

无锡市天一实验中学 2024-2025 学年度第一学期

初一年级用于学科期中试卷

一、听力（略）

单词辨音

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>d</u> og | B. <u>l</u> ong | C. str <u>o</u> ng | D. h <u>o</u> me |
| 2. A. m <u>i</u> lk | B. t <u>i</u> me | C. f <u>i</u> sh | D. <u>i</u> n |
| 3. A. <u>w</u> hat | B. <u>w</u> hich | C. <u>w</u> ho | D. <u>w</u> here |
| 4. A. <u>u</u> ncle | B. E <u>n</u> glish | C. or <u>a</u> nge | D. br <u>i</u> ng |
| 5. A. <u>r</u> eady | B. l <u>e</u> ave | C. p <u>e</u> ace | D. t <u>e</u> ach |
| 6. A. p <u>o</u> ol | B. f <u>o</u> od | C. f <u>o</u> ot | D. c <u>o</u> ol |
| 7. A. s <u>n</u> ake | B. f <u>a</u> ct | C. t <u>a</u> pe | D. f <u>a</u> ce |
| 8. A. b <u>o</u> dy | B. y <u>a</u> rd | C. y <u>e</u> ar | D. <u>y</u> our |
| 9. A. g <u>u</u> ess | B. b <u>e</u> gin | C. f <u>i</u> nger | D. im <u>a</u> gine |
| 10. A. c <u>e</u> nter | B. t <u>e</u> acher | C. n <u>e</u> ver | D. t <u>e</u> rm |

【答案】1. D 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. A 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. D 10. D

【解析】

【1 题详解】

dog/dɒg/; long/lɒŋ/; strong/strɒŋ/; home/həʊm/。根据音标可知，D 选项的划线部分发音为/əʊ/，其他项的划线部分发音为/ɒ/。故选 D。

【2 题详解】

milk/mɜːlk/; time/taɪm/; fish/fɪʃ/; in/ɪn/。根据音标可知，B 选项的划线部分发音为/aɪ/，其他项的划线部分发音为/ɪ/。故选 B。

【3 题详解】

what/wɒt/; which/wɪtʃ/; who/huː/; where/weə(r)/。根据音标可知，C 选项的划线部分发音为/h/，其他项的划线部分发音为/w/。故选 C。

【4 题详解】

uncle/ˈʌŋk(ə)l/; English/ˈɪŋɡlɪʃ/; orange/ˈɒrɪndʒ/; bring/brɪŋ/。根据音标可知，C 选项的划线部分发音为/n/，其他项的划线部分发音为/ŋ/。故选 C。

【5 题详解】

ready/'redi/; leave/li:v/; peace/pi:s/; teach/ti:tʃ/. 根据音标可知, A 选项的划线部分发音为/e/, 其他项的划线部分发音为/i:/。故选 A。

【6 题详解】

pool/pu:l/; food/fu:d/; foot/fʊt/; cool/ku:l/. 根据音标可知, C 选项的划线部分发音为/u/, 其他项的划线部分发音为/u:/。故选 C。

【7 题详解】

snake/sneɪk/; fact/fækt/; tape/teɪp/; face/feɪs/. 根据音标可知, B 选项的划线部分发音为/æ/, 其他项的划线部分发音为/eɪ/。故选 B。

【8 题详解】

body/'bɒdi/; yard/jɑ:d/; year/jɪə(r)/; your/jɔ:(r); jə(r)/。根据音标可知, A 选项的划线部分发音为/i/, 其他项的划线部分发音为/j/。故选 A。

【9 题详解】

guess/ges/; begin/bɪ'ɡɪn/; finger/'fɪŋɡə(r)/; imagine/ɪ'mædʒɪn/. 根据音标可知, D 选项的划线部分发音为/dʒ/, 其他项的划线部分发音为/g/。故选 D。

【10 题详解】

center/'sentə(r)/; teacher/'ti:tʃə(r)/; never/'nevə(r)/; term/tɜ:m/. 根据音标可知, D 选项的划线部分发音为/ɜ:/, 其他项的划线部分发音为/ə(r)/。故选 D。

三、单项选择

在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(本大题共 15 分, 每小题 1 分)

11. Peter loves playing _____ basketball, so he will buy _____ basketball first.

- A. a; a B. /; / C. the; a D. /; a

【答案】D

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】句意: Peter 喜欢打篮球, 所以他会先买个篮球。

考查冠词辨析。a 不定冠词, 表示泛指, 用于以辅音音素开头的单词之前; the 定冠词, 表示特指等; /不填。球类运动之前, 不用冠词, 故空一不填; 根据句意, 空二表示泛指, 且 basketball 以辅音音素开头, 故应用 a。故选 D。

12. —He will go to France _____ a warm morning _____ April.

- A. on; of B. at; on C. in; in D. in; at

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——他将要在四月份的一个温暖的早晨去法国。

考查介词辨析。根据第一个空后“a warm morning”即具体某一天，应用“on”，结合第二个空后“April”可知与空前是从属关系，表示“……的”即“of”。故选A。

13. The man _____ glasses is our History teacher.

A. in B. on C. with D. wears

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：戴眼镜的那个人是我们的历史老师。考查介词辨析。A. in 在...里面；B. on 在...上面；C. with 带有、随着；D. wears 穿、戴。根据 The man _____ glasses is our History teacher, 这里的意思是戴眼镜的那个人是我们的历史老师，这里 with glasses 表示戴着眼镜，不能用 wears，因为后面有 be 动词 is，一句话中只能有一个谓语动词，故答案选 C。

14. Dad _____ lunch at home today because he has too much work to do.

A. doesn't have B. isn't has C. doesn't has D. isn't have

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：爸爸今天不在家吃午饭因为他有太多工作要做。

考查助动词的用法。have lunch“吃午餐”，have 为实义动词，主语 Dad 为单数形式，否定句需借助助动词 doesn't，后面的动词用原形，故选 A。

15. —Is your name Nora?

—_____. What about yours?

A. Yes, I am B. No, it is C. Yes, it is D. No, I'm not

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你的名字是 Nora 吗？——是的，它是。你呢？

考查一般疑问句的回答。根据“Is your name...”以及“What about you”可知，空处是肯定回答，用 Yes, it is。故选 C。

16. Alice is very busy at work, so she _____ watches TV on weekdays.

A. sometimes B. always C. seldom D. often

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：Alice 工作很忙，所以她平日很少看电视。

考查副词辨析。sometimes 有时；always 总是；seldom 很少；often 经常。根据“Alice is very busy at work”可知，她工作很忙，所以应该是很少看电视。故选 C。

17. Reading books about Science is _____ him.

- A. a great fun for B. great fun for C. a great fun to D. great fun to

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：阅读有关科学的书籍对他来说有很大乐趣。

考查名词的用法以及介词辨析。for 对于；to 到。“fun”是不可数名词，前面不能用不定冠词修饰，故排除选项 A 和 C；根据“Reading books about Science is...him”可知对他来说有很大乐趣，用介词 for，故选 B。

18. Sam with Simon _____ good at English. We often help them _____ their English.

- A. is; with B. aren't; for C. aren't; with D. isn't; with

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：Sam 和 Simon 不擅长英语。我们经常帮助他们学习英语。

考查主谓一致以及介词辨析。with 和；for 为了。with 连接的并列成分作主语时，遵循就近原则，故 be 动词用 is，排除 B、C；根据“We often help them...their English”可知我们经常帮助他们学英语，可见他们的英语不好，用 isn't 构成否定句；help sb. with sth.“帮助某人做某事”。故选 D。

19. My grandparents like the garden _____ flowers.

- A. is full of B. full with C. is filled with D. full of

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的外祖父母喜欢充满花的花园。

考查定语后置。is full of 充满，为谓语形式；full with 错误表达；is filled with 充满，为谓语形式；full of 可作定语修饰名词。根据分析句子成分可知，空处缺定语，修饰名词 garden，故选 D。

20. — Do you _____ the game called *Black Myth: Wu Kong* (《黑神话：悟空》)?

— Yes, but I don't think everyone enjoys _____ it.

- A. watch; to play B. watch; playing C. look; playing D. look; to play

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你观看《黑神话：悟空》的游戏吗？——看，但我不认为每个人都喜欢玩。

考查动词辨析和动名词。watch 观看；look 看，强调看的过程；to play 是 play 的动词不定式；playing 是 play 的动名词或现在分词。根据“the game”可知要用表“观看”的动词“watch”；“enjoys”后需接动名词，“play”的动名词是“playing”。故选 B。

21. —Do you know Picasso?

—Of course. He is one of the greatest painting _____.

A. sellers B. masters C. scientist D. models

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你认识毕加索吗？——当然，他是最伟大的绘画大师之一。

考查名词辨析。sellers 卖家；masters 大师；scientist 科学家；models 模范。根据“Do you know Picasso?”可知，毕加索是知名的画家，故而最合适的称谓为大师。故选 B。

22. —What is your friend Helen like?

— _____.

A. She likes dancing B. She is from Wuxi
C. She is 14 years old D. She is kind and clever

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你的朋友海伦是什么样的人？——她善良聪明。

考查情景交际。She likes dancing 她喜欢跳舞；She is from Wuxi 她来自无锡；She is 14 years old 她 14 岁；She is kind and clever 她善良聪明。根据“What is your friend Helen like?”可知此处回答朋友是什么样的人，选项 D 符合语境。故选 D。

23. You should not _____ too much time _____ Wechat videos.

A. spend; watching B. to spend; to watch
C. to spend; watching D. spend; to watch

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：你不应该花太多时间看微信视频。

考查情态动词的用法和非谓语动词。情态动词 should 后加动词原形，排除 BC；spend time doing sth.“花费时间做某事”。故选 A。

24. I hope you _____ Nanjing for New Year's holiday with us.

- A. to visit B. visiting C. can visit D. to visiting

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：我希望你能和我们一起去南京过新年。

考查宾语从句用法。to visit 动词不定式；visiting 动名词或现在分词；can visit 谓语动词；to visiting 错误表达。根据“I hope you...”可知，本句为宾语从句，从句应由“主语+谓语”构成，故选 C。

25. —I will have a trip to Yuelu Mountain this weekend. —_____.

- A. That's all right B. Of course C. Good luck D. Have fun

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：——我这个周末要去岳麓山旅行。——玩的愉快。

考查情景交际。That's all right 没关系；Of course 当然；Good luck 祝你好运；Have fun 玩的愉快。根据前句“I will have a trip to Yuelu Mountain this weekend.”可知，要出去玩，答句应祝对方“玩的愉快”即“Have fun。”。故选 D。

四、完成对话（本大题共 5 分，每小题 1 分）

根据对话内容和所给的句子选项，将对话补充完整，使其通顺达意。

A: Hi, Eric. ____26____

B: I usually do the homework in the morning, and go to the library in the afternoon.

A: You are really hard-working. ____27____

B: Yes, that's my dream. ____28____

A: At weekends, I often study in the morning and do sports in the afternoon.

B: Wow, you spend the weekends in a good way.

A: By the way, I want to play basketball this Sunday afternoon. Would you like to go with me?

B: ____29____. We can study on Sunday morning, and play basketball together in the afternoon.

A: OK! See you then.

B: ____30____

A: Do you want to go to a good high school?

- B. That sounds great.
- C. What do you usually do at weekends?
- D. See you.
- E. I like playing basketball, too.
- F. What about you?
- G. What did you do last weekend?

【答案】 26. C 27. A 28. F 29. B 30. D

【解析】

【导语】本对话讲述了两位朋友在周末的学习和活动安排，以及计划一起打篮球的情节。

【26 题详解】

根据“I usually do the homework in the morning, and go to the library in the afternoon.”可知，前一句应是询问对方周末通常做的事情，选项 C“你周末通常做什么？”符合语境。故选 C。

【27 题详解】

根据“Yes, that’s my dream”可知，前一句是一个一般疑问句，询问对方是否有想法或计划，选项 A“你想上一个好的高中吗？”符合语境。故选 A。

【28 题详解】

根据“At weekends, I often study in the morning and do sports in the afternoon.”可知，问对方周末做了什么，选项 F“你呢？”符合语境，故选 F。

【29 题详解】

根据“Would you like to go with me?”和“We can study on Sunday morning, and play basketball together in the afternoon.”可知，应回应说这个安排很不错，选项 B“那听起来很棒。”符合语境。故选 B。

【30 题详解】

根据“See you then.”可知，此处是相互道别，选项 D“再见。”符合语境。故选 D。

五、完形填空

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。（本大题共 10 分，每小题 1 分）

Quan Hongchan, a _____31_____ girl, won the gold medal at the 2024 World Swimming Championships (世界游泳锦标赛) in the individual 10-metre platform event (个人十米跳台项目).

Quan grew up in a small village. _____32_____ the age of 7, she was found by the coach from Zhanjiang City Sports School called Chen Huaming. At that time, Quan was only 1.2 metres tall _____33_____ she could jump about

2 metres long. Later, Quan began to ____34____ diving at school in Zhanjiang.

Quan found confidence (自信) in ____35____ and tried her best. The training conditions (训练条件) were bad, but she still had fun, “Working hard is ____36____ I can do,” said Quan.

When people ask her ____37____ to celebrate (庆祝) as an Olympic champion, she says the gold medal is the ____38____ gift for her mum. She also ____39____ to visit the amusement parks (游乐场).

We think she will have a bright future. If you have a dream, please try your best to make it ____40____.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 31. A. 16 year old | B. 16-year-old | C. 16-years old | D. 16 years old |
| 32. A. On | B. In | C. Of | D. At |
| 33. A. and | B. so | C. but | D. or |
| 34. A. learn | B. teach | C. work | D. find |
| 35. A. running | B. diving | C. tennis | D. swimming |
| 36. A. both | B. every | C. each | D. all |
| 37. A. how | B. what | C. when | D. where |
| 38. A. good | B. better | C. best | D. well |
| 39. A. helps | B. enjoys | C. hopes | D. stops |
| 40. A. come back | B. come up | C. come true | D. come on |

【答案】31. B 32. D 33. C 34. A 35. B 36. D 37. A 38. C 39. C 40. C

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了跳水冠军全红婵的故事。

【31 题详解】

句意：在 2024 年世界游泳锦标赛个人 10 米跳台项目中，16 岁的女孩全红婵获得了金牌。

16 year old 错误搭配；16-year-old 16 岁的；16-years old 错误搭配；16 years old 16 岁。此处作定语，用 16-year-old 合适。故选 B。

【32 题详解】

句意：7 岁时，她被湛江市体校教练陈华明发现。

On 后接具体日期；In 后接年月等；Of……的；At 后接具体时刻。at the age of 在……岁的时候。故选 D。

【33 题详解】

句意：当时，全只有 1.2 米高，但她可以跳大约 2 米长。

and 和；so 因此；but 但是；or 否则。句意出现转折，用 but。故选 C。

【34 题详解】

句意：后来，全开始在湛江的学校学习跳水。

learn 学习；teach 教；work 工作；find 找到。根据“diving at school in Zhanjiang”可知在学校学习跳水。故选 A。

【35 题详解】

句意：全在跳水中找到了自信，并尽了最大努力。训练条件很差，但她仍然玩得很开心，“我能做的就是努力工作，”全说。

running 跑步；diving 跳水；tennis 网球；swimming 游泳。根据“diving at school in Zhanjiang”可知在跳水中找到了自信。故选 B。

【36 题详解】

句意：全在跳水中找到了自信，并尽了最大努力。训练条件很差，但她仍然玩得很开心，“我能做的就是努力工作，”全说。

both 两者都；every 每个；each 每个；all 三者或三者以上都。all I can do“我能做的全部”。故选 D。

【37 题详解】

句意：当人们问她如何庆祝获得奥运冠军时，她说金牌是送给妈妈最好的礼物。

how 如何；what 什么；when 什么时候；where 在哪里。ask 后缺少直接宾语，用“疑问词+不定式”结构，celebrate 后缺少宾语，用疑问代词 what。故选 A。

【38 题详解】

句意：当人们问她如何庆祝获得奥运冠军时，她说金牌是送给妈妈最好的礼物。

good 好的；better 更好的；best 最好的；well 好。定冠词 the 后用形容词最高级。故选 C。

【39 题详解】

句意：她还希望参观游乐园。

helps 帮助；enjoys 喜欢；hopes 希望；stops 停止。根据“to visit the amusement parks”可知这是她的愿望，用 hope to do sth.表示“希望做某事”。故选 C。

【40 题详解】

句意：如果你有梦想，请尽你最大的努力去实现它。

come back 回来；come up 想起；come true 实现；come on 加油。根据“ If you have a dream, please try your best to make it ...”可知此处表示使梦想成真。故选 C。

六、阅读理解

阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。（本大题共 15 分，每小题 1.5 分）

A

This year I am very busy doing my Christmas shopping. I really never find what I want, and many things my daughter wants are not in shops or they are too expensive. You know children don't think about the price much. So I have to buy some online (在网上). I never think about online shopping before now. I have a few friends and they do online present shopping every year. So I ask them for help. First, they tell me to start shopping early. And then you need to be careful with the delivery charge (运费) because they can be very different. My friends also tell me that online shopping is easy, but I should get into good sites. And last but not important, they tell me that if I feel good about a site, there may be a good reason. So they say I need to find the reason before I buy things on it.

41. How many tips (建议) does the writer get from her friends?

- A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.

42. We can learn _____ from the passage.

- A. the writer feels free for buying presents B. the writer's daughter likes things online
C. the writer is good at buying things online D. people should start Christmas online shopping early

43. What's the best title for the passage?

- A. My Daughter. B. Online Shopping. C. My Friends. D. Great Christmas.

【答案】41. D 42. D 43. B

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了作者想要网上购物，但是她以前没有在网上买过东西，因此她向她的朋友们求助。

【41 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“So I ask them for help. First...And then you need to be careful...My friends also tell me that online shopping...And last but not important”可知共得到了 4 条建议。故选 D。

【42 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“First, they tell me to start shopping early.”可知人们应该早点开始圣诞节网购。故选 D。

【43 题详解】

最佳标题题。本文讲述的是作者忙着为圣诞节买东西，但是她的女儿想要的一些东西，在商店里要么没有，要么就是太贵，因此她想到了网上购物。她以前没有在网上买过东西，因此她向她的朋友们求助，以选项 B“网购”为标题最合适。故选 B。

B

It is a good idea to give school trips to students. Many people know that students sometimes need to learn outside. Study and learning are not just reading books!

Some school trips make students see more about nature. The students visit many places such as zoos, mountains, forests, farms and so on. The teachers want the students to know about nature, to learn to love it and take care of it.

Some school trips are for students to learn about their cities. For example, they take students to some places of interest. Other school trips can help students know more about some different jobs. They take students to visit a police station or a fire station. These kinds of school trips help students learn about jobs, and help them to be thankful to the people who work for their city.

Students usually love school trips. They can go out of the classroom and have fun.

The teachers know that students can learn a lot when they relax and have fun. School trips can please both teachers and students!

44. From school trips, students can learn _____.

- ① how to love nature ② to read books ③ how to take care of nature
④ how to make their teachers relaxed ⑤ to know more about jobs

A. ①②③ B. ②③④ C. ①②⑤ D. ①③⑤

45. The underlined word “please” in the passage means _____.

- A. make somebody feel happy B. make somebody feel sad
C. make somebody feel sorry D. make somebody feel friendly

46. What’s the main idea of the passage?

- A. Students usually love school trips. B. Teachers know a lot about their students.
C. Students like to learn more about nature. D. School trips can help students learn more.

【答案】 44. D 45. A 46. D

【解析】

【导语】 本文讲述了学校组织的郊游能帮助学生学到很多东西。

【44 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The teachers want the students to know about nature, to learn to love it and take care of it.”以及“These kinds of school trips help students learn about jobs”可知学生们可以了解自然，学会热爱和照顾自然，可以帮助学生更多地了解一些不同的工作。故选 D。

【45 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“The teachers know that students can learn a lot when they relax and have fun. School trips can please both teachers and students”可知当学生放松和娱乐时，他们可以学到很多东西，学校旅行可以使老师和

学生高兴，故此处划线部分意为“使高兴”。故选 A。

【46 题详解】

主旨大意题。本文讲述了学校组织的郊游能帮助学生学到很多东西。故选 D。

C

Jack loves to read books very much. He reads all day. He reads at night. Jack's books are here. Jack's books are there. He cannot even find his chair. He cannot see which clothes to wear.

"That's enough!" his mother says, "Clean up these books and get to bed!"

"Clean them up? But how? Right now? What should I do? How do I move them all from here? Should I put them behind the door? Should I put them under the bed? Oh, dear! I have no idea."

"Wait! What is this book I see here? Hmm...How To Make A Library! I can organize (整理) by the writer's name. That sounds like a real cool game! Organize them like the alphabet (字母表). That sounds easy. That's no sweat! Or I can organize by title too. I know that's what I will do now!" Jack becomes happy.

"All A titles I'll put here. This is great! Now I see! Next will come B titles, and then C titles. This is really so much fun!"

Following these rules, Jack organizes them one by one. He groups them all from A to Z. He finishes the work quickly and happily. His mother is happy to see that. She never thinks he can really do it well.

"Books are great," says Jack with a smile, "They help me make a library!"

47. What can we get from the first paragraph?

- A. Jack doesn't have a chair in his room. B. Jack doesn't know what to wear.
C. Jack enjoys reading very much. D. Jack has a lot of things to do every day.

48. What does the underlined sentence "That's no sweat!" mean in the passage?

- A. That's very easy. B. That's not interesting. C. That's not cold. D. That's too busy.

49. Which is the right order (顺序) according to the passage?

- ① Jack groups all the books from A to Z.
② Jack's mother asks him to clean up his books.
③ Jack knows what he will do.
④ Jack's mother is very happy.

- A. ②①④③ B. ④③①② C. ①③②④ D. ②③①④

50. What's the best title for the story?

- A. Mother and Son B. Follow the Rules C. A Dirty Room D. Make a Library

【答案】 47. C 48. A 49. D 50. D

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要讲述了爱看书的杰克想到了一个好办法整理书的故事，这也帮他建立了一个图书馆。

【47 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Jack loves to read books very much”可知杰克喜欢读书。故选 C。

【48 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“Organize them like the alphabet (字母表). That sounds easy. That’s no sweat! Or I can organize by title too”可知像字母表一样组织它们,听起来很容易，这不难，故此处划线部分意为“那是很容易的”。故选 A。

【49 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Clean up these books and get to bed”可知他妈妈让他把书整理起来，②排第一位，排除 BC；根据“I know that’s what I will do now”以及“He groups them all from A to Z. He finishes the work quickly and happily. His mother is happy to see that”可知他知道如何做了，他把书从 A 到 Z 都分组，他很快又愉快地完成了这项工作,他妈妈很高兴，故后三位是③①④。故选 D。

【50 题详解】

最佳标题题。本文主要讲述了爱看书的杰克想到了一个好办法整理书的故事，这也帮他建立了一个图书馆，以选项 D“创建一个图书馆”为标题最合适，故选 D。

第 II 卷 主观题 （共 40 分）

七、词汇运用 （本大题共 15 分，每小题 1 分）

（A）根据下列句子所给汉语注释写出空缺处各单词的正确形式或者写出括号内所给单词的适当形式,每空限填一词。（本大题 10 分，每小题 1 分）

51. I really believe a healthy diet can make us full of _____ (能量).

【答案】 energy

【解析】

【详解】 句意：我真的相信健康的饮食可以让我们充满能量。energy“能量”，不可数名词。故填 energy。

52. The TV show can help you know about m_____ (现代的) American culture.

【答案】 (m)odern

【解析】

【详解】 句意：这个电视节目可以帮助你了解现代美国文化。根据汉语提示及首字母可知，modern“现代的”。故填(m)odern。

53. The young lady with _____ (明亮的) eyes is my new English teacher.

【答案】bright

【解析】

【详解】句意：那位眼睛明亮的年轻女士是我的新英语老师。根据汉语提示可知，bright“明亮的”。故填 bright。

54. Students are busy writing, so the classroom is _____ (安静的).

【答案】quiet

【解析】

【详解】句意：学生们忙于写作，所以教室很安静。根据汉语提示可知，quiet 意为“安静的”，在句中作表语。故填 quiet。

55. It's our _____ (职责) to keep the classroom clean and tidy.

【答案】duty

【解析】

【详解】句意：保持教室干净整洁是我们的责任。由语境和所给的中文提示可知，duty 意为“职责”；It's our duty to do sth.“做某事是我们的职责”。故填 duty。

56. I wonder why people here are _____ (interest) in action films (武打片).

【答案】interested

【解析】

【详解】句意：我想知道为什么这里的人对动作片感兴趣。be interested in“对……感兴趣”，形容词短语。故填 interested。

57. The fashion _____ (design) are introducing their new clothes to the visitors.

【答案】designers

【解析】

【详解】句意：时装设计师们正在向参观者介绍他们的新衣服。根据“are introducing their new clothes to the visitors”可知，主语是人，designer“设计师”，be 动词是 are 复数，主语应用复数形式。故填 designers。

58. The fireman runs into the burning house and save the family's _____. (life)

【答案】lives

【解析】

【详解】句意：消防员冲进着火的房子救了这家人的生命。“the family's”指代该家庭的多个生命，用“lives 生命”表示复数形式。故填 lives。

59. Tom is very happy because it's his _____ (one) time to visit Beijing.

【答案】 first

【解析】

【详解】句意：汤姆很高兴，因为这是他第一次来北京。根据“time”和语境可知，是指汤姆第一次来北京，应用序数词 first。故填 first。

60. My dream is to let every child have a _____ (good) tomorrow.

【答案】 better

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的梦想是让每个孩子都有一个更美好的明天。根据“My dream is to let every child have a...tomorrow.”可知，想表达的是让每个孩子都有一个“更好的明天”，故空处需比较级。good“好的”的比较级为 better。故填 better。

(B) (本大题 5 分，每小题 1 分)

请认真阅读下面短文，从方框中选择适当的单词或短语，填入其正确形式。每个单词或短语仅用一次。

be ready	enjoy oneself	leave for	take place	take turns
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This Saturday, our school holds a special event to celebrate the end of the term. The whole event 61 on the school field and is a huge success (成功). Early in the morning, students and teachers work together. Soon everything is perfect and we 62 to greet our guests.

Around 10 a.m., people start arriving, and soon the games and performances begin.

Everyone waits patiently and excitedly in the line and 63 to take part in the activities. I see my friends laughing, playing, and even dancing. They all 64.

Around noon, the event finishes and students 65 their classrooms to get snacks. Everyone agrees that it is the best school event of the year!

【答案】 61. take place

62. are ready

63. takes turns

64. enjoy themselves

65. leave for

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了本周六，我们学校举办了一场特别活动来庆祝学期结束。

【61 题详解】

句意：整个活动在学校操场上进行，取得了巨大的成功。根据“The whole event”可知是举行活动，take

place“举行”，本文时态为一般现在时，主语是名词单数，谓语动词用单三。故填 takes place。

【62 题详解】

句意：很快一切都完美，我们准备迎接我们的客人。根据“we...greet our guests”可知是准备好迎接客人，be ready“准备好”，本文时态为一般现在时，主语是 we，be 动词用 are。故填 are ready。

【63 题详解】

句意：大家耐心而兴奋地排队等候，轮流参加活动。根据“Everyone waits patiently and excitedly in the line”可知大家耐心而兴奋地排队等候，轮流参加活动，take turns“轮流”，本文时态为一般现在时，主语是 everyone，谓语动词用单三。故填 takes turns。

【64 题详解】

句意：他们都玩得很开心。根据“I see my friends laughing, playing, and even dancing”可知所有人都玩得很开心，enjoy oneself“玩得开心”，此处用反身代词 themselves“他们自己”，本文时态为一般现在时，主语是 they，谓语动词用原形。故填 enjoy themselves。

【65 题详解】

句意：中午左右，活动结束，学生们前往教室吃零食。根据“their classrooms to get snacks”可知是前往教室吃零食，leave for“动身去”，本文时态为一般现在时，主语是 they，谓语动词用原形。故填 leave for。

八、完成句子

按所给的汉语，用英语完成下列句子。（本大题共 5 分，每格 0.5 分）

66. 我们应该参加体育锻炼，增强体质。

We should _____ physical exercises and build up our strength.

【答案】 take part in

【解析】

【详解】参加：take part in，情态动词后加动词原形。故填 take part in。

67. 学生通常在学校餐厅吃午饭。

Students _____ have lunch in the _____ at school.

【答案】 ①. usually ②. dining ③. hall

【解析】

【详解】usually“通常”，副词；dining hall 表示“餐厅”。故填 usually；dining；hall。

68. 我们班主任教我们语文。她耐心且友好。

Our class teacher _____ Chinese. She is patient and kind.

【答案】 ①. teaches ②. us

【解析】

【详解】教某人某物：teach sb. sth.，句子用一般现在时，主语是名词单数，谓语动词用单三；我们：us。
故填 teaches； us。

69. 汤姆在周末和他的朋友练习打排球。

Tom _____ volleyball with his friends at the weekend.

【答案】 ① practices ②. playing

【解析】

【详解】根据句意可知，第一个空表达意思为“练习”即“practice”，主语是第三人称单数，变为单三形式“practices”；第二个空表达意思为“打”即“play”，结合前空“practice”，该结构为“practice doing sth.”，应用“playing”。故填 practices； playing。

九、阅读表达（本大题共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

阅读下面短文，然后根据短文内容回答问题。

Hello! My name is Caroline. I'm very happy and excited because tomorrow will be my first day back to my school. Now I'm packing my schoolbag.

Look at my schoolbag. It is not very big, but it looks beautiful. It is pink. Pink is my favorite color. There is a picture of Snow White on my schoolbag. My schoolbag is from my aunt. She gave it to me last Friday. That day was my thirteenth birthday.

What's in my schoolbag?

Look! There is a pencil case in my schoolbag. There are two pens, four pencils and two erasers in my pencil case. You can also see five exercise books and a pair of glasses in my schoolbag.

阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题（除 1 题外，每小题不超过 6 个单词）。

70. Why is Caroline happy and excited?

71. What color is Caroline's schoolbag?

72. Who gave the schoolbag to Caroline?

73. How many pencils are there in Caroline's pencil case?

74. What do you think of your school life?

【答案】 70. Because tomorrow will be her first day back to her school.

71. It's pink.

72. Her aunt.

73. Four. 74. I think it's wonderful.

【解析】

【导语】 本文讲述了 Caroline 因为明天是她开学的第一天而感到高兴和激动，她描绘了她正在收拾的书包及其内容。

【70 题详解】

根据“because tomorrow will be my first day back to my school.”可知，Caroline 因为明天是她回到学校的第一天而感到高兴和兴奋。故填 Because tomorrow will be her first day back to her school.

【71 题详解】

根据“It is pink.”可知，Caroline 的书包是粉色的。故填 It's pink.

【72 题详解】

根据“My schoolbag is from my aunt.”可知，她的书包是她的姑姑给她的。故填 Her aunt.

【73 题详解】

根据“There are two pens, four pencils...”可知，她的铅笔盒里有四支铅笔。故填 Four.

【74 题详解】

开放性作答，言之有理即可。参考答案为 I think it's wonderful.

十、书面表达（本大题共 10 分）

75. Boys and girls, a good friend is like a mirror. I believe you have made many friends. Please write a short passage to introduce your best friend to us.

1.What is his/her basic information? (age; looks)

2.How does he/she become your good friend? (hobby; character)

3.What is his/her dream?

要求：

1. 包含所有要点，语句通顺；

2. 不得出现真实校名和姓名；

3. 词数 60 词左右。

【答案】例文：

I have a best friend. Her name is Lily. She is 15 years old and has long black hair. She is kind and friendly. We became good friends because we both love reading and have the same sense of humor. Her dream is to be a doctor and help more people. I believe she can achieve it.

That's my best friend. I hope we can be friends forever.

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

- ①题材：本文是一篇话题作文。
- ②时态：时态为“一般现在时”。
- ③提示：写作要点已给出，考生应注意要点齐全。

[写作步骤]

第一步，表明写作意图。用“我有一个好朋友”引出下文。

第二步，具体阐述写作内容。从“她的基础信息”以及“我们是如何成为朋友的”两个方面描述。

第三步，书写结语。表达“希望我们永远是好朋友”进行情感升华。

[亮点词汇]

- ①friendly 友善的
- ②help more people 帮助更多的人

[高分句型]

- ①I believe she can achieve it. (宾语从句)