

2024 届高三英语高考模拟风向卷 01

（全国乙卷）

（考试时间：120 分钟 试卷满分：150 分）

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号等填写在答题卡和试卷指定位置上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

- A. Gifts for Jason. B. A baseball game. C. The woman's promotion.

2. How does the man sound?

- A. Pleased. B. Unconfident. C. Angry.

3. When will the woman meet her cousin?

- A. Tomorrow evening. B. Tomorrow morning. C. This afternoon.

4. What is the man probably going to do?

- A. Return some books. B. Buy some magazines. C. Go to the hospital.

5. What is the man planning to do on Saturday?

- A. Entertain relatives.
B. Skate with friends.
C. Go out with Mary.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the man work for?

- A. An online news agency.
- B. A newspaper.
- C. A TV channel.

7. Why does the man like to be a journalist?

- A. He travels a lot.
- B. He earns a high pay.
- C. He gets job satisfaction.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. How long had the woman worked abroad after university?

- A. For half a year.
- B. For a year.
- C. For a year and a half.

9. Where is World Travel's main office?

- A. In Spain.
- B. In the UK.
- C. In Australia.

10. What is the woman's job mainly about?

- A. Giving talks.
- B. Leading the tour.
- C. Contacting the journalists.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What does the woman want to know?

- A. The best way to go to New York.
- B. The quickest way to go to New York.
- C. The cheapest way to go to New York.

12. How much does it cost to go to New York by bus?

- A. \$5.
- B. \$15.
- C. \$50.

13. What do we know from the conversation?

- A. The woman will go to New York by bus.
- B. It takes five hours to go to New York by bus.
- C. The woman won't go to New York by bus.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. How long will the course run this year?

- A. Eight weeks.
- B. Six weeks.
- C. Seven weeks.

15. What was the woman surprised at?

- A. The lack of assistants.
- B. The condition of weather.
- C. The number of children.

16. What new activities can the children have this year?

- A. Fun programs.
- B. Adventure sports.
- C. Creative classes.

17. What is expected about the course this year?

- A. It will last longer.
- B. It will run better.
- C. It will start earlier.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Why did Mr. Day look at the blanket for a long time but go away?

- A. He didn't like its color.
- B. The blanket was too big for him to take home.
- C. He wanted to get the blanket but could not decide on it.

19. What was the result?

- A. Mr. Day didn't get the blanket.
- B. The seller sold the blanket at a lower price.
- C. The seller sent the blanket to Mr. Day's home.

20. What can we learn from the story?

- A. The seller was clever, but Mr. Day was foolish.
- B. The seller wasn't honest and Mr. Day was humorous.
- C. The seller didn't want to sell the blanket to Mr. Day.

第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Strawberry picking is a popular and enjoyable activity in Pennsylvania. The state's favorable weather and long growing season make it a favorite pastime for both locals and tourists.

Bricker's Strawberries

It is a family-owned farm in Carlisle, PA, offering pre-picked and pick-your-own berries throughout the year.

Prices range from \$2/pound for pick-your-own berries to \$4.25/quart for pre-picked berries. Opening hours may vary depending on the weather, so it's best to check their website before heading out to the farm.

Oak Grove Farms

Oak Grove Farms in Mechanicsburg, PA, has been a family-owned farm since the 1960s. They offer a variety of fruits, and delicious baked goods, with strawberries being their specialty. Prices start at \$15 for a 4-quart container. The farm store is open Monday to Saturday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. for visitors to make a purchase.

Honey Bear Orchards

Located in Lebanon, PA, it is a family-owned orchard providing fresh fruits to the community since 1980. With their fun and safe atmosphere, you can pick your quality fruit with your friends. U-pick strawberries cost \$2/pound. They also offer pre-picked strawberries for a slightly higher cost. You can pay through cash or check only in their shop.

Brecknock Orchard

Brecknock Orchard in Mohnton, PA, is a family-friendly farm where you can pick strawberries and enjoy other activities on the farm. Wagon (马车) ride orchard tours cost \$8 per person and include beautiful toys for kids. The cost of strawberry picking starts at \$4/pound, and they accept cash and credit cards.

21. What deserves your special attention if you are going to Bricker's Strawberries?

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| A. Its opening hours. | B. Its location. |
| C. Its fruit prices. | D. Its berry types. |

22. What does Oak Grove Farms and Honey Bear Orchards have in common?

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. Providing shopping services. | B. Sharing an equally long history. |
| C. Being owned by the same family. | D. Having the same business hours. |

23. Which is most suitable for a family with young children?

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. Bricker's Strawberries. | B. Oak Grove Farms. |
| C. Honey Bear Orchards. | D. Brecknock Orchard. |

B

A confident smile is a happy smile. Have you ever had a stranger smile at you while you were out in public? Maybe you were feeling down, but their genuine and friendly smiles literally made you turn your frown upside down. All thanks to that smiley person, your negative attitude suddenly subsided. It is hard to believe that such a small gesture can impact your mood so simply, but I would be lying if I said that I've never experienced this feeling. I'm sure you can relate.

With that being said, science can back this up. Where are these happy feelings coming from? Well, when you smile at someone, you may feel like you're experiencing temporary happiness. That is because endorphins (内啡肽) are released in the brain when you smile. Endorphins can be described as natural painkillers for the body, which also boost your self-esteem (自尊). Smiling is really a simple act of kindness, which can also make you feel better about yourself.

As an illustration, someone going in for a job interview with their heads held high, and smiles on their faces will have a better chance of scoring the job. Employers remark that a person who looks down when they speak to avoid showing their smiles during an interview, most likely won't be hired, because it looks as though they are hiding something. However, that person with an inviting smile shows confidence. No matter what you look like, a smile is worth a thousand words and people can recognize that.

It gives me such a rewarding feeling helping children, teens, and adults to build their self-esteem through treatment. It's all worth it seeing that spark of joy in my patient after the job is all said and done. I truly believe that a bright eyed smile has the capacity to allow you to connect with others, without uttering a sound.

24. What does the underlined word "subsided" mean in Paragraph 1?

- A. Appeared. B. Weakened. C. Increased. D. Smiled.

25. What's the use of endorphins?

- A. Making people feel happy.
B. Making people act kindly.
C. Making brains work fast.
D. Curing some diseases.

26. Why is it hard for a person not showing a smile to get a job?

- A. He holds his head too high.
B. He looks down upon others.
C. He looks a little dishonest.
D. He is too confident.

27. What kind of work is the author likely to do?

- A. A teacher. B. A volunteer. C. A scientist. D. A doctor.

C

Starting in the mid-2010s, the success of streaming services like Spotify, Tencent and Apple Music led the music industry into a period of steady income growth. But the rise of streaming hasn't just transformed the business

of music; it has changed the music as well.

In 1972, the Temptations hit number one on the Billboard Hot 100 charts, winning three Grammys, with a seven-minute version of the song “Papa Was a Rollin’ Stone”. Before the Temptations sing a word, an instrumental introduction plays for more than four minutes. If the group were in the studio today, the title chorus (副歌) would most likely have been featured much earlier in the song. That’s because music streaming services pay artists based on the number of plays each month, and to count as a play, a user must listen to the song past the 30-second mark. If a song you’ve never heard before takes a long time to get to the hook (旋律最好的部分), there is a good chance that you may simply hit the button to go to the next song. To keep the “skip rate (跳过率)” as low as possible, musical artists are increasingly moving a song’s hook to that initial 30-second sweet spot.

Every track that is listened to for more than 30 seconds counts as a play, but whether a listener makes it all the way through a song helps to determine whether a streaming service like Spotify will recommend similar songs in the future. For a musician, getting a song on Spotify’s popular Today’s Top Hits playlist means real money. A study by researchers at the University of Minnesota and the European Joint Research Centre found that songs on the list gained an average of 20 million streams, worth up to \$163,000 in royalties (版税).

As a result, according to an analysis by blogger Michael Tauberg, the average length of hit songs has dropped by more than 30 seconds since 2000, when it was over four minutes. Nearly two-thirds of the songs that achieved the number one spot in the first half of 2021 were under three minutes long.

28. Why is the Temptations mentioned in paragraph 2?

- A. To explain what made a song special in the past.
- B. To show admiration for their musical achievements.
- C. To illustrate the structure of popular songs in the past.
- D. To introduce the changes in song structure brought about by streaming.

29. What is the result of a song taking a long time to get to the hook?

- A. The artists will receive higher royalties.
- B. The listeners are more likely to skip it.
- C. It will be recommended to more users.
- D. It will be more popular among listeners.

30. What contributes to the decreasing average length of hit songs?

- A. Advance in music production technology.
- B. The change in listeners’ musical preference.

- C. The desire for higher streaming-based income.
- D. Increased competition among streaming platforms.

31. What does the text mainly talk about?

- A. How streaming changes the length of music.
- B. How streaming services produce hit songs.
- C. How streaming promotes the development of music.
- D. How streaming influences our preference for music.

D

Almost a quarter of the UK's sea swimmers may not swim in the ocean this year because of sewage (污水) dumping by water companies, according to a poll (民意调查). Sewage was dumped into waters near England's most celebrated beaches for nearly 8,500 hours last year. And there were 1,504 discharges (排出) in 2022 on beaches supposed to be free from such pollution.

The poll spoke to 2,272 UK adults between 21 and 23 on July. Just over 30% said they typically went sea swimming during the summer, and of these 23% said they would not this year because of sewage dumping by water companies. More than two in five of the regular beachgoers also said they were less likely to visit the British seaside this summer because of sewage discharges.

The Department for Environment says government should allow the Environment Agency to charge unlimited fines on rule-breaking water companies. Fines are currently capped (上限) at £250,000. The Department for Environment has been calling for a sewage tax on annual profits and a ban on bonuses of water company managers. "Coastal communities are at the mercy of water companies who unapologetically discharge raw sewage into popular swimming spots," Tim Farron, the Department for Environment's spokesperson said. "The government needs to stop letting water companies off the hook and finally ban these terrible sewage discharges and defend our tourism sector."

A Water UK spokesperson said standards at beaches had greatly improved since the 1990s but that the industry recognized it had been slow to deal with the harm to our seas caused by sewage overflows. "Over the next seven years, water and sewerage companies plan to spend £10bn—doubling current levels of investment—on sewage treatment," they said. "As part of this, bathing waters will be among the first to receive funding."

32. What does the poll show?

- A. Water companies dumped the most sewage into waters last year.
- B. Many swimmers avoid the water over fears of sewage on UK beaches.

- C. Waters near England's most celebrated beaches are not seriously polluted.
- D. Over two fifths of the regular beachgoers in UK are between 21 and 23.
33. What suggestion does the Department for Environment make to the government?
- A. Reducing bonuses of water company managers.
- B. Shutting down those rule-breaking water companies.
- C. Fining rule-breaking water companies at least £250,000.
- D. Introducing a sewage tax on water companies' yearly profits.
34. What does the underlined part "off the hook" in Paragraph 3 probably mean?
- A. Develop slowly. B. Improve too fast.
- C. Free of responsibility. D. Attract public attention.
35. In which section of the website can you probably read the text?
- A. Environment. B. Lifestyle. C. Fitness. D. Business.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Including children in the farming lifestyle has many benefits. Sure, it is nice to have the additional help with chores, but it also fosters so much growth, sending our kids down a good path towards who they will someday become. It is possible that our children will grow up to lead lives that do not include farming. 36

Through caring for farm animals, kids learn that in life others often come before self. 37 It doesn't matter if we don't feel like it or if we are sick and tired. What matters is that we take care of the animals that take care of us and do so in a timely manner.

38 If the work on a farm does not get done, the operation fails. It takes discipline and commitment to get down to business every day, and seeing this in action will give kids a good work attitude. They will know and understand that nothing good comes easy and that they have to work to survive. 39 Functioning as part of a productive team will surely be playing a crucial role sooner or later in all walks of life.

Additionally, farming teaches patience. 40 It's especially true for the animals. Cattle will be difficult to control. Horses will run away when you try to catch them. Goats will kick over that bucket of hard-earned milk. A rooster will decide you got too close to his hens and give you a run for your money. In spite of all that, kids will learn to be patient and take things easy.

There may not be any instant reward, but in the long-term kids will see the benefit of all their efforts during those hard days.

- A. Fairly often, things do not go your way.
- B. Kids also learn to be grateful to animals.
- C. In the meantime, they learn to work with others.
- D. Teamwork is no longer a significant skill to develop and use.
- E. Animals need to be fed and cared for before we get to sit down and relax.
- F. Kids are also able to comprehend the value of hard work through farm life.
- G. What they learn on a farm, however, can be instrumental in their future lives.

第三部分语言运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was young, one of my fondest memories is going by the river and sitting leisurely on the 41. There I would enjoy the peace and quiet, 42 the water rush downstream and listen to the chirps of birds and the rustling of leaves in the trees. I would also watch the bamboos 43 under the pressure of wind and watch them return 44 to their upright or original position after the wind had 45.

46 I think about the bamboos' ability to bounce back or return to its 47 position, the word "resilience" (恢复力) comes to mind. When used 48 a person, this word means the ability to readily 49 shock, depression or any other situation that 50 a person's emotions to the limit.

Have you ever felt like you are about to 51? Have you ever felt like you are at your breaking point? Thankfully, you have 52 the experience to live to talk about it. During the experience you probably felt a mix of 53 that threatened your health. You felt emotionally drained, mentally 54 and you most likely endured unpleasant physical symptoms.

Life is a 55 of good times and bad times, happy moments and unhappy moments. The next time you 56 one of those bad times or unhappy moments 57 take you close to your breaking point, bend, but don't break. Try your best not to let the situation get the best of you.

A measure of hope will take you 58 the unpleasant torture. With hope for a better tomorrow or a better situation, things may not be as bad as they seem to be. The unpleasant torture may be easier to 59 if the end result is worth having. When the going gets tough and you are at your breaking 60, Show resilience. Like the bamboo tree, bend, but don't break!

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 41. A. beach | B. bank | C. chair | D. boat |
| 42. A. dive | B. taste | C. beat | D. watch |

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 43. A. break | B. bend | C. grow | D. change |
| 44. A. proudly | B. painfully | C. gracefully | D. peacefully |
| 45. A. died down | B. died out | C. died of | D. died off |
| 46. A. While | B. Since | C. If | D. When |
| 47. A. original | B. traditional | C. occasional | D. personal |
| 48. A. in the hope of | B. in person | C. in private | D. in reference to |
| 49. A. escape from | B. run into | C. recover from | D. bring out |
| 50. A. stretch | B. expand | C. spread | D. widen |
| 51. A. ignore | B. break down | C. split | D. burst out |
| 52. A. reflected | B. abandoned | C. suspected | D. survived |
| 53. A. belief | B. emotions | C. sympathies | D. determination |
| 54. A. exhausted | B. confused | C. frightened | D. embarrassed |
| 55. A. flock | B. variety | C. mixture | D. series |
| 56. A. witnessing | B. discovering | C. experiencing | D. observing |
| 57. A. where | B. that | C. when | D. who |
| 58. A. beneath | B. during | C. across | D. through |
| 59. A. deal with | B. consist in | C. appreciate | D. improve |
| 60. A. situation | B. occasion | C. point | D. conclusion |

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As an educator, I know what is going on in the minds of my students. I look at 61 (they) body language.

When students are interested in a lesson, they lean forward and look at me. People have a tendency 62 (lean) towards whatever they are interested in. So if a student has his head 63 (lower) to look at his watch, it implies he is bored and just counting the minutes for the class to end. If two friends are leaning their heads together, they are 64 (probable) writing notes to each other. Of course, not everyone 65 looks up is paying attention in class. Some students look up, but there is an 66 (absent) of eye contact. Their eyes barely move, and they always have 67 same distant expression on their faces. It is as though they are asleep 68 their eyes open.

Some students are amused by something else. They spend all their time 69 (look) anywhere but at

me. They are certainly interested in something, but who knows what. The main thing is reminding distracted
70 _____ (student) that they need to pay attention in class.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词:

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

The most impressive class I've never had is the English literature class about Charlotte's Web in last semester. What strikes me most was the teacher's passion for literature. Her plot explaining, character analysis or theme extraction (提炼) helped me see the novel in a new light. Apart from her in-depth exploration, she also involved ourselves in a discussion, encouraging us share and comment. I was amazed at how engaged I was and how much I learned. I even left the class feeling motivating to major in literature in future. I look forward to more inspiring classes, which teachers can bring the subject to life and make learning enjoyably.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假定你校英语社团将举办以“Follow Your Dreams”为主题的英语演讲活动。请用英语写一篇演讲稿, 内容主要包括:

1. 梦想的意义; 2. 如何实现梦想。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右, 开头和结尾已给出, 但不计入总词数;

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Good afternoon, everyone!

That's all. Thank you!