

2021 年江苏省无锡市小升初英语模拟试卷（三）

二、辨音题（10 分）

1.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. grade B. date C. wake D. master

2.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. tennis B. memember C. me D. best

3.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. time B. thin C. chicken D. hill

4.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. shop B. clock C. close D. hot

5.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. student B. club C. usually D. cute

6.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. good B. food C. cool D. school

7.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. clean B. read C. bread D. team

8.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. tall B. walk C. ball D. always

9.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. run B. ground C. pardon D. English

10.（1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. where B. whose C. what D. which

三、英汉互译（10 分）

11.（1 分）英汉互译。

（1）带她去办公室_____

（2）来自工厂的浓烟_____

（3）在树上画了一些香蕉_____

（4）遵守规则_____

（5）把它放在大门口_____

12. (1 分) 英译汉。

- (1) use wood to make tables _____
 (2) the most important holiday _____
 (3) set off fireworks _____
 (4) waste too many plastic bags _____
 (5) road safety _____

四、单选题 (20 分)

13. (1 分) There is ____ "o", ____ "u" and ____ "r" in the word "our". ()

- A. a, a, an B. an, an, an C. an, an, a D. an, a, an

14. (1 分) The pronunciation of the underlined part (划线部分) in the word "_____" is different from the others.

()

- A. also B. ball C. always D. salt

15. (1 分) - I'm a little hungry, Mum! Can I have _____ pies?

- There aren't _____ pies. There is only _____ bread on the table. You may take it. ()

- A. any; any; some B. some; any; any
 C. some; some; some D. some; any; some

16. (1 分) - Who teaches _____ Chinese?

- Mr. Feng. _____ is a wonderful teacher. We all like him. ()

- A. you; He B. your; He C. you; She D. your, She

17. (1 分) The houses in this area each _____ five rooms or more. ()

- A. there are B. has C. have D. with

18. (1 分) _____ is not difficult to find books about animals in our school library. ()

- A. This B. That C. It D. There

19. (1 分) - There are some _____ in the photo. - Yes. How lovely they are! ()

- A. baby sheeps B. baby sheep
 C. babies sheeps D. babies sheep

20. (1 分) - - - How will your father come and visit our school _____ the Open Day?

- - - He will get here _____ his car. ()

- A. in; on B. in; by C. on; by D. on; in

21. (1 分) Nobody likes John. He is _____ borrowing money from others. ()

- A. always B. usually C. often D. seldom
22. (1 分) There's only _____ juice in the fridge.Would you like to buy_____ bottles? ()
- A. a little, a few B. a few, a little
- C. few, little D. little, few
23. (1 分) - _____ does your brother go roll - skating? - About twice a month. ()
- A. How long B. How often C. How far D. How soon
24. (1 分) Tim suddenly returned_____ a rainy night. ()
- A. on B. at C. in D. during
25. (1 分) _____great fun it is to have a five - day holiday! ()
- A. What B. How C. What a D. How a
26. (1 分) Please be more _____ next time.You must write as _____ as Kate. ()
- A. careful; carefully
- B. carefully; carefully
- C. careful; careful
- D. carefully; careful
27. (1 分) - - - What makes you so happy?
- - - _____. ()
- A. Get a gift B. Getting a gift
- C. To get a gift D. Gifts
28. (1 分) We often buy some snacks _____home. ()
- A. on our way to B. in our way
- C. on our way D. on our ways
29. (1 分) - My new phone is 4000 yuan.What do you think of it?
- I think you are crazy.My phone only_____me half the price. ()
- A. costs B. takes C. spends D. pays
30. (1 分) Peter_____his homework after nine o'clock in the evening. ()
- A. doesn't do B. does not
- C. isn't do D. isn't doing
31. (1 分) This pair of jeans _____nice.Would you like to _____ ? ()
- A. is; try it on B. is; try them on

C. are; try them on

D. are; try on them

32. (1 分) - You look pretty in the white dress. - _____. ()

A. Your are right.

B. I don't think so.

C. Really?

D. Thank you very much.

五、根据首字母或句意写出合适的单词 (5 分)

33. (1 分) Collecting stamps is an old - style of _____ (爱好) but I still like it.

34. (1 分) Those players in the football team come from different _____ (国家) .

35. (1 分) I'm _____ (感兴趣) in playing basketball, so I play basketball every day.

36. (1 分) Billy has a few bad t _____ in his mouth. He eats lots of sweets.

37. (1 分) On Halloween, children like d _____ up as ghosts and painting their faces.

六、运用单词的适当形式填空 (10 分)

38. (1 分) Look, she _____ (look) good in a red skirt.

39. (1 分) They have fun _____ (play) football.

40. (1 分) Thank you for _____ (let) me visit your new house. It is so wonderful.

41. (1 分) Daniel does his best to make the baby _____ (not cry) While his parents are out.

42. (1 分) If the boy listens to the speaker _____ (care), he'll get the right answer.

43. (1 分) That man ran away _____ (quick) after his quick lunch.

44. (1 分) How _____ (love) the little girl looks in the hat!

45. (1 分) - Is Grandfather at home now? - I want to say hello to _____ (he) .

46. (1 分) My mother doesn't know which sweater _____ (buy) .

47. (1 分) I often go swimming with my father _____ (one) a week.

七、按照要求改写句子 (10 分)

48. (1 分) Reading is very interesting. (改为同义句)

_____ to read.

49. (1 分) The girl under the tree is my younger sister. (对划线部分提问)

_____ younger sister?

50. (1 分) Our new building is big and modern. (划线部分提问)

_____ your new building?

51. (1 分) You can take the metro to the cinema. (划线部分提问)

_____ get to the cinema?

52. (1 分) She did her homework last night. (改为否定句)

She _____ her homework last night.

53. (1 分) The Yellow river is 5, 464 kilometres long. (对画线部分提问)

_____ is the Yellow River?

54. (1 分) I usually wash my clothes after I take a bath. (改为第三人称单数)

He usually _____ his clothes after he _____ a bath.

55. (1 分) Water the young tree often, or it will die. (改为同义句)

_____ you don't water the young tree often, it will be _____.

56. (1 分) These dresses are beautiful. (感叹句)

_____!

57. (1 分) They ate rice cakes last Double Ninth Festival. (一般疑问句, 否定回答)

_____ they _____ rice cakes last Double Ninth Festival? No, _____.

八、阅读理解 (20 分)

58. (10 分) 阅读下面的短文, 用 T 和 F 判断.

It is Sunday morning. Mr Brown and his son, Bill, are in a big shopping mall. Mr Brown wants to buy a new dress for Mrs. Brown. Bill likes oranges. So his father buys two kilos of oranges for him, too. There are many things and many people in the mall. There are men and women, old and young. They all want to buy something there. The people in the mall are friendly. They will be glad to help you find what you are looking for.

(1) Mr Brown and Bill are in a big shopping mall on Saturday morning. _____

(2) Mrs Brown wants to buy a new dress for Mr Brown. _____

(3) Bill likes oranges. So his father buys him 2 kilos of oranges. _____

(4) There are a lot of things and many people in the mall. _____

(5) The people in the mall are old and friendly. _____

59. (10 分) 阅读下面的短文, 选择正确的选项.

Mr Smith is an English teacher. He comes from America. He has a daughter. Her name is Amy, and she is a good engineer (工程师) in New York. Mr Smith likes traveling very much, and he can speak Spanish very well.

Now Mr Smith is in China, so he wants to learn some Chinese. He works very hard at his Chinese, and he goes to Chinese classes in an evening school. He has a lot of friends in China and they often help him. He likes to talk with them. He tells his daughter that he can speak good Chinese, and he doesn't have any trouble （困难） with his Chinese at all, but the Chinese have a lot.

（1）Mr Smith works in_____.

- A. a hospital
- B. a police station
- C. a school
- D. a restaurant

（2）What's Mr Smith's daughter? _____

- A. A teacher.
- B. A doctor.
- C. An engineer.
- D. A student.

（3）Mr Smith learns Chinese_____.

- A. very well
- B. with his daughter
- C. every morning
- D. very hard

（4）Where does Mr Smith learn Chinese? _____

- A. In an evening school.
- B. At home.
- C. In his friend's home.
- D. In a park.

（5）We know that Mr Smith is good at_____.

- A. Chinese
- B. Spanish
- C. Japanese
- D. French

九、根据中文完成下列句子（5分）

60.（1 分）老鼠害怕狮子。

The mouse is _____ the lion.

61.（1 分）别让这些孩子吃甜食，对他们的健康没好处。

Don't let the kids eat sweet food.It's not good _____.

62.（1 分）贫困地区的大部分孩子上学得走很长的路。

_____ the children in poor areas _____ a long way to school.

63.（1 分）谢谢你帮助我们打扫房屋。

Thanks _____ clean the house.

64.（1 分）大卫放学后喜欢玩电脑游戏和听音乐。

David _____ computer games and _____ after school.

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参考答案与试题解析

二、辨音题（10 分）

1. （1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. grade B. date C. wake D. master

【答案】D

【分析】grade 年级，date 日期，wake 唤醒 e，master 主人。

【解答】考查字母 a 在单词中发音。字母在单词 master 中发[ɑ:]，在单词 grade，date，wake 中发[eɪ]，D 发音与其他三项不相同。

故选：D。

2. （1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. tennis B. memember C. me D. best

【答案】C

【分析】tennis 网球，member 成员，me 我，best 最好的。

【解答】考查字母 e 在单词中发音。字母 e 在单词 me 中发[i]，在单词 tennis、member、best 中发[e]，C 发音与其他三项不相同。

故选：C。

3. （1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. time B. thin C. chicken D. hill

【答案】A

【分析】time 时间，thin 瘦的，chicken 鸡肉，hill 小山。

【解答】考查字母 i 在单词中发音。字母 i 在单词 time 中发[aɪ]，在单词 thin，chicken，hill 中发[i]，A 发音与其他三项不相同。

故选：A。

4. （1 分）辨音题（ ）

A. shop B. clock C. close D. hot

【答案】C

【分析】shop 商店，clock 钟，close 关，hot 热的。

【解答】考查字母 o 在单词中发音。字母 o 在单词 close 中发[əʊ]，在单词 shop, clock, hot 中发[p]，C 发音与其他三项不相同。

故选：C。

5. (1 分) 辨音题 ()

A. student B. club C. usually D. cute

【答案】B

【分析】student 学生，club 俱乐部，usually 通常地，cute 可爱的。

【解答】考查字母 u 在单词中发音。字母 u 在单词 club 中发[ʌ]，在单词 student, usually, cute 中发[ju:]，B 发音不相同。

故选：B。

6. (1 分) 辨音题 ()

A. good B. food C. cool D. school

【答案】A

【分析】good 好的，food 食物，cool 凉爽的，school 学校。

【解答】考查国际音标。字母组合 oo 在单词 good 中发[u]，字母组合 oo 在单词 food, cool, school 中发[u:]，可知 A 选项发音不相同。

故选：A。

7. (1 分) 辨音题 ()

A. clean B. read C. bread D. team

【答案】C

【分析】clean 干净，read 读，bread 面包，team 队。

【解答】考查国际音标。字母组合 ea 在单词 clean, read, team 中发[i:]，字母组合 ea 在单词 bread 中发[e]，可知 C 选项发音不相同。

故选：C。

8. (1 分) 辨音题 ()

A. tall B. walk C. ball D. always

【答案】D

【分析】tall 高的，walk 散步，ball 球，always 总是。

【解答】考查国际音标。字母组合 al 在单词 tall, walk, ball 中发[ɔ:]，字母组合 al 在单词 always 中发[ɔ:l]，可知 D 选项发音不相同。

故选：D。

9. (1分) 辨音题 ()

A. run B. ground C. pardon D. English

【答案】D

【分析】run 跑，ground 地面，pardon 原谅，English 英语。

【解答】考查国际音标。字母 n 在单词 run, ground, pardon 中发[n]，字母 n 在单词 English 中发[ŋ]，可知 D 选项发音不相同。

故选：D。

10. (1分) 辨音题 ()

A. where B. whose C. what D. which

【答案】B

【分析】where 在哪里，whose 谁的，what 什么，which 哪一个。

【解答】考查国际音标。字母组合 wh 单词 where, what, which 中发[w]，字母组合 wh 在单词 whose 中发[h]，可知 B 选项发音不相同。

故选：B。

三、英汉互译（10分）

11. (1分) 英汉互译。

(1) 带她去办公室 take her to the office

(2) 来自工厂的浓烟 heavy smoke from the factory

(3) 在树上画了一些香蕉 draw some bananas on the tree

(4) 遵守规则 follow the rules

(5) 把它放在大门口 leave it at the gate

【答案】(1) take her to the office;

(2) heavy smoke from the factory;

(3) draw some bananas on the tree;

(4) follow the rules;

(5) leave it at the gate.

【分析】(1) 带她去办公室 take her to the office;

(2) 来自工厂的浓烟 heavy smoke from the factory;

(3) 在树上画了一些香蕉 draw some bananas on the tree;

(4) 遵守规则 follow the rules;

(5) 把它放在大门口 leave it at the gate。

【解答】 考查短语翻译。

(1) take her to the office。带她去办公室译为：take her to the office。故答案为：take her to the office。

(2) heavy smoke from the factory。来自工厂的浓烟译为：heavy smoke from the factory。故答案为：heavy smoke from the factory。

(3) draw some bananas on the tree。在树上画了一些香蕉译为：draw some bananas on the tree。故答案为：draw some bananas on the tree。

(4) follow the rules。遵守规则译为：follow the rules。故答案为：follow the rules。

(5) leave it at the gate。把它放在大门口译为：leave it at the gate。故答案为：leave it at the gate。

12. (1 分) 英译汉。

(1) use wood to make tables 用木头做桌子

(2) the most important holiday 最重要的节日

(3) set off fireworks 放烟花

(4) waste too many plastic bags 浪费太多塑料袋

(5) road safety 道路安全

【答案】(1) 用木头做桌子；

(2) 最重要的节日；

(3) 放烟花；

(4) 浪费太多塑料袋；

(5) 道路安全。

【分析】(1) use wood to make tables 用木头做桌子；

(2) the most important holiday 最重要的节日；

(3) set off fireworks 放烟花；

(4) waste too many plastic bags 浪费太多塑料袋；

(5) road safety 道路安全。

【解答】 考查短语翻译。

(1) 用木头做桌子。wood 木头，tables 桌子。故答案为：用木头做桌子。

(2) 最重要的节日。important 最重要的，holiday，节日，假日。故答案为：最重要的节日。

(3) 放烟花。set off 放……，fireworks 烟花。故答案为：放烟花。

(4) 浪费太多塑料袋。waste 浪费，plastic 塑料的。故答案为：浪费太多塑料袋。

(5) 道路安全。road 道路，safety 安全。故答案为：道路安全。

四、单选题（20 分）

13. (1 分) There is ____ "o", ____ "u" and ____ "r" in the word "our". ()

- A. a, a, an B. an, an, an C. an, an, a D. an, a, an

【答案】D

【分析】单词"our"中有一个"o"，一个"u"和一个"r"。

【解答】考查不定冠词。根据题干可知单词"our"中有一个"o"，一个"u"和一个"r"，此处都表示泛指，则此处应用不定冠词，其中 o 发/əu/，u 发/ju:/，r 发/a:(r)/，则第一空填写 an，第二空填写 a，第三空填写 an。

故选：D。

14. (1 分) The pronunciation of the underlined part (划线部分) in the word "_____" is different from the others. ()

- A. also B. ball C. always D. salt

【答案】B

【分析】also 也，ball 球，always 总是，salt 盐。

【解答】考查国际音标。字母组合 al 在单词 also，always，salt 中发[ɔ:l]，字母组合 al 在单词 ball 中发[bɔ:]，可知 B 选项发音不相同。

故选：B。

15. (1 分) - I'm a little hungry, Mum! Can I have _____ pies?

- There aren't _____ pies. There is only _____ bread on the table. You may take it. ()

- A. any; any; some B. some; any; any
C. some; some; some D. some; any; some

【答案】D

【分析】- 我有点饿，妈妈！我能吃些馅饼吗？

- 没有馅饼了。桌子上只有一些面包。你可以吃它。

【解答】该题考查形容词辨析。some 通常用于肯定句或希望得到对法肯定回答的疑问句中；而 any 则通常用于否定句、疑问句或条件句。给出的第一个句子为希望得到对法肯定回答，用 some；第二个句子为否定句，用 any 修饰后面的名词，最后一个句子为肯定句，应 some。

故选：D。

16. (1 分) - Who teaches _____ Chinese?

- Mr.Feng, _____ is a wonderful teacher.We all like him. ()

- A. you; He B. your; He C. you; She D. your, She

【答案】A

【分析】- 谁教你语文？

- 冯老师。他是一个很棒的老师。我们都喜欢他。

【解答】本题考查人称代词。根据问句推测句意为“谁教你语文？”，空格处缺少人称代词 you，选项 B 和 D 排除；又因为答句中“We all like him.（我们都喜欢他。）”可知冯老师是一名男性。因此第二个空格处应该填写第三人称 He。

故选：A。

17. (1 分) The houses in this area each _____ five rooms or more. ()

- A. there are B. has C. have D. with

【答案】B

【分析】这个地区的房子每栋都有五个或更多的房间。

【解答】考查动词的第三人称单数形式。根据句中 each，可知强调的是每栋楼，故谓语动词需用单三形式，has 符合。

故选：B。

18. (1 分) _____ is not difficult to find books about animals in our school library. ()

- A. This B. That C. It D. There

【答案】C

【分析】在我们学校图书馆找关于动物的书并不难。

【解答】本题考查代词的辨析。A.This 这。B.That 那。C.It 它。D.There 在那里。It is+形容词+to do sth 是常用句型，表示“做某事是……”。空格处缺少形式主语 It。选项 C 符合句意。

故选：C。

19. (1 分) - There are some ____ in the photo. - Yes.How lovely they are! ()

- A. baby sheeps B. baby sheep
C. babies sheeps D. babies sheep

【答案】B

【分析】照片里有一些小羊羔。是的，它们多么可爱呀！

【解答】考查可数名词复数形式。some 一些，既可以修饰可数名词，也可以修饰不可数名词，由前边

are 可知 baby sheep 需用复数形式。baby sheep 为复合名词，变复数只需要把后边的单词变为复数即可，sheep 单复同形，故复数形式为 baby sheep。

故选：B。

20. (1 分) - - - How will your father come and visit our school ____the Open Day?

- - - He will get here ____his car. ()

A. in; on B. in; by C. on; by D. on; in

【答案】D

【分析】- 开放日你父亲怎么来参观我们学校？

- 他会开车到这儿。

【解答】该题考查介词辨析。in 在…内；on 在…上面；by 通过，乘；问句后面具体到某一天，用介词 on；in one's car 开车。

故选：D。

21. (1 分) Nobody likes John.He is _____ borrowing money from others. ()

A. always B. usually C. often D. seldom

【答案】A

【分析】没人喜欢约翰。他总是从他人那借钱。

【解答】考查副词。always 总是；usually 通常；often 经常；seldom 很少。根据第一句句意：没人喜欢约翰。可知他总是从他人那借钱。

故选：A。

22. (1 分) There's only _____ juice in the fridge.Would you like to buy_____ bottles? ()

A. a little, a few B. a few, a little
C. few, little D. little, few

【答案】A

【分析】冰箱里只有一点果汁。你想要买几瓶吗？

【解答】本题考查短语。a little/little 一点，修饰不可数名词；a few/few 一点，修饰可数名词复数形式。little 和 few 含有否定意义。第一个句子空格处后面的 juice 是不可数名词，使用 a little 或者 little 修饰，选项 B 和 C 排除；第二个空格处后面的 bottles 是可数名词复数形式，并且不含否定意义。选项 D 排除。
故选：A。

23. (1 分) - _____ does your brother go roll - skating? - About twice a month. ()

A. How long B. How often C. How far D. How soon

【答案】B

【分析】- 你的哥哥多久滑一次旱冰？ - 大约一个月两次。

【解答】本题考查疑问词的辨析。A. How long 多长时间，对一段时间提问。B. How often 多久，询问频率。C. How far 多远，询问距离。D. How soon 多久，对将来的时间提问。根据 "About twice a month. (大约一个月两次。)" 可知问句询问频率，选项 B 符合句意。

故选：B。

24. (1 分) Tim suddenly returned _____ a rainy night. ()

A. on B. at C. in D. during

【答案】A

【分析】Tim 突然在一个下雨的晚上回来。

【解答】答案：A。

该题考查时间介词的运用。at 表示时间，用于钟点前，用于时刻前，译为 "在...时(刻)"。in 用于泛指一天的上午、下午、晚上等；用于某个较长的时间，如年、月、季节等。on 用于星期、日期。during 在...的期间。a rainy night 特指一个下着雨的夜晚，类似于 on Sunday night，有具体的东西修饰 night 用 on，即具体到哪一天的夜晚故选：A。

25. (1 分) _____ great fun it is to have a five - day holiday! ()

A. What B. How C. What a D. How a

【答案】C

【分析】有一个五天的假期多么有趣啊！

【解答】本题考查疑问词的辨析。A. What 什么，询问人的职业或者事物是什么。B. How 怎么样，询问程度和方式。C. What a 一个什么。D. How a 一个多么。根据句子可知该句是感叹句。what 和 how 均可引导感叹句，但两者有所区别。what 引导感叹句结构为：What+a/an+adj+n；how 引导感叹句结构为：How+adj+n。由空格处后面的 "great fun" 可知是名词短语，应该使用 What a 引导。选项 C 符合句意。故选：C。

26. (1 分) Please be more _____ next time. You must write as _____ as Kate. ()

A. careful; carefully
B. carefully; carefully
C. careful; careful
D. carefully; careful

【答案】A

【分析】下次要更仔细一点。你一定要写的和凯特一样认真。

【解答】考查形容词和副词。第一句，be 后接形容词作表语，careful，认真的；第二句修饰动词 write，写，需要用副词 carefully，认真地。句意为：下次要更仔细一点。你一定要写的和凯特一样认真。

故选：A。

27. (1 分) - - - What makes you so happy?

- - - _____.

A. Get a gift

B. Getting a gift

C. To get a gift

D. Gifts

【答案】B

【分析】- - - 什么让你这么开心？

- - - 得到一个礼物。

【解答】考查情景交际。A.Get a gift 得到礼物；B.Getting a gift 得到礼物；C.To get a gift 为了得到礼物；D.Gifts 礼物。get 得到，动词原形，其动名词是 getting，不定式是 to get。句意为：什么让你这么开心？得到一个礼物。回答 What makes you so happy? 需说明 what 的内容，what 在此是代词，作主语，故需选择相当于名词、代词的动名词短语。

故选：B。

28. (1 分) We often buy some snacks _____home.

A. on our way to

B. in our way

C. on our way

D. on our ways

【答案】C

【分析】我们经常在回家的路上买一些零食。

【解答】本题考查短语。on one's way to 是固定短语，表示"在去……的路上"。又因为 home 是副词，前面不可以加介词 to，所以空格处应该使用 on our way。

故选：C。

29. (1 分) - My new phone is 4000 yuan.What do you think of it?

- I think you are crazy.My phone only_____me half the price.

A. costs

B. takes

C. spends

D. pays

【答案】A

【分析】- 我的新手机 4000 元。你认为它怎么样？

- 我认为你很疯狂。我的手机只花了这一半的价格。

【解答】本题考查常用动词的辨析。A.costs 花费，主语是物。B.takes 花费，一般由 it 作形式主语。C.spends 花费，spend on sth 或者 spend in doing sth。D.pays 支付，通常与 for 连用。主语 My phone 是物品，所以空格处应该使用 costs。选项 A 符合句意。

故选: A。

30. (1 分) Peter_____his homework after nine o'clock in the evening. ()

- A. doesn't do B. does not
C. isn't do D. isn't doing

【答案】A

【分析】彼得晚上九点以后不写家庭作业。

【解答】本题考查否定句。do homework 是固定短语，表示"做作业"。根据选项可知该句是否定句，因此需要在 do 前面加上助动词的否定式。主语 Peter 是第三人称单数形式，助动词使用 does，否定式是 doesn't。因此空格处应该使用 doesn't do。

故选: A。

31. (1 分) This pair of jeans _____ nice. Would you like to _____ ? ()

- A. is; try it on B. is; try them on
- C. are; try them on D. are; try on them

【答案】B

【分析】这条牛仔裤不错。你愿意试穿一下吗？

【解答】本题考查主谓一致和短语。is 是，与表示第三人称单数的主语连用。are 是，与表示第二人称或者复数形式的主语连用。第一个句子主语"This pair of jeans"是单数概念，所以与 is 连用；try sth on 是固定短语，表示"试穿"。因为 jeans 是复数形式，所以代词应该使用 them。

故选: B。

32. (1 分) - You look pretty in the white dress. - _____. ()

- A. Your are right.
B. I don't think so.
C. Really?
D. Thank you very much.

【答案】D

【分析】- 你穿白色连衣裙真好看。

- 非常感谢。

【解答】本题考查致谢。A. You are right.你是对的。B. I don't think so.我不这样认为。C.Really? 真的吗？D.Thank you very much.非常感谢。当他人夸奖你时，你应该表示感谢。选项D符合情景。

故选：D。

五、根据首字母或句意写出合适的单词（5分）

33.（1分）Collecting stamps is an old - style of hobbies（爱好）but I still like it.

【答案】hobbies

【分析】集邮是一种古老的爱好，但我仍然喜欢它。

【解答】该题考查翻译填空。“爱好”译为 hobby，在句中表示一类事物，用复数形式 hobbies。

故答案为：hobbies。

34.（1分）Those players in the football team come from different countries（国家）.

【答案】countries

【分析】足球队的那些队员来自不同的国家。

【解答】该题考查翻译填空。“国家”译为：country；different 的后面用复数形式 countries。

故答案为：countries。

35.（1分）I'm interested（感兴趣）in playing basketball, so I play basketball every day.

【答案】interested

【分析】我对打篮球感兴趣，所以我每天都打篮球。

【解答】该题考查翻译填空。“对……感兴趣”译为 be interested in。

故答案为：interested。

36.（1分）Billy has a few bad teeeth in his mouth.He eats lots of sweets.

【答案】teeth

【分析】比利嘴上长了几颗坏牙。他吃了很多糖果。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。从 He eats lots of sweets 结合首字母 t，考查 tooth，名词，牙齿，a few 表示许多，后面跟复数形式 teeth。

故答案为：teeth。

37.（1分）On Halloween, children like dressing up as ghosts and painting their faces.

【答案】dressing

【分析】在万圣节，孩子们喜欢打扮成鬼魂，画他们的脸。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。从 up as ghosts 结合首字母 d，考查 dress，动词，打扮，like doing sth 表示喜欢做某事。

故答案为：dressing。

六、运用单词的适当形式填空（10 分）

38.（1 分）Look, she looks (look) good in a red skirt.

【答案】looks

【分析】瞧，她穿一条红裙子很好看。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子时态是一般现在时，主语是第三人称单数，谓语动词使用第三人称单数形式 looks。

故答案为：looks。

39.（1 分）They have fun playing (play) football.

【答案】playing

【分析】他们踢足球很有趣。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中 have fun doing sth 表示高兴做某事，使用 playing。

故答案为：playing。

40.（1 分）Thank you for letting (let) me visit your new house.It is so wonderful.

【答案】letting

【分析】谢谢你让我参观你的新房子。太棒了。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中 for 是一个介词，后面跟动名词形式 letting。

故答案为：letting。

41.（1 分）Daniel does his best to make the baby not cry (not cry) While his parents are out.

【答案】not cry

【分析】丹尼尔在他父母不在的时候尽力让孩子不哭。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中 make sb not do sth 表示让某人不要做某事。

故答案为：not cry。

42.（1 分）If the boy listens to the speaker carefully (care), he'll get the right answer.

【答案】carefully

【分析】如果这个男孩认真听演讲人讲话，他会得到正确的答案。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中修饰动词 listen 使用副词形式 carefully。

故答案为：carefully。

43.（1 分）That man ran away quickly (quick) after his quick lunch.

【答案】quickly

【分析】那个人匆匆吃完午饭就跑了。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中修饰动词 ran 使用副词形式 quickly。

故答案为：quickly。

44. (1 分) How lovely (love) the little girl looks in the hat!

【答案】lovely

【分析】戴帽子的小女孩看起来多可爱啊！

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中放在 look 后面跟形容词形式 lovely，表示看起来可爱。

故答案为：lovely。

45. (1 分) - Is Grandfather at home now? - I want to say hello to him (he) .

【答案】him

【分析】- 爷爷现在在家吗？ - 我想和他打个招呼。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中 to 后面跟宾格形式 him 作宾语。say hello to sb 表示和某人打招呼。

故答案为：him。

46. (1 分) My mother doesn't know which sweater to buy (buy) .

【答案】to buy

【分析】我妈妈不知道该买哪件毛衣。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中使用不定式短语 to buy 作定语。

故答案为：to buy。

47. (1 分) I often go swimming with my father once (one) a week.

【答案】once

【分析】我经常每周和我父亲去游泳一次。

【解答】本题考查单词填空。句子中 once a week 表示一周一次。

故答案为：once。

七、按照要求改写句子（10 分）

48. (1 分) Reading is very interesting. (改为同义句)

It is very interesting to read.

【答案】It is very interesting.

【分析】读书很有趣。

【解答】考查同义句转换。原句：Reading is very interesting. 读书很有趣。动名词 reading 做主语，第二句：_____to read. 是用 It is very interesting to do sth. 做某事是有趣的。用 it 作形式主语。

故答案为：It is very interesting。

49. (1 分) The girl under the tree is my younger sister. (对划线部分提问)

Which girl is your younger sister?

【答案】Which girl is your。

【分析】树下的那个女孩是我的小妹妹。

哪个女孩是你的小妹妹？

【解答】考查就划线部分提问。划线部分是"under the tree（在树下面的）"，可以作为定语，也可以作为表示地点的状语。根据题干：树下的那个女孩是我的小妹妹。可以判断此处的 under the tree 是定语，因此疑问词应该表达的意思是"哪个女孩？"。其对应的疑问词组为 Which girl。用 Which girl is your younger sister? 提问。

故答案为：Which girl is your。

50. (1 分) Our new building is big and modern. (划线部分提问)

How is your new building?

【答案】How is。

【分析】我们的新楼又大又现代。

你们的新楼怎么样？

【解答】考查就划线部分提问。根据题干，被划线部分的意思是"又大又现代"，用"how 如何的"提问，系动词 is 要放到主语的前面，第一人称物主代词 our 要改为第二人称物主代词 your。问句是：How is your new building?

故答案为：How is。

51. (1 分) You can take the metro to the cinema. (划线部分提问)

How can I get to the cinema?

【答案】How can I。

【分析】你能坐地铁去电影院。

我能怎么去电影院？

【解答】考查就划线部分提问。句子的划线部分是 take the metro，是交通方式，询问怎么，确定疑问词为 How，句子的剩余部分变成一般疑问句跟在后面，句子中有情态动词 can，变一般疑问句 can 提前即可，you 变为 I。用 How can I get to the cinema? 提问。

故答案为：How can I。

52. (1 分) She did her homework last night. (改为否定句)

She didn't do her homework last night.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】她昨晚做了家庭作业。

她昨晚没有做家庭作业。

【解答】本题考查肯定句转否定句。由题可知为一般过去时。did 为 do 的过去时，译为“做”，为实意动词。故变否定句需要借助助动词 do 或 does。do 和 does 的过去式为 did，否定形式为 didn't，后用动词原形。

故填：didn't do.

53. (1 分) The Yellow river is 5, 464 kilometres long. (对画线部分提问)

How long is the Yellow River?

【答案】How long。

【分析】黄河大约长 5464 千米。

黄河大约多长？

【解答】考查就划线部分提问。划线部分是 5464 kilometres.是长度。用 How long 提问，句子人称不变，语序变为疑问语序。

故答案为：How long。

54. (1 分) I usually wash my clothes after I take a bath. (改为第三人称单数)

He usually washes his clothes after he takes a bath.

【答案】washes, takes。

【分析】我通常洗完澡再洗衣服。

他通常洗完澡再洗衣服。

【解答】考查改写句子。原句：I usually wash my clothes after I take a bath.我通常洗完澡再洗衣服。是第一人称的一般现在时，谓语动词是动词原形。由题，主语改为第三人称单数，谓语动词 wash, take 分别要改为动词的第三人称单数形式：washes, takes。

故答案为：washes, takes。

55. (1 分) Water the young tree often, or it will die. (改为同义句)

If you don't water the young tree often, it will be dead.

【答案】If, dead。

【分析】经常给小树浇水，否则它会死的。

如果你不经常给小树浇水，它会死的。

【解答】考查同义句转换。原句：Water the young tree often, or it will die.经常给小树浇水，否则它会死的。结合题目_____you don't water the young tree often, 可知改为含有 if 引导的条件状语从句的复合句，it will be_____.应该填写 die 的形容词形式 dead。构成句意：如果你不经常给小树浇水，它会死的。If you don't water the young tree often, it will be dead.

故答案为：If, dead。

56. (1 分) These dresses are beautiful. (感叹句)

How beautiful these dresses are! \What beautiful dresses !

【答案】How beautiful these dresses are! \What beautiful dresses !

【分析】这些连衣裙很漂亮。

这些连衣裙多漂亮啊！

【解答】考查改写句子。感叹句常见的有两种句型，What+名词性短语+主语+谓语！How+形容词/副词+主语+谓语！观察原句，名词是复数，形容词 beautiful 放在名词前面，构成 What beautiful dresses they are！句型，其中 they are 可以省略；How 后面跟形容词 beautiful，再跟主语 these dresses，动词 are，构成 How beautiful these dresses are！句型。

故答案为：How beautiful these dresses are! \What beautiful dresses !

57. (1 分) They ate rice cakes last Double Ninth Festival. (一般疑问句，否定回答)

Did they eat rice cakes last Double Ninth Festival? No, they didn't.

【答案】Did; eat; they; didn't.

【分析】他们在重阳节吃了年糕。

他们在重阳节吃年糕了吗？不，他们没吃。

【解答】考查转一般疑问句及其否定回答。根据题中 ate 为实意动词过去式，转为一般疑问句需借助于助动词 Did，后动词要用原形 eat；否定回答也需要借助于助动词 did，并且否定回答通常都需要缩写为 didn't。

故答案为：Did; eat; they; didn't.

八、阅读理解 (20 分)

58. (10 分) 阅读下面的短文，用 T 和 F 判断。

It is Sunday morning. Mr Brown and his son, Bill, are in a big shopping mall. Mr Brown wants to buy a new dress for Mrs. Brown. Bill likes oranges. So his father buys two kilos of oranges for him , too. There are many things and many people in the mall. There are men and women , old and young. They all want to buy something there. The people in the mall are friendly. They will be glad to help you find what you are looking

for.

(1) Mr Brown and Bill are in a big shopping mall on Saturday morning. F

(2) Mrs Brown wants to buy a new dress for Mr Brown. F

(3) Bill likes oranges. So his father buys him 2 kilos of oranges. T

(4) There are a lot of things and many people in the mall. T

(5) The people in the mall are old and friendly. F

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】星期天早上，布朗先生和他的儿子比尔在一个大商场里，布朗先生想给布朗太太买一件新衣服，比尔喜欢橘子，所以他父亲也给他买了两公斤橘子，商场里有很多东西和很多人，有男人和女人，无论老少，他们都想在那里买点东西，商场里的人很友好，他们会很乐意帮助你找到你想要的。

【解答】(1) F. 细节理解题。根据"It is Sunday morning. Mr Brown and his son, Bill, are in a big shopping mall"可知，星期天早上，布朗先生和他的儿子比尔在一个大商场里，而不是星期六，故答案为 F。

(2) F. 细节理解题。根据"Mr Brown wants to buy a new dress for Mrs. Brown". 可知布朗先生想给布朗太太买一件新衣服，而不是布朗太太给布朗先生买新衣服，故答案为 F。

(3) T. 细节理解题。根据"Bill likes oranges. So his father buys two kilos of oranges for him , too"可知比尔喜欢橘子，所以他父亲也给他买了两公斤橘子，故答案为 T。

(4) T. 细节理解题。根据"There are many things and many people in the mall"可知商场里有很多东西和很多人，观点是正确的，故答案为 T。

(5) F. 细节理解题。根据" There are men and women , old and young. The people in the mall are friendly"可知商场里有男人和女人，无论老少，商场里的人很友好，故答案为 F。

59. (10 分) 阅读下面的短文，选择正确的选项。

Mr Smith is an English teacher. He comes from America. He has a daughter. Her name is Amy, and she is a good engineer (工程师) in New York. Mr Smith likes traveling very much, and he can speak Spanish very well.

Now Mr Smith is in China, so he wants to learn some Chinese. He works very hard at his Chinese, and he goes to Chinese classes in an evening school. He has a lot of friends in China and they often help him. He likes to talk with them. He tells his daughter that he can speak good Chinese, and he doesn't have any trouble (困难) with his Chinese at all, but the Chinese have a lot.

(1) Mr Smith works in C.

A. a hospital

B. a police station

C. a school

D. a restaurant

(2) What's Mr Smith's daughter? C

A. A teacher.

B. A doctor.

C. An engineer.

D. A student.

(3) Mr Smith learns Chinese D.

A. very well

B. with his daughter

C. every morning

D. very hard

(4) Where does Mr Smith learn Chinese? A

A. In an evening school.

B. At home.

C. In his friend's home.

D. In a park.

(5) We know that Mr Smith is good at B.

A. Chinese

B. Spanish

C. Japanese

D. French

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】史密斯先生是一名英语老师。他来自美国。他有一个女儿。她的名字是艾米，她是纽约的一名优秀工程师。史密斯先生非常喜欢旅行，他会讲西班牙语。

现在史密斯先生在中国，所以他想学一些中国话。他非常努力地学习中文，并在一所夜校上中文课。他在中国有很多朋友，他们经常帮助他。他喜欢和他们交谈。他告诉他的女儿他的中文很好，他学中国话没有任何困难，但中国文字有很多。

【解答】(1) C. 考查文中细节。史密斯先生在哪儿工作？选项 A：医院。选项 B：警察局。选项 C：

学校。D：餐厅。根据文中 Mr Smith is an English teacher. 可知史密斯先生在学校工作。故选：C。

(2) C. 考查文中细节。史密斯的女儿是干什么的？选项 A：老师。选项 B：医生。选项 C：工程师。D：学生。根据文中 she is a good engineer (工程师) in New York. 可知史密斯先生的女儿是工程师。故选：C。

(3) D. 考查文中细节。史密斯先生学中文…选项 A：很好。选项 B：和他女儿一起。选项 C：每天早上。D：很努力。根据文中 He works very hard at his Chinese. 可知史密斯先生很努力学中文。故选：D。

(4) A. 考查文中细节。史密斯先生在哪儿学中文？选项 A：夜校。选项 B：家里。选项 C：朋友家里。D：公园。根据文中 he goes to Chinese classes in an evening school. 可知史密斯先生在夜校学习中文。故选：A。

(5) B. 考查文中细节。史密斯先生很擅长说什么语言？选项 A：中文。选项 B：西班牙语。选项 C：日语。D：法语。根据文中 he can speak Spanish very well. 可知史密斯先生西班牙语很厉害。故选：B。

九、根据中文完成下列句子（5 分）

60. (1 分) 老鼠害怕狮子。

The mouse is afraid of the lion.

【答案】afraid of

【分析】The mouse is afraid of the lion.

【解答】本题考查汉语词汇的英语表达。根据所给汉语及英语提示，句子缺少"害怕"的英文表达，放在 is 后面跟形容词形式，"害怕"译为 be afraid of。

故答案为：afraid of。

61. (1 分) 别让这些孩子吃甜食，对他们的健康没好处。

Don't let the kids eat sweet food. It's not good for their health.

【答案】for their health

【分析】Don't let the kids eat sweet food. It's not good for their health.

【解答】该题考查汉译英。首先通过中英文句子的比对，可知英文句子中缺少"对他们的健康"的表达。短语"对……有好处"的英文表达是：be good for，"他们的健康"是 their health，

故答案为：for their health。

62. (1 分) 贫困地区的大部分孩子上学得走很长的路。

Most of the children in poor areas to walk a long way to school.

【答案】Most of; to walk

【分析】It takes the children in poor areas a long time to walk a long way to school.

【解答】该题考查汉译英。根据句意以及句式可知，该句缺少"大部分"以及"走路"的英文表达，".....大部分"用 Most of 表达；"走路"译为 walk，前面加 to。

故答案为：Most of; to walk。

63. (1 分) 谢谢你帮助我们打扫房屋。

Thanks for helping us clean the house.

【答案】for helping us。

【分析】Thanks for helping us clean the house.

【解答】本题考查汉语词汇的英语表达。首先通过中英文句子的比对，可知英文句子中缺少"谢谢你帮助我们"的表达。短语"因……而谢谢你"的英文表达是：Thanks for (doing) sth. "帮我们打扫房屋"是 help us clean the house，可知句子译为：Thanks for helping us clean the house.

故答案为：for helping us。

64. (1 分) 大卫放学后喜欢玩电脑游戏和听音乐。

David likes playing computer games and listening to music after school.

【答案】likes playing; listening to music

【分析】David likes playing computer games and listening to music after school.

【解答】该题考查汉译英。首先通过中英文句子的比对，可知英文句子中缺少"喜欢玩"和"听音乐"的表达。短语"喜欢玩电脑游戏"的英文表达是：like playing computer games，"听音乐"是 listen to music，句子表述的是一个人的爱好，所以用一般现在时，第二个设空处的 listen 与前面的 play 并列，所以用动词的 ing 形式。

故答案为：likes playing; listening to music。