

2023 年江苏省扬州市邗江区梅苑双语学校中考英语一模试卷

一、单项选择

1. (1 分) —All of us take pride in the successful coming back of the Shenzhou - 14.
—My daughter wants to be _____ astronaut like Liu Yang in _____ near future. ()
A. a; the B. an; the C. the; the D. an; /
2. (1 分) Learning English in a classroom is important, while using English in real _____ will improve your English skills greatly. ()
A. positions B. situations
C. events D. experiences
3. (1 分) - - - How can I get to the Slender West Lake Park?
- - - You can drive _____ the Da Hongqiao Bridge and it's on your right. ()
A. past B. over C. through D. beyond
4. (1 分) —Mom, could I watch TV after finishing my homework?
—_____. You'd better go out for a walk. ()
A. No, you couldn't B. Sorry, you can't
C. Of course, you can D. Yes, you could
5. (1 分) - Excuse me, where is San Tai Mountain Forest Park, please?
- Take the No.101 bus and _____ at the next bus stop. ()
A. get it on B. get on it
C. get it off D. get off it
6. (1 分) _____ this is only a place with a few cherry trees, it's crowded with tourists who come here in March.
()
A. Since B. Unless C. Once D. Although
7. (1 分) Come on! The panda YaYa is waiting for her keeper to _____ in the zoo to take her home. ()
A. show off B. show around
C. show up D. show time
8. (1 分) —Many cities in China are now offering teenage girls free HPV vaccines (疫苗).
—_____ great news! ()
A. What B. What a C. How D. How a

9. (1 分) —Spring is coming. Birds sing _____ and flowers smell _____.
—Yeah. Spring is dreaming and please put spring in your heart. ()
A. good; nice B. well; nice
C. well; wonderfully D. good; nicely
10. (1 分) - - Who helps you with your homework, your father or your mother?
- - _____ After the "double reduction" policy (双减政策) is carried out, I'm able to finish my homework at school. ()
A. None. B. Either. C. Both. D. Neither.
11. (1 分) —Are there any questions for you about the TV play Meet yourself (《去有风的地方》)?
—Yes, I want to know _____ in the next episode (集). ()
A. when will the actor go camping with the actress
B. who will the actor go camping
C. if the actor will go camping with the actress
D. that the actor will go camping with the actress
12. (1 分) —Mary, why are you in the classroom? All your classmates are on the bus.
—I'm sorry, but I _____ what time to get on the bus. ()
A. am told B. didn't tell
C. haven't told D. wasn't told
13. (1 分) David called his mother every week even while he _____ around the world. ()
A. was travelling B. is travelling
C. travelled D. travels
14. (1 分) - - Where are the teachers now?
- In the meeting room. They _____ the meeting for 10 minutes. ()
A. have begun B. have been on
C. have had D. have been held
15. (1 分) - If I work hard at my lessons from now on, can I do well in them? - Sure. _____. ()
A. All rivers run into the sea
B. Every day is not Sunday
C. Better late than never
D. Many hands make light work

二、完形填空阅读下列短文，从文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

16. (15 分) I used to regard myself as a quite international person, but my bookshelves told a different story. Besides a few Indian novels and an Australian book, my literature (文学) collection was only made up of British and American titles. At the start of 2012, I set myself the (1) _____ of trying to read a book from every (2) _____ in a year to find out what I was missing.

Knowing that it's impossible to find books from nearly 200 nations in the (3) _____ bookshop, I decided to ask the planet's readers for help. I created a blog called A Year of Reading the World for suggestions of (4) _____ I could read in English. The response (响应) was (5) _____. People all over the planet contacted me, offering ideas and book (6) _____. Some posted me books from their home countries. Several writers sent me unpublished translations of their novels, giving me a chance to read works (7) _____ in Britain.

Even with such an amazing team behind me, however, getting books in English was no (8) _____ task. This was especially true for some African countries. And when it (9) _____ to the small island nation of San Tome & Principe, I would have given up (10) _____ a team of helpers.

All in all, getting stories like these (11) _____ as much time as the reading, (12) _____ the effort was worth it. In the hands of different writers, I was taken inside the (13) _____ of people living far away and shown the world through their eyes. These (14) _____ not only opened my mind to life in other places, but opened my heart to the way people there might feel. And that in turn (15) _____ my thinking.

One by one, the country names on the list changed into real places. At its best, I learned, books make the world real.

- | | | | | |
|-----|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| (1) | A. thought | B. challenge | C. record | D. example |
| (2) | A. country | B. island | C. city | D. town |
| (3) | A. familiar | B. favorite | C. national | D. local |
| (4) | A. titles | B. bookshops | C. bookshelves | D. places |
| (5) | A. boring | B. shocking | C. amazing | D. interesting |
| (6) | A. shops | B. writers | C. covers | D. lists |
| (7) | A. acceptable | B. popular | C. unavailable | D. valuable |
| (8) | A. fun | B. proper | C. difficult | D. easy |

- (9) A. came B. went C. referred D. happened
- (10) A. in B. for C. with D. without
- (11) A. wasted B. took C. spent D. saved
- (12) A. so B. and C. but D. or
- (13) A. beauty B. thoughts C. hometown D. spirits
- (14) A. writers B. translators C. stories D. places
- (15) A. changed B. supported C. decided D. disturbed

三、阅读理解阅读下面短文，从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

17. (6 分)

Frozen rocks

Here is a simple force that is powerful enough to tear down (破坏) huge mountains:

You'll need.

- Refrigerator
- Plastic bag
- Several small pieces of sandstone. This kind of stone is gritty (喊砂砾的) like sandpaper.

If you need help finding these, ask a rock collector or science teacher.



1. Soak (没泡) the small rocks in water overnight.
2. Seal (密封) them into the bag and put the bag in the refrigerator.



3. The next day, take the bag out for an hour. See if the rocks have changed.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 daily for 10 days.

What will happen?

Tiny pieces of the rocks will start to break off.

Water can go into cracks （缝隙） and holes in a rock.

That water expands when it freezes and chips （剥落） pieces from the rock.



If it goes on for millions of winters and summers, it can tear down a mountain into sand.

（1） How many materials are needed in the experiment? _____

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Five

（2） What is the RIGHT order that a mountain is torn down into sand? _____

- ①Water freezes.
- ②Water expands.
- ③Rocks are turned into sand.
- ④Rocks are chipped into pieces.
- ⑤Water goes into cracks in a rock.

- A. ②⑤①③④
- B. ②①⑤④③
- C. ⑤④①②③
- D. ⑤①②④③

（3） The information mainly tells us_____.

- A. how sand forms
- B. the force of nature is very huge
- C. a simple force can tear down huge mountains
- D. sometimes an experiment takes a long time

18. （8分） I was beginning to grow handsome. My coat was bright and black, I had one white foot and a pretty white star on my forehead. When I was four, Squire Gordon decided to buy me. Then Farmer Grey

began to break in.

Like all horses that have grown up, I had to wear gears（用具）. The first is a bit and bridle. I hated wearing a bit in my mouth. It was horrible, like a metal finger between my teeth. The saddle was not so bad. One morning, my master rode me round the meadow. I was proud to carry him, and I soon got used to it. But I didn't like the iron shoes. They were very stiff and heavy on my feet. But in time I got used to that too.

My mother told me, "There are good men like our master, but there are bad men too. I hope you have good masters. But remember; always do your best. "

Early in May, a man came to take me away to Squire Gordon's house, in the village of Birtwick. My new stable（马厩）was large and comfortable. There was a little fat grey pony next to me. His name was Merrylegs. And I also found a tall chestnut horse at the corner of the stable, quiet.

"That's Ginger, " Merrylegs told me. "She bites. One day she bit James, the groom（马夫）. She says no one was kind to her before. But James and John, our grooms, are very good to us, and Squire Gordon doesn't whip（鞭打）his horses, so I think she's going to like it here. "

The next morning John took me for a ride. On the way back, we met Squire Gordon and Mrs. Gordon.

"Well, John, how does he go? " the Squire asked.

"Excellent, sir. " John answered.

Mrs. Gordon said, "He's a beauty. Let's call him Black Beauty. "（取材于扬州市"五个百工程"指定书目《黑骏马》）

（1）The underlined phrase "break in" in Paragraph 1 means _____ in Chinese.

- A. 出售
- B. 奖励
- C. 骑
- D. 驯服

（2）To grow up, Black Beauty had to wear _____ gears.

- A. two
- B. three
- C. four
- D. five

（3）What's the aim of mother's words in Paragraph 3? _____

- A. To warn Black Beauty to follow his masters.
- B. To encourage Black Beauty to keep hope.
- C. To ask Black Beauty to fight against others.
- D. To remind Black Beauty to find freedom.

(4) Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? _____

- A. Black Beauty is named after his mother.
- B. Merrylegs doesn't like his grooms.
- C. Ginger is new in the village of Birtwick.
- D. Squire Gordon often whips his horses.



19. (8 分)

A Pathway (路径) to Meaning in Life

When it comes to a meaningful life, we might think of love, happiness and health. A life filled with meaning is what most of us want for ourselves. Then, what makes a meaningful life?

Many researchers agree that a meaningful life comes down to three factors (因素): having long-term goals, believing that one's life matters, and feeling that one's life fits together and "makes sense".

But we believe there is more to consider. Sometimes life enables us to experience small moments of beauty. When people are open to appreciating (欣赏) such experiences, these moments may improve how they see their own life. We call this experiential appreciation (EA). EA is about the person feeling connected to events and being able to appreciate the value within the connection. It shows the discovery of and admiration for life's beauty.

We recently set out to better understand EA in studies. We were interested in whether EA was also tied to general judgment of meaning in life. If so, it could be a factor for meaningfulness.

In the first study, we had people rate (评估) their support for different methods of reducing stress. We found that people who managed stress by focusing on their appreciation for life's beauty also reported experiencing life

as highly meaningful.

In the next study, we asked people to rate the degree to which they agreed with various statements such as "I appreciate the beauty of life" and "I appreciate little things in life," as well as other statements that related to the three factors and a general sense of meaning in life. Our results showed that the more people reported that they were "appreciating life" and its many experiences, the more they felt their life was valuable. In the following studies, we further looked at the connection between EA and meaningfulness. For example, we found that people who were asked to look back on the most meaningful event of the past week generally reported high EA in those moments.

All the results proved our theory（假设）true. But putting it into practice can be difficult. Our fast-paced lifestyles fill the day with goals. We try to get the highest output both at work and in spare time. This focus on future outcomes makes it all too easy to miss what is happening right now. We should slow down and let life surprise us.

（1）You were most probably in the EA condition when _____.

- A. you made a travel plan for the coming holiday
- B. you hurried to serve the customers in the store
- C. you practiced hard to become the best violinist
- D. you stopped to admire the roses by the roadside

（2）What can we learn from the studies mentioned in the passage? _____

- A. Thinking back to the past weakens our sense of meaning.
- B. Enjoying small things can influence our attitude toward life.
- C. Proper stress management is the key to living a satisfying life.
- D. Good judgment on beauty improves connections among people.

（3）What does the last paragraph mainly tell us? _____

- A. It is easier for results-driven people to achieve success.
- B. We often turn a blind eye to the present moment.
- C. A fast-paced lifestyle helps us reach our goals.
- D. Future life will bring us many more surprises.

（4）What is the writer's main purpose in writing this passage? _____

- A. To explain how to discover beauty in life.

- B. To discuss what the true meaning of life is.
- C. To introduce a new factor for a meaningful life.
- D. To compare different factors for meaningfulness.

20. (8分) China's deep - sea exploration has entered a new period. Its deep - sea manned (载人的) submersible (潜水艇) Fendouzhe recently set a national diving (潜水) record of 10,909 meters in the Mariana Trench, the deepest underwater valley on the planet, according to AFP.

The average (平均的) depth of the ocean is about 3,600 to 4,000 meters. With Fendouzhe, experts said China now has "full ocean depth ability." This means scientists can carry out manned exploration at any depth of any ocean.

Fendouzhe can find rare earth metals in the deep sea. These are used to make high - tech products. "The ocean floor is a whole new world. If we don't explore this world, others will explore it," CCTV reported. The three researchers aboard the sub are also studying the many forms of sea life that are only found in the deep sea. The researchers can use the sub's video camera to record what they find underwater. They plan to collect samples (标本) of rocks, animals and plants.

The area that Fendouzhe dove in is known as the Challenger Deep, a very deep part of the Mariana Trench with very high pressure of around 11,250 tons per square meter, China Daily reported. The sub stayed safe thanks to its super - strong titanium (钛) body.

Since it's so difficult to send manned submersibles to the deep sea, why not just send a robot?

"The ocean floor is dark and can be very cloudy, and cameras sometimes cannot discover things there as effectively (有效率地) as human eyes," Yang Ning, an ocean scientist, told China Daily.

Moreover, the scientists in the sub have different backgrounds. If something unusual happens, they can react (反应) quicker than machines, which lead to surprising discoveries, according to Yang.

(1) What did Fendouzhe recently do? _____

- A. It broke a world diving record.
- B. It discovered an underwater valley.
- C. It dove very deep in the Mariana Trench.
- D. It took people to the deep sea for the last time.

(2) What can Fendouzhe be used for? _____

a. Finding rare earth metals.

b.Making high - tech products.

c.Recording videos.

d.Collecting samples.

A. abc

B. bcd

C. abd

D. acd

(3) According to China Daily, what challenge did Fendouzhe face in the deep sea? _____

A. Dangerous animals and plants.

B. High water pressure.

C. Hard rocks.

D. Bad weather.

(4) What do the last two paragraphs explain? _____

A. What scientists will do with Fendouzhe.

B. Why robots don't work well in the deep sea.

C. How robots will be used for ocean exploration.

D. How scientists did undersea research.

四、词汇应用根据句子意思，用括号中所给汉语提示或英语单词的适当形式填空。（每空一词）

21. (1 分) Please put away those _____ keys to cars.They are going swimming. (Germany)

22. (1 分) All of us finally _____ in getting to the top of the mountain. (success)

23. (1 分) The tornado last month in the USA was a real disaster, _____ (leave) thousands of people homeless.

24. (1 分) After the 2022 Spring Festival Gala, a dance drama Poetic Dance: The Journey of a Legendary Landscape Painting became _____ known in China. (wide)

25. (1 分) —I really find it difficult to choose one between the two types.

—Don't worry, madam.Both are made of silk and _____ (wash) easily.

26. (1 分) Read the _____ (指示) carefully before you use it.

27. (1 分) The book I'm interested in_____ (描述) the secrets of nature.

28. (1 分) The TV series "Knockout" (狂飙) is very _____ (受欢迎的) with both young people and old people.

29. (1 分) Be careful not to fall down when you go _____ the icy road. (穿过)

30. (1 分) Though the scientist is in his _____ (九十), he is still in good health.

五、阅读表达阅读短文，回答下面 5 个问题。（每题答案不超过 10 个词）

31. (10 分) It was a long, hot summer that year, and Anne enjoyed it with her whole heart. When it was over, she went back to school and studied hard in Miss Stacy's Queen's class for that terrible thing known as "the Entrance." Anne grew so quickly that one day Marilla was surprised to find that the girl was taller than herself.

After months of studying, Anne went to town for the exams. When she returned to Green Gables, three weeks passed without the exams appearing. Anne did not know what to do with herself!

Then, one evening, Anne was sitting at her open window when she saw Diana coming up the hill with a newspaper in her hand.

"Anne, you've passed," she cried, "and you came first—you and Gilbert both—you are tied."

"Well now, I always said it," said Matthew, looking at the exam result list delightfully. "I knew you could beat them all easily."

The next three weeks was a busy time at Green Gables. Anne was getting ready to go to Queen's, and there was much to be done. Anne was to have many new clothes. Matthew saw to that, and Marilla did not say anything. She even made Anne a beautiful green dress for special occasions. As Marilla watched Anne packing her things, she began to cry.

"I wish you could have stayed a little girl, Anne. You've grown up now. And you're going away. It makes me feel so lonely."

"Marilla!" Anne sat down next to her. "I will always be your little Anne, who will love you and Matthew and dear Green Gables every day of her life"

The day finally came for Anne to go to town. The next day, Anne and the rest of the Avonlea students went to Queen's Academy. Anne decided to try hard to win the Avery scholarship. If she won the scholarship, she would be given money to attend Redmond College. Then, one day she would become a real graduate! Imagine how proud Matthew would be then!

(1) What was Marilla surprised to find?

(2) Who came in first on the entrance exam?

(3) What did Marilla wish ?

(4) Which college could Anne go to if she got the Avery scholarship?

(5) What do you think of Anne?

六、缺词填空请认真阅读下面短文，并根据各题所给首字母的提示，写出一个合适的英语单词完整、正确的形式，使短文通顺。

32. (10 分) 请认真阅读下面短文，并根据各题所给首字母的提示，写出一个合适的英语单词完整、正确的形式，使短文通顺。

It is reported that 300 million people in China have eyesight trouble. Some students get short-sightedness when they are little, and many students in primary school are short-sighted. That is too serious. Therefore, we should p (1) _____ our eyes carefully. More and more parents hope to save their children's eyesight with m (2) _____, or by correcting the ways that children read and sit. But in fact, one should start with the exercise on one's feet. Here are three ways to save our eyes.

First, don't tie your shoes too closely. Try wearing c (3) _____ and soft socks or walking without socks and shoes at home. While you are travelling, try wearing cloth shoes in order to improve b (4) _____ circulation (循环).

Second, walking on tiptoes is good for one's eyesight. It can fight against eyesight p (5) _____. Numbers show that most of ballet performers' eyesight is b (6) _____.

Third, rope skipping can also be good for one's eyesight. While skipping rope, one has to move q (7) _____, making both the brain and the eyes excited. It may also help make one grow t (8) _____.

Besides foot exercises, it is good to pull one's ears. Pulling the ears 20 times quickly every day is also a great w (9) _____. It can keep one's eyes healthy. When reading and writing, we should keep a standard posture (姿势). We should not watch TV or play computer games for too long. They are bad for our eyes. And, we should do eye exercises regularly. Of course a good rest is also i (10) _____ to our eyes.

In all, eyes are the windows of our mind. We should keep them healthy.

七、书面表达 A. 句子翻译

33. (2 分) 据说出生在虎年的人很勇敢。 _____

34. (2 分) 你去或不去, 对我都没有关系。 _____

35. (2 分) 需要更多的钱来继续我们的工作。

36. (2 分) 因为雨下得正大, 你最好不要外出。
_____.

37. (2 分) 除非你尽力, 否则你不能实现自己的理想。

写作

38. (20 分) 日前, 中共中央、国务院印发了《关于全面加强新时代大中小学劳动教育的意见》(A guideline on hardworking spirit education), 提出了中学生应该树立"劳动最光荣、劳动最崇高、劳动最伟大、劳动最美丽"的劳动精神。校英文报社以此为主题, 举行英语征文比赛, 请你根据下面提示, 写一篇短文投稿。谈谈你对劳动教育的看法, 并提出建议。

写作要点:

(1) 你认为培养劳动精神重要吗? 至少给出两条理由;

(2) 从以下几个方面谈谈你参加的有助于培养劳动精神的活动:

a.What housework do you usually do at home?

b.What out - of - class activities do you take part in at school?

(3) 就"如何培养劳动精神"给出你的建议。

要求:

(1) 短文应包括提示中所有的写作要点, 条理清楚, 行文连贯, 可适当发挥;

(2) 短文中不能出现真实的人名和地名;

(3) 词数不少于 80, 开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

A guideline on hardworking spirit education came out recently in order to help more students of different ages to get working spirit. _____

2023 年江苏省扬州市邗江区梅苑双语学校中考英语一模试卷

参考答案与试题解析

一、单项选择

1. (1 分) —All of us take pride in the successful coming back of the Shenzhou - 14.

—My daughter wants to be _____ astronaut like Liu Yang in _____ near future. ()

A. a; the B. an; the C. the; the D. an; /

【答案】B

【分析】—我们所有人都为神舟十四号的成功返回感到骄傲。

—我女儿将来想成为像刘洋一样的宇航员。

【解答】a 一个，不定冠词，表泛指，用于辅音音素前；an 一个，不定冠词，表泛指，用于元音音素前；the 定冠词，表特指；/不填。根据"wants to be...astronaut"可知，是想要成为一名宇航员，表泛指，故要用不定冠词，且 astronaut 是以元音音素开头，故第一个空要用 an；又根据"in...near future"可知此处是固定短语：in the near future"在不久的将来"，故第二个空要用 the。

故选：B。

2. (1 分) Learning English in a classroom is important, while using English in real_____will improve your English skills greatly. ()

A. positions B. situations
C. events D. experiences

【答案】B

【分析】在教室里学习英语很重要，而在真实的境况中使用英语将会大大地提高你的英语技能。

【解答】A 位置；B 境况；C 事件；D 经历；结合题干"using English in real_____"在真实的_____中使用英语，可知，四个选项中只有 B 项符合题意，表示状况下，境况下。

故选：B。

3. (1 分) - - - How can I get to the Slender West Lake Park?

- - - You can drive _____ the Da Hongqiao Bridge and it's on your right. ()

A. past B. over C. through D. beyond

【答案】B

【分析】我如何才能到达西湖公园？- 你可以开车通过大虹桥，它就在你的右边。

【解答】答案：B 根据动词的对象 the Da Hongqiao Bridge，可知是在桥的上方通过。past 经过；over 从上方通过；through 从内部穿过；beyond 超越。故选：B。

4. (1 分) —Mom, could I watch TV after finishing my homework?

— .You'd better go out for a walk. ()

- A. No, you couldn't B. Sorry, you can't
C. Of course, you can D. Yes, you could

【答案】B

【分析】——妈妈，完成作业后我能看电视吗？

——抱歉，你不能。你最好出去散步。

【解答】No, you couldn't 不, 你不能; Sorry, you can't 抱歉, 你不能; Of course, you can 当然, 你能; Yes, you could 是的, 你能。根据 Mom, could I watch TV after finishing my homework? (妈妈, 完成作业后我能看电视吗?) 可知, 询问完成作业后是否可以看电视, 句子为 could 引导的一般疑问句, 情态动词 could 表委婉的语气, 回答用 can 或 can't, 结合 You'd better go out for a walk. (你最好出去散步。) 可推测此处应是否定答语, 用 "you can't"。

故选：B。

5. (1 分) - Excuse me, where is San Tai Mountain Forest Park, please?

- Take the No.101 bus and_____at the next bus stop. ()

- A. get it on B. get on it
C. get it off D. get off it

【答案】D

【分析】——打扰一下，请问三台山森林公园在哪里？

- - 乘 101 路公交车, 在下个车站下车。

【解答】get on 上车；get off 下车；根据句意，乘 101 路公交车，在下个站____，可知此处应填“下车”，get off 中的 off 是介词，故宾语应在介词之后，用 get off it。

故选：D。

6. (1 分) _____ this is only a place with a few cherry trees, it's crowded with tourists who come here in March.
()

- A. Since B. Unless C. Once D. Although

【答案】D

【分析】虽然这只是一个只有几棵樱花树的地方，每年三月来这里的游客却非常多。

【解答】since 自从.....以来；unless 除非；once 一旦，一……就；although 虽然。根据主句句意“每年三月来这里的游客却非常多”可知，从句句意为“虽然这只是一个只有几棵樱花树的地方”，句子前后是让步关系，用 although 引导让步状语从句。

故选: D。

7. (1 分) Come on! The panda YaYa is waiting for her keeper to _____ in the zoo to take her home. ()

A. show off

B. show around

C. show up

D. show time

【答案】C

【分析】快点！熊猫丫丫在动物园里等着饲养员出现来接她回家。

【解答】show off 炫耀；show around 带领……参观；show up 出现；show time 开始，表演时刻。根据"to take her home"（带她回家）可知，快点！熊猫丫丫在动物园里等着饲养员出现来接她回家。

故选: C。

8. (1 分) —Many cities in China are now offering teenage girls free HPV vaccines (疫苗).

— great news! ()

A. What

B. What a

C. How

D. How a

【答案】A

【分析】——中国许多城市现在为少女提供免费的 HPV 疫苗。

——多么好的消息！

【解答】根据题干中的 news 可知表示"新闻",是不可数名词,应用 what 引导的感叹句,结构为 what+adj+n+主谓。

故选: A。

9. (1 分) —Spring is coming. Birds sing _____ and flowers smell _____.

—Yeah.Spring is dreaming and please put spring in your heart. ()

A. good; nice

B. well; nice

C. well; wonderfully

D. good; nicely

【答案】B

【分析】——春天来了。鸟语花香。

——是的。春天是梦想中的季节，请把春天放在心里。

【解答】good 好的，形容词；nice 好的，形容词；well 好地，副词；woderfully 极好地，副词；nicely 好地，副词。sing 为实义动词，用副词修饰，smell 为系动词，后跟形容词。

故选：B。

10. (1 分) - - Who helps you with your homework, your father or your mother?

- - _____ After the "double reduction" policy (双减政策) is carried out, I'm able to finish my homework at school. ()

A. None. B. Either. C. Both. D. Neither.

【答案】D

【分析】- - - 谁帮助你做作业，你爸爸还是你妈妈？

- - - 都不是。"双减"政策实施后，我可以在学校完成家庭作业了。

【解答】none 表示三者及以上的全部否定；either 两者中的任意一个；both"两者都"；neither"两者都不"。根据"your father or your mother"和"I'm able to finish my homework at school"可知父母两人都没帮忙，我可以在学校完成家庭作业了。

故选：D。

11. (1 分) - Are there any questions for you about the TV play Meet yourself (《去有风的地方》)?

- Yes, I want to know _____ in the next episode (集). ()

A. when will the actor go camping with the actress
B. who will the actor go camping
C. if the actor will go camping with the actress
D. that the actor will go camping with the actress

【答案】C

【分析】—关于电视剧《去有风的地方》，你有要问的问题吗？

—是的，我想知道下一集那个男演员是否会和那个女演员一起去露营。

【解答】分析句子结构可知空格处填宾语从句，根据宾语从句疑问词后面跟陈述语序，可以排除选项 A 和 B；根据句意可知，此处应是表达不确定下一集那个男演员是否会和那个女演员一起去露营，D 选项内容是已经明确或知道的内容，与语境不符，因而选项 C 最符合语境。

故选：C。

12. (1 分) - Mary, why are you in the classroom? All your classmates are on the bus.

- I'm sorry, but I _____ what time to get on the bus. ()

A. am told B. didn't tell
C. haven't told D. wasn't told

【答案】D

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】- 如果我从现在开始努力学习，我能做好吗？

- 当然，亡羊补牢，为时不晚。

【解答】根据语境可知对方询问从现在开始努力学习，能做好吗？结合答语当然，…可推知现在学习不算晚。对照选项的意思 A、殊途同归、海纳百川；B 好景不常在；C、亡羊补牢，为时不晚；D、人多好办事。可知 C 表达的意思符合该语境。

故选：C。

二、完形填空阅读下列短文，从文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

16. (15 分) I used to regard myself as a quite international person, but my bookshelves told a different story. Besides a few Indian novels and an Australian book, my literature (文学) collection was only made up of British and American titles. At the start of 2012, I set myself the (1) B of trying to read a book from every (2) A in a year to find out what I was missing.

Knowing that it's impossible to find books from nearly 200 nations in the (3) D bookshop, I decided to ask the planet's readers for help. I created a blog called A Year of Reading the World for suggestions of (4) A I could read in English. The response (响应) was (5) C. People all over the planet contacted me, offering ideas and book (6) D. Some posted me books from their home countries. Several writers sent me unpublished translations of their novels, giving me a chance to read works (7) C in Britain.

Even with such an amazing team behind me, however, getting books in English was no (8) D task. This was especially true for some African countries. And when it (9) A to the small island nation of San Tome & Principe, I would have given up (10) D a team of helpers.

All in all, getting stories like these (11) B as much time as the reading, (12) C the effort was worth it. In the hands of different writers, I was taken inside the (13) B of people living far away and shown the world through their eyes. These (14) C not only opened my mind to life in other places, but opened my heart to the way people there might feel. And that in turn (15) A my thinking.

One by one, the country names on the list changed into real places. At its best, I learned, books make the world real.

(1) A. thought B. challenge C. record D. example

(2) A. country B. island C. city D. town

- | | | | | |
|------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| (3) | A. familiar | B. favorite | C. national | D. local |
| (4) | A. titles | B. bookshops | C. bookshelves | D. places |
| (5) | A. boring | B. shocking | C. amazing | D. interesting |
| (6) | A. shops | B. writers | C. covers | D. lists |
| (7) | A. acceptable | B. popular | C. unavailable | D. valuable |
| (8) | A. fun | B. proper | C. difficult | D. easy |
| (9) | A. came | B. went | C. referred | D. happened |
| (10) | A. in | B. for | C. with | D. without |
| (11) | A. wasted | B. took | C. spent | D. saved |
| (12) | A. so | B. and | C. but | D. or |
| (13) | A. beauty | B. thoughts | C. hometown | D. spirits |
| (14) | A. writers | B. translators | C. stories | D. places |
| (15) | A. changed | B. supported | C. decided | D. disturbed |

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】本文主要讲述了我过去认为自己是“国际人”，后来意识到书架上除了几本印度小说和一本澳大利亚书，其余的都是英美书刊。为了把缺失的找回来，我给自己设置了一个挑战——一年内尝试读一本来自每个国家的书。为此，我创建了一个名叫“A Year of Reading the World”的微博，得到了世界各地读者的帮助，这个反响令我很惊讶。从书中我学到了很多，也意识到书可以让世界更真实。

【解答】(1) B. 考查名词。根据上文“Besides a few Indian novels and an Australian book, my literature (文学) collection was only made up of British and American titles.”及结合选项可知在 2012 年初，我给自己设置了一个挑战，B. 挑战符合句意。A. 想法；C. 记录；D. 例子。故选 B。

(2) A. 考查名词。根据下文“Knowing that it's impossible to find books from nearly 200 nations...”中的“nations”可推断我给自己设置了一个挑战，在一年内尝试读一本来自每个国家的书，以致找到丢失的东西，结合选项，A. 国家，符合句意。B. 半岛；C. 城市；D. 城镇。故选 A。

(3) D. 考查形容词。根据下文“I decided to ask the planet's readers for help.”及结合选项可知在当地商店里找到来自几乎 200 个国家的书是不可能的，D. 当地的符合句意。A. 相似的；B. 最喜爱的；C. 国家的。故选 D。

(4) A. 考查名词。根据上文“I decided to ask the planet's readers for help.”及结合选项可知我创建了一

个名叫 "A Year of Reading the World" 的微博，希望在星球读者们的帮助下得到我能用英语阅读标题的建议，A. 标题符合句意。B. 书店；C. 书架；D. 地方。故选 A。

(5) C. 考查形容词。根据下文 "People all over the planet contacted me, offering ideas and book..." 及结合选项可推断响应是令人惊叹的。C. 令人惊叹的符合句意。A. 无聊的；B. 讨厌的，令人憎恶的；D. 有趣的。故选 C。

(6) D. 考查名词。根据上文 "I created a blog called A Year of Reading the World for suggestions of... I could read in English." 及结合选项可推断世界各地的人提供给我主意和书单，D. 清单符合句意。A. 商店；B. 作家；C. 封面。故选 D。

(7) C. 考查形容词。根据上文 "Some posted me books from their home countries. Several writers sent me unpublished translations of their novels..." 及结合选项可知这给了我一个在英国不可能读到这些作品的机会，C. 得不到的符合句意。A. 可接受的；B. 流行的；D. 有价值的。故选 C。

(8) D. 考查形容词。根据下文 "This was especially true for some African countries." 及结合选项可推断尽管在我身后有一个令人惊叹的团队，但是得到用英文翻译的这些书却不是容易的任务，D. 容易的符合句意。A. 有趣的；B. 适当的；C. 困难的。故选 D。

(9) A. 考查动词。根据上文可知得到用英文翻译的这些书是不容易的任务及下文 "I would have given up..." 及结合选项可推断当它来到小的半岛国家圣多美和普林斯比的时候，A. 来符合句意。B. 去；C. 提到；D. 发生。故选 A。

(10) D. 考查介词。根据上文 "I would have given up" 及结合选项可知如果没有一个帮助的团队我就会放弃，D. 没有符合句意。A. 在...里面；B. 为了；C. 用，和。故选 D。

(11) B. 考查动词。根据上文 "getting stories like these" 及下文 "as much time as the reading" 再结合选项可知像这样得到这些故事需要在阅读上花费很多时间，B. 花费符合句意。A. 浪费；C. 花费，主语是人；D. 挽救。故选 B。

(12) C. 考查连词。根据上文可知得到这些故事需要在阅读上花费很多时间，结合下文 "the effort was worth it." 可知此处应用转折词 but，但是，表示努力是值得的，C. 符合句意。A. 所以；B. 和；D. 或者，否则。故选 C。

(13) B. 考查名词。根据上文 "In the hands of different writers" 及下文 "shown the world through their eyes"，再结合选项可知我被带进了遥远的他们的想法中，B. 想法符合句意。A. 美丽；C. 家乡；D. 精神。故选 B。

(14) C. 考查名词。根据上文 "I was taken inside the... of people living far away and shown the world through their eyes." 及结合选项可知这些故事打开了我对其他地方生活的想法，C. 故事符合句意。A. 作家；

B. 翻译者；D. 地方。故选 C。

(15) A. 考查动词。根据上文 "These...not only opened my mind to life in other places, but opened my heart to the way people there might feel. "可知这些故事不仅打开了我对其他地方生活的想法，而且还打开了我的心通往人们可能感觉到的道路。因此可推断反过来这也改变了我的想法，A. 改变符合句意。B. 支持；C. 决定；D. 被扰乱的。故选 A。

三、阅读理解阅读下面短文，从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

17. (6 分)

Frozen rocks

Here is a simple force that is powerful enough to tear down (破坏) huge mountains:

You'll need.

- Refrigerator
- Plastic bag
- Several small pieces of sandstone. This kind of stone is gritty (喊砂砾的) like sandpaper.

If you need help finding these, ask a rock collector or science teacher.



1. Soak (没泡) the small rocks in water overnight.
2. Seal (密封) them into the bag and put the bag in the refrigerator.



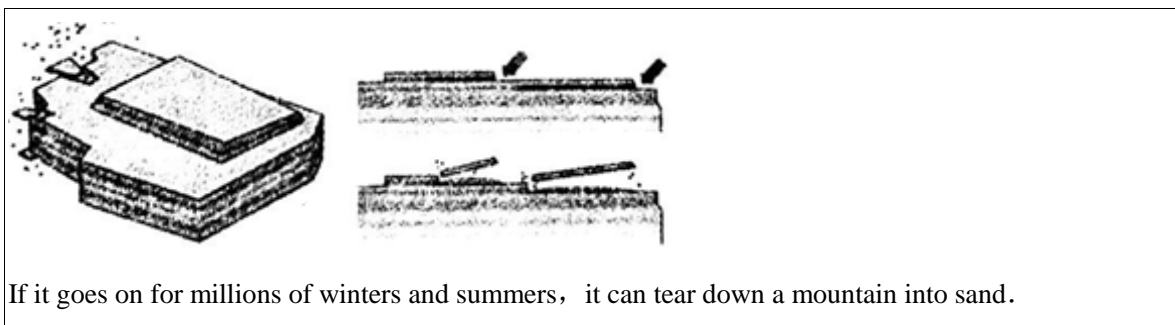
3. The next day, take the bag out for an hour. See if the rocks have changed.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 daily for 10 days.

What will happen?

Tiny pieces of the rocks will start to break off.

Water can go into cracks (缝隙) and holes in a rock.

That water expands when it freezes and chips (剥落) pieces from the rock.



(1) How many materials are needed in the experiment? B

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Five

(2) What is the RIGHT order that a mountain is torn down into sand? D

- ①Water freezes.
- ②Water expands.
- ③Rocks are turned into sand.
- ④Rocks are chipped into pieces.
- ⑤Water goes into cracks in a rock.

- A. ②⑤①③④
- B. ②①⑤④③
- C. ⑤④①②③
- D. ⑤①②④③

(3) The information mainly tells us C.

- A. how sand forms
- B. the force of nature is very huge
- C. a simple force can tear down huge mountains
- D. sometimes an experiment takes a long time

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】本文主要讲了一个冷冻岩石的实验，以及所需的材料和步骤，以及会产生的结果。

【解答】(1) B. 细节理解题。题目问实验中需要几种材料，根据 You'll need. • Refrigerator • Plastic bag • Several small pieces of sandstone. 可知是三种。故选 B.

(2) D. 细节理解题。题目问哪一个是一座山被变成沙子正确的顺序，根据 Water can go into cracks (缝隙) and holes in a rock. That water expands when it freezes and chips (剥落) pieces from the rock. If it goes on for millions of winters and summers, it can tear down a mountain into sand. 可知正确的顺序是水流入岩石的缝隙，水冷冻时同时膨胀，然后剥落成块，最后变成沙子，故选 D。

(3) C. 主旨大意题。题目意为这篇文章主要告诉我们____，根据 Here is a simple force that is powerful enough to tear down (破坏) huge mountains 可知本文主要讲了可以摧毁大山的力量。故选 C。

18. (8 分) I was beginning to grow handsome. My coat was bright and black, I had one white foot and a pretty white star on my forehead. When I was four, Squire Gordon decided to buy me. Then Farmer Grey began to break me in.

Like all horses that have grown up, I had to wear gears (用具). The first is a bit and bridle. I hated wearing a bit in my mouth. It was horrible, like a metal finger between my teeth. The saddle was not so bad. One morning, my master rode me round the meadow. I was proud to carry him, and I soon got used to it. But I didn't like the iron shoes. They were very stiff and heavy on my feet. But in time I got used to that too.

My mother told me, "There are good men like our master, but there are bad men too. I hope you have good masters. But remember; always do your best. "

Early in May, a man came to take me away to Squire Gordon's house, in the village of Birtwick. My new stable (马厩) was large and comfortable. There was a little fat grey pony next to me. His name was Merrylegs. And I also found a tall chestnut horse at the corner of the stable, quiet.

"That's Ginger, " Merrylegs told me. "She bites. One day she bit James, the groom (马夫). She says no one was kind to her before. But James and John, our grooms, are very good to us, and Squire Gordon doesn't whip (鞭打) his horses, so I think she's going to like it here. "

The next morning John took me for a ride. On the way back, we met Squire Gordon and Mrs. Gordon.

"Well, John, how does he go? " the Squire asked.

"Excellent, sir. " John answered.

Mrs. Gordon said, "He's a beauty. Let's call him Black Beauty. " (取材于扬州市"五个百工程"指定书目《黑骏马》)

(1) The underlined phrase "break in" in Paragraph 1 means D in Chinese.

A. 出售

B. 奖励

C. 骑

D. 驯服

(2) To grow up, Black Beauty had to wear C gears.

A. two

B. three

C. four

D. five

(3) What's the aim of mother's words in Paragraph 3? B

A. To warn Black Beauty to follow his masters.

B. To encourage Black Beauty to keep hope.

C. To ask Black Beauty to fight against others.

D. To remind Black Beauty to find freedom.

(4) Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? C

A. Black Beauty is named after his mother.

B. Merrylegs doesn't like his grooms.

C. Ginger is new in the village of Birtwick.

D. Squire Gordon often whips his horses.



【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】本文主要以马为主人公，讲了马在被驯服的过程及感受。

【解答】(1) D. 词义理解题。根据第二段 Like all horses that have grown up, I had to wear gears (用具). 可知马必须要戴用具，因此判断是主人买了他之后交给别人驯服，因此判断划线短语的含义为驯服，故选 D.

(2) C. 细节理解题。根据第二段 The first is a bit and bridle. The saddle was not so bad. But I didn't like the iron shoes. 可知是四个，故选 C.

(3) B. 推理判断题. 根据第三段 My mother told me, "There are good men like our master, but there are bad men too. I hope you have good masters. But remember; always do your best. "可知妈妈的话是让他做最好, 因此推断是鼓励他要满怀希望, 故选 B.

(4) C. 推理判断题. 根据第五段 "That's Ginger, " Merrylegs told me. "She bites. One day she bit James, the groom (马夫). She says no one was kind to her before. But James and John, our grooms, are very good to us, and Squire Gordon doesn't: whip (鞭打) his horses, so I think she's going to like it here. "可知 Merrylegs 认为 Ginger 会喜欢这里的, 因此判断她是新来的, 故选 C.

19. (8 分)

A Pathway (路径) to Meaning in Life

When it comes to a meaningful life, we might think of love, happiness and health. A life filled with meaning is what most of us want for ourselves. Then, what makes a meaningful life?

Many researchers agree that a meaningful life comes down to three factors (因素): having long-term goals, believing that one's life matters, and feeling that one's life fits together and "makes sense".

But we believe there is more to consider. Sometimes life enables us to experience small moments of beauty. When people are open to appreciating (欣赏) such experiences, these moments may improve how they see their own life. We call this experiential appreciation (EA). EA is about the person feeling connected to events and being able to appreciate the value within the connection. It shows the discovery of and admiration for life's beauty.

We recently set out to better understand EA in studies. We were interested in whether EA was also tied to general judgment of meaning in life. If so, it could be a factor for meaningfulness.

In the first study, we had people rate (评估) their support for different methods of reducing stress. We found that people who managed stress by focusing on their appreciation for life's beauty also reported experiencing life as highly meaningful.

In the next study, we asked people to rate the degree to which they agreed with various statements, such as "I appreciate the beauty of life" and "I appreciate little things in life, " as well as other statements that related to the three factors and a general sense of meaning in life. Our results showed that the more people reported that they were "appreciating life" and its many experiences, the more they felt their life was valuable. In the following studies, we further looked at the connection between EA and meaningfulness. For example, we found that people who were asked to look back on the most meaningful event of the past week generally reported high EA in those moments.

All the results proved our theory （假设） true. But putting it into practice can be difficult. Our fast - paced lifestyles fill the day with goals. We try to get the highest output both at work and in spare time. This focus on future outcomes makes it all too easy to miss what is happening right now. We should slow down and let life surprise us.

（1） You were most probably in the EA condition when D .

- A. you made a travel plan for the coming holiday
- B. you hurried to serve the customers in the store
- C. you practiced hard to become the best violinist
- D. you stopped to admire the roses by the roadside

（2） What can we learn from the studies mentioned in the passage? B

- A. Thinking back to the past weakens our sense of meaning.
- B. Enjoying small things can influence our attitude toward life.
- C. Proper stress management is the key to living a satisfying life.
- D. Good judgment on beauty improves connections among people.

（3） What does the last paragraph mainly tell us? B

- A. It is easier for results - driven people to achieve success.
- B. We often turn a blind eye to the present moment.
- C. A fast - paced lifestyle helps us reach our goals.
- D. Future life will bring us many more surprises.

（4） What is the writer's main purpose in writing this passage? C

- A. To explain how to discover beauty in life.
- B. To discuss what the true meaning of life is.
- C. To introduce a new factor for a meaningful life.
- D. To compare different factors for meaningfulness.

【答案】 DBBC

【分析】短文讲了什么使生活有意义，详细地介绍了有意义的生活可以归结为三个因素：有长远的目标，相信自己的生活很重要，觉得自己的生活是合情合理的。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据 Sometimes life enables us to experience small moments of beauty. When people are open to appreciating （欣赏） such experiences, these moments may improve how they see their own

life. We call this experiential appreciation (EA). EA is about the person feeling connected to events and being able to appreciate the value within the connection. It shows the discovery of and admiration for life's beauty.

（有时候，生活让我们体验到美丽的小瞬间。当人们乐于欣赏这样的经历时，这些时刻可能会改善他们对自己生活的看法。我们称之为体验欣赏（EA）。EA 是让人感受到与事件的联系，并能够欣赏这种联系的价值。它表现了对生命之美的发现和欣赏。）可知当你停下来欣赏路边的玫瑰时，你很可能处于 EA 状态。故选 D。

（2）推理判断题。根据文章第五、六、七段中对研究结果的描述可知，欣赏或经历生活中的一些细小的美好的瞬间可以让人们觉得生活充满意义，改变生活的态度。故选 B。

（3）段意归纳题。根据 This focus on future outcomes makes it all too easy to miss what is happening right now. We should slow down and let life surprise us.（这种对未来结果的关注很容易让人错过现在正在发生的事情。我们应该慢下来，让生活给我们惊喜。）可知我们经常对现在视而不见。故选 B。

（4）写作意图题。通览全文且结合文章第三段 "But we believe there is more to consider. Sometimes life enables us to experience small moments of beauty." 可知，文章主要介绍了一种新的影响生活意义的因素，即 "发现和欣赏生活中的美"。故选 C。

20. (8 分) China's deep - sea exploration has entered a new period. Its deep - sea manned (载人的) submersible (潜水艇) Fendouzhe recently set a national diving (潜水) record of 10, 909 meters in the Mariana Trench, the deepest underwater valley on the planet, according to AFP.

The average (平均的) depth of the ocean is about 3, 600 to 4, 000 meters. With Fendouzhe, experts said China now has "full ocean depth ability." This means scientists can carry out manned exploration at any depth of any ocean.

Fendouzhe can find rare earth metals in the deep sea. These are used to make high - tech products. "The ocean floor is a whole new world. If we don't explore this world, others will explore it," CCTV reported. The three researchers aboard the sub are also studying the many forms of sea life that are only found in the deep sea. The researchers can use the sub's video camera to record what they find underwater. They plan to collect samples (标本) of rocks, animals and plants.

The area that Fendouzhe dove in is known as the Challenger Deep, a very deep part of the Mariana Trench with very high pressure of around 11, 250 tons per square meter, China Daily reported. The sub stayed safe thanks to its super - strong titanium (钛) body.

Since it's so difficult to send manned submersibles to the deep sea, why not just send a robot?

"The ocean floor is dark and can be very cloudy, and cameras sometimes cannot discover things there as

effectively （有效率地） as human eyes, " Yang Ning, an ocean scientist, told China Daily.

Moreover, the scientists in the sub have different backgrounds.If something unusual happens, they can react （反应） quicker than machines, which lead to surprising discoveries, according to Yang.

（1）What did Fendouzhe recently do? C

- A. It broke a world diving record.
- B. It discovered an underwater valley.
- C. It dove very deep in the Mariana Trench.
- D. It took people to the deep sea for the last time.

（2）What can Fendouzhe be used for? D

- a.Finding rare earth metals.
- b.Making high - tech products.
- c.Recording videos.
- d.Collecting samples.

- A. abc
- B. bcd
- C. abd
- D. acd

（3）According to China Daily, what challenge did Fendouzhe face in the deep sea? B

- A. Dangerous animals and plants.
- B. High water pressure.
- C. Hard rocks.
- D. Bad weather.

（4）What do the last two paragraphs explain? B

- A. What scientists will do with Fendouzhe.
- B. Why robots don't work well in the deep sea.
- C. How robots will be used for ocean exploration.
- D. How scientists did undersea research.

【答案】CDBB

【分析】本文主要介绍了中国的深海探测潜水艇"奋斗者号"。

【解答】（1）细节理解题。根据第四段 The area that Fendouzhe dove in is known as the Challenger Deep, a very deep part of the Mariana Trench with very high pressure of around 11, 250 tons per square meter, China Daily reported.（据《中国日报》报道，奋斗者号潜入的区域被称为挑战者深渊，这是马里亚纳海沟的一个非常深的部分，每平方米的高压约为 11250 吨。）可知，它最近潜入到了马里亚纳海沟的一个非常深的部分。故选 C。

（2）细节理解题。根据第三段 Fendouzhe can find rare earth metals in the deep sea. These are used to make high - tech products. "The ocean floor is a whole new world. If we don't explore this world, others will explore it," CCTV reported. The three researchers aboard the sub are also studying the many forms of sea life that are only found in the deep sea. The researchers can use the sub's video camera to record what they find underwater. They plan to collect samples（标本）of rocks, animals and plants.（奋斗者号可以在深海中找到稀土金属。它们被用来制造高科技产品。"海底是一个全新的世界。如果我们不去探索这个世界，别人就会去探索它。"潜艇上的三名研究人员也在研究许多只在深海中发现的海洋生物。研究人员可以用潜艇上的摄像机记录下他们在水下的发现。他们计划收集岩石、动物和植物的标本。）可知，奋斗者号可以找到稀有金属，录制视频，收集样品。故选 D。

（3）细节理解题。根据第四段 The area that Fendouzhe dove in is known as the Challenger Deep, a very deep part of the Mariana Trench with very high pressure of around 11, 250 tons per square meter, China Daily reported. The sub stayed safe thanks to its super - strong titanium（钛）body.（据《中国日报》报道，奋斗者号潜入的区域被称为挑战者深渊，这是马里亚纳海沟的一个非常深的部分，每平方米的高压约为 11250 吨。这艘潜艇的安全得益于超强的钛船体。）可知，奋斗者号面临着水压很高的困难。故选 B。

（4）段落大意题。根据第五段 Since it's so difficult to send manned submersibles to the deep sea, why not just send a robot?（既然将载人潜水器送到深海如此困难，为什么不直接送一个机器人呢？）可知，下文解释了为什么不用机器人在深海工作。故选 B。

四、词汇应用根据句子意思，用括号中所给汉语提示或英语单词的适当形式填空。（每空一词）

21.（1分）Please put away those Germans' keys to cars. They are going swimming.（Germany）

【答案】Germans'

【分析】请把这些德国人的车钥匙收好。他们要去游泳。

【解答】根据 "...keys to cars" 和提示词可知，此处是指德国人的车钥匙。German "德国人"，名词。又因空前有 "those"，其后需跟名词复数形式 Germans。再者 "German" 和 "keys" 是所属关系，需用名词所有格形式。

故填 Germans'。

22. (1 分) All of us finally succeeded in getting to the top of the mountain. (success)

【答案】succeeded

【分析】我们所有人最终都成功地登上了山顶。

【解答】根据句意“我们所有人最终都成功地登上了山顶”，由本句缺谓语，考虑此处用提示词的动词形式 succeed，表示“成功”。由此处谈论过去的经历，考虑填其过去式形式。

故答案为：succeeded。

23. (1 分) The tornado last month in the USA was a real disaster, leaving (leave) thousands of people homeless.

【答案】leaving

【分析】上个月在美国发生的龙卷风是一场真正的灾难，使成千上万的人无家可归。

【解答】龙卷风导致很多人无家可归，是动作的发出者，此处用动名词作状语。

故填：leaving。

24. (1 分) After the 2022 Spring Festival Gala, a dance drama Poetic Dance: The Journey of a Legendary Landscape Painting became widely known in China. (wide)

【答案】widely

【分析】在 2022 年春节晚会后，一个舞蹈剧《诗舞：只此青绿》在中国广为人知。

【解答】wide 宽的，形容词。分析句子可知横线上缺的是副词修饰形容词“known”，所以应将“wide”变为 widely“广泛地”。

故答案为：widely。

25. (1 分) —I really find it difficult to choose one between the two types.

—Don't worry, madam. Both are made of silk and wash (wash) easily.

【答案】wash

【分析】——我真的觉得在这两种类型里面选一种很难。

——女士，不要担心。这两种都是由丝绸制成，也很容易洗涤。

【解答】分析句子可知此处动词 wash 可用主动形式表示被动意义。结合语境，句子应用一般现在时，主语 Both 为复数意义，因此此空填入 wash 的原形。

故填 wash。

26. (1 分) Read the instructions (指示) carefully before you use it.

【答案】instructions

【分析】在你使用之前一定要阅读说明。

【解答】空白处缺失单词为名词，又"指示"有很多，故用其复数形式 instructions。

故填：instructions。

27. (1 分) The book I'm interested in describes (描述) the secrets of nature.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】我感兴趣的那本书描述了大自然的秘密。

【解答】答案：describes.

根据 The book I'm interested in - - (描述) the secrets of nature, 可知这里句子叙述一事实, 时态用一般现在时, describe, 动词, 描述, 这里主语是单数. 故填 describes.

28. (1 分) The TV series "Knockout" (狂飙) is very popular (受欢迎的) with both young people and old people.

【答案】popular

【分析】电视剧《狂飙》非常受欢迎, 老少皆宜。

【解答】根据汉语提示, 可知考查短语"受……欢迎", 英文表达为 be popular with。

故答案为: popular。

29. (1 分) Be careful not to fall down when you go across the icy road. (穿过)

【答案】across

【分析】当你穿过结冰的道路时, 小心不要摔倒。

【解答】根据提示"穿过"可知, go across"穿过", 表示从物体表面穿过。

故答案为: across。

30. (1 分) Though the scientist is in his nineties (九十), he is still in good health.

【答案】nineties

【分析】这位科学家虽然已经 90 多岁了, 但身体仍然很好。

【解答】in one's+整十基数词复数"在某人几十多岁时"固定搭配。根据提示"九十"可知, 填 ninety 的复数 nineties。

故答案为: nineties。

五、阅读表达阅读短文, 回答下面 5 个问题。(每题答案不超过 10 个词)

31. (10 分) It was a long, hot summer that year, and Anne enjoyed it with her whole heart. When it was over, she went back to school and studied hard in Miss Stacy's Queen's class for that terrible thing known as "the Entrance." Anne grew so quickly that one day Marilla was surprised to find that the girl was taller than herself.

After months of studying, Anne went to town for the exams. When she returned to Green Gables, three weeks

passed without the exams appearing. Anne did not know what to do with herself!

Then, one evening, Anne was sitting at her open window when she saw Diana coming up the hill with a newspaper in her hand.

"Anne, you've passed, " she cried, "and you came first—you and Gilbert both—you are tied."

"Well now, I always said it, " said Matthew, looking at the exam result list delightfully. "I knew you could beat them all easily."

The next three weeks was a busy time at Green Gables. Anne was getting ready to go to Queen's, and there was much to be done. Anne was to have many new clothes. Matthew saw to that, and Marilla did not say anything. She even made Anne a beautiful green dress for special occasions. As Marilla watched Anne packing her things, she began to cry.

"I wish you could have stayed a little girl, Anne. You've grown up now. And you're going away. It makes me feel so lonely."

"Marilla!" Anne sat down next to her. "I will always be your little Anne, who will love you and Matthew and dear Green Gables every day of her life"

The day finally came for Anne to go to town. The next day, Anne and the rest of the Avonlea students went to Queen's Academy. Anne decided to try hard to win the Avery scholarship. If she won the scholarship, she would be given money to attend Redmond College. Then, one day she would become a real graduate! Imagine how proud Matthew would be then!

(1) What was Marilla surprised to find?

Anne was taller than her.

(2) Who came in first on the entrance exam?

Both Anne and Gilbert.

(3) What did Marilla wish ?

Anne stayed a little girl.

(4) Which college could Anne go to if she got the Avery scholarship?

Redmond College.

(5) What do you think of Anne?

Anne is hardworking .

【答案】(1) Anne was taller than her.

(2) Both Anne and Gilbert.

(3) Anne stayed a little girl.

(4) Redmond College.

(5) Anne is hardworking .

【分析】 本文是长篇小说《绿山墙的安妮》的节选。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据"Anne grew so quickly that one day Marilla was surprised to find that the girl was taller than herself."(Anne 长得很快,有一天,Marilla 惊讶地发现这个女孩比她自己还高)可知 Marilla 惊讶的发现 Anne 比自己高。故填 Anne was taller than her.

(2) 细节理解题。根据"...and you came first—you and Gilbert both—you are tied."(你先来,你和 Gilbert 都打成平手了。)可知 Anne 和 Gilbert 并列第一。故填 Both Anne and Gilbert.

(3) 细节理解题。根据"As Marilla watched Anne packing her things, she began to cry. 'I wish you could have stayed a little girl, Anne. You've grown up now. And you're going away. It makes me feel so lonely.'"(当 Marilla 看着 Anne 收拾东西时,她哭了起来我希望你能一直是个小女孩,Anne,你现在长大了。你要走了。这让我感觉如此孤独。)可知 Marilla 希望 Anne 还是个小女孩。故填 Anne stayed a little girl.

(4) 细节理解题。根据"If she won the scholarship, she would be given money to attend Redmond College."(如果她获得了奖学金,她将被资助上雷蒙德大学。)可知 Anne 如果得到奖学金,她想要去雷蒙德大学。故填 Redmond College.

(5) 开放性试题,合理即可。我认为她很努力,故填 Anne is hardworking .

六、缺词填空请认真阅读下面短文,并根据各题所给首字母的提示,写出一个合适的英语单词完整、正确的形式,使短文通顺。

32. (10 分) 请认真阅读下面短文,并根据各题所给首字母的提示,写出一个合适的英语单词完整、正确的形式,使短文通顺。

It is reported that 300 million people in China have eyesight trouble. Some students get short - sightedness when they are little, and many students in primary school are short - sighted. That is too serious. Therefore, we should p (1) rotect our eyes carefully. More and more parents hope to save their children's eyesight with m (2) edicine, or by correcting the ways that children read and sit. But in fact, one should start with the exercise on one's feet. Here are three ways to save our eyes.

First, don't tie your shoes too closely. Try wearing c (3) omfortable and soft socks or walking without socks and shoes at home. While you are travelling, try wearing cloth shoes in order to improve b (4) lood circulation (循环).

Second, walking on tiptoes is good for one's eyesight. It can fight against eyesight problems (5) _____. Numbers show that most of ballet performers' eyesight is better (6) _____.

Third, rope skipping can also be good for one's eyesight. While skipping rope, one has to move quickly (7) _____, making both the brain and the eyes excited. It may also help make one grow taller (8) _____.

Besides foot exercises, it is good to pull one's ears. Pulling the ears 20 times quickly every day is also a great way (9) _____. It can keep one's eyes healthy. When reading and writing, we should keep a standard posture (姿势). We should not watch TV or play computer games for too long. They are bad for our eyes. And, we should do eye exercises regularly. Of course a good rest is also important (10) _____ to our eyes.

In all, eyes are the windows of our mind. We should keep them healthy.

【答案】 (1) protect (2) medicine (3) comfortable (4) blood (5) problems (6) better (7) quickly (8) taller (9) way (10) important

【分析】 本文主要描述了三种保护眼睛的方法。

【解答】 (1) 考查动词。句意：因此，我们应该仔细地保护我们的眼睛。根据 "That is too serious." 和首字母提示可知，小孩子的近视问题很严重，所以应是要保护眼睛。protect "保护"，动词；情态动词 "should" 后跟动词原形。故填 protect。

(2) 考查名词。句意：越来越多的父母希望通过药物或纠正孩子的阅读和坐姿来挽救孩子的视力。根据 "More and more parents hope to save their children's eyesight with..." 和首字母提示可知，此处 medicine "药物" 符合语境，意为 "通过药物去挽救视力"。故填 medicine。

(3) 考查形容词。句意：试着穿舒适柔软的袜子，或者在家里不穿袜子和鞋子走路。根据 "and soft socks" 和首字母提示可知，此处是指舒服的袜子，comfortable "舒服的"，形容词作定语。故填 comfortable。

(4) 考查名词。句意：当你旅行时，试着穿布鞋以促进血液循环。根据 "try wearing cloth shoes in order to improve...circulation" 和首字母提示可知，此处是指血液循环。固定短语 blood circulation "血液循环"。故填 blood。

(5) 考查名词。句意：它可以对抗视力问题。根据 "It is reported that 300 million people in China have eyesight trouble." 和首字母提示可知，此处是指对抗视力问题。problem "问题"，名词，此处用复数形式。故填 problems。

(6) 考查比较级。句意：数据显示，大多数芭蕾舞演员的视力更好。根据 "Numbers show that most of ballet performers' eyesight..." 和首字母提示可知，此处暗含比较含义。大多数芭蕾舞演员视力更好。better "更好"。故填 better。

(7) 考查副词。句意：跳绳时，动作要快，让大脑和眼睛都兴奋起来。根据 "making both the brain and the

eyes excited."和首字母提示可知，此处是指动作要快。quickly"快速地"，副词修饰前面的动词"move"。故填 quickly。

(8) 考查比较级。句意：它还可以帮助一个人长高。根据"It may also help make one grow"和首字母提示可知，此处是指长高，暗含比较含义，需用比较级 taller"更高的"。故填 taller。

(9) 考查名词。句意：每天快速拉 20 次耳朵也是一个很好的方法。根据"Here are three ways to save our eyes."以及"Pulling the ears 20 times quickly every day is also a great"可知，此处是指好的方法。way"方法"，名词；空前有冠词"a"，其后跟名词单数形式。故填 way。

(10) 考查形容词。句意：当然，良好 休息对我们的眼睛也很重要。根据"a good rest is also...to our eyes."和首字母提示可知，此处是指休息对眼睛也很重要。important"重要的"，形容词作表语。故填 important。

七、书面表达 A. 句子翻译

33. (2 分) 据说出生在虎年的人很勇敢。 It is said that people born in the Year of the Tiger are very brave.

【答案】It is said that people born in the Year of the Tiger are very brave.

【分析】据说出生在虎年的人很勇敢。

【解答】根据中文句意可知，It is said that"据说"；people "人"；born in the Year of the Tiger"出生在虎年"；very brave"很勇敢"。本句为 it 的固定句型，that 后跟句子，句中"born in the Year of the Tiger"作定语修饰名词 people，主语为名词复数，使用 be 动词 are。

故填：It is said that people born in the Year of the Tiger are very brave.

34. (2 分) 你去或不去，对我都没有关系。 It has nothing to do with me whether you go or not.

【答案】It has nothing to do with me whether you go or not.

【分析】你去或不去，对我都没有关系。

【解答】It has nothing to do with sb"与某人没有关系"，其中 it 作形式主语，me"我"；whether you go or not"你去或不去"，其中 whether...or not 引导让步状语从句。根据句意可知，主句和从句都用一般现在时。

故答案为：It has nothing to do with me whether you go or not.

35. (2 分) 需要更多的钱来继续我们的工作。

More money is needed to carry on with our work.

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】More money is needed to carry on with our work.

【解答】更多的钱 more money，需要 need，继续某事 carry on with sth.，我们的工作 our work，需要做某事 need to do sth.；"钱"和"需要"是被动关系，再结合句意"需要更多的钱来继续我们的工作"可知，要用一般现在时的被动语态，其构成为 am/ is/ are done，主语是不可数名词，用 is。

故答案为 More money is needed to to carry on with our work.

36. (2 分) 因为雨下得正大，你最好不要外出。

Because it's raining heavily, you'd better not go out .

【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】Because it's raining heavily, you'd better not go out.

【解答】答案：Because it's raining heavily, you'd better not go out.

首先分析句子的时态和结构：句子说的是现在的状况，判断从句用现在进行时，由 be+V - ing 构成，这里 because 引导原因状语从句，短语"最好"是 had better，后面跟动词原形，外出一般表示成 go out，故答案是：Because it's raining heavily, you'd better not go out.

37. (2 分) 除非你尽力，否则你不能实现自己的理想。

Unless you try your best, you won't realize your dream.

【答案】Unless you try your best, you won't realize your dream.

【分析】除非你尽力，否则你不能实现自己的理想。

【解答】"除非"unless，引导条件状语从句，遵循主将从现原则；"你"you；"尽力"try one's best；"不能"won't；"实现你的理想"realize your dream。

故填 Unless you try your best, you won't realize your dream.

写作

38. (20 分) 日前，中共中央、国务院印发了《关于全面加强新时代大中小学劳动教育的意见》(A guideline on hardworking spirit education)，提出了中学生应该树立"劳动最光荣、劳动最崇高、劳动最伟大、劳动最美丽"的劳动精神。校英文报社以此为主题，举行英语征文比赛，请你根据下面提示，写一篇短文投稿。谈谈你对劳动教育的看法，并提出建议。

写作要点：

(1) 你认为培养劳动精神重要吗？至少给出两条理由；

(2) 从以下几个方面谈谈你参加的有助于培养劳动精神的活动：

a.What housework do you usually do at home?

b.What out - of - class activities do you take part in at school?

(3) 就"如何培养劳动精神"给出你的建议。

要求：

(1) 短文应包括提示中所有的写作要点，条理清楚，行文连贯，可适当发挥；

(2) 短文中不能出现真实的人名和地名；

（3）词数不少于 80，开头已给出，不计入总词数。

A guideline on hardworking spirit education came out recently in order to help more students of different ages to get working spirit. _____

【答案】 A guideline on hardworking spirit education came out recently in order to help more students of different ages to get working spirit. As a middle school student, I welcome it warmly. The hardworking spirit education is necessary and it helps to build us up.

I usually do housework at home, like tidying rooms, washing clothes or cooking some dishes. I also take part in out-of-class activities such as planting trees or growing vegetables to enrich my real-world work experience.

In order to develop hardworking spirit, we should have hardworking spirit classes to learn some basic life skills at school every week. We should try to form good working habits and value the importance of working hard through our experience.

【分析】【高分句型一】

The hardworking spirit education is necessary and it helps to build us up.

翻译：劳动精神教育是必要的，它有助于我们的成长。

分析：句子中应用了 and 连接的并列句。

【高分句型二】

In order to develop hardworking spirit, we should have hardworking spirit classes to learn some basic life skills at school every week.

翻译：为了培养吃苦耐劳的精神，我们应该每周在学校上吃苦耐劳精神课，学习一些基本的生活技能。

分析：句子中应用了不定式作目的状语的用法。

【解答】 A guideline on hardworking spirit education came out recently in order to help more students of different ages to get working spirit. As a middle school student, I welcome it warmly. The hardworking spirit education is necessary and it helps to build us up. **【高分句型一】**（说明劳动精神的重要性以及理由）

I usually do housework at home, like tidying rooms, washing clothes or cooking some dishes.（介绍通常做的家务） I also take part in out-of-class activities such as planting trees or growing vegetables to enrich my real-world work experience.（介绍参加的课外活动）

In order to develop hardworking spirit, we should have hardworking spirit classes to learn some basic life skills at school every week. **【高分句型二】** We should try to form good working habits and value the importance of working hard through our experience.（表达建议）

