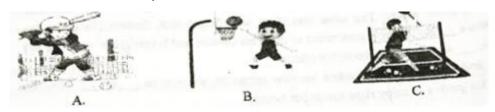
# 2023-2024 学年江苏省徐州市树人中学八年级(上)开学英语试卷

一、听力部分(每小题 1分,共 20 分)听对话回答问题本部分共有 10 道小题,每小题你会听到一段对话,对话读两遍。

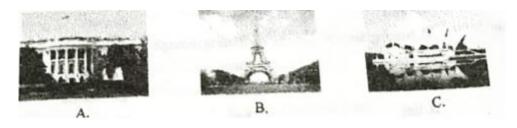
1. (1分) Which girl is Millie's friend?



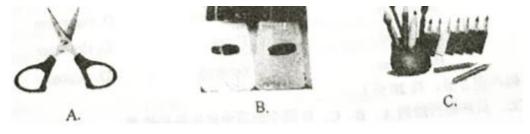
2. (1分) What will the boy do after school?



3. (1分) Where is Linda now?



4. (1 分) What else does the girl need to make paper flowers?



5. (1分) What will John do this Sunday?

A.Go to the park.

B.Take photos.

C.Go to a football match.

6. (1 分) Who would the girl choose as her best friend?

A.Betty.

B.Suzy.

C.Sandy.
7. $(1 分)$ When does the boy usually get to school?
A.At 7: 30.
B.At 8: 00.
C.At 8: 30.
8. $(1 \%)$ What did the girl think of the school trip to a zoo?
A.Great.
B.Bad.
C.Boring.
9. $(1 分)$ Why is the girl still in the reading room?
A Because the book is very interesting.
B.Because the weather outside is too bad.
C.Because her father forgets to pick her up.
10. (1 分) What does the man mean?
A.He can make a new bookshelf for the woman.
B.He wants to buy a big bookshelf.
C.He can give the bookshelf to the woman.
二、听对话和短文答题。听两遍。
11. $(2 分)$ (1) What will the students do in the Buddy Club today?
A.Help Mr Smith.
B.Listen to a talk.
C.Help friends.
(2) How many students will go with Kitty?
A.3
B.4.
C.5
三、听第一篇短文,回答第 13~15 小题根据内容,选择正确答案,完成信息记录表。
12. (3分)

The Greens' weekend

Mr.Green	went fishing with his (1)
	cleaned the house
Mrs.Green	did some cooking
	went (2)
David	went for a (3)
	played computer games
(1) A.neighbour	
B.friend	
C.classmate	
(2) A.running	
B.reading	
C.shopping	
(3) A.swim	
B.picnic	
C.walk	
(5分) (1) What was the weather like	e that day?
A.Sunny.	
B.Windy.	
C.Rainy.	
(2) How was the waiter when the old	man asked him to take some fish to his horse?
A.Angry.	
B.Surprised.	
C.Interested.	
(3) Who didn't run out to see the horse	e cat fish?
A.The old man.	
B.The waiter.	
C.We don't know.	
(4) 777 111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

3

(4) Why did the old man ask the waiter to take some fish to his horse?

A.Because his horse liked eating fish.

B.Because the horse was hungry.	
C.Because he wanted to sit by the fire.	
(5) What do you think of the old man?	
A.Brave.	
B.Clever.	
C.Kind.	
二、单选题(每小题1分,共15分)	
14. (1分) - Suzy, do you like DIY?	
- Yes, I do.I enjoy making (	)
A. nothing new	B. new anything
C. new something	D. something new
15. (1分)spending our vacation in a	hotel, why not try hiking in the country? (
A. Instead of	B. Because of
C. Thanks to	D. Instead
16. (1分) We should never a bad word a	about anyone. ( )
A. tell B. say	C. speak D. talk
17. (1分) Would you please pass me the	? I'd like to cut the paper into halves. ( )
A. rope B. glue	C. tape D. scissors
18. (1分) When somethingyou, you,	ou can ask me for help. ( )
A. worries about	B. worries
C. is worried about	D. worry
19. (1分) The teacher is glad to see that Tony is	than before. ( )
A. careful	B. more careful
C. most careful	D. the most careful
20. (1分) Who did it better, Bill or Hen	ry?
I think Bill did just asas Henry	y. ( )
A. well B. good	C. better D. best
21. (1分) My friend Liu Ying is willing to share	things with her classmates, so she is very (
A. sweet B. pretty	C. slim D. generous
22. (1 分) People in the USA say "cookie" whil	e people in the UK say

A. fall	B. biscuit	C. rubber	D. autumn	
23. (1分) Y	ou'd better keep the sec	cret to, Millie a	nd Lily.	
OK, Amy	.Can you keep it for us	? ( )		
A. themselves		B. yourself		
C. yourselves		D. ourselves		
24. (1分) My best	friend is a girl	round eyes and long hair	: ( )	
A. has	B. with	C. is having	D. have	
25. (1分)To keep ch	ildren safe, we	put the things like km	ives and medicine away in our hou	se.(
A. may	B. can	C. should	D. might	
26. (1分) The show	wer in the bathroom we	nt wrong, so Andrew ha	ad toa new one. (	)
A. put in	B. put on	C. put up	D. put out	
27. (1分) If y	ou have any trouble, f	eel free to call me.		
	( )			
A. I will think it	over.			
B. I am glad to he	ear that.			
C. What a pity!				
D. I will.Thank y	ou.			
28. (1分)	I'm going to take the ki	ds to see the movie Craw	·1.	
	The kids are too young	. That movie is not suit	able for them. ( )	
A. You'd better no	ot	B. Good idea		
C. I think so		D. No problem		
三、完形填空(共1	1分)根据短文内容,	从各题所给的 A、B、	C、D 四选项中出最佳选项。	
29. (10分) "Poor C	Grandma!I wish we cou	ld do something to cheer	her up." Amy said to her brother M	Лark.
Grandma fell	and hurt her (1	.The doc	ctor said she would be in be	ed for six
weeks.Grandma was	very active and loved to	in her ga	rden, so she would not like to sit is	n her chair
(3)her leg	to become well again.			
"I have a (n) (	4), "said Ma	ark. "I saw some pictures	of terrariums (栽培盒)in a ma	gazine.
Terrariums are li	ttle indoor gardens whi	ch we can grow in glass	pottles.Let's make a terrarium for C	Grandma,
so she can enjoy a gar	den in her house."			
Amy agreed, (5	)the two of th	em found the magazine v	which told them how to make a terr	rarium and

showed it to the	eir mother.She helped A	my and Mark find	a large clear glass bottle.	After a trip to the garden shop
to buy the mater	rials, they began to (6	the terra	arium.	
First, they	put some drainage mat	erial (排水材料)	at the bottom of the bottle	.This would keep the soil ( $\pm$
壤)from gettin	ng too (7)Ne	ext, they added sor	me dark, rich soil.	
Now they	were ready to add the p	lants.Amy chose tv	vo plants at the garden sho	pp.One was tall with long thin
green leaves.Th	e other was short with b	oright pink flowers.	To make the terrarium eve	en more (8), Amy
placed rocks of	different colours and br	ight green moss (書	苔藓) around the plants. (9	), they watered the
plants.				
When Amy	and Mark showed Gra	ndma her new terra	rium, she was so (10)	
little garden to e	enjoy right inside her ho	ouse.		
(1)	A. leg	B. arm	C. head	D. back
(2)	A. rest	B. drink	C. read	D. work
(3)	A. caring about	B. waiting for	C. looking through	D. preparing for
(4)	A. idea	B. dream	C. story	D. question
(5)	A. but	B. so	C. after	D. because
(6)	A. fill	B. tidy	C. buy	D. build
(7)	A. hot	B. wet	C. hard	D. dirty
(8)	A. useful	B. helpful	C. colourful	D. expensive
(9)	A. Firstly	B. Instead	C. Finally	D. However
(10)	A. angry	B. helpless	C. unhappy	D. excited

四、阅读理解(共 20 分)阅读下面三篇短文,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。 30.  $(6\, \%)$ 

High Scho	ool Musical

Place: Hongqi Grand Theatre

Time: 7: 00 p.m.Oct.20th
Number: 6, Row 9, Floor 1 Price: ¥80
◆ If you're late, please enter the theatre quietly.
◆Don't use your cameras or videos.
◆After the ticket has been sold (已经被卖出), there is no <u>refund.</u>
(1) The play begins at
A. 7: 00 p.m.
B. 9: 00 p.m
C. 7: 00 a.m
D. 9: 00 a.m.
(2) Which of the following is TRUE?
A. The seat number is 9, Row 6.
B. If you are late, you can't enter the theatre.
C. The price of the ticket is ¥80.
D. You can take photos and videos in the theatre.
(3) The underlined word "refund" means
A. 入场
B. 出场
C. 退票
D. 签票
31. $(6 \%)$ Clothing is an important part of any culture. Chinese culture is more than 5, 000 years old, so
traditional Chinese clothing also has a long history.
Hanfu
Hanfu is the traditional clothing of the Han people. It first appeared in China more than 3, 000 years ago. It
it disappeared with the beginning of the Qing Dynasty(朝 代).Now more and more young people start to en

Zhongshan suit

wearing it.

Zhongshan suit is the traditional Chinese clothing named after Sun Yat - sen.It is also known as Mao suit overseas (在海外)because Chairman Mao liked to wear it. It first appeared in the 1920s.

**Tangzhuang** 

Tangzhuang is a type of Chinese jacket rather than the clothing of the Tang Dynasty. It got the name from the overseas Chinese. The Tang Dynasty was famous in the world, so the overseas Chinese were called "Tang people", and their clothes were called "Tangzhuang".

Cheongsam (qipao)

The cheongsam (qipao) is a traditional Chinese dress.It first appeared in China in the 1920s.Cheongsam is made of silk, and Chinese women like to wear it because it can show their beauty.

- (1) How did Tangzhuang get its name?

  A. From Sun Yat sen.

  B. From Chairman Mao.

  C. From the overseas Chinese.

  D. From the native (本土的) Chinese.

  (2) Which of the traditional Chinese clothes is first appeared in the 1920s?

  A. Zhongshan suit.

  B. Hanfu and Tangzhuang.

  C. Cheongsam.

  D. Zhongshan suit and Cheongsam.

  (3) Where can we probably read the passage?
- A. In a magazine.
- B. In a science book.
- C. In a storybook.
- D. In a travel book.
- 32. (8分)One day, my friends and I stood around a tree. "What a tall tree and what thick leaves!" we said to each other, "It would be exciting to climb to the top!"

Then we decided to play a game to see who could climb to the top of the tree first. Mothers were sitting not far away, looking at their children as they played. One of my friends was an 8 - year - old boy named David. He was the shortest child in the group. Nobody thought he would win the competition.

Then the game started. We tried our best to climb up. We all made it halfway up the tree before David did, but he reached the top of the tree fastest in the end.

His mother was excited to see this. She asked him, "David, how did you manage to reach the top of the tree so quickly?

"It was easy, " David said, "The other children kept looking down as they climbed. When they knew how high they were, they were afraid of falling down. But only looked up. When saw how close I was, I kept going higher and higher until I reached the top."

oing forward without looking back, it's much easier thus to reach our go

It is true in our file that if we just keep going forward without looking back, it's much easier thus to
goals (目标).
(1) This story most probably(有可能) happened
A. in winter
B. in the lake
C. on the riverside
D. on the football field
(2) Some children decided to
A. climb the tree
B. help their mother
C. play some interesting games
D. watch David climb the tree
(3) Why did other children lose the competition in the end?
A. Because they were afraid of falling down
B. Because they were too tired to climb higher
C. Because David tried to stop them climbing
D. Because their mothers didn't give them any help
(4) What's the best title for this passage?
A. The top of the tree
B. An interesting game
C. David and his friends
D. Going forward bravely
五、词语运用(共 15 分)选用方框内的单词填空,其中有一个是多余的。

9

33. (5分)

useful, support, himself, instructions, sense, useless
(1) Max has a goodof humour and always makes me laugh.
(2) Here are clearRead them first before building a new house.
(3) My ticket is now, but I'll keep it.
(4) Don't forget to bring your friends. With your, we'll win!
(5) Look, Simon is trying to pullup the rocks.
六、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文内容完整、通顺。
34. (10分) Kate is my (1) (good) friend.I like her bright and (2) (smile)
eyes.They make her (3) (look) really pretty and kind.Kate is a (4) (friend)
girl.She always has a smile on (5) (she) face and looks happy.She likes (6)
(help) people. She helps me with my homework and she is very patient. When I feel bored or (7)
(happy), I often go to her.She (8) (talk) to me and tell me interesting (9)
(thing) .She wants to work with children.She would like (10) (be) a teacher when she grows
up.

## 六、阅读短文,回答问题(共 10 分)

35. (10 分) It was Pat's birthday, and it was almost time for her party.Her mom was baking the cake. "Your cake is almost done and it looks good." Mom said.Pat sat down.But sitting was hard.She got up and ran to the kitchen.Just then, Mom came out with the cake.

Pat and Mom ran into each other. The cake fell on the floor. It made a big mess. "Oh, no! My cake!" cried Pat. "What should we do?" "Well, "said Mom." We can have cookies." "But I want a birthday cake, Mom." Pat said while she was helping clean up the floor.

About half an hour later, Pat's friends all came. She told them what happened. And her friends said they could help. The girls sat around the kitchen table. Mom put a big bowl in the middle. Beth put the flour ( 面 粉) and Sue added sugar. Deb added milk and Pat added the eggs. The other girls put in other things. They talked and laughed while they worked.

After a while, Mom took out the cake.Pat tasted a little. "This tastes great!" she said.She learned that she should find ways to get over the trouble instead of crying.Then she looked at her friends and said, "Thank you, my good friends!"

(1) Who made the first cake for Pat? (不超过 5 个词)	
(2) What happened to the first cake? (不超过 5 个词)	
(3) Did Pat feel unhappy when she helped clean up the floor?	(不超过 5 个词)
(4) What did Pat's friends do when they knew what happened?	(不超过 8 个词)
(5) According to the passage, what should we do when in troubl	e? (不超过 20 个词)
七、连词成句(每小题2分,共10分)	
36. (2分) she, keep, I, tell, can, a secret, anything, because,	can
37. $(2\%)$ an, she, teacher, become, will, think, excellent, I	
38. $(2 分)$ any, do, the weekend, for, have, you, plans	
39. (2分) couldn't, all, the bus, us, wait, get off, of, to	
40. (2分) put, bread, just, piece of, it, on top of, another	

# 2023-2024 学年江苏省徐州市树人中学八年级(上)开学英语试卷

#### 参考答案与试题解析

- 一、听力部分(每小题 1分,共 20 分)听对话回答问题本部分共有 10 道小题,每小题你会听到一段对话,对话读两遍。
- 1. (1分) Which girl is Millie's friend?

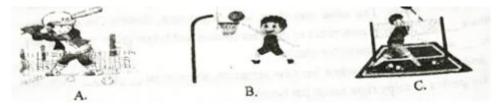


【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

2. (1 分) What will the boy do after school?



【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

3. (1分) Where is Linda now?



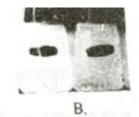
【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

4. (1 %) What else does the girl need to make paper flowers?







【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

5. (1分) What will John do this Sunday?

A.Go to the park.

B.Take photos.

C.Go to a football match.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

6. (1 %) Who would the girl choose as her best friend?

A.Betty.

B.Suzy.

C.Sandy.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

7. (1 分) When does the boy usually get to school?

A.At 7: 30.

B.At 8: 00.

C.At 8: 30.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】略

8. (1 分) What did the girl think of the school trip to a zoo?

A.Great.

B.Bad. C.Boring. 【答案】见试题解答内容 【分析】略 【解答】略 9. (1 %) Why is the girl still in the reading room? A Because the book is very interesting. B.Because the weather outside is too bad. C.Because her father forgets to pick her up. 【答案】见试题解答内容 【分析】略 【解答】略 10. (1 分) What does the man mean? A.He can make a new bookshelf for the woman. B.He wants to buy a big bookshelf. C.He can give the bookshelf to the woman. 【答案】见试题解答内容 【分析】略 【解答】略 二、听对话和短文答题。听两遍。 11. (2 分) (1) What will the students do in the Buddy Club today? A.Help Mr Smith. B.Listen to a talk. C.Help friends. (2) How many students will go with Kitty? A.3 B.4. C.5 【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

## 【解答】略

# 三、听第一篇短文,回答第13~15小题根据内容,选择正确答案,完成信息记录表。

12. (3分)

The Greens' weekend	
Mr.Green	went fishing with his (1)
	cleaned the house
Mrs.Green	did some cooking
	went (2)
David	went for a (3)
	played computer games

The Greens' weekend		
Mr.Green	went fishing with his (1)	
	cleaned the house	
Mrs.Green	did some cooking	
	went (2)	
David	went for a (3)	
	played computer games	
(1) A.neighbour		
B.friend		
C.classmate		
(2) A.running		
B.reading		
C.shopping		

B.picnic

C.walk

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

# 【解答】略

13. (5 分) (1) What was the weather like that day?

A.Sunny.

B.Windy.

C.Rainy.

(2) How was the waiter when the old man asked him to take some fish to his horse?

A.Angry.

B.Surprised.

C.Interested.

(3) Who didn't run out to see the horse cat fis	h?	
A.The old man.		
B.The waiter.		
C.We don't know.		
(4) Why did the old man ask the waiter to tak	e soi	me fish to his horse?
A.Because his horse liked eating fish.		
B.Because the horse was hungry.		
C.Because he wanted to sit by the fire.		
(5) What do you think of the old man?		
A.Brave.		
B.Clever.		
C.Kind.		
【答案】见试题解答内容		
【分析】略		
【解答】略		
二、单选题(每小题 1 分,共 15 分)		
14. (1分) - Suzy, do you like DIY?		
- Yes, I do.I enjoy making (	)	
A. nothing new	В.	new anything
C. new something	D.	something new
【答案】D		
【分析】 - Suzy,你喜欢 DIY 吗?		
- 是的,我喜欢。我喜欢做新的东西。		
【解答】A.没什么新的,B.错误表达,C.错误	表达	云,D.新的东西,根据 Suzy,do you like DIY? Yes,I do
可知喜欢 DIY,喜欢制作新的东西。		
故选: D。		
15. (1分)spending our vacation in a	hote	l, why not try hiking in the country? ( )
A. Instead of	В.	Because of
C. Thanks to	D.	Instead

#### 【答案】A

A. careful

【分析】与其在旅馆里度假,为什么不去乡下远足呢? 【解答】A 表示而不是,代替, B 表示因为, C 表示幸亏、由于, D 表示代替、顶替。根据题干可知与 其在旅馆里度假,为什么不去乡下远足呢,则此处应用 instead of, of 是介词,后跟动名词,符合题意。 故选: A。 16. (1分) We should never \_\_\_\_\_ a bad word about anyone. ( ) A. tell B. say C. speak D. talk 【答案】见试题解答内容 【分析】我们永远不应该说任何人的坏话. 【解答】tell 告诉,讲; say 说,后跟说的内容; speak 说,讲,表示说话能力或说某种语言; talk,谈 话,交谈. 根据句意,我们永远不应该\_\_\_任何人的坏话,可知 say 符合题意, say a bad word 说坏话. 故选: B. 17. (1分) Would you please pass me the \_\_\_\_\_? I'd like to cut the paper into halves. ( A. rope B. glue C. tape D. scissors 【答案】D 【分析】请把剪刀递给我好吗?我想把纸剪成两半. 【解答】rope"绳索"; glue"胶水"; tape"胶带、带子"; scissors"剪刀", 四者都是名词. 由题干"请把剪刀 递给我好吗?我想把纸剪成两半. "可知,空格是 scissors,答案应是 scissors. 故选: D. 18. (1分) When something \_\_\_\_\_you, you can ask me for help. ( A. worries about B. worries C. is worried about D. worry 【答案】B 【分析】当一些事情使你担心的时候,你可以向我寻求帮助。 【解答】worries about 担心; worries 第三人称单数形式; is worried about 担心; worry 使担心, 动词原 形。主语 something"一些事情",应该"使你担心",这里不定代词作主语,谓语动词用第三人称单数形式 worries. 故选: B。 19. (1分) The teacher is glad to see that Tony is\_\_\_\_\_than before.

B. more careful

C. most careful		D. the most care:	îul	
【答案】B				
【分析】老师很高	<b>高兴看到托尼比以前更</b>	细心了。		
【解答】根据关键	捷词 than 可知,应该用	形容词的比较级形式。		
故选: B。				
20. (1分) W	Tho did it better, Bill of	r Henry?		
I think Bill	did just asas	Henry. ( )		
A. well	B. good	C. better	D. best	
【答案】A				
【分析】 - 谁做得	<b> 厚 更</b> 好,比尔还是亨利	?		
- 我认为比尔做得	<b>}</b> 和亨利一样好。			
【解答】well 好,	副词; good 好,形容	词;better 更好的,比较	交级; best 最好的,最高级。asas	s"和······
一样",中间用形	容词或副词原级,设空	E处修饰前面的动词 did	,因此应用副词 well。	
故选: A。				
21. (1分) My friend	d Liu Ying is willing to	share things with her cla	ssmates, so she is very	( )
A. sweet	B. pretty	C. slim	D. generous	
【答案】D				
【分析】我的朋友	页刘颖很愿意和同学分	享东西,所以她很慷慨		
【解答】sweet 甜	美的;pretty 漂亮的;s	slim 瘦的; generous 慷忆	既的。根据 My friend Liu Ying is v	willing to
share things with	her classmates (我的用	月友刘颖很愿意和同学	分享东西)可知她应该是很慷慨的	的,故用
generous 最符合题	意。			
故选: D。				
22. (1分) People i	n the USA say "cookie"	while people in the UK	say ( )	
A. fall	B. biscuit	C. rubber	D. autumn	
【答案】B				
【分析】美国人说	ź"cookie",而英国人访	ź"biscuit"。		
【解答】A 秋天;	B 饼干; C 橡皮; D 和	秋天;本题是考查英式	英语和美式英语关于"饼干"的不同	司表达方
式,只有 biscuit 爿	是饼干。			
故选: B。				
23. (1分) Y	ou'd better keep the secr	ret to, Millie an	d Lily.	

	- OK, Amy.Can you keep it for us? (	)		
A.	themselves	В.	yourself	
C.	yourselves	D.	ourselves	
[2	答案】C			
<b>1</b> 5	分析】 米莉和莉莉, 你们最好保守	秘密。	,	
	好的,艾米。你能帮我们保守吗?			
【角	网络】themselves 他(她、它)们自己;y	ourse	lf你自己; yourse	lves 你们自己;ourselves 我们自己。
kee	p the secret to oneself"保守秘密"固定短语	。根捷	居 You 及 Millie an	d Lily 可知,应该是"你们自己"。
故道	生: C。			
24. (1	1分)My best friend is a girlround	l eyes	and long hair. (	)
A.	has B. with	C.	is having	D. have
【名	答案】B			
<b>(</b> 5	分析】我最好的朋友是一个长着圆眼睛和	长发的	的女孩。	
【角	网络】A.有,实义动词,B.with 带有,介	词 <b>;</b> C	有,现在进行时;	D.有,动词原形。根据题干,可知
此处	业是 with 表示伴随状态。			
故道	生: B。			
25. (1	分)To keep children safe, we pu	t the t	hings like knives ar	nd medicine away in our house.
A.	may B. can	C.	should	D. might
【名	答案】C			
<b>(</b> 5	分析】为了保护孩子们安全,我们应该把	房子	里像刀子和药品这	样的东西收起来。
【角	解答】A表示可能、可以,B表示能、可	以,C	表示应该, D表示	示可能,may 的过去式。根据题干可
知う	为了保护孩子们安全,我们应该把房子里位	像刀子	产和药品这样的东南	西收起来,则应用 should,符合题意。
故道	生: C。			
26. (1	1 分)The shower in the bathroom went wro	ong,	so Andrew had to_	a new one. ( )
A.	put in B. put on	C.	put up	D. put out
【名	答案】A			
<b>(</b> 5	分析】浴室里的淋浴器坏了,所以安德鲁	不得	不装一个新的。	
【角	解答】A. put in 放入;B. put on 穿上;C	C. put	t up 举起;D. put	out 熄灭;根据题干,可知是指浴室
里白	的淋浴器坏了,所以安德鲁不得不装一个	新的。	,	

故选: A。

27. (1 分) - If you have any trouble, feel free to call me.
( )
A. I will think it over.
B. I am glad to hear that.
C. What a pity!
D. I will.Thank you.
【答案】D
【分析】 如果你有任何问题,随时打电话给我。
我会的。谢谢你。
【解答】I will think it over.我会仔细考虑的。I am glad to hear that.听到这个消息我很高兴。What a pity
真遗憾! I will.Thank you.我会的。谢谢你。根据 If you have any trouble, feel free to call me."如果你有任
何问题,随时打电话给我。"可知,应该说"我会的。谢谢你。"
故选: D。
28. (1 分) I'm going to take the kids to see the movie Crawl.
The kids are too young. That movie is not suitable for them. (
A. You'd better not B. Good idea
C. I think so D. No problem
【答案】A
【分析】我要带孩子们去看电影《Crawl》 你最好别这样.孩子们太小了.那部电影不适合
他们看.
【解答】A. You'd better not 你最好别这样; B. Good idea 好主意; C. I think so 我也这么想; D. No probler
没问题. 根据 The kids are too young. That movie is not suitable for them. 可知应说你最好别这样.
故选: A.
三、完形填空(共 11 分)根据短文内容,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四选项中出最佳选项。
29. (10 分) "Poor Grandma!I wish we could do something to cheer her up." Amy said to her brother Mark.
Grandma fell and hurt her (1) A .The doctor said she would be in bed for six weeks.Grandm
was very active and loved to (2) <u>D</u> in her garden, so she would not like to sit in her chair (3) <u>B</u> her le
to become well again.
"I have a(n)(4) <u>A</u> , "said Mark. "I saw some pictures of terrariums (栽培盒)in a magazine.
Terrariums are little indoor gardens which we can grow in glass bottles.Let's make a terrarium for Grandma,

so she can enjoy a garden in her house."

Amy agreed, (5) <u>B</u> the two of them found the magazine which told them how to make a terrarium and showed it to their mother. She helped Amy and Mark find a large clear glass bottle. After a trip to the garden shop to buy the materials, they began to (6) <u>D</u> the terrarium.

First,they put some drainage material (排水材料) at the bottom of the bottle. This would keep the soil  $(\pm$  壤) from getting too (7) <u>B</u>. Next,they added some dark,rich soil.

Now they were ready to add the plants. Amy chose two plants at the garden shop. One was tall with long thin green leaves. The other was short with bright pink flowers. To make the terrarium even more (8) \_ C \_ , Amy placed rocks of different colours and bright green moss (苔藓) around the plants. (9) \_ C \_ , they watered the plants.

When Amy and Mark showed Grandma her new terrarium, she was so (10) <u>D</u>. Now she had a beautiful little garden to enjoy right inside her house.

(1)	A.	leg	В.	arm	C.	head	D.	back
(2)	A.	rest	В.	drink	C.	read	D.	work
(3)	A.	caring about	В.	waiting for	C.	looking through	D.	preparing for
(4)	A.	idea	В.	dream	C.	story	D.	question
(5)	A.	but	В.	so	C.	after	D.	because
(6)	A.	fill	В.	tidy	C.	buy	D.	build
(7)	A.	hot	В.	wet	C.	hard	D.	dirty
(8)	A.	useful	В.	helpful	C.	colourful	D.	expensive
(9)	A.	Firstly	В.	Instead	C.	Finally	D.	However
(10)	Α.	angry	В.	helpless	C.	unhappy	D.	excited



【答案】ADBAB DBCCD

【分析】这篇文章讲述了艾米和迈克为了让摔伤的奶奶开心起来,他们给奶奶制作漂亮的小花园的故事。

- 【解答】(1)考查名词。A.腿; B.手臂; C.头; D.后背。根据下文 so she would not like to sit in her chair waiting for her leg to become well again. (所以她不喜欢坐在她的椅子上等待她的腿重新好起来。)可知,空处句意为: 奶奶摔倒了摔伤了她的腿。故选 A。
- (2)考查动词。A.休息; B.喝; C.读; D.工作。根据 Grandma was very active (奶奶很活跃)可知,空处句意为:喜欢在她的花园工作。故选 D。
- (3) 考查短语。A.关心; B.等待; C.浏览; D.准备。根据空前 so she would not like to sit in her chair (所以她不喜欢坐在她的椅子上)可知空处句意为: 等待她的腿重新好起来。故选 B。
- (4) 考查名词。A.主意; B.梦想; C.故事; D.问题。根据下文 I saw some pictures of terrariums (栽培 盒)in a magazine. (我在一本杂志上看到了一些玻璃缸的图片。)可知,空处句意为: 我有一个主意。故选 A。
- (5) 考查连词。A.但是; B.因此; C.在······之后; D.因为。根据上文 Amy agreed, (埃米同意了,) 可知, 空处句意为: 因此他们两个找到了那本告诉他们如何制作玻璃容器的杂志。故选 B。
- (6)考查动词。A.填充; B.整理; C.买; D.建造。根据上文 After a trip to the garden shop to buy the materials (去花园商店买了材料之后)可知,空处句意为: 他们开始建造玻璃容器。故选 D。
- (7) 考查形容词。A.热的; B.湿的; C.硬的; D.脏的。根据上文 First, they put some drainage material (排水材料) at the bottom of the bottle. (首先,他们在瓶底放一些排水材料。)可知,空处句意为: 这将防止土壤变得太潮湿。故选 B。
- (8)考查形容词。A.有用的;B.有帮助的;C.色彩鲜艳的;D.昂贵的。根据下文 Amy placed rocks of different colours and bright green moss(苔藓)around the plants(艾米在植物周围放置了不同颜色的石头和亮绿色的苔藓)可知,空处句意为:为了使玻璃缸更加色彩鲜艳。故选 C。
- (9)考查副词。A.首先; B.代替; C.最后; D.然而。根据上文 Amy placed rocks of different colours and bright green moss(苔藓)around the plants(艾米在植物周围放置了不同颜色的石头和亮绿色的苔藓)及下文 they watered the plants.(他们给植物浇水。)可知,空处句意为:最后。故选 C。
- (10) 考查形容词。A.生气的;B.无助的;C.不高兴的;D.兴奋的。根据下文 Now she had a beautiful little garden to enjoy right inside her house.(现在她有了一个漂亮的小花园,就在她的房子里面。)可知,空处句意为:当艾米和马克向奶奶展示她的新玻璃容器时,她非常兴奋。故选 D。
- 四、阅读理解(共 20 分)阅读下面三篇短文,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。 30.  $(6\, \%)$

High School Musical

Place: Hongqi Grand Theatre
Time: 7: 00 p.m.Oct.20th
Number: 6, Row 9, Floor 1 Price: ¥80
◆ If you're late, please enter the theatre quietly.
◆Don't use your cameras or videos.
◆After the ticket has been sold (已经被卖出), there is no <u>refund.</u>
(1) The play begins at <u>A</u> .
A. 7: 00 p.m.
B. 9: 00 p.m
C. 7: 00 a.m
D. 9: 00 a.m.
(2) Which of the following is TRUE? <u>C</u>
A. The seat number is 9, Row 6.
B. If you are late, you can't enter the theatre.
C. The price of the ticket is ¥80.
D. You can take photos and videos in the theatre.
(3) The underlined word "refund" means $\underline{C}$ .
A. 入场
B. 出场
C. 退票
D. 签票
【答案】ACC
【分析】这段短文主要是关于一场名为《High School Musical》的演出的信息。
【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第三行 Time: 7:00 p.m.Oct.20th (时间:10月20日晚7点) 可知这个
电影演出开始的时间是在 10 月 20 号晚上 7 点。故选 A。
(2) 细节理解题。根据第四行 Price: ¥80(价格: ¥80)可知当电影的价格是 80元。故选 C。
(3) 词义猜测题。根据最后一行 After the ticket has been sold (已经被卖出),可知票已经售出,因此这
票不可以退回。故选 C。

31.  $(6\,\%)$  Clothing is an important part of any culture. Chinese culture is more than 5, 000 years old, so the

traditional Chinese clothing also has a long history.

Hanfu

Hanfu is the traditional clothing of the Han people.It first appeared in China more than 3, 000 years ago. But it disappeared with the beginning of the Qing Dynasty(朝 代).Now more and more young people start to enjoy wearing it.

Zhongshan suit

Zhongshan suit is the traditional Chinese clothing named after Sun Yat - sen.It is also known as Mao suit overseas (在海外)because Chairman Mao liked to wear it. It first appeared in the 1920s.

Tangzhuang

Tangzhuang is a type of Chinese jacket rather than the clothing of the Tang Dynasty. It got the name from the overseas Chinese. The Tang Dynasty was famous in the world, so the overseas Chinese were called "Tang people", and their clothes were called "Tangzhuang".

Cheongsam (qipao)

The cheongsam (qipao) is a traditional Chinese dress.It first appeared in China in the 1920s.Cheongsam is made of silk, and Chinese women like to wear it because it can show their beauty.

- (1) How did Tangzhuang get its name? <u>C</u>
- A. From Sun Yat sen.
- B. From Chairman Mao.
- C. From the overseas Chinese.
- D. From the native (本土的) Chinese.
  - (2) Which of the traditional Chinese clothes is first appeared in the 1920s? <u>D</u>
- A. Zhongshan suit.
- B. Hanfu and Tangzhuang.
- C. Cheongsam.
- D. Zhongshan suit and Cheongsam.
- (3) Where can we probably read the passage? <u>A</u>
- A. In a magazine.
- B. In a science book.
- C. In a storybook.

D. In a travel book.

#### 【答案】CDA

【分析】中国文化已有5000多年的历史,因此中国传统服饰也有着悠久的历史。

【解答】(1) C.细节理解题。根据 It is also known as Mao suit overseas (在海外)because Chairman Mao liked to wear it. 它在海外也被称为毛泽东服,因为毛主席喜欢穿它。故选 C。

- (2) D.细节理解题。根据 It first appeared in the 1920s. It first appeared in China in the 1920s.可知中山装和旗袍都是出现在 20 世纪 20 年代,故选 D。
- (3) A.推理判断题。根据 Clothing is an important part of any culture. Chinese culture is more than 5,000 years old, so the traditional Chinese clothing also has a long history. 中国文化已有 5000 多年的历史,因此中国传统服饰也有着悠久的历史。说的是中国的文化,故可能出现在杂志上,故答案是 A。
- 32. (8分)One day, my friends and I stood around a tree. "What a tall tree and what thick leaves!" we said to each other, "It would be exciting to climb to the top!"

Then we decided to play a game to see who could climb to the top of the tree first. Mothers were sitting not far away, looking at their children as they played. One of my friends was an 8 - year - old boy named David. He was the shortest child in the group. Nobody thought he would win the competition.

Then the game started. We tried our best to climb up. We all made it halfway up the tree before David did, but he reached the top of the tree fastest in the end.

His mother was excited to see this. She asked him, "David, how did you manage to reach the top of the tree so quickly?

"It was easy," David said, "The other children kept looking down as they climbed. When they knew how high they were, they were afraid of falling down. But only looked up. When saw how close I was, I kept going higher and higher until I reached the top."

It is true in our life that if we just keep going forward without looking back, it's much easier thus to reach our goals (目标).

(1) This story most probably (有可能)	happened <u>C</u> .
A. in winter	

B. in the lake

C. on the riverside

D. on the football field

(2) Some children decided to A.

- A. climb the tree
- B. help their mother
- C. play some interesting games
- D. watch David climb the tree
  - (3) Why did other children lose the competition in the end? A
- A. Because they were afraid of falling down
- B. Because they were too tired to climb higher
- C. Because David tried to stop them climbing
- D. Because their mothers didn't give them any help
  - (4) What's the best title for this passage? \_\_\_\_\_D\_\_\_
- A. The top of the tree
- B. An interesting game
- C. David and his friends
- D. Going forward bravely

#### 【答案】CAAD

【分析】这篇短文主要讲述了一群朋友决定比赛谁能最快爬到树顶,大家都认为身高最矮的 David 不会赢,但最终他却最快到达了树顶。他成功的原因是因为他一直向上看,而其他孩子都在往下看,害怕摔下来。这个故事告诉我们,只要我们一直向前,不回头看,就能更容易地达到目标。

【解答】(1) 推理判断题。根据第 1 段 What a tall tree and what thick leaves! (多高的树啊,多厚的叶子啊!) 可知不能是冬天,同时也不可能是湖里或足球场上,所以应该是河边。故选 C。

- (2)细节理解题。根据第 2 段 Then we decided to play a game to see who could climb to the top of the tree first. (然后我们决定玩一个游戏,看看谁能先爬到树顶。) 可知一些孩子站在一棵大树周围,决定比赛谁最先爬到树顶。故选 B。
- (3) 细节判断题。根据第 5 段 The other children kept looking down as they climbed. When they knew how high they were, they were afraid of falling down. When saw how close I was, I kept going higher and higher until I reached the top. (当他们爬上去的时候,其他的孩子一直往下看。当他们知道自己有多高时,他们害怕掉下来。当我看到离山顶有多近的时候,我就越爬越高,直到到达山顶。)可推断出其他孩子最终在比赛中输了,因为他们害怕坠落下来。故选 A。
- (4)标题归纳题。通读全文,根据第 5 段 But only looked up.When saw how close I was, I kept going higher and higher until I reached the top. (但我只是抬头看。当我看到自己离得有多近时,我一直往上爬,直到

爬到山顶。)可知文章讲述了几个朋友比赛爬树,8岁的 David 个子最矮,没人认为他会赢,但是他是第一个到达树顶的人。这个故事告诉我们,朝前看,不回头,才会更容易达到目标。故最佳标题应为: 勇往直前。故选 D。

## 五、词语运用(共15分)选用方框内的单词填空,其中有一个是多余的。

#### 33. (5分)

useful, support, himself, instructions, sense, useless

- (1) Max has a good <u>sense</u> of humour and always makes me laugh.
- (2) Here are clear <u>instructions</u>. Read them first before building a new house.
- (3) My ticket is <u>useless</u> now, but I'll keep it.
- (4) Don't forget to bring your friends. With your support, we'll win!
- (5) Look, Simon is trying to pull <u>himself</u> up the rocks.

【答案】(1) sense (2) instructions (3) useless (4) support (5) himself

【分析】(1) Max 很有幽默感,总是逗我笑。

- (2) 这里有明确的说明。在建新房子之前先读一遍。
- (3) 我的票现在没用了,但我会保留它。
- (4) 别忘了带上你的朋友。有你们的支持,我们会赢的!
- (5) 看, Simon 正试图奋力爬向岩石。

- (2) 考查名词。句意:这里有明确的说明。在建新房子之前先读一遍。根据所给单词提示可知,应该是"说明",由复数 are 可知,主语用复数形式,故填 instructions。
- (3) 考查形容词。句意:我的票现在没用了,但我会保留它。根据所给单词提示可知,应该是"无用的",这里 is 系动词,系表结构,用形容词 useless 作表语。故填 useless。
- (4) 考查名词。句意:别忘了带上你的朋友。有你们的支持,我们会赢的!根据所给单词提示可知,应该是"支持",这里形容词性物主代词 your"你们的",修饰不可数名词,故填 support。
- (5) 考查反身代词。句意:看,Simon 正试图奋力爬向岩石。pull oneself up on the rocks"奋力向上爬"固定搭配。根据所给单词提示可知,用反身代词 himself"他自己",故填 himself。

#### 六、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文内容完整、通顺。

34. (10 分) Kate is my (1) <u>best</u> (good) friend.I like her bright and (2) <u>smiling</u> (smile) eyes.They

make her (3) <u>look</u> (look) really pretty and kind.Kate is a (4) <u>friendly</u> (friend) girl.She always has a smile on (5) <u>her</u> (she) face and looks happy.She likes (6) <u>to help</u> (help) people.She helps me with my homework and she is very patient.When I feel bored or (7) <u>unhappy</u> (happy), I often go to her.She (8) <u>will talk</u> (talk) to me and tell me interesting (9) <u>things</u> (thing) .She wants to work with children.She would like (10) to be (be) a teacher when she grows up.

【答案】(1) best (2) smiling (3) look (4) friendly (5) her (6) to help (7) unhappy (8) will walk (9) things (10) to be

【分析】这段短文中作者主要介绍了自己的好朋友凯特。

- 【解答】(1) 考查形容词的最高级。句意: 凯特是我最好的朋友。根据空后名词 friend (朋友) 和所给的词汇 good (好) 可知,空处应为 good 的最高级 best,表示"最好的"。故填 best。
- (2) 考查形容词。句意:我喜欢她明亮而微笑的眼睛。根据空后名词 eyes (眼睛)可知,空处应为形容词 smiling,表示"微笑的"。故填 smiling。
- (3) 考查动词。句意:它们使她看起来真的很漂亮和善良。句中包含短语 make sb.do sth.,表示"让某人做某事",因此空处应为动词原形。故填 look。
- (4) 考查形容词。句意: 凯特是一个友好的女孩。根据空后名词 girl (女孩) 可知,空处应为形容词 friendly,表示"友好的"。故填 friendly。
- (5) 考查代词。句意: 她的脸上总是带着微笑,看起来很开心。根据主语 She (她) 可知,空处应为形容词性物主代词 her,作定语,修饰 face。故填 her。
- (6) 考查动词不定式。句意: 她喜欢帮助别人。这里不是谈论某种爱好,因此应使用短语 like to do sth., 表示"喜欢做某事"。故填 to help。
- (7) 考查形容词。句意: 当我感到无聊或不高兴时,我经常去找她。根据选择连词 or (或者) 前的形容词 bored (无聊的) 可知,这里应是表示不开心。故填 unhappy。
- (8) 考查一般将来时。句意: 她会和我说话,告诉我有趣的事情。根据并列连词 and (和) 之后的动词原形 tell (告诉) 可知,句子使用了一般将来时,因此空处为 will talk。故填 will walk。
- (9) 考查名词。句意:她会和我说话,告诉我有趣的事情。所给词汇 thing 为可数名词,其前没有不定冠词,因此这里应使用复数形式。故填 things。
- (10)考查动词不定式。句意:她长大后想当一名老师。短语 would like to do sth.表示"想要做某事",因此空处应为 to be。故填 to be。

## 六、阅读短文,回答问题(共 10 分)

35. (10 分) It was Pat's birthday, and it was almost time for her party.Her mom was baking the cake. "Your cake

is almost done and it looks good." Mom said.Pat sat down.But sitting was hard.She got up and ran to the kitchen.Just then, Mom came out with the cake.

Pat and Mom ran into each other. The cake fell on the floor. It made a big mess. "Oh, no! My cake!" cried Pat. "What should we do?" "Well, "said Mom." We can have cookies." "But I want a birthday cake, Mom." Pat said while she was helping clean up the floor.

About half an hour later, Pat's friends all came. She told them what happened. And her friends said they could help. The girls sat around the kitchen table. Mom put a big bowl in the middle. Beth put the flour ( 面 粉) and Sue added sugar. Deb added milk and Pat added the eggs. The other girls put in other things. They talked and laughed while they worked.

After a while, Mom took out the cake.Pat tasted a little. "This tastes great!" she said.She learned that she should find ways to get over the trouble instead of crying.Then she looked at her friends and said, "Thank you, my good friends!"

- (1) Who made the first cake for Pat? (不超过 5 个词) Her mother.
- (2) What happened to the first cake? (不超过 5 个词) <u>It fell on the floor.</u>
- (3) Did Pat feel unhappy when she helped clean up the floor? (不超过 5 个词) Yes, she did.
- (5) According to the passage, what should we do when in trouble? (不超过 20 个词) <u>We should find</u> ways to get over the trouble instead of crying only.



【答案】(1) Her mother. (2) It fell on the floor. (3) Yes, she did. (4) They made a new cake. (5) We should find ways to get over the trouble instead of crying only.

【分析】这篇文章讲述了帕特不小心把妈妈为她做的生日蛋糕打翻在了地上,在她的朋友们的帮助下, 大家又做了一个新的蛋糕。帕特认识到了面对困难时,应该积极想办法解决困难而不是哭泣。

- 【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一段中句子 It was Pat's birthday, and it was almost time for her party.Her mom was baking the cake. (那天是帕特的生日,她的派对也快到了。她妈妈正在烤蛋糕。)可知,帕特的妈妈为帕特做了第一个蛋糕。故答案为: Her mother.
- (2) 细节理解题。根据第一段中句子 Pat and Mom ran into each other. The cake fell on the floor. (帕特和妈妈偶遇了。蛋糕掉到地板上了。) 可知,第一块蛋糕掉到地板上了。故答案为: It fell on the floor.
- (3)细节判断题。根据第二段中句子"Oh, no!My cake!" cried Pat. "What should we do? " "Well, " said Mom. "We can have cookies." "But I want a birthday cake, Mom." Pat said while she was helping clean up the floor. ("哦,不!我的蛋糕!"帕特叫道。"我们该怎么办?""嗯,"妈妈说。"我们可以吃饼干。""但是我想要一个生日蛋糕,妈妈。"帕特在帮忙清理地板的时候说。)可知,因为生日蛋糕没有了,帕特帮忙打扫地板时不高兴了。故答案为: Yes, she did.
- (4) 推理判断题。根据第三段中句子 And her friends said they could help. The girls sat around the kitchen table. Mom put a big bowl in the middle. Beth put the flour ( 面 粉 ) and Sue added sugar. Deb added milk and Pat added the eggs. The other girls put in other things. They talked and laughed while they worked. (她的朋友说他们可以帮忙。女孩们围坐在餐桌旁。妈妈在中间放了一个大碗。贝丝放了面粉(面粉),苏加了糖。黛布加了牛奶,帕特加了鸡蛋。其他女孩放别的东西。他们一边工作一边说笑。) 及第四段首句 After a while,Mom took out the cake. (过了一会儿,妈妈拿出蛋糕。) 可知,她的朋友们做了一个新蛋糕。故答案为: They made a new cake.
- (5) 主旨大意题。根据最后一段中句子 She learned that she should find ways to get over the trouble instead of crying. (她认识到她应该想办法克服困难,而不是哭。)可知,我们在面对困难时,应该积极想办法解决困难而不是哭泣。故答案为: We should find ways to get over the trouble instead of crying only.

### 七、连词成句(每小题2分,共10分)

36. (2分) she, keep, I, tell, can, a secret, anything, because, can

I can tell anything because she can keep a secret.

【答案】I can tell anything because she can keep a secret.

【分析】我可以说出任何事情,因为她能保守秘密。

【解答】根据观察可知完整的句子是复合句,含有 because 引导的原因状语从句。主句是: I can tell anything: 从句是: because she can keep a secret。

故答案为: I can tell anything because she can keep a secret.

37. (2分) an, she, teacher, become, will, think, excellent, I

I think she will become an excellent teacher.

【答案】I think she will become an excellent teacher.

【分析】我认为她会成为一名优秀的老师。

【解答】首先结合提示词和标点符号明确所要组合的句子是一个肯定句,组合成的句子的句意是"我认为她会成为一名优秀的老师。"主句时态是一般现在时,从句是一般将来时。I think+宾语从句;从句主语 she,谓语 will become ,宾语 an excellent teacher。

故答案为: I think she will become an excellent teacher.

38. (2 分) any, do, the weekend, for, have, you, plans

Do you have any plans for the weekend?

【答案】Do you have any plans for the weekend?

【分析】你周末有什么计划吗?

【解答】根据所给的词,可知本题为一般疑问句,且为一般现在时。助动词 do 应大写首字母放句首; 主语为第二人称 you; 谓语动词为 have; 宾语为 plans,其前应使用 any 修饰; for the weekend 为状语。 故答案为: Do you have any plans for the weekend?

39. (2分) couldn't, all, the bus, us, wait, get off, of, to

All of us couldn't wait to get off the bus.

【答案】All of us couldn't wait to get off the bus.

【分析】我们都迫不及待地想下车。

【解答】根据所给的词和标点,可知本题为陈述句的否定形式,且为一般过去时态。all of us 是主语;谓语动词是 couldn't wait ,to get off the bus 作宾语,动词短语 couldn't wait to do sth.表示"迫不及待干某事."。

故答案为: All of us couldn't wait to get off the bus.

40. (2分) put, bread, just, piece of, it, on top of, another

Just put another piece of bread on top of it.

【答案】Just put another piece of bread on top of it.

【分析】只需在它上面再放另一片面包。

【解答】根据所给的词和标点,可知本题为祈使句,且为一般现在时态。考虑用 Just 作状语,谓语用动词 put,名词短语 another piece of bread 作宾语,介词短语 on top of it 作地点状语。

故填: Just put another piece of bread on top of it.