

2023-2024 学年江苏省南京一中高二（上）期初英语试卷

第二部分：阅读第一节阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项选出最佳选项。

1. (7.5 分)

<p>Aging Wisely<i>Life from Fifty to Seventy - five Years</i> Viola B. Mecke, Ph.D., ABPP With retirement, life is expected to be easier. Four stages of retirement are described, showing how pleasures and contentment mix with complexities of bring fears, problems that may loneliness, and sorrows. www.xlibris.com Hardback Paperback E - book \$ 28.99 \$ 16.99 \$ 3.99</p>	<p>Cosmic QuestC. Argon Cosmic Visitors were high - energy carriers from the Perseus Arm of the Milky Way galaxy. They needed to rent abandoned earth bodies for their planets' DNA diversity and Cosmic Quest. www.authorhouse.com Hardback Paperback E - book \$ 31.99 \$ 20.99 \$ 3.99</p>
<p>The Black ThreeGene Skipworth Grayville never had a black basketball player. Now it has three. A block doctor just moved to the town whose three sons took Weston to the Ohio State basketball championship. www.authorhouse.com Hardback Paperback E - book Audiobook \$ 23.99 \$ 13.99 \$ 3.99 \$ 9.99</p>	<p>Jazzy and Rhumbi Dorl Seider This heartwarming and adventurous tale is told from the perspective of two smart kitties, Jazzy Girl Muffin and Rhumbi Boy, who secretly influence their humans Boy, who secretly influence their humans to love and rescue more animals. www.xlibris.com Hardback Paperback E - book \$ 40.99 \$ 32.99 \$ 3.99</p>
<p>Tackle Box Troubles<i>Fish Tale #1: Sammy Spinner</i> Susan Duke Sammy Spinner is the newest fishing lure to join Tackle Box Troubles. Can Sammy learn</p>	<p>The Origin and Future of MankindShaun Dowling Shaun Dowling describes in detail how the universe was formed, how our planet developed, when life appeared, and how it has</p>

fishing tips to catch really big fish, or will he	evolved over time.
find himself in trouble?	www.authorhouse.com
www.xlibris.com	Paperback E - book
Hardback Paperback E - book	\$ 21.55 \$ 4.99
\$ 22.99 \$ 14.99 \$ 5.99	

(1) Which book concerns the connection between animals and humans? _____

- A. Cosmic Quest.
- B. Jazzy and Rhumbi.
- C. Tackle Box Troubles.
- D. The Origin and Future of Mankind.

(2) What do these books have in common? _____

- A. They are all intended for kids.
- B. They each have a digital version.
- C. They all have three different prices.
- D. They can be downloaded from the same website.

(3) What is the text? _____

- A. A book review.
- B. A library poster.
- C. An academic column.
- D. A book advertisement.

2. (10 分) The turn of the year is traditionally the time for reviewing one's life, and perhaps for making some resolutions as to what to concentrate on in the coming year; and for many years past I have taken advantage of the holiday period to review my own goal and ambition.

One thing I do decide to do this year, with some unwillingness, is to give up writing the Grumpy Old Bookman column in this magazine. It's not that I've lost interest in the book world, you understand. But Leonard Woolf, husband of writer Virginia Woolf, used to say that a man should change his career every seven years. Though personally I would say that changing your whole career so often is going a bit far, I do find, during my own working life, that it acts as a great refresher if you can occasionally try a new job within the same organization or line of business.

It is in fact well over 15 years since our editor wrote to me and asked if I would be interested in writing a regular piece about what was, even then, a rapidly changing publishing scene. He approached me because since 2004 I had been writing a regular blog called, amazingly enough, Grumpy Old Bookman.

As my monthly survey of developments in both traditional and digital publishing continued, in this magazine, I began to realize that writers in this century, of both fiction and non-fiction, are living in something close to a paradise. Once, you struggled for years to find a publisher—or an agent if you wanted one—but now you can publish your own stuff, either digitally or in paperback, without it costing you a penny piece. Amazing.

After about five years of producing such columns, at just under a thousand words a time, it occurred to me that, rather than let these essays drift away on the seas of time, it might be of value to potential readers to publish my thoughts and comments in book form. Hence, in 2014, I published the first 69 GOB columns in paperback format, using Amazon's Create space facilities. Title: Writers Rejoice! A monthly diary of the dawn of the digital age, which was my first trial. And now I sincerely wish a new 2022.

(1) Why does the author want to give up writing the column? _____

- A. He follows Leonard Woolf's suggestion.
- B. He is very keen on trying something new.
- C. He is fed up with the career linked to books.
- D. He's used to changing his job every seven years.

(2) According to the author, what can be inferred from Paragraph 4? _____

- A. It is a blessing to live in the present times.
- B. Publishing industry is a profitable business.
- C. It is rather hard to publish books nowadays.
- D. Now it is amazing to find a publisher easily.

(3) What do you think of the author? _____

- A. Purposeful and good at self-reflecting.
- B. Dedicated but easy to doubt himself.
- C. Emotional and good at controlling himself.
- D. Ambitious but reluctant to change himself.

(4) What does the author mainly want to tell us? _____

- A. Giving up timely is another virtue.

- B. The beginning of a year is a new start.
- C. Reflection can drive us to push forward.
- D. Changing the job means a new opportunity.

3. (10 分) Working from home has become common, during the course of the pandemic (疫情), leaving many with a newfound appreciation of the freedom and flexibility of working remotely. However, while the traditional idea of an office—a place away from home, typically owned or rented by the business—may have changed, the need for specific office space hasn't.

In fact, this period of working from home has highlighted just how important it is to have a place of work, which is separate from daily family life. Without that, many have noted concerns over a worsened work - life balance.

Perhaps the most distinctive characteristic of the office of the future will be its hybrid solution. It should marry the beneficial parts of a physical company - owned workspace with the benefits of working from home.

As teams have proven their ability to efficiently get their jobs done remotely, employers will be much more open to the flexible approach moving forward. The positive impacts of a physical office on things like company culture, communication, team spirit and shared knowledge should not be ignored, which is why tangible space is still very much a necessity.

The solution for the future will enable employees to come into the company's workplace in order not to miss out on these valuable office benefits, but also work from home when required for a better work - life balance. Both large and smaller companies have already started to adopt this new approach, allowing teams to create schedules for when they will be working from home, or even use an online booking system to secure a desk space in the shared facility. This way, the company can manage the number of people in the office at one time, meaning spaces can be downsized to save costs, and social distancing and thorough cleaning procedures can be maintained.

(1) What is the potential problem with working from home? _____

- A. Imbalance between work and life.
- B. Change of the idea of an office.
- C. Lack of working space at home.
- D. Too much freedom in remote work.

(2) What does the underlined word "tangible" in paragraph 4 mean? _____

- A. Empty.

B. Separate.

C. Physical.

D. Flexible.

(3) What can be inferred about the new office style from paragraph 5? _____

A. It is well received by companies.

B. It limits the number of employees.

C. It makes thorough cleaning unnecessary.

D. It is helpful for workers to design schedules.

(4) What is the best title for the text? _____

A. Social Distance: A Pressing Need

B. Working Remotely: A Growing Trend

C. Traditional Office: To Leave or to Stay

D. Hybrid Workplace: Office of the Future

4. (10 分) You probably get your eyes tested to protect your sight, maybe have a yearly hearing test to check your ears—but, protecting your nose...eh? Recent research has discovered more than 600 genes in the human body associated with the sense of smell and that it's actually important to the human body.

Smell can help keep us alive by warning us of dangers such as food that might make us sick or the threat of fire, and it does this within only 100 - 150 milliseconds of breathing. "Smell also helps create the flavour of food and plays a role in controlling the variety of our diet and the nutrients we consume," says Jeanne Hort, a professor at New Zealand's Massey University.

In fact, each of us has a unique sense of smell and the strength of our unique smell is related to the genes you inherit (遗传) from your parents which determine which smell receptors (感受器) are expressed in the nose. Other factors further determine how sensitive your sense of smell is. Women generally have a stronger sense of smell than men, while damage from air pollution means people who live in highly polluted cities have a less sensitive sense of smell than those in rural areas. "We also know the sense of smell declines with age," says Professor Hort. "And if you've damaged your nose through head injury, illness or breathing in something that causes pain and discomfort, your sense of smell can also be negatively affected."

Protecting your nose from such damage is therefore the first step in activating your sense of smell. Avoid breathing in strong scents like chemicals. Then, keep your nose busy. For example, sniff (嗅) vegetables and fruit as part of determining ripeness before you buy them and sniff more different smells exposed to your nose. "The

sense of smell is a bit like a muscle, you can train it to become stronger by exercising it, " says sensory expert Eugeni Roura.

(1) Why does the author mention eye and ear protection in paragraph 1? _____

- A. To compare different human senses.
- B. To call attention to the sense of smell.
- C. To clarify the concept of good health.
- D. To show the importance of medical exams.

(2) What does paragraph 2 focus on? _____

- A. The advice on healthy eating.
- B. The basic functions of the nose.
- C. The important role of smell in life.
- D. The ways to avoid hidden dangers.

(3) Which of the following would the author most probably agree with? _____

- A. There is sex difference in terms of smell.
- B. The sense of smell doesn't change with age.
- C. Smell receptors decide the strength of smell.
- D. Air pollution is very likely to cause loss of smell.

(4) What does the quote from Eugeni Roura imply? _____

- A. It is essential to protect your nose from damage.
- B. Different parts of your body sometimes work the same.
- C. Sniffing different smells helps to build up your strength.
- D. The more you use the sense of smell, the more you sharpen it.

第二节阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

5. (12.5 分) 阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

"If you buy things you do not need, soon you will have to sell things you need. " This is a piece of wise advice from Warren Buffet, arguably one of the greatest financial minds of the 21st century. (1) _____ This is true especially in the present economic climate.

While the idea of being frugal (节俭的) has long been a part of Eastern culture, the relatively recent growth

of wealth in China as well as the ease of purchasing has led to increased consumerism for many across the country. Yet this increased consumption of goods has been pushing up the prices of certain bare essentials such as housing, transportation and food, which is forcing people to reevaluate their priorities while spending money. (2)

The internet is flooded with advice on where one can save money as well as good opinions about how they should spend their money. For example, clothes can be bought second - hand, but you should never skip a visit to the dentist. (3) _____ In the meanwhile, you should limit those that are fancy but not entirely necessary. Of course, it is still fine to occasionally spend money on a nice vacation, but buying thirty pairs of shoes you will only wear a few times is neither responsible nor sustainable.

Hopefully, we all fully understand at this point that the resources on the earth are indeed limited. (4) As a result, the choice (forced or not) to be frugal is not only good for one's wallet, but also beneficial to the planet in the long run. Have you ever chosen to starve yourself to get a pair of limited - edition sneakers? (5) _____

A. A continuous growth model on this planet is by no means sustainable.

B. These words have always not been taken seriously by young people.

C. They are meant to encourage people to buy more stuff than they need.

D. It makes sense to prioritize goods and services that directly affect your health.

E. It is no wonder then that being frugal is once again becoming a dominant trend.

F. Many young people today appear to be taking these words very much to heart.

G. If so, it is high time you started making changes for yourself and for all humanity.

第三部分：语言应用第一节阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

6. (15 分) Someone recently asked me when I became more confident about my abilities as an entrepreneur. I thought it was a funny question, (1) _____ I'm not very confident at all, and constantly filled with (2) _____ about every decision I make.

It doesn't exactly hold me back in my work; it is just that I am very (3) _____ of what I do, and I'm always (4) _____ on the way I work, think and talk. I have also learned over the years that making a decision is often more important than making the right decision. Preferably your decisions are the right ones, but inaction or indecisiveness is more (5) _____ than making the wrong decision every now and then.

There is one thing I have learned over the years that I wish I had learned earlier in my career. And that is the (6) _____ that I am not stupid.

It sounds logical, but I often sat in on meetings and heard people explain things and then (7) _____ to myself, "I don't understand that.Maybe I'm stupid? " or I would hear about a startup and I would not (8) _____ their business model and think I'm stupid.Or I would hear an entrepreneur speak and think, "That all (9) _____ like bullshit, but I must be stupid, because other people seem to love it."

A couple of years ago, I came to the (10) _____ that I was not stupid at all.When people in meetings say things I don't understand I speak up and tell them so.Usually, I hear a sigh of (11) _____ in the room and find out nobody understood what was being talked about.

When I don't understand a business model it usually means there is not one, or it sucks.Turns out I'm not stupid and (12) _____ I don't understand it, most people won't understand it at all. (13) _____ doubting my own abilities I've learned to trust my "bullshit radar" a bit more and not understanding something is a clear sign that something is off.

My advice to young entrepreneurs is this: you are not stupid!If something does not make (14) _____, if it sounds stupid, if you do not understand it, something is wrong!Trust your gut (本能的) (15) _____.Feel free to not know and be honest when you don't understand something!

- | | | | | |
|------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| (1) | A. if | B. unless | C. because | D. when |
| (2) | A. disappointment | B. doubt | C. terror | D. curiosity |
| (3) | A. conscious | B. tired | C. ashamed | D. fond |
| (4) | A. insisting | B. working | C. relying | D. reflecting |
| (5) | A. boring | B. costly | C. disgusting | D. significant |
| (6) | A. truth | B. concept | C. realization | D. reputation |
| (7) | A. thought | B. referred | C. smiled | D. came |
| (8) | A. mind | B. know | C. love | D. understand |
| (9) | A. tastes | B. sounds | C. smells | D. looks |
| (10) | A. compromise | B. conclusion | C. point | D. agreement |
| (11) | A. despair | B. pleasure | C. relief | D. impatience |
| (12) | A. since | B. if | C. as | D. while |

- (13) A. Instead of B. Apart from C. As well as D. Regardless of
- (14) A. progress B. history C. money D. sense
- (15) A. feeling B. level C. happiness D. comfort

第二节阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

7. (15 分)

Traditional Chinese Ink Painting

Traditional Chinese ink painting, also known as brush painting or shui mo hua, (1) _____ (be) an art form that has a long - standing history in Chinese culture. It is characterized by (2) _____ use of black ink and fine brushwork to portray scenes from nature.

Often associated (3) _____ the concept of balance and harmony, ink painting requires precision and (4) _____ (patient), (5) _____ (demand) thorough brush control and a deep understanding of composition by minimal brushwork. Such is the essence captured by artists (6) _____ it allows for the viewers' imagination to fill in the details themselves.

The subjects (7) _____ (present) in Chinese ink painting cover a wide range of natural elements, ranging from majestic mountains and (8) _____ (flow) rivers to delicate flowers and graceful birds. Certain techniques (9) _____ (employ) to create depth and visual interest based on them, (10) _____ normally include the use of shading, texture, etc.

Above all, Chinese traditional ink painting showcases the timeless beauty of nature and embodies the profound artistic expression of the traditional Chinese culture.

第三节;单词拼写

8. (1.5 分) When they were in company she always seemed to d _____ (to control or have a lot of influence over sb./sth.) the conversation.
9. (1.5 分) Many experts a _____ (to support sth. publicly) rewarding your child for good behaviour nowadays.
10. (1.5 分) This discovery was p _____ (to understand or think of sb./sth. in a particular way) as a major breakthrough.
11. (1.5 分) The o _____ (to remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force) rulers retired quietly from the scene.
12. (1.5 分) He does not talk too much and what he has to say is p _____ and to the point.

13. (1.5 分) His body language spoke v _____ about his disappointment to his performance.
14. (1.5 分) Poetry written from the p _____ of the urban youth tends to reveal their anxiety over a lack of sense of belonging.
15. (1.5 分) I am here on business as o _____ to a holiday.
16. (1.5 分) A _____ (显然), the girls are not at all amused by the whole business.
17. (1.5 分) I didn't know whether to i _____ (解释) her silence as acceptance or refusal. (根据汉语提示单词拼写)

第四部分：写作第 1 节应用文写作

18. (15 分) 假设你校将举办一场题为“推广中国传统节日”的英语演讲比赛，你报名参加了此次比赛。请你写一篇演讲稿，包含以下要点：

- (1) 中国传统节日的重要性；
- (2) 如何推广中国传统节日。

注意：

- (1) 词数 80 左右，开头与结尾已给出，不计入总词数；
- (2) 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Distinguished judges and dear fellow students,

It's my honor to stand here and talk about "Promoting traditional Chinese festivals".

Thank you very much for your attention!

第 2 节

19. (25 分) 阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成篇完整的短文。

As I stood in line waiting to cash out at a "pack your own" kind of store, where customers pack their items by themselves, I stared at the customer in front of me reading the magazines. She was young, but she already had a tired look to her, with heads bent forwards—as if life had beaten her down too many times.

Her face looked pale from extreme tiredness. Her winter coat was thin and unbuttoned. The well - worn scarf around her throat probably did little to protect it from the cold weather. Her hands turning a few pages, were rough and red. When I looked down at her boots, I could see a small piece of a clear plastic bag partially visible through a hole in her left boot.

The items in her cart (购物车) included the cheapest cuts of meat and some things like rice and potatoes. There were also lots of noodles. Day - old bread, inexpensive soap, and tissues on sale—well, almost. In

a far corner sat a little toy and a pretty dress that was 50 percent off.

She continued to look at the magazines as we waited, and more people lined up behind us. She finally took one out and turned it over several times, trying to find a price before finally turning to me.

"I'm sorry to bother you, " she began in a shy and nervous tone. "But can you tell me how much this is? I forgot my glasses at home."

"Of course" I said with a smile.

When I finally found the small print and told her, she shook her head and put it back.

"They've become so expensive, haven't they? " I said sympathetically.

"Next!" The cashier called in a gentle voice before she could answer, and she moved forward to begin her transaction（交易）

注意：

（1）续写词数应为 150 左右；

（2）请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

When told the cost, the woman's face paled. _____

I approached the cashier and whispered "Include her removed items in my bill, please." _____

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参考答案与试题解析

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Sammy Spinner is the newest fishing lure to join Tackle Box Troubles. Can Sammy learn fishing tips to catch really big fish, or will he find himself in trouble? www.xlibris.com Hardback Paperback E - book \$ 22.99 \$ 14.99 \$ 5.99	universe was formed, how our planet developed, when life appeared, and how it has evolved over time. www.authorhouse.com Paperback E - book \$ 21.55 \$ 4.99
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【答案】 BBD

【分析】 这段短文主要介绍了五本书的内容。第一本书《Aging Wisely》讲述了退休后的生活，包括快乐和满足感与孤独和忧虑的复杂性的混合。第二本书《Cosmic Quest》讲述了来自银河系的高能载体访问地球的故事。第三本书《The Black Three》讲述了一个小镇上三个黑人篮球运动员的故事。第四本书《Jazzy and Rhumbi》是一个温暖而冒险的故事，从两只聪明的猫的视角讲述，它们秘密地影响它们的人类去爱和拯救更多的动物。最后一本书《Tackle Box Troubles》讲述了一个新的钓鱼诱饵加入困扰的故事，主人公 Sammy Spinner 是否能学到钓鱼技巧来捕捉大鱼，或者他会陷入麻烦。

【解答】(1)细节理解题。根据 Jazzy and Rhumbi 部分的 This heartwarming and adventurous tale is told from the perspective of two smart kitties, Jazzy Girl Muffin and Rhumbi Boy, who secretly influence their humans to love and rescue more animals.（这个温暖而又充满冒险的故事从两只聪明的小猫的角度讲述，Jazzy Girl Muffin 和 Rhumbi Boy，他们秘密地影响他们的人类男孩，他们秘密地影响他们的人类去爱和拯救更多的动物。）可知，该故事是从两只小猫的角度讲述的，他们暗中影响着人类去关爱和拯救更多的动物，由此可知，Jazzy and Rhumbi 中涉及到人类与动物的关系。故选 B。

(2) 细节理解题。根据每本书的介绍中均有 E - book（电子书）这方面的信息以及电子书的价格，由此可知，这些书的共同之处是他们都有电子版。A. They are all intended for kids. 它们都是给孩子们看的；B. They each have a digital version. 他们每个人都有电子版；C. They all have three different prices. 它们都有三种不同的价格；D. They can be downloaded from the same website. 它们可以从同一个网站下载。故选 B。

(3) 文章类型题。根据每本书的介绍中都包含着书名、作者、内容简介、不同的装订版本和每种版本的价格等相关信息，由此可推断，本文属于图书广告。故选 D。

2. (10 分) The turn of the year is traditionally the time for reviewing one's life, and perhaps for making some resolutions as to what to concentrate on in the coming year; and for many years past I have taken advantage of the holiday period to review my own goal and ambition.

One thing I do decide to do this year, with some unwillingness, is to give up writing the Grumpy Old Bookman column in this magazine. It's not that I've lost interest in the book world, you understand. But Leonard Woolf, husband of writer Virginia Woolf, used to say that a man should change his career every seven years. Though personally I would say that changing your whole career so often is going a bit far, I do find, during my own working life, that it acts as a great refresher if you can occasionally try a new job within the same organization or line of business.

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As my monthly survey of developments in both traditional and digital publishing continued, in this magazine, I began to realize that writers in this century, of both fiction and non - fiction, are living in something close to a paradise. Once, you struggled for years to find a publisher—or an agent if you wanted one—but now you can publish your own stuff, either digitally or in paperback, without it costing you a penny piece. Amazing.

After about five years of producing such columns, at just under a thousand words a time, it occurred to me that, rather than let these essays drift away on the seas of time, it might be of value to potential readers to publish my thoughts and comments in book form. Hence, in 2014, I published the first 69 GOB columns in paperback format, using Amazon's Create space facilities. Title: Writers Rejoice! A monthly diary of the dawn of the digital age, which was my first trial. And now I sincerely wish a new 2022.

(1) Why does the author want to give up writing the column? A

- A. He follows Leonard Woolf's suggestion.
- B. He is very keen on trying something new.
- C. He is fed up with the career linked to books.
- D. He's used to changing his job every seven years.

(2) According to the author, what can be inferred from Paragraph 4? A

- A. It is a blessing to live in the present times.
- B. Publishing industry is a profitable business.
- C. It is rather hard to publish books nowadays.
- D. Now it is amazing to find a publisher easily.

(3) What do you think of the author? A

- A. Purposeful and good at self - reflecting.
- B. Dedicated but easy to doubt himself.
- C. Emotional and good at controlling himself.
- D. Ambitious but reluctant to change himself.

(4) What does the author mainly want to tell us? C

- A. Giving up timely is another virtue.
- B. The beginning of a year is a new start.
- C. Reflection can drive us to push forward.
- D. Changing the job means a new opportunity.

【答案】(1) - (4) AAAC

【分析】本文是一篇记叙文。作者通过讲述自己如何通过反思而产生了自己新的专栏，来说明反思可以推动我们前进。

【解答】(1) 推理判断题。根据第二段 But Leonard Woolf, husband of writer Virginia Wool, used to say that

a man should change his career every seven years. Though personally I would say that changing your whole career so often is going a bit far, I do find, during my own working life, that it acts as a great refresher if you can occasionally try a new job within the same organization or line of business.（但是伦纳德·伍尔夫，作家弗吉尼亚·伍尔夫的丈夫，曾经说过一个男人应该每七年换一次职业。虽然我个人会说，如此频繁地改变整个职业生涯有点过分，但我确实发现，在我自己的工作生涯中，如果你能偶尔在同一机构或同一业务领域尝试一份新工作，这是一种很好的提神剂）可知，作者放弃写专栏是因为他采纳了伦纳德·伍尔夫的建议。因此 A. He follows Leonard Woolf's suggestion.（他遵循了伦纳德·伍尔夫的建议。）符合题意。故选 A 项。

（2）推理判断题。根据第四段 As my monthly survey of developments in both traditional and digital publishing continued, in this magazine, I began to realize that writers in this century, of both fiction and non-fiction, are living in something close to a paradise. Once, you struggled for years to find a publisher—or an agent if you wanted one—but now you can publish your own stuff, either digitally or in paperback, without it costing you a penny piece.（随着我每月对传统出版和数字出版发展的调查继续进行，在这本杂志上，我开始意识到，这个世纪的小说和非小说作家，都生活在一个接近天堂的地方。曾经，你要花好几年的时间才能找到出版商——如果你想找的话也可以找个代理商——但现在你可以出版自己的作品了，无论是电子版的还是平装本的，每本都不用花一分钱）可推知，作者认为现今对小说和非小说作家非常友好，活在当下是一种福气。故选 A 项。

（3）推理判断题。根据第一段 The turn of the year is traditionally the time for reviewing one's life, and perhaps for making some resolutions as to what to concentrate on in the coming year; and for many years past I have taken advantage of the holiday period to review my own goal and ambition.（传统上，新年伊始是回顾人生的时候，或许也是制定新年计划的时候；多年来，我一直利用假期回顾自己的目标和抱负）可知，作者是个善于自我反省的人，再根据二段 But Leonard Woolf, husband of writer Virginia Woolf, used to say that a man should change his career every seven years. Though personally I would say that changing your whole career so often is going a bit far, I do find, during my own working life, that it acts as a great refresher if you can occasionally try a new job within the same organization or line of business.（但是伦纳德·伍尔夫，作家弗吉尼亚·伍尔夫的丈夫，曾经说过一个男人应该每七年换一次职业。虽然我个人会说，如此频繁地改变整个职业生涯有点过分，但我确实发现，在我自己的工作生涯中，如果你能偶尔在同一机构或同一业务领域尝试一份新工作，这是一种很好的提神剂）可知，作者是个目的明确的人，所以综上可知，我认为作者是个目标明确，善于自我反省的人。故选 A 项。

（4）主旨大意题。根据第一段 The turn of the year is traditionally the time for reviewing one's life, and

perhaps for making some resolutions as to what to concentrate on in the coming year; and for many years past I have taken advantage of the holiday period to review my own goal and ambition.（传统上，新年伊始是回顾人生的时候，或许也是制定新年计划的时候；多年来，我一直利用假期回顾自己的目标和抱负）可知，本文主要是讲作者如何反思自己，再根据最后一段 After about five years of producing such columns, at just under a thousand words a time, it occurred to me that, rather than let these essays drift away on the seas of time, it might be of value to potential readers to publish my thoughts and comments in book form. Hence, in 2014, I published the first 69 GOB columns in paperback format, using Amazon's Create space facilities. Title: Writers Rejoice! A monthly diary of the dawn of the digital age, which was my first trial. And now I sincerely wish a new 2022.（在写了大约 5 年这样的专栏，每次不到 1000 字之后，我突然想到，与其让这些文章在时间的海洋中漂流，不如把我的想法和评论以书的形式发表出来，对潜在的读者可能会有价值。因此，在 2014 年，我用亚马逊的 Create 空间设施出版了第一批 69 个平装本的 GOB 专栏。标题：作家们欢呼吧！一本记录数字时代黎明的月报，这是我的第一次尝试。现在，我真诚地祝愿一个新的 2022）可知，作者通过反思于是有了自己的又一新的专栏。所以作者主要想告诉我们反思可以推动我们前进。因此 C. Reflection can drive us to push forward.（反思可以驱使我们前进。）符合题意。故选 C 项。

- 3.（10 分） Working from home has become common, during the course of the pandemic（疫情），leaving many with a newfound appreciation of the freedom and flexibility of working remotely. However, while the traditional idea of an office—a place away from home, typically owned or rented by the business—may have changed, the need for specific office space hasn't.

In fact, this period of working from home has highlighted just how important it is to have a place of work, which is separate from daily family life. Without that, many have noted concerns over a worsened work - life balance.

Perhaps the most distinctive characteristic of the office of the future will be its hybrid solution. It should marry the beneficial parts of a physical company - owned workspace with the benefits of working from home.

As teams have proven their ability to efficiently get their jobs done remotely, employers will be much more open to the flexible approach moving forward. The positive impacts of a physical office on things like company culture, communication, team spirit and shared knowledge should not be ignored, which is why tangible space is still very much a necessity.

The solution for the future will enable employees to come into the company's workplace in order not to miss out on these valuable office benefits, but also work from home when required for a better work - life balance. Both large and smaller companies have already started to adopt this new approach, allowing teams to create schedules

for when they will be working from home, or even use an online booking system to secure a desk space in the shared facility. This way, the company can manage the number of people in the office at one time, meaning spaces can be downsized to save costs, and social distancing and thorough cleaning procedures can be maintained.

(1) What is the potential problem with working from home? A

- A. Imbalance between work and life.
- B. Change of the idea of an office.
- C. Lack of working space at home.
- D. Too much freedom in remote work.

(2) What does the underlined word "tangible" in paragraph 4 mean? C

- A. Empty.
- B. Separate.
- C. Physical.
- D. Flexible.

(3) What can be inferred about the new office style from paragraph 5? A

- A. It is well received by companies.
- B. It limits the number of employees.
- C. It makes thorough cleaning unnecessary.
- D. It is helpful for workers to design schedules.

(4) What is the best title for the text? D

- A. Social Distance: A Pressing Need
- B. Working Remotely: A Growing Trend
- C. Traditional Office: To Leave or to Stay
- D. Hybrid Workplace: Office of the Future

【答案】 ACAD

【分析】 本文是一篇说明文。主要介绍的是未来的一种混合式办公模式。

【解答】 (1) 细节理解题。根据第二段 In fact, this period of working from home has highlighted just how important it is to have a place of work, which is separate from daily family life. Without that, many have noted concerns over a worsened work - life balance. (事实上, 这段时间的在家工作已经突出了有一个工作的地方是多么的重要, 这是分开的日常家庭生活。如果不这样做, 许多人会担心工作与生活的平衡会恶化。)

可知，人们这段时间在家办公，发现有一个可以与日常家庭生活分开的办公地点是多么的重要，因为没有这样的办公地点，会使得工作与生活的失衡，由此可知，在家工作的潜在问题是使得生活与工作的失衡。故选 A。

（2）词义猜测题。根据倒数第二段 The positive impacts of a physical office on things like company culture, communication, team spirit and shared knowledge should not be ignored（实体办公室对公司文化、沟通、团队精神和知识共享等方面的积极影响不容忽视。）可知，实体办公环境的积极影响不容忽视，划线单词在 which 引导的非限制性定语从句中，意为“这也就是为什么实体办公室仍然存在的原因”，是对主句的进一步解释，由此可推断，该单词的意思是“实体的，真实的”符合句意。A. Empty 空的；B. Separate 分开的；C. Physical 真实的。实际的；D. Flexible 灵活的。故选 C。

（3）推理判断题。根据第五段 Both large and smaller companies have already started to adopt this new approach, allowing teams to create schedules for when they will be working from home, or even use an online booking system to secure a desk space in the shared facility.（大公司和小公司都已经开始采用这种新方法，允许团队创建在家工作的时间表，甚至使用在线预订系统在共享设施中获得办公空间。）可知，无论是大公司还是小公司已经开始使用这种新的办公方法，由此可推断，这种混合的办公方式很受公司欢迎。故选 A。

（4）标题归纳题。本文首段中讲述的人们在家办公的优点，而第二段中指出经常在家办公产生的问题，根据第三段 Perhaps the most distinctive characteristic of the office of the future will be its hybrid solution. It should marry the beneficial parts of a physical company - owned workspace with the benefits of working from home.（也许未来办公室最显著的特点将是其混合解决方案。它应该把公司拥有的实体工作空间的好处与在家工作的好处结合起来。）可知，解决这种问题的方法是混合式办公模式，并结合尾段 The solution for the future will enable employees to come into the company's workplace in order not to miss out on these valuable office benefits, but also work from home when required for a better work - life balance.（未来的解决方案将使员工能够进入公司的工作场所，以避免错过这些宝贵的办公室福利，但在需要时也可以在家工作，以更好地平衡工作与生活。）可知，混合式办公模式既可以保证员工不会错过一些办公室办公的好处，也有利于更好的实现工作与生活的平衡，所以下文中介绍了这种混合式办公模式很受欢迎，由此可知，本文的标题为“混合式办公场所：未来的办公方式”概括了全文的主题。A. Social Distance: A Pressing Need 社交距离：迫切需要；B. Working Remotely: A Growing Trend 远程工作：增长趋势；C. Traditional Office: To Leave or to Stay 传统办公室：离开还是留下；D. Hybrid Workplace: Office of the Future 混合工作场所：未来办公室。故选 D。

4. (10 分) You probably get your eyes tested to protect your sight, maybe have a yearly hearing test to check

your ears—but, protecting your nose...eh? Recent research has discovered more than 600 genes in the human body associated with the sense of smell and that it's actually important to the human body.

Smell can help keep us alive by warning us of dangers such as food that might make us sick or the threat of fire, and it does this within only 100 - 150 milliseconds of breathing. "Smell also helps create the flavour of food and plays a role in controlling the variety of our diet and the nutrients we consume," says Jeanne Hort, a professor at New Zealand's Massey University.

In fact, each of us has a unique sense of smell and the strength of our unique smell is related to the genes you inherit (遗传) from your parents which determine which smell receptors (感受器) are expressed in the nose. Other factors further determine how sensitive your sense of smell is. Women generally have a stronger sense of smell than men, while damage from air pollution means people who live in highly polluted cities have a less sensitive sense of smell than those in rural areas. "We also know the sense of smell declines with age," says Professor Hort. "And if you've damaged your nose through head injury, illness or breathing in something that causes pain and discomfort, your sense of smell can also be negatively affected."

Protecting your nose from such damage is therefore the first step in activating your sense of smell. Avoid breathing in strong scents like chemicals. Then, keep your nose busy. For example, sniff (嗅) vegetables and fruit as part of determining ripeness before you buy them and sniff more different smells exposed to your nose. "The sense of smell is a bit like a muscle, you can train it to become stronger by exercising it," says sensory expert Eugeni Roura.

(1) Why does the author mention eye and ear protection in paragraph 1? B

- A. To compare different human senses.
- B. To call attention to the sense of smell.
- C. To clarify the concept of good health.
- D. To show the importance of medical exams.

(2) What does paragraph 2 focus on? C

- A. The advice on healthy eating.
- B. The basic functions of the nose.
- C. The important role of smell in life.
- D. The ways to avoid hidden dangers.

(3) Which of the following would the author most probably agree with? A

- A. There is sex difference in terms of smell.
- B. The sense of smell doesn't change with age.
- C. Smell receptors decide the strength of smell.
- D. Air pollution is very likely to cause loss of smell.

(4) What does the quote from Eugeni Roura imply? D

- A. It is essential to protect your nose from damage.
- B. Different parts of your body sometimes work the same.
- C. Sniffing different smells helps to build up your strength.
- D. The more you use the sense of smell, the more you sharpen it.

【答案】BCAD

【分析】这是一篇说明文。文章介绍了嗅觉的重要性，它受到哪些因素的影响，以及如何提高嗅觉的敏锐性。

【解答】(1) 推理判断题。根据第一段 You probably get your eyes tested to protect your sight, maybe have a yearly hearing test to check your ears—but, protecting your nose...eh? Recent research has discovered more than 600 genes in the human body associated with the sense of smell and that it's actually important to the human body. (你可能会对你的眼睛进行测试以保护你的视力，也许会每年进行一次听力测试来检查你的耳朵，但是，保护你的鼻子……嗯？最近的研究发现，人体中有 600 多个与嗅觉有关的基因，嗅觉实际上对人体很重要。) 可知，第一段提到人们对眼睛和耳朵的保护是为了唤起人们对嗅觉的关注。故选 B 项。

(2) 段落大意题。根据第二段 Smell can help keep us alive by warning us of dangers such as food that might make us sick or the threat of fire, and it does this within only 100 - 150 milliseconds of breathing. "Smell also helps create the flavour of food and plays a role in controlling the variety of our diet and the nutrients we consume," says Jeanne Hort, a professor at New Zealand's Massey University. (嗅觉可以通过警告我们可能使我们生病的食物或火灾威胁等危险来帮助我们生存，而它在呼吸的 100 - 150 毫秒内就能做到这一点。新西兰梅西大学教授 Jeanne Hort 说："嗅觉还有助于创造食物的味道，并在控制我们饮食的多样性和摄入的营养方面发挥作用。") 可知，本段主要介绍了嗅觉在生活中的重要性。故选 C 项。

(3) 推理判断题。根据第三段 Women generally have a stronger sense of smell than men (女性的嗅觉通常比男性更强) 可知，作者认为嗅觉存在性别差异。故选 A 项。

(4) 推理判断题。根据最后一段 The sense of smell is a bit like a muscle, you can train it to become stronger by exercising it (嗅觉有点像肌肉，你可以通过锻炼来训练它，让它变得更强壮) 可知，Eugeni Roura 的

话表明，嗅觉被使用的越多，就会越敏锐。故选 D 项。

第二节阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

5. (12.5 分) 阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

"If you buy things you do not need, soon you will have to sell things you need. " This is a piece of wise advice from Warren Buffet, arguably one of the greatest financial minds of the 21st century. (1) F This is true especially in the present economic climate.

While the idea of being frugal (节俭的) has long been a part of Eastern culture, the relatively recent growth of wealth in China as well as the ease of purchasing has led to increased consumerism for many across the country. Yet this increased consumption of goods has been pushing up the prices of certain bare essentials such as housing, transportation and food, which is forcing people to reevaluate their priorities while spending money. (2) E

The internet is flooded with advice on where one can save money as well as good opinions about how they should spend their money. For example, clothes can be bought second - hand, but you should never skip a visit to the dentist. (3) D In the meanwhile, you should limit those that are fancy but not entirely necessary. Of course, it is still fine to occasionally spend money on a nice vacation, but buying thirty pairs of shoes you will only wear a few times is neither responsible nor sustainable.

Hopefully, we all fully understand at this point that the resources on the earth are indeed limited. (4) A As a result, the choice (forced or not) to be frugal is not only good for one's wallet, but also beneficial to the planet in the long run. Have you ever chosen to starve yourself to get a pair of limited - edition sneakers? (5) G

A. A continuous growth model on this planet is by no means sustainable.

B. These words have always not been taken seriously by young people.

C. They are meant to encourage people to buy more stuff than they need.

D. It makes sense to prioritize goods and services that directly affect your health.

E. It is no wonder then that being frugal is once again becoming a dominant trend.

F. Many young people today appear to be taking these words very much to heart.

G. If so, it is high time you started making changes for yourself and for all humanity.

【答案】FEDAG

【分析】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了 21 世纪年轻人的节俭观念。

【解答】(1) 推理判断题。根据上文 "If you buy things you do not need, soon you will have to sell things you need. " This is a piece of wise advice from Warren Buffet, arguably one of the greatest financial minds of the 21st century. ("如果你买了不需要的东西，很快你就必须卖掉你需要的东西。"这是沃伦·巴菲特的一条明智建议，他可以说是 21 世纪最伟大的金融大亨之一。) 和下文 This is true especially in the present economic climate. (这是事实，尤其是在目前的经济环境下。) 可知，选项 F"如今，许多年轻人似乎非常重视这些话"中 these words 指的是巴菲特所说的话，符合语境，上下文衔接自然顺畅。故选 F。

(2) 推理判断题。根据上文 While the idea of being frugal (节俭的) has long been a part of Eastern culture, the relatively recent growth of wealth in China as well as the ease of purchasing has led to increased consumerism for many across the country. Yet this increased consumption of goods has been pushing up the prices of certain bare essentials such as housing, transportation and food, which is forcing people to reevaluate their priorities while spending money. (虽然节俭的观念长期以来一直是东方文化的一部分，但中国相对较新的财富增长以及购买的便利性导致了全国许多人的消费主义加剧。然而，这种商品消费的增加推高了住房、交通和食品等一些基本必需品的价格，这迫使人们重新评估他们在花钱时的优先事项。) 可知，这些是年轻人节俭的社会原因。选项 E"因此，节俭再次成为主流也就不足为奇了"和上文意思一致。故选 E。

(3) 推理判断题。根据上文 For example, clothes can be bought second - hand, but you should never skip a visit to the dentist. (例如，衣服可以买二手的，但你永远不应该错过看牙医的机会。) 可知，花钱的时候要优先考虑健康。选项 D"优先考虑直接影响你健康的商品和服务是有意义的"和上文意思一致，语义连贯。故选 D。

(4) 推理判断题。根据上文 Hopefully, we all fully understand at this point that the resources on the earth are indeed limited. (希望在这一点上，我们都能充分理解地球上的资源确实是有限的。) 可知，这里提到地球上的资源确实是有限的，选项 A"这个星球上的持续增长模式是不可持续的"和上文意思一致，符合语境。故选 A。

(5) 推理判断题。根据上文 Have you ever chosen to starve yourself to get a pair of limited - edition sneakers? (你有没有选择饿着肚子去买一双限量版运动鞋?) 可知，选项 G"如果是这样的话，现在是你开始为自己和全人类做出改变的时候了"中 so 指代上文"饿着肚子去买一双限量版运动鞋"，与上文语义衔接自然流畅，符合逻辑关系。故选 G。

第三部分：语言应用第一节 阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

6. (15 分) Someone recently asked me when I became more confident about my abilities as an entrepreneur. I

thought it was a funny question, (1) C I'm not very confident at all, and constantly filled with (2) B about every decision I make.

It doesn't exactly hold me back in my work; it is just that I am very (3) A of what I do, and I'm always (4) D on the way I work, think and talk. I have also learned over the years that making a decision is often more important than making the right decision. Preferably your decisions are the right ones, but inaction or indecisiveness is more (5) B than making the wrong decision every now and then.

There is one thing I have learned over the years that I wish I had learned earlier in my career. And that is the (6) C that I am not stupid.

It sounds logical, but I often sat in on meetings and heard people explain things and then (7) A to myself, "I don't understand that. Maybe I'm stupid?" or I would hear about a startup and I would not (8) D their business model and think I'm stupid. Or I would hear an entrepreneur speak and think, "That all (9) B like bullshit, but I must be stupid, because other people seem to love it."

A couple of years ago, I came to the (10) B that I was not stupid at all. When people in meetings say things I don't understand I speak up and tell them so. Usually, I hear a sigh of (11) C in the room and find out nobody understood what was being talked about.

When I don't understand a business model it usually means there is not one, or it sucks. Turns out I'm not stupid and (12) B I don't understand it, most people won't understand it at all. (13) A doubting my own abilities I've learned to trust my "bullshit radar" a bit more and not understanding something is a clear sign that something is off.

My advice to young entrepreneurs is this: you are not stupid! If something does not make (14) D, if it sounds stupid, if you do not understand it, something is wrong! Trust your gut (本能的) (15) A. Feel free to not know and be honest when you don't understand something!

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|
| (1) | A. if | B. unless | C. because | D. when |
| (2) | A. disappointment | B. doubt | C. terror | D. curiosity |
| (3) | A. conscious | B. tired | C. ashamed | D. fond |
| (4) | A. insisting | B. working | C. relying | D. reflecting |
| (5) | A. boring | B. costly | C. disgusting | D. significant |

- | | | | | |
|------|---------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| (6) | A. truth | B. concept | C. realization | D. reputation |
| (7) | A. thought | B. referred | C. smiled | D. came |
| (8) | A. mind | B. know | C. love | D. understand |
| (9) | A. tastes | B. sounds | C. smells | D. looks |
| (10) | A. compromise | B. conclusion | C. point | D. agreement |
| (11) | A. despair | B. pleasure | C. relief | D. impatience |
| (12) | A. since | B. if | C. as | D. while |
| (13) | A. Instead of | B. Apart from | C. As well as | D. Regardless of |
| (14) | A. progress | B. history | C. money | D. sense |
| (15) | A. feeling | B. level | C. happiness | D. comfort |

【答案】 (1) - (5) CBADB (6) - (10) CADBB (11) - (15) CBADA

【分析】 本文是一篇记叙文。主要写了作者对自己能力的不自信以及他在职业生涯中逐渐认识到自己并不愚蠢的经历。

【解答】 (1) 考查连词及语境理解。A. if 如果；B. unless 除非；C. because 因为；D. when 当...时候。根据空后 "I'm not very confident at all" 可知我觉得这个问题有趣是因为我不是一直都是这么自信的。故选 C。

(2) 考查名词及语境理解。A. disappointment 失望；B. doubt 怀疑；C. terror 恐惧；D. curiosity 好奇。根据上句 "I'm not very confident at all" 可知我不是一直都这么自信的，有时会怀疑自己做出的决定。故选 B。

(3) 考查形容词及语境理解。A. conscious 有意识的；B. tired 疲倦的；C. ashamed 羞愧的；D. fond 喜欢的。句意：我很清楚自己在做什么。be conscious of 意识到，对...清楚。故选 A。

(4) 考查动词及语境理解。A. insisting 坚持；B. working 工作；C. relying 依靠；D. reflecting 反思。句意：我在做工作的时候，经常反思自己的工作方式、所说的话。reflect on 反思，反省。故选 D。

(5) 考查形容词及语境理解。A. boring 无聊的；B. costly 昂贵的；C. disgusting 令人恶心的；D. significant 重要的。句意：不积极比做出错误的决定导致的后果更严重，即代价要更高。costly 昂贵的；代价高的。故选 B。

(6) 考查名词及语境理解。A. truth 事实；B. concept 概念；C. realization 意识；D. reputation 声望。句意：我知道自己并不笨。即我能意识到自己不笨。故选 C。

(7) 考查动词及语境理解。A. thought 思考；B. referred 涉及；C. smiled 微笑；D. came 来。根据下句"I don't understand that. Maybe I'm stupid?"可知这是作者自己在思考、盘算。think to oneself 盘算。故选 A。

(8) 考查动词及语境理解。A. mind 在意；B. know 知道；C. love 爱；D. understand 理解。根据下句"think I'm stupid"可知是因为我不理解他们的运营模式，所以我感到自己愚蠢。故选 D。

(9) 考查动词及语境理解。A. tastes 吃起来；B. sounds 听起来；C. smells 闻起来；D. looks 看起来。句意：这些听起来都是鬼话连篇，但是别人喜欢这种经营方法，所以一定是我愚蠢。故选 B。

(10) 考查名词及语境理解。A. compromise 妥协；B. conclusion 结论；C. point 观点；D. agreement 同意。句意：我最终认为自己并不蠢。come to a conclusion 下结论。故选 B。

(11) 考查名词及语境理解。A. despair 绝望；B. pleasure 高兴；C. relief 放松；D. impatience 没耐心。根据空后"find out nobody understood what was being talked about"可知没有人能听懂讲的是什么，所以当我说出来的时候，大家都松了一口气。故选 C。

(12) 考查连词及语境理解。A. since 自从；B. if 如果；C. as 和...一样；D. while 当...时候。句意：如果我不懂，那么其实很多人也不懂。根据上句"Turns out I'm not stupid"可知此处应使用 if 如果。故选 B。

(13) 考查固定短语及语境理解。A. Instead of 代替、不是...而是...；B. Apart from 除...之外；C. As well as 和...一样；D. Regardless of 不管。句意：我觉得应该相信自己的感觉，而不是质疑自己的能力。所以此处应使用 Instead of 代替、不是...而是...。故选 A。

(14) 考查名词及语境理解。A. progress 进程；B. history 历史；C. money 钱；D. sense 意义。句意：如果某件事不能有什么作用，没什么意义。make sense 有意义，有道理，讲得通。故选 D。

(15) 考查名词及语境理解。A. feeling 感觉；B. level 水平；C. happiness 开心；D. comfort 安慰。句意：相信自己本能的感觉，相信自己的判断。联系前文可知此处应使用 feeling 感觉。故选 A。

第二节阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

7. (15 分)

Traditional Chinese Ink Painting

Traditional Chinese ink painting, also known as brush painting or shui mo hua, (1) is (be) an art form that has a long - standing history in Chinese culture. It is characterized by (2) a use of black ink and fine brushwork to portray scenes from nature.

Often associated (3) with the concept of balance and harmony, ink painting requires precision and (4) patience (patient), (5) demanding (demand) thorough brush control and a deep understanding of

composition by minimal brushwork. Such is the essence captured by artists (6) so it allows for the viewers' imagination to fill in the details themselves.

The subjects (7) presented (present) in Chinese ink painting cover a wide range of natural elements, ranging from majestic mountains and (8) flowing (flow) rivers to delicate flowers and graceful birds. Certain techniques (9) are employed (employ) to create depth and visual interest based on them, (10) which normally include the use of shading, texture, etc.

Above all, Chinese traditional ink painting showcases the timeless beauty of nature and embodies the profound artistic expression of the traditional Chinese culture.

【答案】 (1) is (2) a (3) with (4) patience (5) demanding (6) so (7) presented (8) flowing (9) are employed (10) which

【分析】 本文是一篇说明文，介绍了中国传统水墨画。

【解答】 (1) 考查动词时态及主谓一致。句意：中国传统水墨画，又称水墨画或水墨画，是一种在中国文化中有悠久历史的艺术形式。此处描述客观事实，时态为一般现在时，主语是 Traditional Chinese ink painting, be 动词用 is。故填 is。

(2) 考查冠词。句意：它的特点是使用黑色墨水和精细的笔法来描绘大自然的场景。此处泛指一种用法，且 use 是以辅音音素开头，使用不定冠词 a 修饰。故填 a。

(3) 考查介词。句意：水墨画通常与平衡与和谐的概念联系在一起，需要精确和耐心，要求彻底的笔触控制和对构图的深刻理解。associate with 为固定搭配，意为“与……联系”。故填 with。

(4) 考查名词。句意：水墨画通常与平衡与和谐的概念联系在一起，需要精确和耐心，要求彻底的笔触控制和对构图的深刻理解。空处作 requires 的宾语，使用名词；patience 是不可数名词。故填 patience。

(5) 考查现在分词。句意：水墨画通常与平衡与和谐的概念联系在一起，需要精确和耐心，要求彻底的笔触控制和对构图的深刻理解。分析句子可知空处使用非谓语，demand 和主语之间是主动关系，使用现在分词作状语。故填 demanding。

(6) 考查连词。句意：这是艺术家捕捉到的本质，它允许观众的想象力来填补自己的细节。根据句意可知前后句子之间是因果关系，空后表示结果。故填 so。

(7) 考查过去分词。句意：中国水墨画所表现的主题涵盖了广泛的自然元素，从雄伟的山川和流动的河流到精致的花鸟。分析句子可知空处使用非谓语，present 和 subjects 之间是被动关系，使用过去分词作状语。故填 presented。

(8) 考查形容词。句意：中国水墨画所表现的主题涵盖了广泛的自然元素，从雄伟的山川和流动的河流到精致的花鸟。空处修饰名词 rivers，使用形容词作定语。故填 flowing。

（9）考查动词时态及语态。句意：某些技术被用来创造深度和基于它们的视觉兴趣，这通常包括使用阴影，纹理等。此处描述客观事实，时态为一般现在时，techniques 和 employ 之间是被动关系，使用被动语态。故填 are employed。

（10）考查定语从句。句意：某些技术被用来创造深度和基于它们的视觉兴趣，这通常包括使用阴影，纹理等。空处引导定语从句，先行词指代前面一句话，使用 which 引导非限定性定语从句。故填 which。

第三节;单词拼写

8. (1.5 分) When they were in company she always seemed to d ominate (to control or have a lot of influence over sb./sth.) the conversation.

【答案】dominate

【分析】当他们在一起时，她似乎总是在谈话中占主导地位。

【解答】根据句意，当他们在一起时，她似乎总是在谈话中占主导地位。结合单词首字母及英文释义"控制或对某人/某事有很大影响"可知，此处应用动词 dominate"支配；控制"，结合空前不定式符号 to 可知，此处应用动词原形。

故填：dominate。

9. (1.5 分) Many experts a dvocate (to support sth.publicly) rewarding your child for good behaviour nowadays.

【答案】advocate

【分析】如今，许多专家主张奖励孩子的好行为。

【解答】根据句意，如今，许多专家主张奖励孩子的好行为。结合单词首字母及英文释义"公开支持"可知，此处应用动词 advocate"主张"作谓语，根据时间状语 nowadays 可知，句子应用一般现在时，主语 many experts 为复数，谓语动词应用原形。

故填：advocate。

10. (1.5 分) This discovery was p erceived (to understand or think of sb./sth.in a particular way) as a major breakthrough.

【答案】perceived

【分析】这一发现被认为是一个重大突破。

【解答】根据句意，这一发现被认为是一个重大突破。结合单词首字母及英文释义"以特定的方式理解或考虑某人/某事"可知，此处应用动词 perceive"认为"作谓语，分析可知，主语 this discovery 与动词 perceive 之间为被动关系，故此处应用过去分词与空前 was 构成一般过去时的被动语态。

故填：perceived。

11. (1.5 分) The o verthrown (to remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force) rulers retired quietly from the scene.

【答案】overthrown

【分析】被推翻的统治者悄悄地从现场退了出来。

【解答】根据句意，被推翻的统治者悄悄地从现场退了出来。结合单词首字母及英文释义"用武力将领导人或政府从权力地位上赶下台"可知，此处应用动词 overthrow"推翻"，分析句子结构可知，此处应用过去分词 overthrow"被推翻的"作定语，修饰名词 rulers。

故填：overthrown。

12. (1.5 分) He does not talk too much and what he has to say is p recise and to the point.

【答案】precise

【分析】他不会说太多，他要说的都是准确而中肯的。

【解答】根据句意，他不会说太多，他要说的都是准确而中肯的。结合单词首字母可知，此处应用形容词 precise"准确的"作表语。

故填：precise。

13. (1.5 分) His body language spoke v olumes about his disappointment to his performance.

【答案】volumes

【分析】他的肢体语言充分说明了他对自己的表现感到失望。

【解答】根据句意"他的肢体语言充分说明了他对自己的表现感到失望。"结合首字母，考虑 volume"数量"，是可数名词，根据语境要用复数形式。

故填：volumes。

14. (1.5 分) Poetry written from the p erspective of the urban youth tends to reveal their anxiety over a lack of sense of belonging.

【答案】perspective

【分析】以都市年轻人的视角写的诗歌往往反映他们因为缺乏归属感而产生的焦虑。

【解答】答案：perspective.介词后接名词作宾语；perspective 是可数名词，根据语境要用单数形式。故填：perspective。

15. (1.5 分) I am here on business as o pposed to a holiday.

【答案】opposed

【分析】我在这里是办公事而不是度假。

【解答】根据句意"我在这里是办公事而不是度假。"结合首字母，考虑 opposed"对立的"，as opposed to"

与……形成对照”，是固定搭配。

故填：opposed。

16. (1.5 分) A pparently (显然), the girls are not at all amused by the whole business.

【答案】Apparently

【分析】显然女孩们觉得整件事情一点也不好笑。

【解答】根据汉语提示“显然”及逗号可知，此处应用副词 apparently 作状语，修饰整个句子，句首单词首字母应大写。

故填：Apparently。

17. (1.5 分) I didn't know whether to i nterpret (解释) her silence as acceptance or refusal. (根据汉语提示单词拼写)

【答案】interpret

【分析】我不知道该把她的沉默解释为接受还是拒绝。

【解答】“解释”interpret，及物动词，本句中“疑问词+动词不定式”作动词 know 的宾语，故空处应填动词原形 interpret。

故填：interpret。

第四部分：写作第 1 节应用文写作

18. (15 分) 假设你校将举办一场题为“推广中国传统节日”的英语演讲比赛，你报名参加了此次比赛。请你写一篇演讲稿，包含以下要点：

- (1) 中国传统节日的重要性；
- (2) 如何推广中国传统节日。

注意：

- (1) 词数 80 左右，开头与结尾已给出，不计入总词数；
- (2) 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Distinguished judges and dear fellow students,

It's my honor to stand here and talk about "Promoting traditional Chinese festivals".

Thank you very much for your attention!

【答案】Distinguished judges and dear fellow students,

It's my honor to stand here and talk about "Promoting traditional Chinese festivals". As we all know, traditional Chinese festivals are an important part of Chinese culture. Firstly, traditional Chinese festivals teach us a lot

about our nation's history. Moreover, they enable us to learn about fine Chinese values, thus helping us pass them down.

Therefore, promoting traditional festivals is high on the agenda. Declaring public holidays on some traditional festivals is undoubtedly a good way to raise people's awareness of these festivals. Besides, schools can hold more activities to help draw students' attention to our tradition.

Only with the joint efforts can traditional Chinese festivals be really promoted.

Thank you very much for your attention!

【分析】高分句型一：Moreover, they enable us to learn about fine Chinese values, thus helping us pass them down.

译文：此外，它们使我们能够了解中国优秀的价值观，从而帮助我们将其传承下去。

分析：这句话使用了现在分词短语 thus helping us pass them down 作状语。

高分句型二：Only with the joint efforts can traditional Chinese festivals be really promoted.

译文：只有在共同努力下，中国传统节日才能真正得到弘扬。

分析：这句话使用了 only+with 的介词短语，置于句首，后面接部分倒装。

【解答】Distinguished judges and dear fellow students,

It's my honor to stand here and talk about "Promoting traditional Chinese festivals". As we all know, traditional Chinese festivals are an important part of Chinese culture. Firstly, traditional Chinese festivals teach us a lot about our nation's history. Moreover, they enable us to learn about fine Chinese values, thus helping us pass them down. **【高分句型一】**（中国传统节日的重要性）

Therefore, promoting traditional festivals is high on the agenda. Declaring public holidays on some traditional festivals is undoubtedly a good way to raise people's awareness of these festivals. Besides, schools can hold more activities to help draw students' attention to our tradition. （如何推广中国传统节日）

Only with the joint efforts can traditional Chinese festivals be really promoted. **【高分句型二】**（呼吁）

Thank you very much for your attention! （感谢）

第2节

19. （25分）阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成篇完整的短文。

As I stood in line waiting to cash out at a "pack your own" kind of store, where customers pack their items by themselves, I stared at the customer in front of me reading the magazines. She was young, but she already had a tired look to her, with heads bent forwards—as if life had beaten her down too many times.

Her face looked pale from extreme tiredness. Her winter coat was thin and unbuttoned. The well-worn scarf

around her throat probably did little to protect it from the cold weather. Her hands turning a few pages, were rough and red. When I looked down at her boots, I could see a small piece of a clear plastic bag partially visible through a hole in her left boot.

The items in her cart（购物车）included the cheapest cuts of meat and some things like rice and potatoes. There were also lots of noodles. Day - old bread, inexpensive soap, and tissues on sale—well, almost. In a far corner sat a little toy and a pretty dress that was 50 percent off.

She continued to look at the magazines as we waited, and more people lined up behind us. She finally took one out and turned it over several times, trying to find a price before finally turning to me.

"I'm sorry to bother you, " she began in a shy and nervous tone. "But can you tell me how much this is? I forgot my glasses at home."

"Of course" I said with a smile.

When I finally found the small print and told her, she shook her head and put it back.

"They've become so expensive, haven't they? " I said sympathetically.

"Next!" The cashier called in a gentle voice before she could answer, and she moved forward to begin her transaction（交易）

注意：

（1）续写词数应为 150 左右；

（2）请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

When told the cost, the woman's face paled. _____

I approached the cashier and whispered "Include her removed items in my bill, please." _____

【答案】 When told the cost, the woman's face paled. She opened a worn - out change purse, counting small bills and change. With a deep breath, she scanned her groceries to see what she could do without. One by one, she removed things, but she still came up short. She continued to get rid of much - needed goods while the cashier patiently took away things with a pleased smile, setting them aside. The woman finally cut back on her groceries, paid, and moved down to pack them.

I approached the cashier and whispered "Include her removed items in my bill, please!" She nodded knowingly, winking at me and finishing the transaction. I moved next, wondering how to slide the extra things into her old cart. The cashier solved the problem by "accidentally" dropping several oranges which flew past the lady. "I'll get those, " the woman offered kindly to pick up the runaway fruit. I quickly finished our plan. Then, my thoughts wandered to the lady who was enjoying a hearty delicious dish with her little girl.

【分析】本文人物为线索展开，讲述了作者在一家商店排队结账时，看到一位疲惫的年轻顾客在看杂志，在进行结算时看出她的生活很拮据，在收银员的配合下，作者将这位顾客因没有足够的钱而舍弃的物品全部结算给了这位顾客。

高分句型一：She opened a worn - out change purse, counting small bills and change.

翻译：她打开一个破旧的零钱包，数着零钱和零钱。

分析：本句运用了现在分词短语 counting small bills and change 作状语。

高分句型二：The cashier solved the problem by "accidentally" dropping several oranges which flew past the lady.

翻译：收银员"不小心"掉了几个橘子，从这位女士身边飞过，解决了这个问题。

分析：本句运用了 which 引导的定语从句。

【解答】When told the cost, the woman's face paled. She opened a worn - out change purse, counting small bills and change. **【高分句型一】** With a deep breath, she scanned her groceries to see what she could do without. One by one, she removed things, but she still came up short. She continued to get rid of much - needed goods while the cashier patiently took away things with a pleased smile, setting them aside. The woman finally cut back on her groceries, paid, and moved down to pack them.（描写这位顾客为什么会听到费用而脸色苍白，然后又是怎么做的）

I approached the cashier and whispered "Include her removed items in my bill, please!" She nodded knowingly, winking at me and finishing the transaction. I moved next, wondering how to slide the extra things into her old cart. The cashier solved the problem by "accidentally" dropping several oranges which flew past the lady. **【高分句型二】** "I'll get those, " the woman offered kindly to pick up the runaway fruit. I quickly finished our plan. Then, my thoughts wandered to the lady who was enjoying a hearty delicious dish with her little girl.（描写收银员和作者是如何合作不动声色的帮助这位顾客）