2021-2022 学年江苏省盐城市大丰区七年级(上)期末英语试卷

一、听对话回答问题。本部分共有 10 道小题,每小题你将听到一段对话,每段对话读两遍。在听每段对话前,你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目,听完后,你将有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

1. (1分) When does the girl get up?



Α.



B



2. (1 分) What sport does the man love?



Δ



В.



C.

3. (1 %) What does the woman in a white coat do?





В.



C.

4. (1 分) Where are they now?



Α.



В



C

5. (1 分) Who is the letter from?

- A. It's from Millie.
- B. It's from Amy.
- C. It's from Li Lei.

6. (1 %) How will the weather be tomorrow?

- A. Sunny.
- B. Cloudy.
- C. Rainy.

7. (1 分) Where is the man's computer?

- A. On the table.
- B. On the desk.
- C. On the bookcase.

8. (1分) How much is the coat?

Mike

	A. 50 yuan.		
	B. 150 yuan.		
	C. 200 yuan.		
9.	(1分) What does David's father like best?		
	A. Oranges.		
	B. Apples.		
	C. Pears.		
10	. (1分) How does John celebrate his birthday	7?	
	A. He has a party at home.		
	B. He goes to the park with his friends.		
	C. He goes to watch a film with his friends.		
=	、听对话和独白回答问题。本部分共有 10 道	小题,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中	中所给的 A、B、
C	三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白	读两遍。	
11	. (2分) (1) What are Simon's favourite vege	etables?	
	A. Tomatoes.		
	B. Potatoes.		
	C. Carrots.		
	(2) How often does Simon eat them?		
	A. Three or four times a week.		
	B. Four or five times a week.		
	C. Every day.		
12	. (3分)		
	Go sh	opping	
	Mother	• She comes to the (1)floor of the	
		shopping mall.	
		She wants to buy a (2)as the	
		birthday present.	

• He also looks for a present for his father.

	• He goes to (3)Clothes Shop on the third floor.
Father	He is very happy because the tie matches hi
	clothes very much.
(1) A. ground	
B. first	
C. second	
(2) A. watch	
B. tie	
C. wallet	
(3) A. Children's	
B. Women's	
C. Men's	
(5分)(1) Why does the girl want to be a	designer?
A. Because she likes wearing modern clothes	s.
B. Because her mother wants her to be.	
C. Because she likes designing.	
(2) Which of the following is NOT her designation	gn?
A. Jeans.	
B. A coat.	
C. Boots.	
(3) What is the sweater made of?	
A. Cotton.	
B. Wool.	

A. Pink.

B. White.

C. Black.

(5) What two t	hings have the same (木	相同的)colour?	
A. The coat and	the sweater.		
B. The coat and	the trousers.		
C. The boots and	d the sweater.		
三、单项选择,从	A、B、C、D 四个选 ¹	项中选出一个可以填入句中空白处的最佳答案。	
14. (1分) W	hat would you like for_	lunch today?	
I'd like just	hamburger. ()	
A. \; a	B. a; the	C. the; a D. $\langle \cdot \rangle$	
15. (1分) Our win	nter holiday will begin _	January 12, 2022. ()	
A. in	B. on	C. at D. to	
16. (1分) This pa	ir of trainers looks cool	. I'd like toif possible. (
A. try on it		B. try it on	
C. try them on		D. try on them	
17. (1分) V	Vould you like fi	ruit for the party?	
Yes, plea	ase give me bana	anas and apples. ()	
A. any; some		B. any; any	
C. some; any		D. some; some	
18. (1分)	What does Daniel like	doing in his free time?	
I don't ki	now because we	_talk about it when we meet. ()	
A. never	B. often	C. always D. sometimes	
19. (1分)	What are you doing?		
I'm	my basketball.We ca	an play basketball after school. ()	
A. looking at		B. looking for	
C. going for		D. going out	
20. (1分) We nee	d to buy some	_ and two meat for dinner this evening. ()
A. potato; kilos	3	B. potatoes; kiloes	
C. potatoes; kil	los	D. potatos; kilos	
21. (1分)	What do you think of	the twin sisters?	
	of them are lovely and	I like to make friends with them. (
A. All	B. Each	C. Every D. Both	

22. (1分) Miss Williams teaches	English this term.We love _	very much. ()
A. our; her B. us; her	C. we; she	D. I; she
23. (1 分) It me two hours to bu	y a birthday present for Amy.	The present19 yuan. ()
A. takes; spends	B. costs; takes	
C. spends; costs	D. takes; costs	
24. (1 分) —Mum,there any milk	at home?	
—Yes.There three cartons of milk	in the fridge. ()	
A. is; is B. are; are	C. is; are	D. are; is
25. (1分) I don't like these T - shirts. Co	ould you show me o	ne? ()
A. other B. others	C. the other	D. another
26. (1分)do you hold a sports m	neeting in your school?	
- Once a year. ()		
A. How soon B. How often	C. How far	D. How long
27. (1分) Dad usually some reading	ng after supper. Look, he	a newspaper now. ()
A. does; is reading		
B. is doing; is reading		
C. is doing; reads		
D. does; reads		
28. (1分) —?		
—I'd like some sweets and a bottle of juid	ce. ()	
A. Can you help me		
B. What can I do for you		
C. What are you doing		
D. What would you like to drink		
四、完形填空。		
29. $(15 分)$ The Black family come to a new	w big city.Mrs Black's son, Bo	ob, is not (1)Because, in the
new city, he doesn't have any (2)	to play with. "Don't worry	!" says his mother. "You will soon make
friends here."		
One(3), there is a knock at the	ne door.Bob's (4), Mr	rs Black, opens it. There stands a woman
with brown hair.It is Mrs White.She comes	to (5)eggs.She wa	ants to make cakes.Mrs Black lends her

(6)	.In the afternoon, the	re is another kn	ock at the door.N	Mrs Black opens it and sees a (7)
standing there.	"My name is Jack White	e, "he says. "My	mother sends ();	送)(8)this cake and the two
eggs.""Well, th	nank you,Jack," says	s Mrs Black." (9	and me	et my son Bob."
Look!Bob	and Jack are(10)	the cake and m	nilk.They are playi	ng football.Now they are(11)!
Jack says	, "I'm glad you live	next door."Bob	says, "I must	thank your mother for coming for
(12)	."Jack laughs and says	to Bob, "She do	pesn't (13)	_the two eggs, she just wants to make
friends with you	ır mother."Bob says, "T	Chat's a (n) (14)	way to n	nake friends.It's an easy way, too.It can
work!"				
(15)	if you're ready to	make friends, yo	u can always find	some ways!
(1)	A. friendly	B. free	C. lazy	D. happy
(2)	A. basketball	B. football	C. toys	D. friends
(3)	A. morning	B. afternoon	C. evening	D. noon
(4)	A. sister	B. teacher	C. doctor	D. mother
(5)	A. put	B. borrow	C. give	D. buy
(6)	A. one	B. two	C. three	D. four
(7)	A. girl	B. man	C. boy	D. woman
(8)	A. we	B. you	C. us	D. them
(9)	A. Come in	B. Go away	C. Get out	D. Come out
(10)	A. looking	B. eating	C. having	D. drinking
(11)	A. classmates	B. members	C. friends	D. brothers
(12)	A. eggs	B. friends	C. cake	D. milk
(13)	A. eat	B. want	C. like	D. buy
(14)	A. popular	B. poor	C. interesting	D. cheap
(15)	A. But	B. So	C. Or	D. When

五、阅读理解,阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 $A \times B \times C \times D$ 四个选项中选出最佳答案。

30. (6分)

Big Dream Summer Camp		
Let's learn		
facts about the Earth		
about air/light/water/noise problems		
how to make better use of garbage(垃圾)		
how to grow trees and flowers		
Bring		
a sleeping bag clothes for 7 days		
Join		
Camp 1 July 5 - 11 Camp 2 July 15 - 21		
Camp 3 August 1 - 7 Camp 4 August 10 - 16		
We welcome students between 12 and 18 years old.		
(1) David needs to take with him for Big Dream Summer Camp.		
A. his pet dog and some clothes		
B. a sleeping bag and his MP4		
C. a sleeping bag and some clothes		
D. a mobile phone and some snacks		
(2) Jenny has to join because of her piano lessons from July 7 to August 6.		
A. Camp 1		
B. Camp 2		
C. Camp 3		
D. Camp 4		
(3) Who can't join Big Dream Summer Camp according to the poster?		
A. Jack, a 15 - year - old boy		
B. Cindy, a college girl of 20		
C. Tony, a naughty boy of 13		
D. Tina, a 16 - year - old school girl		

31. $(6\,\%)$ One day, a boy was playing in a garden. He was running after butterflies and trying to catch them. He

was very happy to see the beautiful flowers.

Then he saw a frog jumping. As he ran behind the frog, it jumped into the lake, A cow was also eating grass in the garden. He saw how the cow was eating grass. A fly (苍蝇) then came there and buzzed (发出嗡嗡声) over the cow. The cow moved her tail (尾巴) to make the fly move away. The child laughed.

The boy was enjoying the beauty of nature.He said, "Nature is wonderful.Its beauty is enjoyed by everyone.

When he saw a squirrel (松鼠), he ran after it and reached near the bed of roses.He tried to pick (采摘) some of the roses, but a thorn (刺) pierced (扎) him.The boy started crying and ran to his house.

His mother asked him, "What is the matter? Why are you crying? "The boy said,' The thorn of the rose hurt me while I was picking it and now it feel pain(疼痛)."

His mother said, "You did something wrong. You should not have tried to pick the flower. The flowers are meant to be seen and not to be picked. Besides, natural beauty should never be harmed. We should help to protect the nature."

The son said, "I will always follow what you have just told, mama."The Mother said, "Let me know what you have learned today." Her son said, "We should protect animals and plants. We should never harm them."

(1) Which of the following showed the right order according to the story?
a. The boy ran after the squirrel and the rose hurt him.
b.The boy saw a fly coming to the cow.
c.The frog jumped into the pond.
d.The boy tried to catch the butterflies.
A. d-b-c-a
B. d-c-b-a

D. b - a - d - c

C. b-d-c-a

- (2) Why did the boy start crying?
- A. He couldn't catch the butterflies.
- B. He couldn't reach the bed of roses.
- C. He hurt himself when picking roses.
- D. He made the fly move away.

	(3) From the underlined sentence in Paragraph 3, we can infer that
	A. nature is the most beautiful thing in the world
	B. the boy has no interest in the wonderful nature
	C. everyone should try his best to protect nature well
	D. the boy likes the beauty of nature very much
32	2. (8分) Look!Here comes a cute bus.It looks like a panda with black ears and big eyes.It can carry 22 people
	and is about 12 meters long. The Smart Panda Bus uses AI technology. It can do a lot of things. The bus car
	drive by itself without (没有) a driver.Don't worry!It's very safe.When you get on the bus, you can swipe
	(刷) your hand.The bus will read it and know who you are.There are alo robots (机器人) on the bus.You
	can talk to them and ask them for help.If there is a thief (小偷) on the bus, the bus will call the police.People
	in some cities, such as Changzhou in Jiangsu, Jinan in Shandong and Deyang in Sichuan, can take the bus.Do
	you want to have a try? On the bus, there is a machine. You can buy breakfast and dinner. This can save you a
	lot of time.
	(1) The Smart Panda Bus
	A. is all black
	B. is 12 metres wide
	C. can drive by a panda
	D. is very safe
	(2) People can't on the Smart Panda Bus.
	A. buy their breakfast
	B. talk to the driver
	C. swipe the hand
	D. ask robots for help
	(3) Which city doesn't have this kind of bus?
	A. Changzhou.
	B. Jinan.
	C. Suzhou.
	D. Deyang.
	(4) Where can we find the passage?

- A. In a newspaper.
- B. In a storybook.
- C. In a comic book.
- D. In a notebook.



33. (10 分) How much physical (身体的) activity do you do? In the past, your grandparents walked miles to school or to work. They cut wood, carried water or heavy things, washed clothes, worked in the fields and so on. Now we have washing machines, cars and buses. Most of us don't grow vegetables, and parents usually drive their kids where they want to go. But your body is designed for physical activity, and without enough exercise, it starts to slow down and become unhealthy.

There are some ways to do physical activity for free.

- Climb stairs (楼梯) instead of (代替) using lifts (电梯).
- Walk or ride your bike to school (Don't ask your mum or dad to drive you).
- Play games after class or after school.
- Practise skills like running and catching, throwing, kicking, hitting, or bouncing a ball.
- Walk when you talk with a friend, instead of sitting down.
- Walk or run with the dog (if you haven't got one, borrow one from a neighbour).
- Make and fly a kite.

What other ideas can you <u>come up with</u>? You can do a lot of these things by yourself. There are lots of other things that you can do. They may cost some money, and you will have to keep that time free.

(1) Who did more physical activity in the past according to Paragraph 1?			
A.	Children.		
В.	Children's parents.		
C.	Children's grandparents.		
D.	It's difficult to say.		
(2	2) Why do we do exercise?		

A. To keep healthy.
B. To eat more.
C. To be good at sports.
D. To run fast.
(3) What does the underlined phrase "come up with" in the last paragraph mean?
A. 回来.
B. 发生.
C. 想到.
D. 出现.
(4) How many ways does the writer ask us to practise?
A. 6.
B. 7.
C. 8.
D. 9.
(5) Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
A. Climbing stairs is better than taking lifts.
B. Play games when you have free time.
C. Dogs can help you do exercise.
D. Sit when you are talking with friends.
Physical Actority —
六、信息还原,根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项(选项中有一项为多余选
项)。
34. (10 分) Do you know about Brazil Carnival (巴西狂欢节)? The festival comes from a story in the Bible
(《圣经》). (1) And the history of Brazil Carnival goes back to 1840.
Brazil Carnival is usually in February. (2) It is a hot festival.Many places in Brazil celebrate it.But
the biggest celebration is in Rio de Janeiro. (3) People wear colourful clothes. They sing and dance on
the streets to celebrate it.And there is a big parade (游行).Millions of people go to watch it every year!

(4) People dance Samba to music. They hope to dance to keep away from sad things	and worries.
(5) That is what Carnival is for—getting together and having fun!	
A. The celebration there goes on for four days and nights.	
B. It's a very old festival.	
C. People enjoy staying at home during the festival.	
D. Family members and friends have a good time together.	
E. Dancing is the best activity of all.	
F. It is summer in Brazil.	
七、阅读与回答。阅读短文,根据短文内容回答下列问题(每题答案不超过5个词)	
35. (10分) Tom is 35 years old.He is tall and a little heavy.He is the boss (老板) of a bank.He	starts work at
nine o'clock every morning. He finishes work at five o'clock in the afternoon. Tom lives near the	bank, so he
walks to work every day. Tom has a brother and a sister. They also work at the bank. They live	far from the
bank. They drive cars to work every day.	
In the bank, Tom helps the employees (雇员) and tells them what to do.He likes his job and	he is good at
it. Tom likes to talk to people and make them feel happy. Many people like Tom, and they say hello	to him when
they see him. Tom has a 7 - year - old daughter, Helen. She wants to be a bank boss like her dad.	
阅读短文,根据短文内容回答下列问题(每题答案不超过5个词)	
(1) How many hours does Tom work a day?	
(2) How does Tom go to work every day?	
(3) What do people do when they see Tom?	
(4) How old is Tom's daughter?	
(5) What does Tom's daughter want to be?	

八、根据句意和汉语提示写出单词, 完成句子。

36. (1 分) Simon really likes playing football and Messi is his	(偶像).
37. (1分) The materials of the show (包括) old news	spapers, CDs and other things.
38. (1 分) The children in the hospital get all kinds of	(礼物) from the kind people.
39. (1 分) Jay Chou is really a good singer and his songs are	(受欢迎的) among young
people.	
40. (1分) Tina would like to go to the famous traditional	(餐馆) to taste the dishes.
九、根据句意用所给单词的适当形式填空。每空一词。	
41. (1分) Sleeping for (little) than 6 hours every day	is bad for your health.
42. (1分) Doing outdoor (activity) can help stude	ents improve their abilities and skills.
43. (1分) Thank you for (wait) for me for such a lon	g time.
44. (1分) I visit my grandparents (two) a week.I us	ually have a big dinner there.
45. (1分) Kobe Bryant, one of the top basketball((play), died in an accident in 2020.
十、根据短文内容及首字母提示,填写所缺单词,使其意思完整。	
46. (10 分) May 20 th is National Students Nutrition (营养) Day.Why is	nutrition (1) i?
Just as a mobile phone needs energy from electricity (电), we need energy	ergy (2)f food.Eating
food is the only way to (3) m us strong. What we eat and to	the way we eat are also very important
(4) b they decide whether (是否) we can get good in	nutrition.
Many of us have bad eating habits.Some (5) d ea	at breakfast.Some eat too much fast
food.Others often eat some food with too much (6) s1	ike cakes, a sweets. And those sweet
snacks are also bad for their (7) tThese bad	habits may cause (引起)(8) h
problems, which are bad for the growth of our bodies.	
More and more students of Chinese middle and primary schools are r	now (9) h nutrition
meals, such as milk and fruit. This year, the theme of National Students Nut	trition Day is "improve the nutrition of
students in the countryside".The government(政府) will (10)s	a lot of money helping students
get nutrition meals.	
十一、书面表达。	
47. (20 分) 期末临近,学校希望家校双方对每位学生在这一学期的表	 長 現都做一个整体的、客观的评价。
请根据表格内容提示,适当发挥想象。写一篇80词左右的英语短文	, 总结一下大家对外籍同学 Tom 的
评价。	

同学的评价	1.很酷,红领带与衣服很配;
	2.善良,用自己的零花钱为班级购书。
老师的评价	1.聪明,擅长数学,爱好阅读;
	2.对中国节日很感兴趣,了解春节,(列举两个春节活动)。
父母的评价	1.良好的生活方式,极少吃
	2.经常运动,强壮。

注意:

- (1) 词数80左右(短文开头结尾已给出,不计入总词数);
- (2) 短文必须包含所有要点,并作适当发挥,使短文连贯、通顺。

Tom behaves (表现) well this term.

We all hope Tom will be better next year.

2021-2022 学年江苏省盐城市大丰区七年级(上)期末英语试卷

参考答案与试题解析

- 一、听对话回答问题。本部分共有 10 道小题,每小题你将听到一段对话,每段对话读两遍。在听每段对话前,你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目,听完后,你将有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。
- 1. (1分) When does the girl get up?



A



В.



【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】1. A

【原文】M: What time do you get up?

W: Usually I get up at a quarter past six.

2. (1 分) What sport does the man love?



Α.



В.



C.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】2. C

【原文】W: Do you often play sports?

M: Yes.I love playing volleyball.

3. (1 %) What does the woman in a white coat do?



Α.



В.



【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】3. B

【原文】M: Who is the woman in a white coat?

W: She is our Maths teacher.

Q: What does the woman in a white coat do?

4. (1 分) Where are they now?



Α.



В.



C.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】4. B

【原文】W: Simon, can you tell me what today's Chinese homework is?

M: Look at the blackboard. It says reading the story on Page 2.

5. (1分) Who is the letter from?

A. It's from Millie.

B. It's from Amy.

C. It's from Li Lei.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】5. A

【原文】W: Li Lei, here is a letter for you.

M: Thank you.Oh, my pen friend Millie wrote to me.

Q: Who is the letter from?

6. (1 分) How will the weather be tomorrow?

A. Sunny.

B. Cloudy.

C. Rainy.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】6. C

【原文】W: What's the weather like today?

- M: It's sunny.But tomorrow it will be rainy.
- Q: How will the weather be tomorrow?
- 7. (1 分) Where is the man's computer?
 - A. On the table.
 - B. On the desk.
 - C. On the bookcase.
 - 【答案】见试题解答内容
 - 【分析】略
 - 【解答】7. C
 - 【原文】M: Is my computer on the table?
 - W: No, it isn't. It's on the bookcase.
 - Q: Where is the man's computer?
- 8. (1分) How much is the coat?
 - A. 50 yuan.
 - B. 150 yuan.
 - C. 200 yuan.
 - 【答案】见试题解答内容
 - 【分析】略
 - 【解答】8. B
 - 【原文】M: How much are these?
 - W: The cap is 50 yuan and the coat is 150 yuan.
 - Q: How much is the coat?
- 9. (1分) What does David's father like best?
 - A. Oranges.
 - B. Apples.
 - C. Pears.
 - 【答案】见试题解答内容
 - 【分析】略
 - 【解答】9. B
 - 【原文】W: What is your father's favourite fruit, David?

- M: Pears.Oh, no!Apples.
- 10. (1分) How does John celebrate his birthday?
 - A. He has a party at home.
 - B. He goes to the park with his friends.
 - C. He goes to watch a film with his friends.

【分析】略

【解答】10. C

【原文】略

- 二、听对话和独白回答问题。本部分共有 10 道小题,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、
- C三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白读两遍。
- 11. (2 分) (1) What are Simon's favourite vegetables?
 - A. Tomatoes.
 - B. Potatoes.
 - C. Carrots.
 - (2) How often does Simon eat them?
 - A. Three or four times a week.
 - B. Four or five times a week.
 - C. Every day.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】略

【解答】11. C 12. A

- 【原文】M: What kind of food do you like, Kitty?
- W: I like vegetables. What about you, Simon?
- M: Me too, and I like carrots best.
- W: How often do you eat them?
- M: I eat them three or four times a week. What about you?
- W: I eat vegetables every day.
- 12. (3分)

Go s	hopping
Mother	• She comes to the (1)floor of the
	shopping mall.
	• She wants to buy a (2)as the
	birthday present.
Mike	• He also looks for a present for his father.
	●He goes to (3)Clothes Shop on
	the third floor.
Father	He is very happy because the tie matches his
	clothes very much.

- (1) A. ground
- B. first
- C. second
- (2) A. watch
- B. tie
- C. wallet
- (3) A. Children's
- B. Women's
- C. Men's

【分析】略

【解答】13. A 14. C 15. C

【原文】Mike is going shopping with his mother. They are looking for presents for Mike's father because his birthday is coming soon. Mike's mother comes to the ground floor. There are different kinds of wallets. She finds a modern one. It is very popular, but it is too expensive. Mike goes to Men's Clothes Shop on the third floor. He is looking for a tie for his father. He only has \$10 in his pocket and it's not enough. So, he waits for his mother to come. His father is very happy, because the tie matches his clothes very well.

13. (5 分) (1) Why does the girl want to be a designer?

- A. Because she likes wearing modern clothes.
- B. Because her mother wants her to be.
- C. Because she likes designing.
 - (2) Which of the following is NOT her design?
- A. Jeans.
- B. A coat.
- C. Boots.
 - (3) What is the sweater made of?
- A. Cotton.
- B. Wool.
- C. Leather.
- (4) What colour are the trousers?
- A. Pink.
- B. White.
- C. Black.
- (5) What two things have the same (相同的) colour?
- A. The coat and the sweater.
- B. The coat and the trousers.
- C. The boots and the sweater.

【分析】略

【解答】16. C 17. A 18. B 19. C 20. A

【原文】I like designing very much.I want to be a designer when I grow up.If you want to be my model, I can design modern clothes for you.Look, here is my design.First, I designed a coat.The pink coat is made of cotton and it's very long.So it's very warm to wear in winter.The sweater is made of wool.Its colour is pink too.It's good to wear in winter.The black trousers are made of leather, and they are very comfortable.Finally, I designed a pair of boots, and the boots are white.They are long and made of leather too.They match the clothes very well.

What do you think of my design? I think they are really great together. I hope you become my model soon.

三、单项选择,从 $A \times B \times C \times D$ 四个选项中选出一个可以填入句中空白处的最佳答案。
14. (1 分) What would you like forlunch today?
I'd like just hamburger. ()
A. $\$; a B. a; the C. the; a D. $\$; $\$
【答案】见试题解答内容
【分析】 今天午饭你想吃什么? 我只要一个汉堡包.
【解答】句意:你今天午饭想吃什么?我只想吃一个汉堡. 定冠词 the 常用来表特指;不定冠
词泛指"一个,一次"等,不定冠词 a 用于以辅音音素开头的单词或字母前,不定冠词 an 用于以元音音
素开头的单词或字母前.表示三餐的名词前不加冠词;第二空泛指"一个汉堡",hamburger 以辅音音素
开头, 其前用不定冠词 a.
故选: A.
15. (1 分) Our winter holiday will begin January 12, 2022. ()
A. in B. on C. at D. to
【答案】B
【分析】我们的寒假将于 2022 年 1 月 12 日开始。
【解答】in 在(某年某月某季节); on 在(具体某一天); at 在(某一时刻); to 向。根据空后"January 12,
2022",表示"2022年1月12日"这一天;英语中,表示在"具体的某一天",用介词 on。
故选: B。
16. (1 分) This pair of trainers looks cool. I'd like toif possible. ()
A. try on it B. try it on
C. try them on D. try on them
【答案】C
【分析】这双运动鞋看起来很酷。如果可能的话我想试穿一下。
【解答】try on 意为试穿,题目中运动鞋 trainers 对应的代词应用复数 them。try on 这类动副词短语,加
名词放后面,加代词放中间。所以试穿运动鞋用 try them on。
故选: C。
17. (1分) Would you like fruit for the party?
Yes, please give me bananas and apples. ()
A. any; some B. any; any
C. some; any D. some; some

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【答案】见试题解答内容		
【分析】 - 派对上你需要一些水果吗	?	
- 是的,请给我一些香蕉和苹果.		
【解答】句意:你想为聚会要备	些水果吗? 是的,给我一些香蕉和苹果. any 意为"一些	; 任
何",用于否定句和疑问句中; some i	意为"一些",用于肯定句或希望得到肯定回答的疑问句中. 第	一句
是希望得到肯定回答的疑问句,用 so	ome; 第二句式肯定句,用 some.	
故选: D.		
18. (1分) What does Daniel like	e doing in his free time?	
I don't know because we	talk about it when we meet. ()	
A. never B. often	C. always D. sometimes	
【答案】A		
【分析】 - Daniel 在闲暇时间喜欢做	什么?	
- 我不知道,因为我们见面时从不讨	论这事。	
【解答】never 从不。often 经常。alwa	ays 总是。sometimes 有时候。根据题干的答语: I don't know	我不
知道。可知 because 引导的从句表达得	否定:我不知道,因为我们见面时从不讨论这事。	
故选: A。		
19. (1分) What are you doing?		
I'm my basketball.We c	can play basketball after school. ()	
A. looking at	B. looking for	
C. going for	D. going out	
【答案】B		
【分析】 - 你正在做什么?		

- 我正在找篮球。放学后我们可以打篮球。

【解答】A 选项表示看。B 选项表示寻找。C 选项表示选择、倾心于等。D 选项表示外出。根据题干中 We can play basketball after school.可知说话人为了放学后可以打篮球正在找篮球,则 B 选项符合题意。 故选: B。

20.	(1分)	We need to buy some	and t	wo	meat for dinner this evening.	()

A. potato; kilos B. potatoes; kiloes

C. potatoes; kilos D. potatos; kilos

【答案】C

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【分析】今晚晚餐我们需要买一些土豆和两公斤肉。

【解答】pota	ito 土豆,可数名词,some	修饰可数名词复数或不	可数名词,potato 的复数是 potatoes,	排
除 A 和 D; k	ilo 公斤,千克,重量单位	立,位于 two 后用复数形	式 kilos。	
故选: C。				
21. (1分)	- What do you think of th	ne twin sisters?		
	of them are lovely and I	like to make friends with	them. ()	
A. All	B. Each	C. Every	D. Both	
【答案】D				
【分析】 - 伤	r觉得双胞胎姐妹怎么样?	- 她们俩个都很可爱,	我喜欢和她们交朋友。	
【解答】A表	· 表示所有、全部,指三者及	以上,B 表示每一个,C	C表示每一个, D表示两者都。根据题	干
中 twin sisters	,可知此处双胞胎姐妹都很	是可爱,此处指两者,则	应用 both,符合题意。	
故选: D。				
22. (1分) Miss	s Williams teaches	_ English this term.We lov	ve very much. ()	
A. our; her	B. us; her	C. we; she	D. I; she	
【答案】B				
【分析】威廉		语。我们非常爱她。		
【解答】our	我们的,形容词性物主代	词;her她、她的,人称	代词宾格或形容词性物主代词; us 我们	Ϊ],
人称代词宾格	S;we 我们,人称代词主标	各; she 她,人称代词主	格;I 我,人称代词主格。teach sb sth"	教
某人某物",多	第一空作宾语,用代词宾村	各 us;第二空作"love"的	宾语,也用代词宾格,her"她"符合。	
故选: B。				
23. (1分) It	me two hours to buy	y a birthday present for An	ny. The present19 yuan. ()
A. takes; s	pends	B. costs; takes		
C. spends;	costs	D. takes; costs		
【答案】见词	 【题解答内容			
【分析】为艾	达米买生日礼物花费了我 两	5个小时,礼物花费了我	19 元.	
【解答】答案	₹: D 分析句子,结合选エ	页,推测意思是为艾米买	K生日礼物花费了我两个小时,礼物花	费
了我 19 元. 🤄	第一空主语是 it,考查句式	式 it take sb. time to do,	第二空主语是物,对象是钱,用 cost	Ξ,
故选: D。				
24. (1分) —M	Ium,there any milk a	at home?		
—Yes.There _	three cartons of milk i	in the fridge. (

C. is; are

B. are; are

D. are; is

A. is; is

【答案】C				
【分析】 - 妈妈	马,家里有牛奶吗?			
- 有。冰箱里有				
【解答】考查 b	e 动词。第一空的主语是	:不可数名词 milk,be	e 动词用 is;第二空主语是 cartons,	be 动词
用 are。				
故选: C。				
25. (1分) I don't	like these T - shirts. Cou	ıld you show me	one? ()	
A. other	B. others	C. the other	D. another	
【答案】见试匙	逐解答内容			
【分析】我不喜	喜欢这些 T 恤, 你能给我	看另外的一件吗?		
【解答】答案:	D 分析句子,结合选项	,推测意思是我不喜	喜欢这些 T 恤,你能给我看另外的一	-件吗?
这里表示三者或	过三者以上当中的另外一	个,故选 D. A 其它	的,B其他人,C两者中的另外一个	۲.
26. (1分)	do you hold a sports med	eting in your school?		
- Once a year.	()			
A. How soon	B. How often	C. How far	D. How long	
【答案】见试匙	 			
【分析】	· 你学校多久举行一次运	动会?		
一年一次	₹.			
【解答】答案:	B. how soon 多久之后,	how often 多久一次	K,how far 多远,how long 多长时间],结合
once a year 用 h	ow often 询问频率,故选	∄ B.		
27. (1分) Dad us	sually some reading	g after supper. Look	, he a newspaper now. ()
A. does; is re	eading			
B. is doing; i	s reading			
C. is doing;	reads			
D. does; read	ls			
【答案】见试匙	题解答内容			
【分析】爸爸通	通常晚饭后读点书. 看,	现在他正在看报纸.		
【解答】句意:	爸爸通常饭后读书	. 看,他现在正在读	一份报纸. 根据题干中 usually 可知]第一句

用一般现在时,主语"Dad"是第三人称单数,谓语动词用第三人称单数形式 does;再由题干中 now 可知

第二句是现在进行时,其结构是"be doing".

故选: A.

28. (1分) —?
—I'd like some sweets and a bottle of juice. ()
A. Can you help me
B. What can I do for you
C. What are you doing
D. What would you like to drink
【答案】B
【分析】一我能为你做什么?
一我想要一些糖果和一瓶果汁。
【解答】根据语境,题干是购物的场景,设空处应是售货员招呼顾客的礼貌用语,因此 B 项表述符合
语境。干扰项 Can you help me 意为"你能帮我吗"; What are you doing 意为"你正在做什么"; What would
you like to drink 意为"你想喝什么";均不符合语境。
故选: B。
四、完形填空。
29. (15 分) The Black family come to a new big city.Mrs Black's son, Bob, is not (1)Because, in the
new city, he doesn't have any (2)to play with. "Don't worry!" says his mother. "You will soon make
friends here."
One (3) A, there is a knock at the door.Bob's (4) D, Mrs Black, opens it.There stands a woman
with brown hair.It is Mrs White.She comes to (5) <u>B</u> eggs.She wants to make cakes.Mrs Black lends her (6)
B .In the afternoon, there is another knock at the door.Mrs Black opens it and sees a (7) standing there.
"My name is Jack White," he says. "My mother sends (送)(8) B this cake and the two eggs.""Well, thank
you, Jack, "says Mrs Black." (9) A and meet my son Bob."
Look!Bob and Jack are (10) the cake and milk.They are playing football.Now they are (11) C
Jack says, "I'm glad you live next door."Bob says, "I must thank your mother for coming for (12)
A "Jack laughs and says to Bob, "She doesn't (13) B the two eggs, she just wants to make friends with
your mother."Bob says, "That's a (n) (14) <u>C</u> way to make friends.It's an easy way, too.It can work!"
(15) B if you're ready to make friends, you can always find some ways!
27

(1)	A. friendly	B. free	C. lazy	D. happy
(2)	A. basketball	B. football	C. toys	D. friends
(3)	A. morning	B. afternoon	C. evening	D. noon
(4)	A. sister	B. teacher	C. doctor	D. mother
(5)	A. put	B. borrow	C. give	D. buy
(6)	A. one	B. two	C. three	D. four
(7)	A. girl	B. man	C. boy	D. woman
(8)	A. we	B. you	C. us	D. them
(9)	A. Come in	B. Go away	C. Get out	D. Come out
(10)	A. looking	B. eating	C. having	D. drinking
(11)	A. classmates	B. members	C. friends	D. brothers
(12)	A. eggs	B. friends	C. cake	D. milk
(13)	A. eat	B. want	C. like	D. buy
(14)	A. popular	B. poor	C. interesting	D. cheap
(15)	A. But	B. So	C. Or	D. When

【分析】文章主要通过怀特夫人搬新家的一天,告诉我们:如果准备好交朋友,总能找到一些方法!

【解答】(1) D.形容词辨析.A.friendly 友好的; B.free 免费的; C.lazy 懒惰人; D.happy 开心的; 根据句意, 布莱克夫人的儿子鲍勃不高兴。由下文的他没有新朋友,可推出他不开心。故选: D。

- (2) D.名词辨析.A.basketball 篮球, B.football 足球, C.toys 玩具, D.friends 朋友, 根据句意, 因为在新城市里,他没有朋友可以一起玩。故选: D。
- (3) A.名词辨析.A.morning 早上; B.afternoon 下午; C.evening 晚上; D.noon 中午; 根据句意,一天早上,有人敲门。下文提到了"In the afternoon",可知这里是早上。故选: A。
- (4) D.名词辨析.A.sister 姐姐; B.teacher 老师; C.doctor 医生; D.mother 妈妈; 根据句意,鲍勃的妈妈, 布莱克夫人,打开了它。故选: D。
- (5) B.动词辨析.A.put 放; B.borrow 借; C.give 给; D.buy 买; 根据句意,她来借鸡蛋。故选: B。
- (6) B.数词辨析.A.one 一; B.two 二; C.three 三; D.four 四; 根据句意,她想做蛋糕。布莱克太太借给她两个。下文提到了"and the two eggs."两个鸡蛋,所以这里是原词复现。故选: B。

- (7) C.名词辨析.A.girl 女孩; B.man 男人; C.boy 男孩; D.woman 女人; 根据句意,布莱克太太打开门,看见一个男孩站在那里。下文提到了杰克,所以是 boy。故选: C。
- (8) B.代词辨析.A.we 我们; B.you 你们; C.us 我们; D.them 他们; 根据句意, 他说。"我妈妈送你们这个蛋糕和两个鸡蛋。"故选: B。
- (9) A.动词短语辨析.A.Come in 进来; B.Go away 走开; C.Get out 出去; D.Come out 出来; 根据句意, 布莱克太太说。"进来见见我的儿子鲍勃。"故选: A。
- (10) C.动词辨析.A.looking 看; B.eating 吃; C.having 吃; D.drinking 喝; 根据句意,看!鲍勃和杰克正在吃蛋糕和牛奶。这里提到了蛋糕和牛奶,所以 eating 和 drinking 不能选,只能选 having。故选: C。
- (11) C.名词辨析.A.classmates 同学; B.members 成员; C.friends 朋友; D.brothers 兄弟; 根据句意,现在他们是朋友了!故选: C。
- (12) A.名词辨析.A.eggs 鸡蛋; B.friends 朋友; C.cake 蛋糕; D.milk 牛奶; 根据句意, 鲍勃说: "我必须感谢你妈妈来取鸡蛋。"故选: A。
- (13) B.动词辨析.A.eat 吃; B.want 想要; C.like 喜欢; D.buy 买; 根据句意, 杰克笑着对鲍勃说: "她不想要这两个鸡蛋, 她只是想和你妈妈做朋友。"故选: B。
- (14) C.形容词辨析.A.popular 受欢迎的; B.poor 贫穷的; C.interesting 有趣的; D.cheap 便宜的; 根据句意,妈妈向邻居借两个鸡蛋 然后给蛋糕 这种交朋友的方式是有趣的。故选: C。
- (15) B.连词辨析.A.But 但是; B.So 所以; C.Or 或者; D.When 何时; 根据句意, 所以, 如果你准备好交朋友, 你总能找到一些方法!故选: B。

五、阅读理解,阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案。

30. (6分)

Big Dream Summer Camp

Let's learn

facts about the Earth

about air/light/water/noise problems

how to make better use of garbage(垃圾)

how to grow trees and flowers

Bring

a sleeping bag clothes for 7 days

Join

Camp 1 July 5 - 11 Camp 2 July 15 - 21

Camp 3 August 1 - 7 Camp 4 August 10 - 16

We welcome students between 12 and 18 years old.

- (1) David needs to take C with him for Big Dream Summer Camp.
- A. his pet dog and some clothes
- B. a sleeping bag and his MP4
- C. a sleeping bag and some clothes
- D. a mobile phone and some snacks
- (2) Jenny has to join ____ because of her piano lessons from July 7 to August 6.
- A. Camp 1
- B. Camp 2
- C. Camp 3
- D. Camp 4
- (3) Who can't join Big Dream Summer Camp according to the poster? B
- A. Jack, a 15 year old boy
- B. Cindy, a college girl of 20
- C. Tony, a naughty boy of 13
- D. Tina, a 16 year old school girl

【答案】CDB

【分析】这是一个夏令营的广告,包括时间,内容等信息。

【解答】(1) C.细节理解题。根据 Bring a sleeping bag; clothes for 7 days 可知学生需要带睡袋和衣服,故选 C。

- (2) D.细节推理题。根据 Camp 1 July 5~11 Camp 2 July 15~21 Camp 3 August 1~7 Camp 4 August 10~16 可知珍妮的钢琴课在 July 7 to August 6, 所以只能参加 Camp 4, 故选 D。
- (3) B.细节推理题。根据 We welcome students between 12 and 18 years old 可知 20 岁的辛迪是不能参加夏令营的,故选 B。
- 31. (6 分) One day, a boy was playing in a garden.He was running after butterflies and trying to catch them.He was very happy to see the beautiful flowers.

Then he saw a frog jumping. As he ran behind the frog, it jumped into the lake, A cow was also eating grass in the garden. He saw how the cow was eating grass. A fly (苍蝇) then came there and buzzed (发出嗡嗡声) over the cow. The cow moved her tail (尾巴) to make the fly move away. The child laughed.

The boy was enjoying the beauty of nature.He said, "Nature is wonderful.Its beauty is enjoyed by everyone.

When he saw a squirrel(松鼠),he ran after it and reached near the bed of roses.He tried to pick(采摘)some of the roses,but a thorn (刺)pierced (扎)him.The boy started crying and ran to his house.

His mother asked him, "What is the matter? Why are you crying? "The boy said,' The thorn of the rose hurt me while I was picking it and now it feel pain(疼痛)."

His mother said, "You did something wrong. You should not have tried to pick the flower. The flowers are meant to be seen and not to be picked. Besides, natural beauty should never be harmed. We should help to protect the nature."

The son said, "I will always follow what you have just told, mama."The Mother said, "Let me know what you have learned today." Her son said, "We should protect animals and plants. We should never harm them."

(1) Which of the following showed the right order according to the story? <u>B</u>

a. The boy ran after the squirrel and the rose hurt him.

b. The boy saw a fly coming to the cow.

c.The frog jumped into the pond.

d. The boy tried to catch the butterflies.

(2) Why did the boy start crying? C

A. He couldn't catch the butterflies.

- B. He couldn't reach the bed of roses.
- C. He hurt himself when picking roses.
- D. He made the fly move away.
 - (3) From the underlined sentence in Paragraph 3, we can infer that \underline{A} .

- A. nature is the most beautiful thing in the world
- B. the boy has no interest in the wonderful nature
- C. everyone should try his best to protect nature well
- D. the boy likes the beauty of nature very much

【答案】BCA

【分析】短文讲了一天一个男孩在花园里玩。详细地介绍了他是如何在大自然中玩耍的,及其被玫瑰刺伤后,懂得人们应该学会保护动植物。

【解答】(1) B.细节排序题。根据第一段句子"He was running after butterflies and trying to catch them.说 的是追蝴蝶;第二段句子 Then he saw a frog jumping.As he ran behind the frog, it jumped into the lake,青蛙跳进湖里; A fly (苍蝇) then came there and buzzed (发出嗡嗡声) over the cow.说的是苍蝇;第四段句子 When he saw a squirrel (松鼠),he ran after it and reached near the bed of roses.He tried to pick (采摘) some of the roses,but a thorn (刺)pierced (扎)him.说的是追松鼠,被玫瑰刺伤;"可知结合选项,正确顺序为 d - c - b - a。故选 B。

- (2) C.细节理解题。根据"He tried to pick(采摘) some of the roses,but a thorn (刺)pierced (扎) him.The boy started crying and ran to his house."可知他摘玫瑰的时候伤了自己。故选 C。
- (3) A.细节推理题。根据"The boy was enjoying the beauty of nature.He said, <u>"Nature is wonderful.Its beauty is enjoyed by everyone."</u>"这个男孩正在欣赏大自然的美。他说: "大自然是美好的。它的美被每个人欣赏。可知结合选项,我们知道大自然是世界上最美丽的东西。故选 A。
- 32. (8分) Look!Here comes a cute bus.It looks like a panda with black ears and big eyes.It can carry 22 people and is about 12 meters long.The Smart Panda Bus uses AI technology.It can do a lot of things.The bus can drive by itself without (没有) a driver.Don't worry!It's very safe.When you get on the bus, you can swipe (刷) your hand.The bus will read it and know who you are.There are alo robots (机器人) on the bus.You can talk to them and ask them for help.If there is a thief (小偷) on the bus, the bus will call the police.People in some cities, such as Changzhou in Jiangsu, Jinan in Shandong and Deyang in Sichuan, can take the bus.Do you want to have a try? On the bus, there is a machine.You can buy breakfast and dinner.This can save you a lot of time.
 - (1) The Smart Panda Bus D.
 - A. is all black
 - B. is 12 metres wide

- C. can drive by a panda
- D. is very safe
- (2) People can't B on the Smart Panda Bus.
- A. buy their breakfast
- B. talk to the driver
- C. swipe the hand
- D. ask robots for help
 - (3) Which city doesn't have this kind of bus? <u>C</u>
- A. Changzhou.
- B. Jinan.
- C. Suzhou.
- D. Deyang.
- (4) Where can we find the passage? A
- A. In a newspaper.
- B. In a storybook.
- C. In a comic book.
- D. In a notebook.



【答案】DBCA

【分析】本文主要介绍了智能熊猫公交车,它是无人驾驶的,同时车上有机器人为人们服务,并且有售 卖早餐和午餐等智能化行为。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据 Don't worry!It's very safe. (别担心! 它非常安全。) 可知,智能熊猫公交车很安全。故选 D。

- (2)推理判断题。根据 The bus can drive by itself without (没有) a driver.(公交车可以在没有司机的情况下自动行驶。)可知,人们不能在智能熊猫公交车上和司机交谈。故选 B。
- (3)细节理解题。根据 People in some cities, such as Changzhou in Jiangsu, Jinan in Shandong and Deyang in Sichuan, can take the bus. (在一些城市,如江苏常州、山东济南和四川德阳,人们可以乘坐公交车。)

可知,在苏州没有这种公共汽车。故选C。

- (4) 推理判断题。根据 The Smart Panda Bus uses AI technology. (智能熊猫公交车使用人工智能技术。) 以及全文信息可知,本文主要介绍了智能熊猫公交车,它是无人驾驶的,同时车上有机器人为人们服务,并且有售卖早餐和午餐等智能化行为,故可推测出,在报纸上能看到这篇文章。故选 A。
- 33. (10 分) How much physical (身体的) activity do you do? In the past, your grandparents walked miles to school or to work. They cut wood, carried water or heavy things, washed clothes, worked in the fields and so on. Now we have washing machines, cars and buses. Most of us don't grow vegetables, and parents usually drive their kids where they want to go. But your body is designed for physical activity, and without enough exercise, it starts to slow down and become unhealthy.

There are some ways to do physical activity for free.

- Climb stairs (楼梯) instead of (代替) using lifts (电梯).
- Walk or ride your bike to school (Don't ask your mum or dad to drive you).
- Play games after class or after school.
- Practise skills like running and catching, throwing, kicking, hitting, or bouncing a ball.
- Walk when you talk with a friend, instead of sitting down.
- Walk or run with the dog (if you haven't got one, borrow one from a neighbour).
- Make and fly a kite.

What other ideas can you <u>come up with</u>? You can do a lot of these things by yourself. There are lots of other things that you can do. They may cost some money, and you will have to keep that time free.

(1)	Who did	more physical	activity in t	he past accord	ling to l	Paragraph 1?	C

- A. Children.
- B. Children's parents.
- C. Children's grandparents.
- D. It's difficult to say.
- (2) Why do we do exercise? <u>A</u>
- A. To keep healthy.
- B. To eat more.
- C. To be good at sports.
- D. To run fast.

- (3) What does the underlined phrase "come up with" in the last paragraph mean? C
- A. 回来.
- B. 发生.
- C. 想到.
- D. 出现.
- (4) How many ways does the writer ask us to practise? <u>B</u>
- A. 6.
- B. 7.
- C. 8.
- D. 9.
- (5) Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage? D
- A. Climbing stairs is better than taking lifts.
- B. Play games when you have free time.
- C. Dogs can help you do exercise.
- D. Sit when you are talking with friends.



【答案】CACBD

【分析】本文鉴于人们现在比过去锻炼得少而变得不健康,介绍了一些锻炼身体的方法。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一段中"In the past, your grandparents walked miles to school or to work. They cut wood, carried water or heavy things, washed clothes, worked in the fields and so on. Now we have washing machines, cars and buses. Most of us don't grow vegetables, and parents usually drive their kids where they want to go."(过去,你的祖父母要步行数英里去上学或上班。他们砍柴,挑水或重物,洗衣服,在田里工作等等。现在我们有洗衣机、汽车和公共汽车。我们大多数人不种菜,父母通常开车带孩子去他们想去的地方。)可知祖父母过去步行上学或上班、砍柴、挑水等,而现在有了洗衣机、汽车等,父母通常开车,大多数人也不种蔬菜,所以过去祖父母做了更多的体力活。故选 C。

(2)细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句"But your body is designed for physical activity, and without enough exercise, it starts to slow down and become unhealthy."(但是你的身体是为体育活动而设计的,如果没有

足够的锻炼,它就会开始变慢,变得不健康。)可知若没有足够的锻炼,我们的身体会变得不健康,因此做运动可以让我们保持健康。故选 A。

- (3)词义猜测题。根据句中"What other ideas…"(还有什么想法……)和下文"There are lots of other things that you can do."(你还可以做很多其他的事情。)可知你还可以做其他许多事情,结合选项可推断出这里询问还可以想出什么其它主意,所以"come up with"可理解为"想出"。故选 C。
- (4)细节理解题。根据文中"Climb stairs (楼梯) instead of (代替) using lifts (电梯).Walk or ride your bike to school (Don't ask your mum or dad to drive you).Play games after class or after school.Practise skills like running and catching, throwing, kicking, hitting, or bouncing a ball.Walk when you talk with a friend, instead of sitting down.Walk or run with the dog (if you haven't got one, borrow one from a neighbour).Make and fly a kite."(爬楼梯,而不是使用电梯。步行或骑自行车去学校(不要让你的妈妈或爸爸开车送你)。课后或放学后玩游戏。练习跑、接球、扔、踢、击球或拍球等技能。当你和朋友交谈时,要走着,而不是坐着。带着狗散步或跑步(如果你没有狗,可以向邻居借一只)。制作和放风筝。)可知作者介绍了七种方法。故选 B。
- (5)细节理解题。根据文中"Walk when you talk with a friend,instead of sitting down."(当你和朋友交谈时,要走着,而不是坐着。)可知和朋友说话时,应该走路而不是坐着,所以选项 \mathbf{D} 说法不对,本小题要求选择说法不对的选项。故选 \mathbf{D} 。

六、信息还原,根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项(选项中有一项为多余选项)。

34. (10 分) Do you know about Brazil Carnival (巴西狂欢节)? The festival comes from a story in the Bible (《圣经》). (1) <u>B</u> And the history of Brazil Carnival goes back to 1840.

Brazil Carnival is usually in February. (2) <u>F</u> It is a hot festival.Many places in Brazil celebrate it.But the biggest celebration is in Rio de Janeiro. (3) <u>A</u> People wear colourful clothes. They sing and dance on the streets to celebrate it. And there is a big parade (游行). Millions of people go to watch it every year!

- (4) <u>E</u> People dance Samba to music. They hope to dance to keep away from sad things and worries.
- (5) <u>D</u> That is what Carnival is for—getting together and having fun!
 - A. The celebration there goes on for four days and nights.
 - B. It's a very old festival.
 - C. People enjoy staying at home during the festival.

- D. Family members and friends have a good time together.
- E. Dancing is the best activity of all.
- F. It is summer in Brazil.

【答案】BFAED

【分析】本文主要介绍了巴西狂欢节。

【解答】(1) 细节推理题。根据下文"And the history of Brazil Carnival goes back to 1840."(巴西狂欢节的历史可以追溯到 1840 年。)可知巴西狂欢节的历史可以追溯到 1840 年,可推断出其历史久远,所以选项 B"它是一个非常古老的节日。"符合语境。故选 B。

- (2)细节推理题。根据下文"It is a hot festival."(它是一个炎热的节日。)可知巴西狂欢节是一个炎热的节日,结合常识和选项可推断出巴西狂欢节可能在夏天,所以选项 F"巴西是夏天。"符合语境。故选 F。
- (3)细节推理题。根据上下文"And there is a big parade (游行).Millions of people go to watch it every year!"(还有一场盛大的游行。每年有数百万人去观看它!)可知本段主要介绍了巴西狂欢节的相关情况,包括地点和活动等,因此空处可以介绍时间,所以选项 A"那里的庆祝持续四天四夜。"符合语境。故选 A。
- (4)细节推理题。根据下文"People dance Samba to music."(人们随着音乐跳桑巴舞。)可知人们随着音乐跳桑巴舞,可推断出空处应提到跳舞在巴西狂欢节中的重要性,所以选项 E"跳舞是最好的活动。"符合语境。故选 E。
- (5)细节推理题。根据下文"That is what Carnival is for—getting together and having fun!"(这就是狂欢节的目的——聚在一起尽情欢乐!)可知巴西狂欢节的意义就是聚在一起、玩得开心,所以选项 D"家人和朋友在一起度过了愉快的时光。"符合语境。故选 D。

七、阅读与回答。阅读短文,根据短文内容回答下列问题(每题答案不超过5个词)

35. (10 分) Tom is 35 years old.He is tall and a little heavy.He is the boss (老板) of a bank.He starts work at nine o'clock every morning.He finishes work at five o'clock in the afternoon.Tom lives near the bank, so he walks to work every day.Tom has a brother and a sister.They also work at the bank.They live far from the bank.They drive cars to work every day.

In the bank, Tom helps the employees (雇员) and tells them what to do.He likes his job and he is good at it.Tom likes to talk to people and make them feel happy.Many people like Tom, and they say hello to him when they see him.Tom has a 7 - year - old daughter, Helen.She wants to be a bank boss like her dad.

阅读短文,根据短文内容回答下列问题(每题答案不超过5个词)

(1) How many hours does Tom work a day?

Eight hours.

(2) How does Tom go to work every day?

He walks to work.

(3) What do people do when they see Tom?

They say hello to him.

(4) How old is Tom's daughter?

Seven years old.

(5) What does Tom's daughter want to be?

A bank boss.

【答案】(1) Eight hours.

- (2) He walks to work.
- (3) They say hello to him.
- (4) Seven years old.
- (5) A bank boss.

【分析】本文主要介绍了汤姆的个人情况和他的工作情况。

- 【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第 1 段"He starts work at nine o'clock every morning.He finishes work at five o'clock in the afternoon."(他每天早上九点开始工作。他下午五点钟结束工作。)可知,汤姆上午九点上班,下午五点下班;每天一共工作八个小时。故填 Eight hours.
- (2)细节理解题。根据第 1 段"Tom lives near the bank, so he walks to work every day."(汤姆住在银行附近,所以他每天步行去上班。)可知,因为汤姆家离银行很近,所以他步行上班。故填 He walks to work.
- (3)细节理解题。根据第 2 段"Many people like Tom, and they say hello to him when they see him."(许多人喜欢汤姆,当他们看到他时会和他打招呼。)可知,当人们见到汤姆时,人们向他问好。故填 They say hello to him.
- (4)细节理解题。根据第 2 段"Tom has a 7 year old daughter, Helen."(汤姆有一个 7 岁的女儿海伦。)可知,汤姆的女儿海伦 7 岁了。故填 Seven years old.
- (5)细节理解题。根据第 2 段"She wants to be a bank boss like her dad."(她想成为像她爸爸一样的银行行长。)可知,海伦长大后想像他父亲一样成为一名银行行长。故填 A bank boss.

八、根据句意和汉语提示写出单词, 完成句子。

36. (1分) Simon really likes playing football and Messi is his <u>hero</u> (偶像).

【答案】hero

【分析】西蒙真地很喜欢踢足球,梅西是他的偶像。

【解答】根据提示"偶像"可知,是名词 hero。由"Messi"可知,用单数形式。

故答案为: hero。

37. (1分) The materials of the show include (包括) old newspapers, CDs and other things.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】展览的材料包括旧报纸, CD 和其他东西.

【解答】考查翻译填空.根据汉语提示及其英语句子,可知要翻译的部分为:包括,动词.英语表达是:include.时态为一般现在时.句意:展览的材料包括旧报纸,CD和其他东西.

故答案为 include.

38. (1分) The children in the hospital get all kinds of <u>presents/gifts</u> (礼物) from the kind people.

【答案】presents/gifts

【分析】医院里的孩子们从好心人那里得到了各种各样的礼物。

【解答】根据中文提示和"all kinds of"可知,空处应该填写可数名词复数, presents/gifts"礼物"。

故填: presents/gifts。

39. (1分) Jay Chou is really a good singer and his songs are popular (受欢迎的) among young people.

【答案】popular

【分析】周杰伦真的是一名好歌手,他的歌曲在年轻人中受欢迎。

【解答】空格前面的词语是系动词,所以要用形容词来填空,作表语。

故填: popular。

40. (1分) Tina would like to go to the famous traditional <u>restaurant</u> (餐馆) to taste the dishes.

【答案】restaurant

【分析】蒂娜想去那家著名的传统餐馆品尝这些菜。

【解答】餐馆 restaurant,可数名词。根据句意和前面的 the 表示特指可知,要用单数形式。

故答案为: restaurant。

九、根据句意用所给单词的适当形式填空。每空一词。

41. (1分) Sleeping for <u>less</u> (little) than 6 hours every day is bad for your health.

【答案】less

【分析】每天睡眠不足6小时对你的健康有害。

【解答】little 形容词,少的,空格后面的词语是 than,所以要用形容词比较级来填空。

故填 less。

42. $(1 \frac{1}{2})$ Doing outdoor activities (activity) can help students improve their abilities and skills.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】做户外活动可以帮助学生提高他们的能力和技能.

【解答】根据 Doing outdoor,可知是指做户外运动,此处是复数形式.

故填 activities.

43. (1 %) Thank you for <u>waiting</u> (wait) for me for such a long time.

【答案】waiting.

【分析】谢谢你等我这么久。

【解答】Thank you for doing sth"谢谢你做某事"固定搭配。填 wait 的动名词 waiting。

故答案为: waiting。

44. (1分) I visit my grandparents __twice __ (two) a week.I usually have a big dinner there.

【答案】twice

【分析】我每周去看望我的祖父母两次。我通常在那里吃一顿丰盛的晚餐。

【解答】two 二,是基数词; twice 两次,是副词; 结合语境和提示词可知,第一句表示说话人去看望祖父母的频率,所以这里用"两次",构成短语 twice a week"一周两次"。

故答案为: twice。

45. (1分) Kobe Bryant, one of the top basketball __players__ (play), died in an accident in 2020.

【答案】players

【分析】顶级篮球运动员之一科比•布莱恩特于 2020 年死于一场事故。

【解答】结合语境和提示词以及常识可知科比是一名篮球运动员,所以空处用 play 的相关名词"player 运动员",空前有"one of",因此这里 player 用复数。

故填: players。

十、根据短文内容及首字母提示,填写所缺单词,使其意思完整。

46. (10 分) May 20th is National Students Nutrition(营养) Day.Why is nutrition(1)i <u>mportant</u>?

Just as a mobile phone needs energy from electricity(电),we need energy (2)f <u>rom</u> food.Eating food is the only way to (3)m <u>ake</u> us strong.What we eat and the way we eat are also very important (4) b <u>ecause</u> they decide whether(是否) we can get good nutrition.

Many of us have bad eating habits.Some (5) d <u>on't</u> eat breakfast.Some eat too much fast food.Others often eat some food with too much (6)s <u>ugar</u> like cakes, a sweets.And those sweet snacks are also bad for

their (7) t <u>eeth</u>. These bad habits may cause (引起) (8) h <u>ealth</u> problems, which are bad for the growth of our bodies.

More and more students of Chinese middle and primary schools are now (9) h <u>aving</u> nutrition meals, such as milk and fruit. This year, the theme of National Students Nutrition Day is "improve the nutrition of students in the countryside". The government(政府) will (10)s <u>pend</u> a lot of money helping students get nutrition meals.

【答案】(1) important (2) from (3) make (4) because (5) don't (6) sugar (7) teeth (8) health (9) having (10) spend

【分析】本文介绍了 5 月 20 日是全国学生营养日,以此说明营养对学生生长发育的重要性,以及政府 正在为学生获得营养餐而不懈努力。

【解答】(1) important.考查形容词。根据句意"为什么学生营养很重要?" 由首字母 i 可推出此处用形容词 important,表示"重要"。故答案为 important。

- (2) from.考查介词。根据句意"正如手机需要充电产生的能量一样,我们人类也需要来自食物的能量",由首字母 f 可推出此处用介词 from,表示"来自"。故答案为 from。
- (3) make.考查动词。根据句意"吃食物是使我们强壮的唯一方法",由首字母 m 可推出此处用使役动词 make,表示"使"。故答案为 make。
- (4) because.考查连词。根据句意"我们吃什么和吃的方式也很重要,因为它们决定了我们能否获得良好的营养",因前后两句存因果关系,由首字母 b 可推出此处用连词 because,表示"因为"。答案为 because。
- (5) don't.考查助动词。根据句意"例如,有些人不吃早餐",由上文 Many of us have bad eating habits 及首字母 d 可推出此处用助动词 don't 构成否定句,表示"不",一般现在时。故答案为 don't。
- (6) sugar.考查名词。根据句意"其他人经常吃含糖过多的食物,如甜食或蛋糕",由首字母 s 可推出此处用名词 sugar,表示"糖",属于不可数名词。故答案为 sugar。
- (7) teeth.考查名词. 根据句意"那些甜食也对他们的牙齿不好",由首字母 t 可推出此处用名词 teeth,表示"牙齿"。由空前的物主代词 their 推断此处填名词复数形式,故答案为 teeth。
- (8) health.考查名词。根据句意"这些坏习惯可能会导致健康问题,不利于我们身体的生长。",由首字母 h 可推出此处用 health,表示"健康"。故答案为 health。
- (9) having.考查动词。根据句意"越来越多的中国中小学生正在吃营养餐",由首字母 h 可推出此处用动词 have,表示"吃"。由空前的 now 推断本句用现在进行时态,考虑此处填动词 ing 形式,故答案为 having。
- (10)spend.考查动词。根据句意"政府会花很多钱帮助学生获得营养餐",由首字母s可推出此处用spend,

表示"花"。will+动词原形,故答案为 spend。

十一、书面表达。

47. (20 分)期末临近,学校希望家校双方对每位学生在这一学期的表现都做一个整体的、客观的评价。请根据表格内容提示,适当发挥想象。写一篇 80 词左右的英语短文,总结一下大家对外籍同学 Tom 的评价。

同学的评价	1.很酷,红领带与衣服很配;
	2.善良,用自己的零花钱为班级购书。
老师的评价	1.聪明,擅长数学,爱好阅读;
	2.对中国节日很感兴趣,了解春节,(列举两个春节活动)。
父母的评价	1.良好的生活方式,极少吃
	2.经常运动,强壮。

注意:

- (1) 词数 80 左右 (短文开头结尾已给出,不计入总词数);
- (2) 短文必须包含所有要点,并作适当发挥,使短文连贯、通顺。

Tom behaves (表现) well this term.

We all hope Tom will be better next year.

【答案】 Tom behaves well this term.

Our classmates think Tom looks smart and cool. His red tie matches his clothes well. He is kind. He buys books for our class with his pocket money.

Our teachers say he is clever.He is good at Maths.He likes reading too.He is interested in festivals in China.He knows Chinese family members usually get together and have a big dinner at the Spring Festival.Children love the festival because they can wear new clothes and get red packets.

His parents think he has a good lifestyle. He seldom eats sweet snacks or drinks cola. And he often exercises, so he is very strong.

We all hope Tom will be better next year.

【分析】【高分句型一】

Our classmates think Tom looks smart and cool.我们的同学认为汤姆看起来既聪明又酷。省略引导词 that 的宾语从句。

【高分句型二】

Children love the festival because they can wear new clothes and get red packets.孩子们喜欢这个节日,因为他们可以穿新衣服,还可以得到红包。because 引导原因状语从句。

【解答】 Tom behaves well this term.

Our classmates think Tom looks smart and cool. 【高分句型一】His red tie matches his clothes well.He is kind.He buys books for our class with his pocket money.(同学的评价)

Our teachers say he is clever.He is good at Maths.He likes reading too.He is interested in festivals in China.He knows Chinese family members usually get together and have a big dinner at the Spring Festival.Children love the festival because they can wear new clothes and get red packets.【高分句型二】(老师的评价)

His parents think he has a good lifestyle.He seldom eats sweet snacks or drinks cola.And he often exercises, so he is very strong. (父母的评价)

We all hope Tom will be better next year.