# 初三第二次适应性练习 英语试卷 2023 年4 月

注意事项: 1、答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考试号和班级写在答题卷上。 2、本试卷满分 100 分,考试时间 100 分钟。

## 第1卷(客观题 共50分)

<del>_</del> ,	、单项选择	在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中	,选出可以填入空白	1处的最佳选项,并在答题		
		卡上将该项涂黑。(本大题	共 14 小题,每小题	1分,共14分)		
1.		that Tony missed the concert he	had looked forward	to!		
	A. What shar	me B. What a shame	C. How shame	D. How a shame		
2.	You can neve	er expect a 3-year-old kid to sit_	the chat	show.		
	A. on	B. till	C. between	D. through		
3.	Let's discuss	teenagers born in	the 2010s are differen	t from their parents.		
	A. how	B. where	C. what	D. when		
4.	We tried to ca	alm down the couple without hu	rting the feeling of	, but failed.		
	A. every	B. either	C. both	D. neither		
5.	The president	t promised he himself	the opening ceren	nony.		
	A. attended	B. had attended	C. would attend	D. will attend		
6	— Look! The	re's an island over there.				
-	— Yes. It's to	o far away from the land. I thinl	x it must be	visited.		
	A. often	B. always	C. usually	D. seldom		
7	— How is you	ar tour around the lake? Is it bea	utiful?			
-	— It	be, but it is now seriously p	olluted.			
	A. should	B. might	C. must	D. can		
8	— I stayed up	to finish my report last night ar	nd I feel very tired.			
-	— Take a brea	ak				
	A. Better late	e than never	B. Don't put all the eggs in one basket			
	C. Don't bur	n the candle at both ends	D. The early bird ca	atches the worm		
9.	It is never	prepare for a wonder	ful life in senior high.			
	A. too late to	B. late enough to	C. too early to	D. early enough to		
10.	If you miss	this chance, it must be years	you get and	other one.		
	A. since	B. after	C. until	D. before		
11	. It's said tha	t the electric cars will make a va	aluablet	to the environment.		
	A. direction	B. contribution	C. situation	D. condition		
12.	The police di	id not arrest the surgeon becaus	e they never doubted	the case.		
		d nothing to do with	B. whether he had	nothing to do with		
	C. that he ha	d anything to do with	D. if he had anything to do with			

13. Give me the r	name of one of your	relatives who can be	if yo	u want to join us.
A. confirmed	B. contacted	C. comm	unicated D	). connected
14. — Sir, would —	you please spare m	e a few minutes? I hav	e some questions	about the survey.
A. Sure, go al	nead B. Never mi	ind C. It's a	pleasure D	). Help yourself
	可以填入空白处的	,掌握其大意,然后 〕最佳选项,并在答局		
	小题,每小题 1分	,共 10分)		
After ten ye	ars in the same con	npany, I found my job	was no longer fu	un. However, I didn't
have the confider	ice to look for new	jobs because of lack of	f experience. I fel	t <u>15</u> .
A friend sug	ggested another pat	h — <u>16</u> . I had	toyed with the ic	dea of studying for a
master's degree	but 17 stood	in my way. Yet I f	ound a course at	t London College of
		l entered my college.		
During the 1	18 months that follo	owed, I began to flou	rish. Not only had	d I found the courage
-		_		e self-doubt that had
followed me arou	und like a shadow	began to disappear g	radually. My clas	ssmates and I treated
each other as eq	uals. Younger stud	lents thought my exp	erience and know	wledge were of great
value when it can	ne to group work. I	made new friends and	joined committee	es.
I also decide	ed to move out of	home. Living in stude	ent halls was a(n)	20 . The hall
life added to my	sense of independe	ence and, with it, con	fidence. I was _	21 new things
every day. Even 1	naking myself a me	eal or <u>22</u> my	small living space	felt rewarding.
Soon after c	completing my mas	ter's, I made my way	back through th	e university gates —
this time to $\underline{2}$	3 . I am now a p	professor of the same	course that I tool	k. I look back on the
person I was before	ore and smile — she	e didn't yet know her	24	
15. A. stuck	B. guilty	C. cı	rious	D. drunk
16. A. vocation	B. nomin	nation C. ed	lucation	D. location
17. A. self-doubt	B. famil	y C. jo	b	D. experience
18. A. knowledge	B. intere	st C. be	elief	D. life
19. A. so	B. but	C. ar	d	D. as
20. A. problem	B. exper	ience C. m	ess	D. failure
21. A. copying	B. missi	ng C. le	arning	D. ordering
22. A. keeping	B. imagi	ning C. gr	rowing	D. managing
23. A. visit	B. teach	C. ex	tercise	D. interview
24. A. worth	B. decisi	on C. du	ıty	D. career

三、阅读理解 阅读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容,在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。(本大题共 13 小题,每小题 2 分,共 26 分)

A

Drug Facts	Drug Facts (continued)		
Active ingredient Purpose (in each caplet) Acetaminophen 500 mgPain reliever/fever reducer	Stop use and ask a doctor if  ■ pain gets worse or lasts more than 10 days ■ fever gets worse or lasts more than 3 days ■ new symptoms occur ■ redness or swelling is present These could be signs of a serious condition.		
Uses  ■ temporarily relieves minor aches and pains due to: ■ the common cold ■ headache ■ minor pain of arthritis ■ backache ■ muscular aches ■ toothache ■ premenstrual and menstrual cramps ■ temporarily reduces fever	If pregnant or breast-feeding, ask a health professional before use.  Keep out of reach of children. Overdose warning: In case of overdose, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away (1-800-222-1222). Quick medical attention is critical for adults as well as for children even if you do not notice any signs or symptoms.		
Warnings Liver warning: This product contains acetaminophen. Severe	Directions		
liver damage may occur if you take	■ do not take more than directed (see overdose warning)		
■ more than 4,000 mg of acetaminophen in 24 hours ■ with other drugs containing acetaminophen ■ 3 or more alcoholic drinks every day while using this product Allergy alert: Acetaminophen may cause severe skin reactions. Symptoms may include: ■ skin reddening ■ blisters ■ rash If a skin reaction occurs, stop use and seek medical help	adults and children 12 years and over	■ take 2 caplets every 6 hours while symptoms last ■ do not take more than 6 caplets in 24 hours, unless directed by a doctor ■ do not use for more than 10 days unless directed by a doctor	
right away.  Do not use with any other drug containing acetaminophen	children under 12 years	ask a doctor	
(prescription or nonprescription). If you are not sure whether a drug contains acetaminophen, ask a doctor or pharmacist.	Other information ■ store at 20-25°C (68-77°F)		
if you have ever had an allergic reaction to this product or any of its ingredients	Inactive ingredients camauba wax, com starch*, croscarmeilose sodium*, nypromeilose, polyetnylene glycol,		
Ask a doctor before use if you have liver disease	povidone, pregelatinized starch, sodium starch glycolate*,		
Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if you are taking the	stearic acid *may contain one or more of these ingredients		
blood thinning drug warfarin	Questions or comments? 1-800-719-9260		

- 25. The picture above is a(n)
  - A. instruction
- B. suggestion
- C. notice
- D. advertisement
- 26. How many caplets can a 12-year-old boy take one day if he doesn't ask a doctor?
  - A. 2.
- B. 4.

C. 6.

D. 8.

- 27. What can be learned about the drug?
  - A. We must put it in the fridge.
  - B. We can not use it to treat backache.
  - C. We can use it without asking a doctor if we have liver disease.
  - D. We must stop using it and ask a doctor if fever lasts over three days.

R

If you're like many teens, you probably spend a great deal of your money on clothes. But when the COVID-19 pandemic hit, clothing sales fell. Now holiday sales might tempt you with deals on the latest styles. Yet many of these bargains (便宜货) have hidden costs for the environment — and your wallet.

"Fast fashion" refers to how the clothing industry quickly produces lots of cheap clothes and gets them to stores every few weeks. The practice lets



shoppers buy new styles all the time. And clothes prices are low. But many of these clothes quickly wear out or go out of style. Their price tags also don't include all of the clothes'

environmental costs.

"The problem starts with how we think about fashion," says Kirsi Niinimaki. She's a fashion, textile and design researcher. "Everyone nowadays owns too many clothes. And we use them a really short time and then <u>dispose of</u> them," she says. Even if something stays in your closet for years, you might only end up wearing it some 40 times.

Kirsi was part of a team that looked at many studies on the environmental costs of the fashion industry. They found that this industry caused 8 to 10 percent of the global emissions of carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas. The industry is also responsible (有责任的) for about one-fifth of the world's industrial water pollution. And people produce more than 92 million metric tons of textile and clothing waste each year, the team found. Its report appeared in the April issue of *Nature Reviews*.

Fashion is a global industry, as Pietra Rivoli learned. She's an economist at Georgetown University. Rivoli bought a cotton T-shirt in Florida. The tag said it was made in China. But, she learned, the factory had gotten most of its cotton from Texas. Used or unwanted T-shirts are often popular in Africa. There, people sold them for reuse. She wrote about her findings in *The Travels of a T-Shirt in the Global Economy*.

The journey of your own clothes from fiber to finished products comes with environmental costs. Scientists and engineers have been working on ways to limit some of these influences.

- 28. The underlined phrase "dispose of" means "\_\_\_\_\_".
  - A. own
- B. wear
- C. reuse
- D. throw away

- 29. Which of the following statements is **TRUE**?
  - A. The fashion industry wastes resources and increases the greenhouse effects.
  - B. The fashion industry has caused about 50% of the world's industrial water pollution.
  - C. The fashion industry isn't responsible for the global emissions of a greenhouse gas.
  - D. People produce less than 92 million metric tons of unwanted or used clothes each year.
- 30. What may be discussed in the following paragraph?
  - A. Reasons why the fashion industry causes great harm to the environment.
  - B. The importance of reducing the environmental costs of the fashion industry.
  - C. Methods of reducing the environmental costs of the fashion industry.
  - D. Pietra Rivoli's new findings in *The Travels of a T-Shirt in the Global Economy*.

C

Buck's first day in the frozen Northland was terrible. Every hour there was filled with shock and frightening surprise. Here was neither peace, nor rest, nor a moment's safety—only endless noise and movement. At every moment life itself was in danger, because these dogs and men were not town dogs and men. They knew only the law of club and tooth.

Buck had never seen dogs fight like these dogs: they were like wolves. He learnt this from his friend, Curly. She tried to make friends with a big dog. But without warning, the dog jumped on Curly. Curly's face was torn open from eye to mouth. And the fight did not finish then. More dogs ran up and made a circle around the fight, watching silently. Curly tried to attack the dog who had bitten her. He bit her a second time, and jumped away. When Curly tried to attack again, he knocked her backwards. And she fell on the ground. Curly never stood up, and this was what the other dogs were waiting for. In a moment, she was under a crowd of dogs. Then Francois and

other men with clubs jumped in among the dogs. Soon the dogs were chased away. But Curly lay dead in the snow, her body torn almost to pieces. Curly's death often came back to Buck in his dreams. He understood that once a dog was down on the ground, he was dead.

That night Buck discovered a problem. Where was he going to sleep? He found Francois was in the tent. Buck followed him quietly. But when he went in and wanted to sleep in the corner, Francois shouted angrily and beat him with a club. Buck ran out and walked around the tent, very, very cold, wondering what to do. Suddenly, the snow under his feet fell in, and he felt something move. He jumped back, waiting for the attack, but heard only a friendly bark. There, in a warm hole under the snow, was Billee. So he knew what he could do. A. He slept well, although his dreams were bad.

In the north, Buck was learning the law of club and tooth. He learnt to eat any food anything that he could get his teeth into. He learnt to break the ice on water holes with his feet when he wanted to drink. He learnt to travel through the forest and kill for meat with wild dogs. He was stronger, and could see and smell better than ever before. It was easy for him to learn to fight like a wolf, because it was in his blood.

31. Curly's death made Buck realize	in the north.	
①how terrible the new life was	2)the secret of w	vinning a friend
3 how dangerous the men were	4)the importance	e of fighting like wolves
A. ①② B. ②③	C. 14	D. 34
32. Which of the following can be put in	<u> </u>	
A Ruck clent outside the tent silently		

- A. Buck slept outside the tent silently
- B. Buck lay on the snow and finally fell asleep
- C. Buck ran into the tent secretly and rested in the corner
- D. Buck dug himself a hole and soon was warm and asleep
- 33. What's the best title for the passage?

A. The way to be wild. B. A cold world for dogs. C. The terrible days. D. A clever dog.

When it comes to a meaningful life, we might think of love, happiness and health. A life filled with meaning is what most of us want for ourselves. Then, what makes a meaningful life?

Many researchers agree that a meaningful life comes down to three factors (因素): having long-term goals, believing that one's life matters, and feeling that one's life fits together and "makes sense".

But we believe there is more to consider. Sometimes life enables us to experience small moments of beauty. When people are open to appreciating (欣赏) such experiences, these moments may improve how they see their own life. We call this experiential appreciation (EA). EA is about the person feeling connected to events and being able to appreciate the value within the connection. It shows the discovery of and admiration for life's beauty.

We recently set out to better understand EA in studies. We were interested in whether EA was also tied to general judgment (评价) of meaning in life. If so, it could be a factor for meaningfulness.

In the first study, we had people rate (评估) their support for different methods of reducing

stress. We found that people who managed stress by focusing on their appreciation for life's beauty also reported experiencing life as highly meaningful.

In the next study, we asked people to rate the degree to which they agreed with different statements, such as "I appreciate the beauty of life" and "I appreciate little things in life", as well as other statements that related to the three factors. Our results showed that the more people reported that they were appreciating life, the more they felt their life was valuable.

In the following studies, we further looked at the connection between EA and meaningfulness. For example, we found that people who were asked to look back on the most meaningful event of the past week generally reported high EA in those moments.

All the results proved our guess true. But putting it into practice can be difficult. Our fast-paced lifestyles fill the day with goals. We try to get the highest output both at work and in spare time. This focus on future outcomes makes it all too easy to miss what is happening right now. We should slow down and let life surprise us.

- 34. You were probably in the EA condition when
  - A. you made a travel plan for the coming holiday
  - B. you hurried to serve the customers in the store
  - C. you practiced hard to become the best violinist
  - D. you stopped to admire the roses by the roadside
- 35. What can we learn from the studies mentioned in the passage?
  - A. Thinking back to the past weakens our sense of meaning.
  - B. Enjoying small things can influence our attitude toward life.
  - C. Proper stress management is the key to living a satisfying life.
  - D. Good judgment on beauty improves connections among people.
- 36. What does the last paragraph mainly tell us?
  - A. It is easier for results-driven people to achieve success.
  - B. We often turn a blind eye to the present moment.
  - C. A fast-paced lifestyle helps us reach our goals.
  - D. Future life will bring us many more surprises.
- 37. Why did the author write this passage?

ш

- A. To explain how to discover beauty in life.
- B. To discuss what the true meaning of life is.
- C. To introduce a new factor for a meaningful life.
- D. To compare different factors for meaningfulness.

### 第 II 卷 (主观题 共 50 分)

四、	词汇运用	(本大题共	8 小题,	每小题 1 2	分,共 8	分)		
(A)	根据句意和	l汉语注释,	在答题	卡对应题号	的横线上	.,写出	单词的正	E确形式。
38.	Nearly 10%	of the Earth'	s	(表层	) is cover	ed by ic	e.	
39. ′	Γo be honest	, I've never	found a c	diet that real	ly	(	奏效).	
40. '	The world-fa	mous group	I like be	st will have	a new so	ng		(录制).
41. /	Zoe was still	only half		(醒着的)	when I b	rought h	ner a cup	of coffee.

(B) 根据句意,在答题卡对应题号的横线上,写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。
42. Breathing(heavy), Leo stopped and sat down to rest.
43. Ivan has a(live) mind in everything than his playmates.
44. The free trade(agree) were finally reached during a meeting at the UN.
45. Kids should be taught where to go into(hide) if an earthquake happens.
五、动词填空 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空,并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横
线上。(本大题共8小题,每小题1分,共8分)
46. — Please pour me a cup of tea.
— Tea? I thought you(prefer) hot chocolate.
47. — What's the noise? It nearly drives me mad.
— Oh, more than one engineer(test) the machine over there.
48. Listening to music is good for your mind and your body also(relax).
49. — Linda, what would you like to make for our party?
— A delicious pancake. In fact, I(finish) making it.
50(connect) the village with the outside world, a new road will be built soon.
51. Development in areas of natural beauty(control) in the next few years.
52. — Daniel, do you think the rain forests will disappear one day?
— Unless humans(stop) from cutting down trees from now on.
53. — Please tell us what really happened.
— Oh, I(not pay) attention, and I hit a parked car.
六、阅读填空 先通读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容,在文章后表格的空格内填入一个
最恰当的单词。所填单词必须写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。每个空格员
能值一个单词 (木大颗土 5 小颗、每空 1 分、 共 5 分)

To live better in the fast-developing new world, we need to develop many kinds of skills. Some, like ICT skills and knowledge of the digital world are well taught in schools. But some other basic skills are not paid much attention to. These skills are also important because employers may ask you questions about them in interviews. So it's a good idea to think about how good you are at these skills.

#### **Imagination**

In the age of technology, it is no longer enough to keep on making the same products. Employers need people who can come up with new ways and new ideas. They may ask you to think of some improvements.

#### **Problem solving**

Employers need workers with abilities to see problems before they happen. More importantly, they should come up with creative solutions. Imagine you are organizing a social event. Think of some problems that you could probably face. Can you think of new ways to solve them?

#### Communication

Workers will have to be good communicators. They will have to be able to discuss key problems with other workers. Also they need to write in a clear way without too many words. After all, people need to communicate with each other in quite different ways in the new world.

#### Critical analysis (批判性分析)

Workers should be able to tell if some information is true or false. Imagine you are asked to use the Internet to find out some information about a famous person. Can you check the information by searching different websites?

### **Decision making**

Workers need to have a growing amount of responsibility. It is important to make decisions on what to do and not to do in different situations.

Title: Some basic skills				
Introduction	Developing many kinds of skills is 54 in the world.			
	Imagination	We'd better come up with ways to improve the products.		
	Problem solving	It's of 55 that we can find new ways to deal with the		
		problems.		
Skills	Communication	We need to talk about important problems with others and		
		write56 with few words as well.		
	Critical analysis	When we search the Internet, we are to have the		
		ability to tell the information.		
	Decision making	A strong58 of responsibility is important for us to		
		make decisions.		

上 完成有子 按所处的沉连 田萬语完成下列句子 计收欠安尼左次斯卡对应斯县的横

L,	<b>儿风引</b> 致用组的农品,用类品儿双下列的了,开付台来与任告这个对应应与的快
	线上。(本大题共 6 小题,每小题 1.5 分,共 9 分)
59.	我的经验意味着我比对手有很多优势。
	My experience meant that Imy opponent.
60.	如何回复这些投诉信值得三思。
	How to reply to these complaint letters
61.	他们还未决定何时给获胜者们颁发奖牌。
	They have not decided whenthe medals.
62.	ChatGPT 引起大众的关注有多久了?
	How longthe public?
63.	除非你控制好情绪,否则我们不会开展这项计划。
	Weyou control your moods well.
64.	杨紫琼在影片中成功塑造了一个母亲的角色,因此获得了奥斯卡最佳女主角。
	Michelle Yeoh playedin the film that she won the Oscar for Best
	Actress.
八、	<b>书面表达</b> (本大题共 20 分)
	生活中充满美好的事物,需要品味,更值得分享。相信你也有想和我们一起分享的东
西,	比如: 趣事、美食、电影、电视、旅游,请你以 "I'd like to share with
you	"为题写一篇短文,来参加我们的征文比赛吧!内容须包括:介绍一个你想分享的东
西,	说说你分享的理由。

- 1. 短文须自拟,要求语句通顺、意思连贯、符合题意;
- 2. 词数在 100 个左右;

注意事项:

- 3. 短文中不得使用真实的个人及学校信息;
- 4. 短文必须写在答题卡指定的位置。