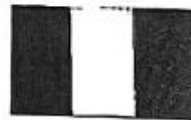
A.



B.



C.



3. How much was the TV set?

A.



B.



C.



4. When did Jack leave home?

A.



B.



C.



5. Why does the woman want to see the vet?

A. Her dog has hurt his head.

B. Her dog has hurt his leg.

C. Her cat has hurt his leg.

6. What can you know from the dialogue?

A. The man and the woman are talking on the No. 6 bus.

B. The No. 6 bus runs every thirty minutes.

C. The woman is unlucky because the last bus has already left.

7. How many people are going for a picnic tomorrow?

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

8. What else would the woman like to eat?

A. Nothing.

B. Some bread.

C. Some cakes.

9. What's the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Mother and son.

B. Teacher and student.

C. Classmates.

10. How is Betty feeling?

A. She is fine.

B. She is ill.

C. She is much worse.

第二部分 听对话和短文答题

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。听每段对话或短文前，你将有时间阅读相关小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，每小题你仍有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

听一段对话，回答第 11 至 12 小题。

11. What does the man do?

A. He is a driver.

B. He is a boss.

C. He is a student.

12. What does the man usually do at weekends?

A. Go swimming.

B. Go fishing.

C. Go shopping.

听第一篇短文，回答第 13 至 15 小题。请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。

Mrs White's Glasses	
What	She reads newspapers, magazines, emails and ___13___ with the glasses.
Where	She often leaves them ___14___.
How	They often drop out of her ___15___.

13. A. story books

B. cooking guide

C. her letters

14. A. on the sofa

B. in the supermarket

C. in the car

15. A. paper bag

B. pocket

C. shopping bag

听第二篇短文，回答第 16 至 20 小题。

16. What was the most important day in his life to the man?

A. April 19, 2015.

B. April 9, 2015.

C. April 9, 2005.

17. What do you think of the driving teacher's words?

A. They helped the man a lot.

B. They made the man think of the tester's face.

C. They made the man feel worse.

18. What was the tester's first question?

A. Do you think you can pass if you drive like this?

B. What will a good driver do when he sees a dog in front of his car?

C. If a dog suddenly runs out in front of your car, what will you do?

19. What did the tester think of the man's answer to the first question?

A. It was very good.

B. It was not good enough.

C. It was too bad.

20. Why was the man so surprised when he saw "PASSED" on the paper?

A. Because he didn't think he would pass after he answered the tester's questions.

B. Because he drove very badly during the test.

C. Because he didn't answer any of the tester's questions.

二、单项选择 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 14 小题，每小题 1 分，共 14 分）

1. The meal was _____ special—just fish with a tomato sauce.

A. anything

B. nothing

C. everything

D. something

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：这顿饭没什么特别的，只是加了番茄酱的鱼。

考查代词辨析。anything 任何事物/事情；nothing 没有什么；everything 每件事，一切；something 某物，某事。根据“just fish with a tomato sauce”可知，此处的语气表示没有什么特别的，使用 nothing。故选 B。

2. When you finish reading the novel, you will have _____ understanding of life.

A. a better

B. the better

C. a best

D. the best

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：当你读完这本小说，你会对生活有更好的理解。

考查比较级和冠词的用法。根据“When you finish reading the novel, you will have...understanding of life.”可知，此处暗含比较含义，读完小说会有更好的理解，用比较级，排除 CD；此处表示泛指，用不定冠词，故选 A。

3. It's not your talents but your efforts that decide _____ you are, guys.

- A. how B. who C. which D. when

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：伙计们，不是你们的天赋而是你们的努力决定了你们是谁。

考查宾语从句。how 怎么；who 谁；which 哪一个；when 什么时候。根据“It's not your talents but your efforts”可知应是努力决定了你们是谁，who 引导了一个宾语从句，故选 B。

4. — My shower is broken, and I'll call customer service later.

— Really? Are you sure you _____ put it in?

- A. carefully B. simply C. smoothly D. properly

【答案】D

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】句意：—— 我的淋浴器坏了，我晚点再打电话给客服。—— 真的吗？你确定你正确地安装了吗？

考查单词辨析。carefully 仔细地；simply 简单地；smoothly 顺利地；properly 正确地。根据句意以及“安装 put in”可知，此处是问“是否正确地安装了淋浴器”。故选 D。

5. It _____ Jia Ling has become one of the most successful female directors.

- A. is turned out B. turns out C. is carried out D. carries out

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：事实证明，贾玲已经成为最成功的女性电影导演之一。

考查语态和词组辨析。turn out 结果是，证明是，不用被动；carry out 执行。根据情境可知，此句表示“证明……事实”，应该使用“turn out”，且用主动语态。故选 B。

6. During the _____ of the conversation, I realized that the interviewee had been in prison.

- A. direction B. course C. progress D. form

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：在谈话过程中，我意识到受访者曾坐过牢。

考查名词词义辨析。direction 方向；course 过程；progress 进步；form 类型。根据 “I realized that the interviewee had been in prison.” 可知，此处应该指的是在谈话过程中。故选 B。

7. —I've told you many times you _____ put the vase on the table. The kids may knock it over.

—Sorry, I won't do it again.

- A. wouldn't B. mustn't C. couldn't D. needn't

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——我已经告诉你很多次了，你不能把花瓶放在桌子上。孩子们可能会把它撞倒。——对不起，我不会再做了。

考查情态动词。wouldn't 将不；mustn't 禁止；couldn't 不能；needn't 不必。根据“I've told you many times you...put the vase on the table”可知是禁止把花瓶放在桌子上，此处表示警告用 mustn't。故选 B。

8. My left foot was badly hurt in the accident, and the pain _____ until I couldn't walk any longer.

- A. rose B. raised C. increased D. added

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的左脚在事故中受了重伤，疼痛加剧，一直走不动了。

考查动词辨析。rose 上升；raised 抬高；increased 增加；added 添加。根据“the pain...until I couldn't walk any longer”可知此处表示疼痛在增加，描述疼痛的程度在增加用 increased，而 add 强调数量、体积、重要性方面有所增。故选 C。

9. We were surprised to see that most of the buildings came _____ the flood without falling down.

- A. over B. against C. through D. beyond

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：我们惊讶地看到，大多数建筑物在洪水中没有倒塌。

考查介词辨析。over 在上方；against 反对；through 度过；beyond 超过。根据“most of the buildings came...the flood without falling down”可知大多数建筑物没有倒塌，安然度过了洪水。故选 C。

10. What a hot day! Food will go bad quickly _____ we put it into the fridge.

- A. before B. although C. while D. unless

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：真热的一天呀！食物将很快变质，除非我们把它放在冰箱。

考查连词辨析。before 在……之前；although 尽管；while 当……时候；unless 除非。根据“we put it into the fridge.”可知空前表示否定的条件，用 unless 引导条件状语从句。故选 D。

11. Hey, Julie! It's you! I didn't expect you _____ over. What a nice surprise!

A. came

B. have come

C. would come

D. will come

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：嘿，朱莉！是你！我没想到你会过来。多么惊喜啊！

考查时态。由“didn't expect”可知，主句时态是一般过去时，则从句也应为过去时态。“来”的动作发生在将来，应为将来时，故空格处为过去将来时，结构是 would do。故选 C。

12. —Millie is worried about her brother who has joined the medical team to Africa.

—He is so brave! I wonder _____.

A. how long he has been to Africa

B. how soon he will return from Africa

C. how many times he has been in Africa

D. whether he has gone to Africa before

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——米莉很担心加入非洲医疗队的哥哥。——他真是太勇敢了！我想知道他多久能从非洲回来。

考查宾语从句。how long he has been to Africa 表述有误，应用 has been in 表示“在某地待了多长时间”；how soon he'll return from Africa 他多久能从非洲回来；how many times she has been in Africa 表述有误，应用 has been to，表示“去过某地”；whether he has gone to Africa before 表述有误，用 has been to，表示“是否去过某地”。ACD 表述错误。故选 B。

13. —My brother is also going to join us in helping the homeless.

—Great! _____.

A. Actions speak louder than words

B. Where there is a will, there is a way

C. Many hands make light work

D. A friend in need is a friend indeed

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——我哥哥也要和我们一起帮助无家可归的人。——太棒了！众人拾柴火焰高。

考查谚语。Actions speak louder than words 事实胜于雄辩；Where there is a will, there is a way 有志者事竟成；Many hands make light work 众人拾柴火焰高；A friend in need is a friend indeed 患难见真情。根据“My brother is also going to join us in helping the homeless.”可知，我哥哥也加入我们一起去帮助无家可归的人，说明众人拾柴火焰高。故选 C。

14. —Mr Smith, would you please spare me a few minutes? I still have some questions about the agreement.

—_____.

A. It's a pleasure

B. Never mind

C. Sure, go ahead

D. Help yourself, please

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——史密斯先生，你可以抽出一点儿时间给我吗？关于协议我仍然有一些问题。——当然，说吧。

考查情景交际。It's a pleasure 别客气；Never mind 没关系；Sure, go ahead 当然，请说；Help yourself, please 请自便。根据“would you please spare me a few minutes? I still have some questions about the agreement”可知说话人想请教史密斯先生问题，回答答应了请求，用 Sure, go ahead。故选 C。

三、完形填空

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

A few years ago, I took a sightseeing trip to London. I saw many of our nation's treasures, and I also saw a lot of our fellow countrymen in the streets—15 people like beggars and homeless men. Standing on the Oxford street, I heard a voice say, “Can you help me?”

When I turned around, I saw an elderly blind woman with her hand held out. Naturally, I 16 into my pocket, pulled out all of my change and placed it in her hand without even looking at her. I felt unhappy to be 17 by a beggar. But the blind woman smiled and said, “I don't want your money. I just need help to find the post office.” In a second, I realized what I had done. I'd judged another person 18 for what I supposed she was. I felt a sense of 19 when I realized this. This event brought back my belief. I believed that I should never look down upon others, although I'd lost that 20 for a moment. The thing had forgotten about myself that I came from another country. I left India and arrived in Britain at the age of 15. I started my new life with two suitcases, my brother, my sister and a strong mother. Through the years, I have been a dishwasher, cashier, mechanic and pizza delivery driver among many other jobs, and finally I became a network engineer. So far, in my own life, I have 21 many acts of being looked down upon by others. I remember a time, at age 17, I was a busboy, and I heard a father tell his little boy that if he did not do well at school, he would end up like me. But now, living in my Britain middle-class lifestyle, it is too easy to forget my 22, to forget who I am and where I have been, and to lose sight of where I want to go. That blind woman on the street of London cured my blindness 23. She reminded me to always keep my eyes and heart open. I really thank her for the priceless 24 that she gave me. By the way, I helped that lady to the post office.

15.

A. impolite

B. unlucky

C. unfriendly

D. inactive

16.

A. searched B. reached C. put D. got

17.

A. asked B. helped C. troubled D. saved

18.

A. exactly B. hardly C. quickly D. simply

19.

A. shame B. guilty C. anger D. pride

20.

A. cause B. idea C. dream D. belief

21.

A. experienced B. accepted C. survived D. prevented

22.

A. future B. past C. purpose D. life

23.

A. carefully B. patiently C. successfully D. suddenly

24.

A. excuse B. lesson C. life D. job

【答案】 15. B 16. B 17. C 18. D 19. A 20. D 21. A 22. B 23. C 24. B

【解析】

【导语】短文讲了作者的一次亲身经历。面对街头乞丐伸出的手，作者想当然地给予怜悯与施舍，但那位双目失明的老妇人却给他上了宝贵的一课，让作者认识到自己的问题所在，即不能公平地对待每一个人。回想自己曾经相似的经历，作者终于找回了自己的信念：永远不要瞧不起别人，永远睁大眼睛，敞开心扉。

【15 题详解】

句意：我看到我们国家的宝藏，我也在街上看到我们的同胞——像乞丐和无家可归的不幸的人。

impolite 不礼貌的；unlucky 不幸的；unfriendly 不友好的；inactive 不活跃的。根据“people like beggars and homeless men.”可知是不幸的人，故选 B。

【16 题详解】

句意：很自然地，我从口袋里掏出所有的零钱，连看都没看她一眼就把钱放在她手里。

searched 搜寻；reached 到达；put 放；got 得到。根据“into my pocket”可知是手伸进口袋，故选 B。

【17 题详解】

句意：我很生气，因为我被一个乞丐骚扰了。

asked 询问；helped 帮助；troubled 麻烦；saved 拯救。根据“When I turned around, I saw an elderly blind woman with her hand held out.”可知是盲人麻烦了作者，伸手要钱，故选 C。

【18 题详解】

句意：我只是简单地根据我认为她应该是什么来判断一个人。

exactly 确切地；hardly 几乎不；quickly 快速地；simply 仅仅。此处表示仅仅按照自己料想的去判断这个人。故选 D。

【19 题详解】

句意：当我意识到这个时，我感到有一种愧疚感。

shame 愧疚；guilty 内疚；anger 生气；pride 骄傲。介词 of 后接名词，排除 B；根据“I felt a sense of”可知是有一种愧疚感，故选 A。

【20 题详解】

句意：我相信我应该永远不能小看别人，尽管我曾失去了那种信仰。

cause 原因；idea 想法；dream 梦想；belief 信仰。根据“This event brought back my belief.”可知是曾丢失了信仰。故选 D。

【21 题详解】

句意：到目前为止，在我自己的生命中，我已经体验了许多次被别人看低的行为。

experienced 体验；accepted 接受；survived 存活；prevented 阻止。根据“I remember a time, at age 17, I was a busboy...”可知是体验了某种经历，故选 A。

【22 题详解】

句意：但是现在，过着英国中产阶级的生活方式，太容易忘记我的过去了，忘记我是谁和我去过哪儿。

future 未来；past 过去；purpose 目的；life 生活。根据“to forget who I am and where I have been”可知是忘记自己的过去，故选 B。

【23 题详解】

句意：那个在伦敦街上瞎子女士成功地治愈了我的眼盲。

carefully 仔细地；patiently 耐心地；successfully 成功地；suddenly 突然。根据“She reminded me to always keep my eyes and heart open”可知是成功治愈了作者，让作者要敞开心扉，故选 C。

【24 题详解】

句意：我真地感谢她，因为她给我上的这一无价的课。

excuse 借口；lesson 课程；life 生活；job 工作。根据“that she gave me.”可知是指瞎子女士给她上了一课，故

选 B。

四、阅读理解

阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。（本大题共 13 小题，每小题 2 分，共 26 分）

A

Travel Insurance with No Age Limits!
Peace of mind for your next holiday

<input type="checkbox"/> Experts in cover for Medical Conditions <input type="checkbox"/> 24 Hour Medical Emergency Support <input type="checkbox"/> Cover for Cruise Holidays <input type="checkbox"/> Cover for Swine Flu Call us FREE for an instant quote---It's easy! 08 196 2118 Friendly UK based team waiting to help you.	 SPECIAL OFFER FOR READERS DIGEST 20% OFF
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goodtogoinsurance.com
*goodtogoinsurance.com is a trading name of Ancile Insurance Group Limited.
Authorised & Regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority-No.471641. Discount applies to base premium only and not to any medical screening premiums or optional extras. Discount valid(有效的) until 30 Jun 2024.*

word bank: insurance 保险 cruise 航海 quote 报价 premium 保险费 swine flu 甲流 discount 折扣

25. The picture above is a(an) _____.

- A. comic strip B. advertisement C. report D. guide

26. If you have this travel insurance, what advantage can you enjoy?

- A. Free treatment for any disease. B. Swine flu vaccine (疫苗).
C. Experts for travelling on sea. D. Medical emergency support.

27. What can we learn from the picture?

- A. We can call 08081962118 for the premium.
B. Everyone can get 20% off of the premium.
C. We can go goodtogoinsurance.com to ask for a discount.
D. We can't enjoy a discount until 30 Jun, 2024.

【答案】25. B 26. D 27. A

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了一份旅游保险的广告。

【25 题详解】

细节理解题。从图文内容可知，主要介绍了旅游保险的服务内容、折扣、联系方式等，因此是一份广告。

故选 B。

【26 题详解】

细节理解题。根据图文中的“24 Hour Medical Emergency Support”可知提供 24 小时紧急医疗支援。故选 D。





【27 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“SPECIAL OFFER FOR READERS DIGEST 20% OFF”可知读者文摘有优惠，故选项 BC 错误；根据“Discount valid (有效的) until 30 Jun 2024”可知优惠有效期至 2024 年 6 月 30 号，选项 D 错误。故选 A。

B

The Right Electric Bike for You

The bicycle fever is back, but this time it has gone electric. According to NPD Group which tracks the bicycle industry, electric bike sales have more than doubled since 2019. And their popularity is still on the rise. Confirm your need and pick the electric bike that’s best for you.

MODEL	WHAT'S IT FOR?	WHO'S IT FOR?
 Swagtron EB5	◆ Such e-bikes are designed to make short trips, adding to the rider's comfort and ability to see. The electric assistance allows you to travel easily and comfortably.	◆ Those looking for alternatives to driving around the town. They're lighter than most motorcycles, making them perfect for carrying groceries(杂货) and laptops.
 Specialized Turbo	◆ These e-bikes use the same light Structure and narrow wheels as common touring bikes. The electric motor makes it possible to cover longer distances.	◆ Riders who are eager for more challenging cycling or want to make the riding distance longer. The riding position may discourage those with back or neck pain.
 RadWagon 4	◆ With strong structure and fat wheels, they carry very heavy groceries, which can be equipped with a seat or rack.	◆ Anyone who would prefer to transport large loads of groceries or packages (or even small kids) with something other than a car.
 Ancheer EM	◆ With stronger structure, bigger wheels, and suspension (悬 架) systems that absorb the impact of rough rides, they can deal with landscapes which are not smooth.	◆ Someone who wants to experience the excitement of riding down dirt tracks but also wants a bit help from an electric motor.

28. Which magazine is this text probably taken from?
A. Techlife News. B. Strength & Fitness. C. How It Works. D. Customer Reports.
29. Which is most suitable for someone who wants to challenge long-distance tours?
A. Swagtron EB5. B. Specialized Turbo. C. RadWagon 4. D. Ancheer EM.
30. What can we learn about the electric bikes?
A. Designs of electric bikes are based on travel purposes.

- B. Electric bikes are more popular than common bikes.
- C. Riders of these electric bikes put speed in the first place.
- D. The trend of electric bikes replacing cars can't be prevented.

【答案】 28. D 29. B 30. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍了四款不同类型的电动自行车的功能、特性和适用场合,以帮助消费者根据自身的需求,选择最适合自己的电动自行车。

【28 题详解】

推理判断题。根据首段中“According to NPD Group which tracks the bicycle industry, electric bike sales have more than doubled since 2019.”可知,电动自行车的销量翻番,由此可推断,本文很可能是来自一份消费报告。故选 D。

【29 题详解】

细节理解题。根据介绍 Specialized Turbo 内容中的“makes it possible to cover longer distances”以及“Riders who are eager for more challenging cycling or want to extend the riding distance.”可知,这款电动自行车适合挑战长途旅行的骑手。故选 B。

【30 题详解】

推理判断题。根据首段中最后一句话以及表格中“WHAT'S IT FOR?”可推断,电动自行车是基于出行目的设计的。故选 A。

C

“Somebody just died,” my daughter Katy begins.

“Somebody was just born,” I answer, smiling.

“Somebody is crying,” she replies.

“Somebody is laughing.”

This is our game. It's our secret way of being amazed at the complexity (复杂性) of the world. I was reminded of our game yesterday as Molly, my 15-year-old pet dog, lay beside me. Molly was more than a pet. She was part of me. But she was dying.

Molly was given to me as a puppy a few months after I completed my exams in college and has been by my side ever since. But when I took her out the other day, she started to walk slowly and then fell down.

“She's getting ready to go,” I bravely told my husband.

One day, I walked down to the stream to think. As I looked around, I thought that the magic of a forest is not all about the green leaves or colorful plants. **It is the decay (腐朽) that makes the color stand out.**

Katy's game rang in my mind. Something is decaying, I thought, something is growing, I thought ...

We chose to keep Molly at home. We didn't want to make her last trip uneasy at the vet's. Our task was to keep her be with us and make sure she was comfortable.

I wanted to be by her side. If I tried to leave the kitchen, she struggled to pick up her head to find me. So, I stayed.

My kitchen became like the forest, like Katy's game. Somebody was crying. Somebody was cooking. Somebody was dying.

Molly lifted up her head with a sudden jerk (猝然一动). I dropped the cup I was holding and rushed to her. I took hold of Molly and placed my fingers over her beating heart. I kept them there, feeling her pulse, until it stopped. I didn't beg her to stay. That would have been silly.

That doesn't mean I didn't cry, though. The girls hugged me, more frightened by my sadness than by the loss of the dog.

"Mommy! Say you'll be happy again." Katy cried.

I took my hands from Molly and put them around Katy's balled fists.

"Remember the game?" I whispered quietly. "Where sometimes somebody's happy and somebody else is sad?"

She nodded.

"Right now, it's my turn to be sad. And you just have to let me be. But that doesn't mean I'll never be happy, okay?"

For now, I'm just somebody who's sad. Somebody who cries. Somebody who loves. Maybe tomorrow, or the day after, I'll be somebody who laughs.

31. What does the writer mean by saying "It is the decay that makes the color stand out."?

- A. The decay makes the forest more colorful.
- B. Both colorful and decayed plants are important to a forest.
- C. The sadder she feels, the more she loves her dog.
- D. Something dying could also mean that something is growing.

32. How did Katy feel when she cried to say "Mommy! Say you'll be happy again."?

- A. Shamed.
- B. Sad.
- C. Worried.
- D. Surprised.

33. Why does the writer write this article?

- A. To argue that pets can be very close friends to humans.
- B. To explain the complexity of the world through her own experience.

C. To tell stories between her and her pet dog.

D. To show that human's emotions are difficult to understand.

【答案】 31. D 32. B 33. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文，文章通过作者和女儿之间的“生死游戏”以及宠物狗 Molly 死亡的经历告诉我们：无论快乐还是悲伤，生活都得继续。

【31 题详解】

词句猜测题。根据后文 “Katy's game rang in my mind. Something is decaying, I thought, something is growing, I thought...” 可知，此句最可能的意思是“某种事物的死亡也可能意味着某种事物的成长”。故选 D。

【32 题详解】

推理判断题。根据 “‘Mommy! Say you'll be happy again.’ Katy cried.” 可知，当她哭着说“妈妈！说你会重新快乐起来”时，凯蒂感到难过。故选 B。

【33 题详解】

推理判断题。根据通读全文，结合 “It's our secret way of being amazed at the complexity (复杂性) of the world.” 可知，作者写这篇文章的目的是通过自己的经历来解释世界的复杂性。故选 B。

D

Artificial intelligence (AI) can do many different things. From controlling the lights in our homes to helping us order pizzas, it seems there aren't many more uses for AI than we already have. However, can AI make music like human beings?

Thanks to a team of Swiss scientists, AI may soon be able to come up with music especially for us. Researchers at the Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne (EPFL) in Switzerland have created a computer algorithm (算法), the “Deep Artificial Composer” (DAC), which can create original music all by itself.

Florian Colombo, an EPFL scientist who helped create the DAC, said that AI could produce complete melodies (旋律), with a beginning and an end.

At present, the DAC is only able to produce several pieces of traditional Irish folk music, but it's hoped that it will be able to create songs based on any type of music in the end.

To “teach” the DAC, the scientists trained it to “listen” to over 2,000 different folk songs. Based on this input (输入), the AI taught itself how to compose music, from getting the pitch (高音) and timing right, to choosing the right notes.

This process is still in its early stages, with the DAC still not producing perfect results, but Colombo told AFP that the AI's music is still “quite pleasant to listen to.”

While the idea sounds very hopeful, we shouldn't expect the DAC to replace real-life composers any time soon. According to Colombo, the system was designed to produce only simple melodies. So far, it can only create songs based on a single instrument.

Colombo said that his purpose in creating the DAC was to help people create their own music, not to have it made for them. His exciting new ideas came from Austrian composer Wolfgang Mozart. It's said that he used to throw dice (掷骰子) to help him pick which notes to use when making new music.

"A good composer with creative ideas will never be replaced by an algorithm." Colombo told AFP.

34. What can be learned from the first two paragraphs?

- A. AI has been used in more places than we already know.
- B. AI has already composed music for people.
- C. DAC was created by a group of scientists in Switzerland.
- D. DAC was refused by some composers.

35. What does the underlined word "itself" refer to?

- A. A robot.
- B. The EPFL.
- C. A composer.
- D. The DAC.

36. According to the passage, we can infer that the scientists _____.

- A. expect the DAC to replace good composers
- B. are amazed at the melodies made by the DAC
- C. are not satisfied with the system of the DAC
- D. have achieved their purpose of creating the DAC

37. Which is the best title for this passage?

- A. Colombo Helped Create the DAC
- B. AI Composers VS Human Composers
- C. AI—A Good Assistant for Composers
- D. The DAC Changes the Way of Composing

【答案】34. C 35. D 36. D 37. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了瑞士的研究人员创造的深层人工智能作曲家 (DAC)，它可以创造出原创音乐。

【34 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Researchers at the Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne (EPFL) in Switzerland have created a computer algorithm (算法), the ‘Deep Artificial Composer’ (DAC)”可知，是瑞士的研究人员创造的 DAC。故选 C。

【35 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“Researchers at the Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne (EPFL) in Switzerland have created a computer algorithm (算法), the ‘Deep Artificial Composer’ (DAC), which can create original music all by

itself.”可知，瑞士的研究人员创造了 DAC，它可以自己创造原创音乐，所以 itself 指代的是“The DAC”。故选 D。

【36 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Colombo said that his purpose in creating the DAC was to help people create their own music, not to have it made for them...It's said that he used to throw dice (掷骰子) to help him pick which notes to use when making new music.”可知，此处以莫扎特为例讲述了他创造音乐时用掷骰子的方式选择音符，而科学家们创造 DAC 的目的就是帮助人们创造自己的音乐，所以可推知他们达到了自己的目的。故选 D。

【37 题详解】

最佳标题题。本文主要讲述了可以创造出原创音乐的深层人工智能作曲家 (DAC)，它可以帮助人们创造音乐，因此选项 D“DAC 改变了作曲的方式”符合文章内容。故选 D。

第 II 卷（主观题共 50 分）

五、词汇运用（本大题共 8 小题，每小题 1 分，共 8 分）

(A)根据句意和汉语注释，在答卷标有题号的横线上，写出单词的正确形式。

38. Excuse me, may I _____ (停车) my car in front of your shop?

【答案】park

【解析】

【详解】句意：打扰一下，我可以把我的车停在你的店前面吗？park“停车”，may 后接动词原形，故填 park。

39. I was so busy that I _____ (完全地) forgot that it is my birthday today.

【答案】completely

【解析】

【详解】句意：我太忙了，完全忘了今天是我的生日。根据汉语提示可知，空处填写 completely “完全地”，修饰动词 forgot。故填 completely。

40. Pelé, the _____ (唯一的) football player in history to win three World Cups, died on December 29, 2022.

【答案】only

【解析】

【详解】句意：贝利是历史上唯一一位赢得三届世界杯的足球运动员，于 2022 年 12 月 29 日去世。根据汉语提示“唯一的”，应是形容词 only。故填 only。

41. Each child had to give a short _____ (演说) to the rest of the class.

【答案】speech

【解析】

【详解】句意：每个孩子都必须给班上其他同学做一个简短的演讲。“演说”speech，a 后用其单数形式。故

填 speech。

(B)根据句意，在答卷标有题号的横线上，写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。

42. Breathing _____ (heavy) , I stopped and sat down to rest.

【答案】heavily

【解析】

【详解】句意：我喘着粗气，停下来坐下休息。因为“Breathing”是动词，后需用副词修饰。heavy“沉重的”，为形容词；heavily“沉重地”，为副词。故填 heavily。

43. There's still a long way to go before you _____ (success).

【答案】succeed

【解析】

【详解】句意：距离成功还有很长的路要走。分析句子可知时态为一般现在时，描述事实，由于从句主语是 you，此处应用动词原形。故填 succeed。

44. To tell the _____ (true), *The Little Prince* is a good read for teenagers.

【答案】truth

【解析】

【详解】句意：说实话，《小王子》是一本适合青少年阅读的好书。to tell the truth“说实话”，固定短语，故填 truth。

45. The hope for _____ (last) peace has always been in the hearts of all the Chinese people.

【答案】lasting

【解析】

【详解】句意：长治久安的希望一直存在于全体中国人民的心中。

名词 peace 前用形容词修饰，此处用 lasting 表示“持久的”。故答案为 lasting。

六、动词填空（本大题共 8 小题，每小题 1 分，共 8 分）

用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空，并将答案写在答卷标有题号的横线上。

46. More and more young people are used to _____ (record) their daily life through short videos.

【答案】recording

【解析】

【详解】句意：越来越多的年轻人习惯于通过短视频记录自己的日常生活。此处表示“习惯于记录他们的生活”，用结构 be used to doing。故填 recording。

47. The dress _____ (feel) soft and comfortable and I like it very much.

【答案】feels

【解析】

【详解】句意：这条裙子摸起来柔软舒适，我非常喜欢。此处描述客观情况，用一般现在时，主语是 The dress，谓语动词用单三。故填 feels。

48. —My feelings for you have not changed, honey!

—But you have changed. In fact, you are not as you _____ (be).

【答案】were

【解析】

【详解】句意：——我对你的感情没有改变，亲爱的！——但你已经改变了。事实上，你并不像你过去一样。根据“But you have changed.”可知，这里表示“不像过去那样了”，应用一般过去时，由于主语是 you，be 动词用 were。故填 were。

49. What a pity it was _____ (see) Xiao Ni fail the magic during the 2024 Spring Festival Gala!

【答案】to see

【解析】

【详解】句意：2024 年春晚，小尼妮魔术失败了，真是太可惜了。分析句子可知，横线上是不定式结构作真正的主语。故填 to see。

50. My heart was in my mouth! He came quite close to where I _____ (hide).

【答案】was hiding

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的心都提到嗓子眼儿了！他离我藏身的地方很近。结合语境可知，此处是指他走近我正在藏身的地方，时态应用过去进行时，其结构为 was/were doing，主语为 I，be 动词用 was，hide “躲藏”的现在分词为 hiding。故填 was hiding。

51. People are happy with the price of the houses because it _____ (control) very well.

【答案】is controlled

【解析】

【详解】句意：人们对房价很满意，因为它被控制得很好。分析句子可知，it 代指价格，与动词 control 之间是动宾关系，时态为一般现在时，所以是 is controlled。故填 is controlled。

52. — Tom, why are you always leaving all your things in such a mess?

— Sorry, mum. I _____ (tidy) it up at once.

【答案】will tidy

【解析】

【详解】句意：——汤姆，你为什么总是把你所有的东西都放得乱七八糟？——对不起，妈妈。我马上就把

它收拾干净。

tidy adj. 整洁的&v. 使整洁, 收拾。观察句子, 这里应该是作谓语, 要考虑时态与语态, “at once 立刻, 马上”, 并结合句意, 应该是承诺妈妈马上去收拾东西, 那么应该用一般将来时 (will + v.原形), 故答案为 will tidy。

53. We are happy to see that more than one student _____ (deal) with the hard problem without anyone's help.

【答案】has dealt

【解析】

【详解】句意: 我们很高兴的看到不止一个学生在没有任何人的帮助下已经解决了这个困难的问题。根据语境可知, 此处表示问题已经解决, 用现在完成时, 主语 more than one 表示单数, 谓语动词用 has。deal 的过去分词是 dealt。故填 has dealt。

七、阅读填空 (本大题共 5 小题, 每空 1 分, 共 5 分)

先通读下面的短文, 然后根据短文内容, 在文章后表格的空格内填入一个最恰当的单词。所填单词必须写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。每个空格只能填一个单词。

I'm one of those people who often joined in some class or other. I find that I do better in learning some topics in a classroom environment than on my own. Here are some skills that I highly recommend you to consider:

Writing: While improving your writing can sometimes just be a matter of practice, it's very easy to create bad grammatical habits without a teacher's guidance. You probably don't need a degree (学位) in creative writing to help you with your work, but even a short class with a teacher who can review your work can make your written communications so much better.

A second language: Although there are many online courses to teach a second language, it's certain that in-person instruction is effective. So why not take a class? Considering the increasing population of the US, as well as other countries, knowing a second language can make a world of difference, whether you're working for a boss or you have your own business.

Emergency (突发事件) management: People with degrees in emergency management are having less difficulty finding jobs right now than other job hunters. That's because the ability to deal with any kind of emergency properly is prized. Even a single first aid class can make a world a difference.

Shop class of any type: Many schools' shop classes have ended, so it's harder to learn the skills necessary to use tools, fix cars and deal with other common situations. Visiting the mechanics (技工) can be as good as having such classes. You can also get to learn how to use a number of tools without having to buy them all yourself.

Some Skills Might Be Worth Going to Classes for

Skills	<u>54</u>	Conclusions
Writing	It is very easy to create bad habits in grammar without a teacher's guidance.	A short class is expected to <u>55</u> your written communications.
A second language	Taking instruction in classes is effective.	It helps you <u>56</u> for a boss or run your own business.
Emergency management	The ability to deal with emergency is prized so it's <u>57</u> for people with certain degrees to find jobs.	It's necessary to have someone full of experience teach you
Shop classes	Many schools don't have shop classes. Learning from someone who has a number of tools saves your <u>58</u>	Visiting the mechanics is helpful and necessary.

【答案】54. Reasons

55. improve

56. work 57. easier

58. money

【解析】

【导语】本文中，作者推荐读者参加写作课、第二语言课、突发事件应对课及工艺课。

【54 题详解】

通读全文可知，作者列举了四个课程的例子，并阐述了参加这四个课程的原因，此处应大写首字母。故填 Reasons。

【55 题详解】

根据第二段“even a short class with a teacher who can review your work can make your written communications so much better”可知，短时间的课程老师不仅可以帮助我们复习，还可以提高我们的书面用语，improve “提高”，符合语境，且在动词不定式后用动词原形。故填 improve。

【56 题详解】

根据第三段“whether you're working for a boss or you have your own business”可知，学习第二外语是为了更好地为老板工作或者更好地做自己的生意；help sb. do sth.“帮助某人做某事”，空格处应用动词原形。故填 work。

【57 题详解】

根据第四段“People with degrees in emergency management are having less difficulty finding jobs right now than other job hunters.”可知，拥有应急管理学位的人找工作的难度比其它求职者要小；easy 的比较级 easier 符合语境。故填 easier。

【58 题详解】

根据第五段“You can also get to learn how to use a number of tools without having to buy them all yourself.”可知，学习如何使用一些工具是不必购买它们的，这样可以省下钱，save money“省钱”符合语境。故填 money。

八、完成句子

按所给的汉语，用英语完成下列句子，并将答案写在答卷标有题号的横线上。（本大题共 6 小题，每小题 1.5 分，共 9 分）

59. 请帮我接通客服部，我想找人修我的洗衣机。

Please _____ to the Customer Service Department. I want to have my washing machine repaired.

【答案】 put me through

【解析】

【详解】根据中英文对照可知，空缺部分是“帮我接通”，句子是动词原形引导的祈使句，put through “接通”，动词短语，此处“我”翻译为 me，放于动词短语中间。故填 put me through。

60. 由于老板的严格要求，该公司的员工始终高标准工作。

The employees of this company always _____ because of the boss's strict requirement.

【答案】 work to high standards

【解析】

【详解】根据中英文对照可知，work to“依照……办事”，句子是一般现在时，主语是复数，动词用原形；high“高的”；standard“标准”，可数名词，此处应用其复数形式 standards 表示泛指。故填 work to high standards。

61. 贾玲在《热辣滚烫》中的成功一定和她的努力有关。

Jia Ling's success in her film *YOLO* _____ her efforts.

【答案】 is sure to depend on/must have something to do with

【解析】

【详解】一定：be sure to do/must；句子描述客观情况，用一般现在时，主语是 Jia Ling's success，be 动词用 is；取决于：depend on；与……有关：have something to do with。故填 is sure to depend on/must have something to do with。

62. Lucy 对作曲如此有天赋，很顺利就考上了中央音乐学院。

Lucy _____ making up music that she successfully entered Central Conservatory of Music.

【答案】has a real gift for/is so talented in

【解析】

【详解】根据中文意思可知本题考查短语 have a gift for/be talented in“在某方面有天赋”，gift“天赋”，名词，其前可加形容词 real“真的”修饰，表示程度，talented“有天赋的”，形容词，其前可加副词 so“如此”修饰，表示程度，且由语境可知句子时态为一般现在时，主语 Lucy 为第三人称单数，故填 has a real gift for/is so talented in。

63. 尽管他落在同学们后面一段时间了，但是他一旦认真起来，就会追上来。

_____ for some time, but he will catch up with them once he gets serious.

【答案】He has been behind his classmates

【解析】

【详解】he 他，主格代词；be behind his classmates 落在他同学们后面，表状态。分析句子可知，本句是含 but 的并列复合句；由 for some time 可知用现在完成时，he 是单数第三人称，需用 has done 结构；句首单词的首字母需大写，故填 He has been behind his classmates。

64. 我听说这对兄弟上学期尽管很努力，但都没有引起教练的注意。太遗憾了！

I hear that _____ of by the coach last term, though they practised very hard. What a pity!

【答案】neither of the brothers was taken notice

【解析】

【详解】对比中英文可知，空处缺少“两兄弟都没有引起……的注意”；根据“by the coach last term”可知，此处用一般过去时的被动语态，其结构为 was/were done；neither of the brothers“两兄弟都没有”，作从句的主语，为第三人称单数，be 动词用 was；由空后介词 of 可知，take notice of“注意到”，动词短语，take 的过去分词为 taken。故填 neither of the brothers was taken notice。

九、书面表达（本大题共 20 分）

65. 时光荏苒，转眼又是毕业季了，在这即将结束的三年学习生涯中，有很多事情值得我们铭记一辈子，尤其是同学们之间珍贵的友谊。学校将举行“晓园杯”征文大赛，题目是“My friendship”。请描述你获得一段友谊的经过以及友谊对你产生的影响。

注意事项：

1. 要求语句通顺、意思连贯、符合题意；
2. 词数 100 个左右，短文开头已经给出，不计入总词数；

3. 不得使用真实姓名、校名等；
4. 短文必须写在答题卡指定的位置。

My friendship

*Friendship is one of the most valuable things in the world. Friends can help you when you get into trouble.
Friends always cheer you up when you feel sad.*

【答案】例文

My friendship

Friendship is one of the most valuable things in the world. Friends can help you when you get into trouble.
Friends always cheer you up when you feel sad.

My best friend is Lucy. Two years ago, she came to my class. At that time I was a little fat and quiet, so I didn't have any friends to talk with after class. Lucy talked with me when I was lonely. She told me how to walk out of the difficulties. I tried to talk with the students around me. We have been good friends since then. I also became more and more outgoing with her help. In my eyes, she is always ready to help others. We often volunteer to clean up the parks on weekends. I feel very proud of myself after we help others.

I will value our friendship forever.

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

- ①题材：本文是一篇话题作文；
- ②时态：时态为一般现在时和一般过去时；
- ③提示：根据提示内容描述你获得一段友谊的经过以及友谊对你产生的影响。

[写作步骤]

第一步，引出话题；

第二步，描述你获得一段友谊的经过以及友谊对你产生的影响；

第三步，书写结语。

[亮点词汇]

①talk with 和某人说话

②be ready to do 准备好做某事

③feel proud of 为……感到自豪

[高分句型]

①Lucy talked with me when I was lonely. (when 引导的时间状语从句)

②She told me how to walk out of the difficulties. (“疑问词+不定式”作宾语)