

## 2024 年江苏省无锡市江阴市中考英语模拟试卷

一、单项选择 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

1. (1 分) Don't be so mad at your mother, you don't know \_\_\_\_\_ she loves you! ( )

- A. how soon      B. how long      C. how often      D. how much

2. (1 分) —Which coffee do you prefer, iced or hot?

—\_\_\_\_\_. I like drinking tea. ( )

- A. None      B. Both      C. Neither      D. Either

3. (1 分) The music in this film is more highly thought of than the film \_\_\_\_\_. ( )

- A. it      B. itself  
C. them      D. themselves

4. (1 分) What can we know from the picture on the right? ( )



- A. He wants to close the door.  
B. He is pushing the door hard.  
C. He knows how to open the door.  
D. He is opening the door in the wrong way.

5. (1 分) —This novel has helped me a lot through my hard times.

—Good books can teach us things \_\_\_\_\_ subject knowledge. ( )

- A. above      B. beyond      C. over      D. against

6. (1 分) —When will our flight to Hong Kong leave?

—Well, we have \_\_\_\_\_ twenty minutes left, no more and no less. ( )

- A. exactly      B. mainly      C. nearly      D. hardly

7. (1 分) —Have you watched the film "All River Red" (满江红) during the Spring Festival?

—Yes.It is very \_\_\_\_\_ among people of different ages. ( )

- A. popular                      B. practical                      C. pleasant                      D. powerful

8. (1 分) Many scientists \_\_\_\_\_ chances of going abroad in order to serve our country. ( )

- A. set up                      B. pick up                      C. give up                      D. take up

9. (1 分) We wonder if new energy will make a valuable \_\_\_\_\_ to a greener world. ( )

- A. contribution                      B. conclusion  
C. decision                      D. instruction

10. (1 分) Living in a fast - developing world, we will fall behind \_\_\_\_\_ we keep learning. ( )

- A. though                      B. since                      C. after                      D. unless

11. (1 分) A new underground \_\_\_\_\_ Jiangyin with Wuxi has been in use for several months. ( )

- A. comparing                      B. charging  
C. connecting                      D. covering

12. (1 分) "When I walk along with two others, they may serve me as my teachers."tells us \_\_\_\_\_.  
( )

- A. who can we learn from  
B. who we can learn from  
C. how should we treat others  
D. how we should treat others

13. (1 分) At first, Dong Yuhui didn't expect that his new program\_\_\_\_\_so much praise. ( )

- A. will receive                      B. would receive  
C. has received                      D. had received

14. (1 分) —To be honest, I don't think I'm going to be accepted by the Student Union.

—Well, \_\_\_\_\_!You may have made a better performance than you think. ( )

- A. you never know                      B. don't mention it  
C. not a chance                      D. what a pity

二、完形填空先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

15. (10 分) When I started playing soccer, I just fell in love with it.As many (1) \_\_\_\_\_ do, I wanted to be a soccer player when I grew up.But when I was nine, I started losing my eyesight, and it got increasingly difficult to play.

At first, I tried to just work harder. But everything was becoming more (2) \_\_\_\_\_. At some point, if you don't have eyesight, and you are trying to play a sport that you have to see the ball, it doesn't matter how hard you work or how much you train. It becomes impossible for me to keep playing against people with (3) \_\_\_\_\_ eyesight.

My elder brother is the one who got me started on the right way after I (4) \_\_\_\_\_ rock bottom. He had swum for a couple of years and (5) \_\_\_\_\_ me to try it. That brought me back to a better place mentally (精神上), and I was able to change from playing soccer to sports that I (6) \_\_\_\_\_ do, like swimming, cycling, and running, and that is called triathlon (铁人三项).

I was lucky that my parents could (7) \_\_\_\_\_ me. They worried about my safety, but never stopped me. In my senior year, I signed up for my first triathlon and I had never done anything like it before.

I loved it. That first race was excellent. (8) \_\_\_\_\_, that race was a turning point. It opened a new door in sport and in life for me. When I went to Michigan for college, I started the triathlon team there.




Perseverance (坚持) is a learned skill, and it (9) \_\_\_\_\_ from facing difficulty and challenges. Sometimes you have to change the path you thought you'd be on, but you can still keep moving on that (10) \_\_\_\_\_ road. That's the most important life lesson I have learned.

- |      |              |                |              |               |
|------|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| (1)  | A. athletes  | B. kids        | C. adults    | D. swimmers   |
| (2)  | A. difficult | B. interesting | C. important | D. boring     |
| (3)  | A. poor      | B. natural     | C. full      | D. terrible   |
| (4)  | A. broke     | B. hit         | C. found     | D. kicked     |
| (5)  | A. reminded  | B. forced      | C. allowed   | D. encouraged |
| (6)  | A. must      | B. could       | C. might     | D. should     |
| (7)  | A. control   | B. support     | C. expect    | D. doubt      |
| (8)  | A. However   | B. Instead     | C. Moreover  | D. Anyway     |
| (9)  | A. develops  | B. hides       | C. keeps     | D. dies       |
| (10) | A. lucky     | B. wide        | C. safe      | D. new        |



三、阅读理解阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 15 小题， 每小题 6 分，共 30 分）

16.（6 分）

 <p>Paris 2024 Olympic &amp; Paralympic Volunteer Programme</p>		
<p>Would you like to make Paris 2024 an unforgettable event? 45, 000 volunteers are needed.</p>		
<p>Requirements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Be at least 18 years old on 1 January 2024.</li> <li>•Speak either French or English</li> <li>•Be able to participate for at least 10 days between 12/07/2024 - 10/09/2024</li> </ul>		<p>Things to consider</p> <p>Accommodation</p> <p>You have to look for somewhere to live.</p> <p>Food</p> <p>Only one meal is included.</p> <p>Getting Their</p> <p>Plane tickets are not offered.</p> <p>Getting Around</p> <p>All public transport will be free.</p>
<p>Benefit of Joining</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•A chance to meet your favourite sportsman/sportswoman.</li> <li>•An amazing chance to watch the Olympic games live.</li> <li>•Collect souvenirs and gifts.</li> </ul>		
<p>For more information, you can visit <a href="https://www.paris2024.org/en/volunteers">https://www.paris2024.org/en/volunteers</a>.</p> 		

（1）The picture above is \_\_\_\_\_.

A.a poster

B.a report

C.a notice

D.a story

(2) What will be offered if you are a volunteer? \_\_\_\_\_

A.Living places.

B.Three meals.

C.Plane tickets.

D.Free transport.

(3) Who can be a volunteer of Paris 2024 Olympics? \_\_\_\_\_

A.Sam, born in 2009, can speak English and French.

B.Bruce, born in 2000, can speak English and Hindi.




C.Alice, born in 2008, can speak Chinese and French.

D.Amy, born in 2005, can speak German and Japanese.




17. (6 分) Although the fashion changes all the time, there are four types of clothes that are loved by people till today both at home and abroad.

Traditional Han Chinese Clothing	Tang Suit
It is considered a symbol of Chinese culture.It is known as Han Fu because it was popularized and improved and during the Han Dynasty.It's long, and it has a cross collar (covering the right collar over the left), wide sleeves, no buttons but a belt.Although simple in design, it gives different feelings to different wearers.	It is a mix of the Manchu male jacket of the Qing Dynasty and the western style suit.It is usually straight collared, with buttons down the front.Its color and design are in traditional Chinese style but tailoring (剪裁) is western.A popular design of a Tang suit uses the Chinese characters, such as Fu and Shou to express good wishes.

	
<p>Cheongsam</p> <p>Originated (起源) from Manchu female clothes, it was influenced by western patterns that show off the beauty of a female. Its features are straight collar, well - shaped waist, buttons, high slits on both sides. Materials used are usually silk, cotton or linen (麻). Cheongsam is the most popular Chinese clothes in the world today.</p> 	<p>Chinese Tunic Suit</p> <p>Dr.Sun Yat - sen designed Yat - sen Suit by joining the western - style suit and Chinese clothes together. It has a turn - down collar, five buttons down the front and four pockets with flaps. As Chairman Mao Zedong wore it often, it is also called Mao Suit by westerners. It's suitable for attending important events.</p> 

(1) Which of the following clothes has the strongest Chinese characteristics? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.Tang Suit.
- B.Chinese Tunic Suit.
- C.Cheongsam.
- D.Han Chinese Clothing.

(2) Which picture can we put in  ? \_\_\_\_\_





(3) In which part of a magazine can we find this passage? \_\_\_\_\_

A.People.

B.Culture.

C.History.

D.Science.

18. (6分) A businessman called Antonio borrowed three thousand dollars from Shylock, a moneylender, to help his friend Bassanio. They signed a contract (契约), if the money couldn't be repaid in time, Antonio would be cut off a pound of flesh (肉) to Shylock. However, Antonio's ships were lost at sea. This left him unable to have enough money. Antonio had already made an enemy of Shylock before. Shylock thought, "This is my chance to destroy Antonio." The next day Antonio was brought to the court (法庭).

"Can Antonio pay the money?" the judge (法官) asked.

"Yes," Bassanio shouted. "I can pay for him. I'll give Shylock twice the money Antonio borrowed if he wants. And if that's not enough, I'll sign more. Judge, please help! Can't you change the law a little just this once to save Antonio? Please! Do a great right by doing a little wrong."

"That isn't possible," Shylock was getting impatient. "\_\_\_\_\_ Nobody has the right to change the law. Judge, please give your decision."

While the judge is checking the contract, everyone there held the breath waiting for the result.

"Yes, Shylock," said the judge. "A pound of Antonio's flesh is yours by law. The contract says that you must cut it from his chest."

"What a wise judge!" Shylock said, placing his knife on Antonio's chest.

"But wait a moment!" the judge continued. "I'd like to remind you that you can take a pound of Antonio's flesh. It doesn't say you can take a single drop of his blood. So take your pound of flesh, but if you spill (溢出) one drop of his blood when you cut it, you will lose your land and wealth. Our country will take it all." The people in

the courtroom cheered.

"Is that the law?" asked Shylock. "That's the law," confirmed the judge. "Look again at the contract."

Shylock thought quickly. He knew that he couldn't cut Antonio's flesh without spilling his blood. He couldn't take the pound of flesh from Antonio. He tried asking for just three thousand dollars, but again the judge told him that all he should have was a pound of the businessman's flesh.

(1) Which sentence can be put in \_\_\_\_\_? \_\_\_\_\_

A. A lie is a lie.

B. A bad thing never dies.

C. A promise is a promise.

D. A man is not good or bad for one action.

(2) When Shylock was reminded that the law allowed the pound of flesh but no drop of blood, he might feel \_\_\_\_\_.

A. hopeless

B. surprised

C. impatient

D. peaceful

(3) What can we infer from the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

A. The contract finally saved Antonio's life.

B. The contract they made was against the law.

C. Shylock thought the judge made a wise decision.

D. Shylock knew Antonio couldn't pay the money in time.

19. (8分) Science fiction stories have imagined people in the future living in underground cities on Mars and in space stations far from the sun. But if humans are to survive in those terrible environments, they will need ways to grow food using limited resources. Photosynthesis (光合作用), by which plants turn sunlight into sugar, might not work.

Now, some scientists are wondering whether it's possible to produce food more efficiently (高效) by giving up photosynthesis, just by growing plants in the dark.

The idea sounds as science fictional as cities on Mars. But a team of researchers has taken a first step toward realizing it with a study published in Nature Food. The research shows it is possible to grow algae, edible - yeast and fungi in the dark by providing them with a carbon - based chemical (碳基化学物质). The chemical didn't



come from plants, but instead was produced using solar electricity（太阳能发电）.That is, this method took the place of natural photosynthesis with a partly artificial（人造的） process for turning sunlight into food.Their process is a kind of artificial photosynthesis, and the idea has been around for years and includes different ways of turning sunlight, water and CO<sub>2</sub> into some chemicals.

The scientists - are hopeful that this method could unlock new ways to produce food using less physical space and energy than traditional agriculture — including, perhaps, crops that can grow in the dark.

While other scientists doubt if it will ever be possible to redesign plant biology so completely, they are excited by the technology the researchers have invented and the team's out - of - the - box idea about how to make food production more efficient.

"It's worth keeping an open mind.The reward may be something we haven't imagined yet." said Lynn Rothschild, a senior research scientist at NASA's Ames Research Center.

（1）What is the writing purpose of the first paragraph? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.To tell a story.
- B.To lead to the topic.
- C.To give an example.
- D.To work out a mystery.

（2）What can we learn about artificial photosynthesis from the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.It may help find new ways of producing food.
- B.It doesn't need sunlight, water or CO<sub>2</sub>any more.
- C.It has helped successfully grow food with limited resources.
- D.It was introduced to the public for the first time in Nature Food.

（3）Which word has the closest meaning to "out - of - the - box"? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.harmful
- B.challenging
- C.humorous
- D.creative

（4）Which is the best title for the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

- A.How to Grow Crops in the Dark?
- B.What is Artificial Photosynthesis?
- C.Can Food Crops Grow in the Dark?

D. Do we need Artificial Photosynthesis?



四、词汇运用（本大题共 8 小题， 每小题 1 分， 共 8 分）（A） 根据句意和汉语注释，在答题卡对应题号的横线上，写出单词的正确形式。

20. (1 分) Andrew has little education or skills, so he had no choice \_\_\_\_\_ (除了) to do this job.  
 21. (1 分) In the \_\_\_\_\_ (古代的) palace, visitors saw the throne that emperors used to sit on.  
 22. (1 分) The \_\_\_\_\_ (人口) of China will fall by about 20 percent in the next 30 years.  
 23. (1 分) A person can truly \_\_\_\_\_ (成功) only if he first learns how to fail.

（B） 根据句意，在答题卡对应题号的横线上，写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。

24. (1 分) \_\_\_\_\_ (centre) Park is the largest and most important public park in New York City.  
 25. (1 分) In my family, a decision will not be made until everyone is in \_\_\_\_\_ (agree) .  
 26. (1 分) It won't be cold, but it will \_\_\_\_\_ (probable) rain at least once during your trip to Harbin.  
 27. (1 分) My father told me that we should be \_\_\_\_\_ (satisfy) with what life gives us.

五、动词填空 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空， 并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线

28. (1 分) —I \_\_\_\_\_ (fall) off my bike and hurt my knees on my way home.  
 —What bad luck!  
 29. (1 分) Helmets are used \_\_\_\_\_ (protect) people from danger.  
 30. (1 分) People believe that tea \_\_\_\_\_ (discover) and drunk thousands of years ago.  
 31. (1 分) - - - What do you think of the poem?  
 - - - It's a bit too long, but anyway, it \_\_\_\_\_ (read) well.  
 32. (1 分) Sue as well as her parents \_\_\_\_\_ (have) supper yesterday when the telephone rang.  
 33. (1 分) —Father's Day is around the corner. What gift will you give your father, Jessica?  
 —A scarf made by myself. I \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) making it already.  
 34. (1 分) —Can you tell me where our club \_\_\_\_\_ (hold) the English competition next week?  
 —Yes, in the language center.  
 35. (1 分) It's reported that Chinese White Dolphins \_\_\_\_\_ (face) danger now.

六、阅读填空 先通读下面的短文， 然后根据短文内容， 在文章后表格的空格内填入一最恰当的单词。所

填单词必须写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。每个空格只能填一个单词。

36. (5 分) You might have a friend or a classmate who remembers every single detail. How can they make it? A good memory is often seen as something that comes naturally and a bad memory as something that cannot be changed, but actually there are plenty of things that you can do to improve your memory.

We all remember the things we are interested in and forget the ones that bore us. It's not hard to explain why schoolboys remember football results without difficulty, but make a great effort to remember dates from history lessons! One way to "make" yourself more interested is to ask questions — the more, the better! Moreover, researchers have found that information organized in groups can be easy to remember. You can use this by organizing the materials you are studying. Try grouping similar knowledge together, or make a mind map of textbook reading to help group the information. Then when you learn more about that subject, you understand that better. Be sure things are clear in your mind. If not, ask questions until you understand! What's more, when you're learning new materials, take the time to think about the relationship between the present information and what you've already known. Then it helps you remember information. Physical exercise is also important for your memory, because it increases your heart rate and sends more oxygen to your brain, and that makes your memory work better. Exercise also reduces stress, which is very bad for the memory.

So the next time you're learning new information, you can use the methods above. I'm sure that you will improve your memory and get more out of it.

#### How to Improve Your Memory

Facts	Some people were (1) _____ with a good memory, and a bad memory can't be changed, but we can do a lot of things to improve our memory.
Methods	Show (2) _____ in things you need to remember and ask more questions. Organize information in groups to remember knowledge (3) _____. (4) _____ the relationship between new materials and your knowledge. Exercise to make your memory work better with (5) _____ stress.



七、完成句子 按所给的汉语，用英语完成下列句子， 并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。（本大题

**共 6 小题， 每小题 1.5 分， 共 9 分）**

37.（1.5 分）那里的人民生活在为生命安全担忧之中。

People there live \_\_\_\_\_ their lives.

38.（1.5 分）老师重复这个规则以吸引我们的注意。

The teacher repeated the rule to \_\_\_\_\_.

39.（1.5 分）专家正在讨论此项调查是否值得开展。

Experts are discussing if the survey \_\_\_\_\_.

40.（1.5 分） 粉丝们想知道谁缺席了白玉兰颁奖典礼。

The fans wonder \_\_\_\_\_ Magnolia Awards Ceremony.

41.（1.5 分）这家酒店因为顾客提供优质的服务而赫赫有名。

The hotel has been \_\_\_\_\_ of service for customers.

42.（1.5 分）这个女孩严以律己，以至于她做起事情来毫不费力。


The girl is so \_\_\_\_\_ things.

**八、书面表达（本大题共 20 分）**

43.（20 分）友谊是阳光，照亮你的世界；友谊是春风，拂去你的疲惫。校英文网站正在开展关于友谊的讨论，请你根据自己的实际情况完成问卷调查，并整理成文，发表在网站上，参与讨论。

注意事项：

- （1）短文须包括所给提示内容，可作适当发挥，要求语句通顺、意思连贯；
- （2）词数在 100 个左右；
- （3）短文中不得使用真实的人名、校名等相关信息；
- （4）短文内容必须写在答题卡的指定位置上



**FRIENDS**  
(questionnaire)

1. What makes a good friend?

<input type="checkbox"/> helpful	<input type="checkbox"/> share my joy
<input type="checkbox"/> honest	<input type="checkbox"/> keep a secret
<input type="checkbox"/> patient	<input type="checkbox"/> make me happy
<input type="checkbox"/> generous	others: _____

2. Do you have such a friend?  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. Do you have any stories to share?  
\_\_\_\_\_

4. What do you think of your friendship?  
\_\_\_\_\_

5. What will you do to keep your friendship?  
\_\_\_\_\_

## 2024 年江苏省无锡市江阴市中考英语模拟试卷

### 参考答案与试题解析

一、单项选择 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

1. （1 分） Don't be so mad at your mother, you don't know \_\_\_\_\_ she loves you! （ ）

- A. how soon            B. how long            C. how often            D. how much

【分析】别对你妈妈那么生气，你不知道她有多爱你！

【解答】A. how soon 多久之后；B. how long 多久，提问时间段；C. how often 多久一次，提问频度；D. how much 多少；根据题干 she loves you!（她爱你！）可知这里表示爱的程度，用 how much。

故选：D。

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握 how much 的用法。

2. （1 分） —Which coffee do you prefer, iced or hot?

—\_\_\_\_\_. I like drinking tea. （ ）

- A. None            B. Both            C. Neither            D. Either

【分析】—你更喜欢哪种咖啡，冰的还是热的？

—两者都不喜欢。我喜欢喝茶。

【解答】None（三者以上）没有一个；Both 两者都；Neither 两者都不；Either 两者中的任何一个。根据“你更喜欢哪种咖啡，冰的还是热的？”及“我喜欢喝茶。”可知，两者都不喜欢，用 Neither。

故选：C。

【点评】分析选项不定代词意思及用法，结合语境，找到关键词，选择合适答案。

3. （1 分） The music in this film is more highly thought of than the film \_\_\_\_\_. （ ）

- A. it            B. itself  
C. them            D. themselves

【分析】这部电影中的音乐比电影本身更受好评。

【解答】it 它，人称代词主格或宾格；itself 它自己，反身代词；them 他们，人称代词宾格；themselves 他们自己，反身代词。根据句意可知，此处指的是电影本身，所以应用反身代词 itself。

故选：B。

【点评】掌握反身代词的用法和含义，结合句意，选择正确答案。

4. (1 分) What can we know from the picture on the right? ( )



- A. He wants to close the door.
- B. He is pushing the door hard.
- C. He knows how to open the door.
- D. He is opening the door in the wrong way.

【分析】从右边的图片我们可以知道什么？

【解答】He wants to close the door.他想去关上门。He is pushing the door hard.他在用力推门。He knows how to open the door.他知道怎么开门。He is opening the door in the wrong way.他开门的方向错了。根据图片所示可知，门上显示的是 PULL（拉），而他在推门，所以他是在用错误的方式开门。

故选：D。

【点评】掌握一些生活常识和语法知识是解答本题的关键。

5. (1 分) —This novel has helped me a lot through my hard times.

—Good books can teach us things \_\_\_\_\_ subject knowledge. ( )

- A. above
- B. beyond
- C. over
- D. against

【分析】—这本小说在我的困难时期给了我很大的帮助。

—好书能教给我们超出学科知识的东西。

【解答】above 在.....以上，超过；beyond 超出，超过；over 在.....上面；against 反对。根据 This novel has helped me a lot through my hard times.（这本小说在我的困难时期给了我很大的帮助。）和 Good books can teach us things beyond subject knowledge.（好书能教给我们.....学科知识的东西。）可知，应该是教给我们超出学科知识的东西，此处不表位置，因此排除 A 项，所以选 beyond 符合题意。

故选：B。

【点评】做这类题，要注意分析题干信息，并结合语境答题。

6. (1 分) —When will our flight to Hong Kong leave?

—Well, we have \_\_\_\_\_ twenty minutes left, no more and no less. ( )

- A. exactly                  B. mainly                  C. nearly                  D. hardly

【分析】—我们去香港的航班什么时候起飞？

—嗯，我们正好还有二十分钟，不多也不少。

【解答】exactly 正好；mainly 主要地；nearly 几乎；hardly 几乎不。根据 no more and no less（不多也不少）可知“我们正好还有二十分钟”。

故选：A。

【点评】熟悉单词词义及用法，结合题意，给出答案。

7. （1 分）—Have you watched the film "All River Red"（满江红） during the Spring Festival?

—Yes. It is very \_\_\_\_\_ among people of different ages. (      )

- A. popular                  B. practical                  C. pleasant                  D. powerful

【分析】——你在春节期间看了电影《满江红》吗？

——是的。它在不同年龄的人群中很受欢迎。

【解答】popular 受欢迎的；practical 实际的；pleasant 愉快的；powerful 强大的。根据 "It is very...among people of different ages" 可知，此处指这部电影在不同年龄的人群中很受欢迎。

故选：A。

【点评】首先要掌握这个句子的意思，然后结合具体的题目，就可以确定正确答案。

8. （1 分）Many scientists \_\_\_\_\_ chances of going abroad in order to serve our country. (      )

- A. set up                  B. pick up                  C. give up                  D. take up

【分析】许多科学家为了服务于我们的国家而放弃了出国的机会。

【解答】set up 建立；pick up 捡起；give up 放弃；take up 开始从事，都是动词短语。根据目的状语 in order to serve our country（为了服务于我们的国家）可知，前面句意为“许多科学家放弃了出国的机会”，要填“放弃”，其它选项语意不通。

故选：C。

【点评】考查动词短语，要牢记动词短语的词义及用法，进行比较分析，选择正确答案。

9. （1 分）We wonder if new energy will make a valuable \_\_\_\_\_ to a greener world. (      )

- A. contribution                  B. conclusion  
C. decision                  D. instruction

【分析】我们想知道新能源是否会为更环保的世界做出宝贵贡献。

【解答】A. 贡献；B. 结论；C. 决定；D. 命令；指示。根据 We wonder if new energy will make a valuable to a greener world（我们想知道新能源是否会为更环保的世界做出宝贵.....）可知，我们想知道新能源是



否会为更环保的世界做出宝贵贡献。make a valuable contribution to "对.....做出宝贵贡献"。'

故选：A。

【点评】分析选项，结合语法和句意，正确作答。

10. (1 分) Living in a fast - developing world, we will fall behind \_\_\_\_\_ we keep learning. ( )

A. though                      B. since                      C. after                      D. unless

【分析】生活在一个快速发展的世界里，我们将会落后，除非我们继续学习。

【解答】though 虽然，即使，引导让步状语从句；since 自从.....以来，引导时间状语从句；after 在.....之后，引导时间状语从句；unless 除非，引导条件状语从句。根据主句句意"我们将会落后"可知，从句句意为"除非我们继续学习"，要填 unless 引导条件状语从句，其它选项语意不通。

故选：D。

【点评】考查状语从句，要根据上下文意思和时间状语，推断出合适的时态，排除错误的答案，然后再比较剩下的选择项，从而做出正确的答案。

11. (1 分) A new underground \_\_\_\_\_ Jiangyin with Wuxi has been in use for several months. ( )

A. comparing                      B. charging  
C. connecting                      D. covering

【分析】连接江阴和无锡的一条新地铁已经使用了几个月。

【解答】A.比较；B.指控；要价；C.连接；D.遮盖；涉及。根据 A new underground \_\_\_\_\_ Jiangyin with Wuxi has been in use for several months (.....江阴和无锡的一条新地铁已经使用了几个月) 可知，连接江阴和无锡的一条新地铁已经使用了几个月。

故选：C。

【点评】做此类题，先分析选项，再结合句意和语法，正确作答。

12. (1 分) "When I walk along with two others, they may serve me as my teachers."tells us \_\_\_\_\_.  
( )

A. who can we learn from  
B. who we can learn from  
C. how should we treat others  
D. how we should treat others

【分析】"三人行必有我师。"告诉我们我们可以向谁学习。

【解答】本题考查宾语从句，要用陈述语序，选项 AC 是疑问语序，故排除；选项 D"我们应该如何向别人学习"不合题意。结合"When I walk along with two others, they may serve me as my teachers. (三人行

必有我师。) "可知选项 B"我们我们可以向谁学习。"符合题意。

故选：B。

**【点评】** 熟悉宾语从句的用法，结合题意，给出答案。

13. (1 分) At first, Dong Yuhui didn't expect that his new program\_\_\_\_\_so much praise. ( )

- A. will receive                                      B. would receive  
C. has received                                     D. had received

【分析】起初，董玉辉没想到他的新项目将得到如此多的好评。

【解答】will receive 是一般将来时；would receive 是过去将来时；has received 是现在完成时；had received 是过去完成时。根据句意和主句 Dong Yuhui didn't expect （董玉辉没想到）是一般过去时可知，that 引导的宾语从句表述将来要发生的事情，宾语从句用过去将来时。

故选: B。

**【点评】**对时态的考查，要求牢记各种时态的构成形式，结合时间状语和上下文的关系，找出正确答案。

14. (1 分) —To be honest, I don't think I'm going to be accepted by the Student Union.

—Well, \_\_\_\_\_! You may have made a better performance than you think. (     )

- A. you never know                      B. don't mention it  
C. not a chance                          D. what a pity

【分析】一老实说，我不认为学生会会接受我。

—好吧，说不准！你的表现可能比你想象的要好。

【解答】考查情境交际。A 说不准；B 别客气；C 想都别想；D 真遗憾。根据答语 You may have made a better performance than you think.（你的表现可能比你想象的要好。）可知，被学生会接受是有可能的，因此 A 选项符合情境。

故选：A。

【点评】考查情境对话，在日常学习时多积累日常交际用语。做题时要先了解各选项的意思，对其用法做到心里有数，再根据具体的语境来选择正确答案。

二、完形填空先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

15. (10 分) When I started playing soccer, I just fell in love with it. As many (1) B do, I wanted to be a soccer player when I grew up. But when I was nine, I started losing my eyesight, and it got increasingly difficult to play.

At first, I tried to just work harder. But everything was becoming more(2) A . At some point, if you don't

have eyesight, and you are trying to play a sport that you have to see the ball, it doesn't matter how hard you work or how much you train. It becomes impossible for me to keep playing against people with (3) C eyesight.

My elder brother is the one who got me started on the right way after I (4) B rock bottom. He had swum for a couple of years and (5) D me to try it. That brought me back to a better place mentally (精神上), and I was able to change from playing soccer to sports that I (6) B do, like swimming, cycling, and running, and that is called triathlon (铁人三项).

I was lucky that my parents could (7) B me. They worried about my safety, but never stopped me. In my senior year, I signed up for my first triathlon and I had never done anything like it before.

I loved it. That first race was excellent. (8) C, that race was a turning point. It opened a new door in sport and in life for me. When I went to Michigan for college, I started the triathlon team there.

Perseverance (坚持) is a learned skill, and it (9) A from facing difficulty and challenges. Sometimes you have to change the path you thought you'd be on, but you can still keep moving on that (10) D road. That's the most important life lesson I have learned.

- |      |              |                |              |               |
|------|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| (1)  | A. athletes  | B. kids        | C. adults    | D. swimmers   |
| (2)  | A. difficult | B. interesting | C. important | D. boring     |
| (3)  | A. poor      | B. natural     | C. full      | D. terrible   |
| (4)  | A. broke     | B. hit         | C. found     | D. kicked     |
| (5)  | A. reminded  | B. forced      | C. allowed   | D. encouraged |
| (6)  | A. must      | B. could       | C. might     | D. should     |
| (7)  | A. control   | B. support     | C. expect    | D. doubt      |
| (8)  | A. However   | B. Instead     | C. Moreover  | D. Anyway     |
| (9)  | A. develops  | B. hides       | C. keeps     | D. dies       |
| (10) | A. lucky     | B. wide        | C. safe      | D. new        |



**【分析】**本文介绍了作者因为视力出现问题放弃想成为一名足球运动员的梦想，在哥哥和父母的鼓励支持下，开始从事铁人三项运动，并克服困难取得成功的故事。

**【解答】**（1）考查名词。句意：就像许多孩子一样，我长大后想成为一名足球运动员。A 运动员；B 孩子；C 成年人；D 游泳者。根据 when I grew up（当我长大后）可知此处表示“孩子”。故选 B。

（2）考查形容词。句意：但所有事情都变得更困难。A 困难的；B 有趣的；C 重要的；D 疲倦的。根据 I started losing my eyesight（我开始失去视力）可知事情变得很困难。故选 A。

（3）考查形容词。句意：对我来说没有视力却与视力完好的人对抗是不可能的。A 贫穷的；B 自然的；C 完整的；D 糟糕的。根据句意可知此处指视力完好的人。故选 C。

（4）考查动词。句意：我哥哥是一个在我跌至谷底时引领我到正确道路上的人。A 打破；B 击打；C 发现；D 踢。hit rock bottom 跌至谷底，糟糕透顶，固定短语。故选 B。

（5）考查动词。句意：他游泳很多年并鼓励我尝试游泳。A 提醒；B 强迫；C 允许；D 鼓励。根据句意可知此处表示“鼓励”。故选 D。

（6）考查情态动词。句意：这使我的精神回到更好的状态，我从踢足球改为其它我可以做的运动上，像游泳，骑车和跑步，也就是铁人三项运动。A 必须；B 能够；C 可以；D 应该。根据句意可知此处表示能力。故选 B。

（7）考查动词。句意：我很幸运我的父母也支持我。A 控制；B 支持；C 期待；D 怀疑。根据 They worried about my safety, but never stopped me.（他们担心我的安全，但从不阻止我。）可知父母支持作者。故选 B。

（8）考查副词。句意：此外，这项运动是一个转折点。A 然而；B 相反；C 此外；D 无论怎样。根据 That first race was excellent.（第一场比赛很好。）可知此处表示递进。故选 C。




（9）考查动词。句意：毅力是一种后天习得的技能，它来自于直面困难和挑战。A 发展；B 隐藏；C 保持；D 死亡。develop from 由……发展来的，固定短语。故选 A。

（10）考查形容词。句意：有时候你不得不改变你曾经认为你可以走的道路，但你会在这条新的道路上继续前行。A 幸运的；B 宽的；C 安全的；D 新的。根据句意可知此处表示改变自己的道路，走一条新的道路。故选 D。

**【点评】**首先通读全文，了解文章大意，紧紧抓住上下文语境所提供的信息，然后明确词意，结合所学语法，运用排除法逐一选出答案，最后再通读全文核对答案。

三、阅读理解阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 15 小题， 每小题 6 分，共 30 分）

16.（6 分）

<div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Paris 2024 Olympic &amp; Paralympic Volunteer Programme</p> </div>		
<p>Would you like to make Paris 2024 an unforgettable event? 45, 000 volunteers are needed.</p>		
<p><b>Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Be at least 18 years old on 1 January 2024.</li> <li>•Speak either French or English</li> <li>•Be able to participate for at least 10 days between 12/07/2024 - 10/09/2024</li> </ul>		<p><b>Things to consider</b></p> <p><b>Accommodation</b></p> <p>You have to look for somewhere to live.</p> <p><b>Food</b></p> <p>Only one meal is included.</p> <p><b>Getting Their</b></p> <p>Plane tickets are not offered.</p> <p><b>Getting Around</b></p> <p>All public transport will be free.</p>
<p><b>Benefit of Joining</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•A chance to meet your favourite sportsman/sportswoman.</li> <li>•An amazing chance to watch the Olympic games live.</li> <li>•Collect souvenirs and gifts.</li> </ul>		
<p>For more information, you can visit <a href="https://www.paris2024.org/en/volunteers">https://www.paris2024.org/en/volunteers</a>.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>		

(1) The picture above is   A  .

- A.a poster
- B.a report
- C.a notice
- D.a story

(2) What will be offered if you are a volunteer?  D

A.Living places.

B.Three meals.

C.Plane tickets.

D.Free transport.

(3) Who can be a volunteer of Paris 2024 Olympics?  B

A.Sam, born in 2009, can speak English and French.

B.Bruce, born in 2000, can speak English and Hindi.

C.Alice, born in 2008, can speak Chinese and French.

D.Amy, born in 2005, can speak German and Japanese.



【分析】本文是为 2024 年巴黎奥运会招聘志愿者的一个海报。

【解答】(1)推理判断题。根据 Would you like to make Paris 2024 an unforgettable event? 45,000 volunteers are needed.（你想让 2024 年巴黎奥运会成为一次难忘的盛会吗？需要 45000 名志愿者。）以及本文是为 2024 年巴黎奥运会招聘志愿者的一个海报。可知，本文是一个海报。故选 A。





(2) 细节理解题。根据 All public transport will be free.（所有的公共交通都将免费。）可知，如果你是志愿者，会得到免费交通。故选 D。

(3) 细节理解题。根据 Be at least 18 years old on 1 January 2024.（到 2024 年 1 月 1 日至少年满 18 岁。）Speak either French or English.（说法语或英语。）可知，布鲁斯出生于 2000 年，会说英语和印地语，符合条件。故选 B。

【点评】做题时结合原文和题目有针对性找出相关语句进行仔细分析，在抓住关键句子的基础上合理地分析才能得出正确的答案。


17. (6 分) Although the fashion changes all the time, there are four types of clothes that are loved by people till today both at home and abroad.

Traditional Han Chinese Clothing	Tang Suit
It is considered a symbol of Chinese culture.It is known as Han Fu because it was popularized and	It is a mix of the Manchu male jacket of the Qing Dynasty and the western style suit.It is usually

<p>improved and during the Han Dynasty.It's long, and it has a cross collar （covering the right collar over the left ）， wide sleeves , no buttons but a belt.Although simple in design, it gives different feelings to different wearers.</p> 	<p>straight collared, with buttons down the front.Its color and design are in traditional Chinese style but tailoring（剪裁） is western.A popular design of a Tang suit uses the Chinese characters, such as Fu and Shou to express good wishes.</p> 
<p>Cheongsam Originated（起源） from Manchu female clothes, it was influenced by western patterns that show off the beauty of a female.Its features are straight collar, well - shaped waist, buttons, high slits on both sides.Materials used are usually silk, cotton or linen（麻）.Cheongsam is the most popular Chinese clothes in the world today.</p> 	<p>Chinese Tunic Suit Dr.Sun Yat - sen designed Yat - sen Suit by joining the western - style suit and Chinese clothes together.It has a turn - down collar, five buttons down the front and four pockets with flaps.As Chairman Mao Zedong wore it often, it is also called Mao Suit by westerners.It's suitable for attending important events.</p> 

（1） Which of the following clothes has the strongest Chinese characteristics?  D

- A.Tang Suit.
- B.Chinese Tunic Suit.
- C.Cheongsam.
- D.Han Chinese Clothing.

（2） Which picture can we put in  ?  D





(3) In which part of a magazine can we find this passage?  B

A.People.

B.Culture.

C.History.

D.Science.

【分析】本文主要介绍了四种国内外深受人们喜爱的服装。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一栏左栏 Traditional Han Chinese Clothing It is considered a symbol of Chinese culture. (传统汉族服装 它被认为是中国文化的象征。)可知，汉服最具中国特色。故选 D。

(2) 推理判断题。根据第三栏右栏 It has a turn - down collar, five buttons down the front and four pockets with flaps. (它有一个翻领，前面有五个纽扣，还有四个带翻盖的口袋。)可知，选项 D 符合题意。故选 D。

(3) 推理判断题。通读全文，根据第一段 Although the fashion changes all the time, there are four types of clothes that are loved by people till today both at home and abroad. (虽然时尚一直在变化，但直到今天，国内外都有四种服装深受人们的喜爱。)可知，本文主要介绍了四种深受人们喜爱的服装，故推测我们可以在杂志的文化版块找到这篇文章。故选 B。

【点评】通读全文，理解文章大意，阅读题目后返回原文阅读并找出与题目相对应的内容，仔细核对，选择符合原文原意的答案，完成后再次阅读并检查。

18. (6 分) A businessman called Antonio borrowed three thousand dollars from Shylock, a moneylender, to help his friend Bassanio. They signed a contract (契约), if the money couldn't be repaid in time, Antonio would be cut off a pound of flesh (肉) to Shylock. However, Antonio's ships were lost at sea. This left him unable to



have enough money. Antonio had already made an enemy of Shylock before. Shylock thought, "This is my chance to destroy Antonio." The next day Antonio was brought to the court (法庭).

"Can Antonio pay the money?" the judge (法官) asked.

"Yes," Bassanio shouted. "I can pay for him. I'll give Shylock twice the money Antonio borrowed if he wants. And if that's not enough, I'll sign more. Judge, please help! Can't you change the law a little just this once to save Antonio? Please! Do a great right by doing a little wrong."

"That isn't possible," Shylock was getting impatient. "\_\_\_\_\_ Nobody has the right to change the law. Judge, please give your decision."

While the judge is checking the contract, everyone there held the breath waiting for the result.

"Yes, Shylock," said the judge. "A pound of Antonio's flesh is yours by law. The contract says that you must cut it from his chest."

"What a wise judge!" Shylock said, placing his knife on Antonio's chest.

"But wait a moment!" the judge continued. "I'd like to remind you that you can take a pound of Antonio's flesh. It doesn't say you can take a single drop of his blood. So take your pound of flesh, but if you spill (溢出) one drop of his blood when you cut it, you will lose your land and wealth. Our country will take it all." The people in the courtroom cheered.

"Is that the law?" asked Shylock. "That's the law," confirmed the judge. "Look again at the contract."

Shylock thought quickly. He knew that he couldn't cut Antonio's flesh without spilling his blood. He couldn't take the pound of flesh from Antonio. He tried asking for just three thousand dollars, but again the judge told him that all he should have was a pound of the businessman's flesh.

(1) Which sentence can be put in \_\_\_\_\_?   C  

A. A lie is a lie.

B. A bad thing never dies.

C. A promise is a promise.

D. A man is not good or bad for one action.

(2) When Shylock was reminded that the law allowed the pound of flesh but no drop of blood, he might feel   A  .

A. hopeless

B. surprised

C. impatient

D.peaceful

(3) What can we infer from the passage?   A  

A.The contract finally saved Antonio's life.

B.The contract they made was against the law.

C.Shylock thought the judge made a wise decision.

D.Shylock knew Antonio couldn't pay the money in time.

**【分析】**文章介绍了一个名叫安东尼奥的商人向放债人夏洛克借了三千美元来帮助他的朋友巴萨尼奥。他们签订了一个契约，如果钱不能及时偿还，安东尼奥将被切下一磅肉给夏洛克。然而，安东尼奥的船在海上失踪了。这使他没有足够的钱，安东尼奥被带到法庭。但是法官用机智的办法挽救了安东尼奥。

**【解答】**(1)细节理解题。根据第一段 They signed a contract(契约), if the money couldn't be repaid in time, Antonio would be cut off a pound of flesh(肉) to Shylock.(他们签订了一个契约，如果钱不能及时偿还，安东尼奥将被切下一磅肉给夏洛克。)可知此处是指“承诺就是承诺。”故选 C。

(2)细节理解题。根据最后一段 Shylock thought quickly.He knew that he couldn't cut Antonio's flesh without spilling his blood.He couldn't take the pound of flesh from Antonio.He tried asking for just three thousand dollars, but again the judge told him that all he should have was a pound of the businessman's flesh.(夏洛克快速想了想。他知道如果不割掉安东尼奥的肉，他就会流血。他不能从安东尼奥手里抢走一磅肉。)可知夏洛克感到无望。故选 A。

(3)细节理解题。根据倒数第三段 "But wait a moment!"the judge continued."I'd like to remind you that you can take a pound of Antonio's flesh.It doesn't say you can take a single drop of his blood.So take your pound of flesh, but if you spill(溢出) one drop of his blood when you cut it, you will lose your land and wealth.Our country will take it all."("但是等一下!"法官接着说。"我想提醒你，你可以吃一磅安东尼奥的肉。上面没说你可以吸他的一滴血。所以拿着你的那磅肉，但如果你在割肉的时候洒了一滴血，你就会失去你的土地和财富。我们的国家将承担这一切。")可知这份合同最终救了安东尼奥的命。故选 A。

**【点评】**在通读全文的基础上，根据全文大意，展开逻辑思维，瞻前顾后，认真观察选项，仔细推敲，确定最佳答案。

19. (8 分) Science fiction stories have imagined people in the future living in underground cities on Mars and in space stations far from the sun.But if humans are to survive in those terrible environments, they will need ways to grow food using limited resources.Photosynthesis(光合作用), by which plants turn sunlight into sugar, might not work.

Now, some scientists are wondering whether it's possible to produce food more efficiently(高效) by giving

up photosynthesis, just by growing plants in the dark.

The idea sounds as science fictional as cities on Mars. But a team of researchers has taken a first step toward realizing it with a study published in Nature Food. The research shows it is possible to grow algae, edible - yeast and fungi in the dark by providing them with a carbon - based chemical（碳基化学物质）. The chemical didn't come from plants, but instead was produced using solar electricity（太阳能发电）. That is, this method took the place of natural photosynthesis with a partly artificial（人造的） process for turning sunlight into food. Their process is a kind of artificial photosynthesis, and the idea has been around for years and includes different ways of turning sunlight, water and CO<sub>2</sub> into some chemicals.

The scientists - are hopeful that this method could unlock new ways to produce food using less physical space and energy than traditional agriculture — including, perhaps, crops that can grow in the dark.

While other scientists doubt if it will ever be possible to redesign plant biology so completely, they are excited by the technology the researchers have invented and the team's out - of - the - box idea about how to make food production more efficient.

"It's worth keeping an open mind. The reward may be something we haven't imagined yet." said Lynn Rothschild, a senior research scientist at NASA's Ames Research Center.

(1) What is the writing purpose of the first paragraph?   B  

- A. To tell a story.
- B. To lead to the topic.
- C. To give an example.
- D. To work out a mystery.

(2) What can we learn about artificial photosynthesis from the passage?   C  

- A. It may help find new ways of producing food.
- B. It doesn't need sunlight, water or CO<sub>2</sub> any more.
- C. It has helped successfully grow food with limited resources.
- D. It was introduced to the public for the first time in Nature Food.

(3) Which word has the closest meaning to "out - of - the - box"?   D  

- A. harmful
- B. challenging
- C. humorous
- D. creative

(4) Which is the best title for the passage? C

A.How to Grow Crops in the Dark?

B.What is Artificial Photosynthesis?

C.Can Food Crops Grow in the Dark?

D.Do we need Artificial Photosynthesis?



【分析】短文讲了人类未来在外星球上如何种植植物。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一段 But if humans are to survive in those terrible environments, they will need ways to grow food using limited resources. Photosynthesis (光合作用), by which plants turn sunlight into sugar, might not work. (但是, 如果人类要在这些可怕的环境中生存, 他们将需要利用有限的资源种植食物的方法。植物将阳光转化为糖的光合作用可能不起作用。) 和第二段 Now, some scientists are wondering whether it's possible to produce food more efficiently (高效) by giving up photosynthesis, just by growing plants in the dark. (现在, 一些科学家想知道是否有可能通过放弃光合作用, 仅仅在黑暗中种植植物来更有效地生产食物) 可知, 作者第一段的写作目的是为了引出第二段的话题。故选 B。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第四段 The scientists - are hopeful that this method could unlock new ways to produce food using less physical space and energy than traditional agriculture — including, perhaps, crops that can grow in the dark. (科学家们希望, 这种方法可以开辟出比传统农业使用更少物理空间和能源生产粮食的新方法, 包括可能在黑暗中生长的作物。) 可知它帮助有限的资源成功地种植粮食。故选 C。

(3) 词义猜测题。根据第五段 While other scientists doubt if it will ever be possible to redesign plant biology so completely (而其他科学家则怀疑是否有可能如此彻底地重新设计植物生物学) 可知结合选项, 应说他们对研究人员发明的技术和团队关于如何提高食品生产效率的创新想法感到兴奋。所以 "out - of - the - box" 意为 "创新的" 与 "creative" 相符。故选 D。

(4) 标题归纳题。根据第二段 Now, some scientists are wondering whether it's possible to produce food more efficiently (高效) by giving up photosynthesis, just by growing plants in the dark. (现在, 一些科学家想知道是否有可能通过放弃光合作用, 仅仅通过在黑暗中种植植物来更有效地生产食物。) 可知文章说的是粮食作物能在黑暗中生长吗? 故选 C。

【点评】通读全文, 理解文章大意, 阅读题目后返回原文阅读并找出与题目相对应的内容, 仔细核对, 选择符合原文原意的答案, 完成后再次阅读并检查。

四、词汇运用（本大题共 8 小题， 每小题 1 分， 共 8 分）（A） 根据句意和汉语注释，在答题卡对应题号的横线上，写出单词的正确形式。

20. （1 分） Andrew has little education or skills, so he had no choice but （除了） to do this job.

【分析】安德鲁几乎没有受过什么教育，也没有什么技能，所以他别无选择，只能做这份工作。

【解答】have no choice but to do sth"别无选择，只能做某事"，固定搭配。

故答案为：but。

【点评】充分理解句意，积累一些词汇，再根据提示，运用适当形式，正确写出答案。

21. （1 分） In the ancient （古代的） palace, visitors saw the throne that emperors used to sit on.

【分析】在古代的在宫殿里，游客们看到了皇帝们过去常坐的宝座。

【解答】ancient 古代的，形容词，在句中作定语。

故填：ancient。

【点评】考查形容词，分析题干，填出答案。

22. （1 分） The population （人口） of China will fall by about 20 percent in the next 30 years.

【分析】未来 30 年，中国人口将减少约 20%。

【解答】根据提示"人口"可知，是不可数名词 population。The population of...".....的人口"。

故答案为：population。

【点评】充分理解句意，积累一些词汇，再根据提示，运用适当形式，正确写出答案。

23. （1 分） A person can truly succeed （成功） only if he first learns how to fail.

【分析】一个人只有先学会如何失败的，他才能真正成功。

【解答】成功：succeed。句中 can（能）是情态动词，后面接动词原形作谓语，因此空格处填 succeed（成功）。

故答案为：succeed。

【点评】情态动词后接动词原形作合成谓语。

（B） 根据句意，在答题卡对应题号的横线上，写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。

24. （1 分） Central （centre） Park is the largest and most important public park in New York City.

【分析】中央公园是纽约市最大、最重要的公共公园。

【解答】centre 中间，中心，名词。根据句意可知，空处为形容词作定语，且位于句首，故把 centre 变为 Central 中心的，形容词。

故填：Central。

【点评】考查形容词，分析题干，填出答案。

25. (1 分) In my family, a decision will not be made until everyone is in agreement (agree) .

【分析】在我的家庭中，直到每个人都达成一致，才会做出决定。

【解答】agree 同意，动词。in agreement"达成一致"固定短语，填名词。

故答案为：agreement。

【点评】充分理解句意，再根据提示完成试题，注意时态、单复数、词性等变化。

26. (1 分) It won't be cold, but it will probably (probable) rain at least once during your trip to Harbin.

【分析】天气不会冷，但在你去哈尔滨的旅途中可能至少会下雨一次。

【解答】probable 可能的，形容词。这里修饰动词 rain"下雨"，用副词 probably"可能"。

故答案为：probably。

【点评】充分理解句意，积累一些词汇，再根据提示，运用适当形式，正确写出答案。

27. (1 分) My father told me that we should be satisfied (satisfy) with what life gives us.

【分析】我父亲告诉我，我们应该满足于生活给我们的东西。

【解答】satisfy 满足，动词。be satisfied with"满足....."，固定搭配。

故答案为：satisfied。

【点评】充分理解句意，积累一些词汇，再根据提示，运用适当形式，正确写出答案。

## 五、动词填空 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空， 并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线

28. (1 分) —I fell (fall) off my bike and hurt my knees on my way home.

—What bad luck!

【分析】—我在回家的路上从自行车上摔了下来，弄伤了膝盖。

—多么倒霉啊！

【解答】fall 跌倒，落下，是动词；根据句意可知，此句表述过去发生的事情，要用一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式。

故答案为：fell。

【点评】单词填空，需要学生根据所给单词，结合句意和句子成分，选择合适的词性和形式，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

29. (1 分) Helmets are used to protect (protect) people from danger.

【分析】头盔是用来保护人们的安全。

【解答】protect 保护。根据观察可知题干使用了 be used to do sth 句型，意思是"被用来干某事"，因此空格处填 to protect。

故答案为：to protect。

【点评】本题考查动词不定式作主语补足语的用法。

30. (1 分) People believe that tea was discovered (discover) and drunk thousands of years ago.

【分析】人们相信茶是在几千年前被发现和饮用的。

【解答】分析句式，题干是 that 引导的宾语从句，其语序应用陈述语序；根据语境，从句的主语 tea（茶）和其谓语 discover（发现）之间是被动关系，且题干时间状语是 thousands of years ago（几千年前），表明动作发生在过去，因此设空处应用一般过去时的被动语态，即 was discovered 符合语境。

故填：was discovered。

【点评】动词的时态和语态是中考的必考知识点，题目中常常将两者结合在一起进行考查，因此学生需根据题意及题干的关键信息进行判断分析再作答。

31. (1 分) - - - What do you think of the poem?

- - - It's a bit too long, but anyway, it reads (read) well.

【分析】- - - 你觉得这首诗怎么样

- - - 它有点太长了，但不管怎样，它读起来很好。

【解答】句子时态是一般现在时，主语是 it，第三人称单数，谓语动词使用第三人称单数形式 reads。  
故填 reads。

【点评】本题考查用所给单词的适当形式填空，首先要根据语境明确句意，然后再根据相关语法对所给单词在形式上做出正确的变化。

32. (1 分) Sue as well as her parents was having (have) supper yesterday when the telephone rang.

【分析】昨天电话铃响时，苏和她的父母正在吃晚饭。

【解答】as well as 连接两个并列成分做主语时，其谓语动词应该和 as well as 前面的主语也就是离谓语动词更远的主语保持一致，即就远原则，故这里要与 Sue 一致，用第三人称单数形式。根据时间状语 yesterday when the telephone rang（昨天电话铃响时）分析句意应为“昨天电话铃响时，苏和她的父母正在吃晚饭”，用过去进行时，be 动词用单数，have 动词，吃（饭），现在分词形式为 having。

故填：was having。

【点评】充分理解句意，根据提示完成试题，注意单词形式的变化。

33. (1 分) —Father's Day is around the corner.What gift will you give your father, Jessica?

—A scarf made by myself.I have finished (finish) making it already.

【分析】—父亲节即将来临。你将给你父亲什么礼物，杰西卡？

—一条我自己做的围巾。我已经做好了。

【解答】finish 完成，是动词；根据句意和 already（已经）可知，此句表述过去发生的动作对现在造成

的影响，要用现在完成时，其构成为 have/ has done，主语是 I，用 have。

故答案为：have finished。

【点评】单词填空，需要学生根据所给单词，结合句意和句子成分，选择合适的词性和形式，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

34. (1 分) —Can you tell me where our club will hold (hold) the English competition next week?

—Yes, in the language center.

【分析】- 你能告诉我下星期我们俱乐部将在哪里举行英语比赛吗？

- 可以，在语言中心。

【解答】分析句式，题干设空句是 where 引导的宾语从句，其语序应用陈述语序；根据语境，题干时间状语是 next week（下周），表明动作发生在将来，因此设空处应用一般将来时，即 will hold 符合语境。

故填：will hold。

【点评】时态的考点是中考必考点，学生在做题时，应结合语境和关键信息来判断选用时态。

35. (1 分) It's reported that Chinese White Dolphins are facing (face) danger now.

【分析】据报道，中国白海豚现在正面临危险。

【解答】face 面对，是动词。根据句意和时间状语 now（现在）可知，此句表述现在正在发生的事情，要用现在进行时，其构成为 am/ is/ are doing，主语是第三人称复数，用 are。

故答案为：are facing。

【点评】单词填空，需要学生根据所给单词，结合句意和句子成分，选择合适的词性和形式，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

六、阅读填空 先通读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在文章后表格的空格内填入一最恰当的单词。所填单词必须写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。每个空格只能填一个单词。

36. (5 分) You might have a friend or a classmate who remembers every single detail. How can they make it? A good memory is often seen as something that comes naturally and a bad memory as something that cannot be changed, but actually there are plenty of things that you can do to improve your memory.

We all remember the things we are interested in and forget the ones that bore us. It's not hard to explain why schoolboys remember football results without difficulty, but make a great effort to remember dates from history lessons! One way to "make" yourself more interested is to ask questions — the more, the better! Moreover, researchers have found that information organized in groups can be easy to remember. You can use this by organizing the materials you are studying. Try grouping similar knowledge together, or make a mind map of textbook reading to help group the information. Then when you learn more about that subject, you understand that



better. Be sure things are clear in your mind. If not, ask questions until you understand! What's more, when you're learning new materials, take the time to think about the relationship between the present information and what you've already known. Then it helps you remember information. Physical exercise is also important for your memory, because it increases your heart rate and sends more oxygen to your brain, and that makes your memory work better. Exercise also reduces stress, which is very bad for the memory.

So the next time you're learning new information, you can use the methods above. I'm sure that you will improve your memory and get more out of it.

### How to Improve Your Memory

Facts	Some people were (1) <u>born</u> with a good memory, and a bad memory can't be changed, but we can do a lot of things to improve our memory.
Methods	Show (2) <u>interest</u> in things you need to remember and ask more questions. Organize information in groups to remember knowledge (3) <u>easily</u> . (4) <u>Think about</u> the relationship between new materials and your knowledge. Exercise to make your memory work better with (5) <u>less</u> stress.



【分析】短文主要介绍了改善记忆的方法。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一段 A good memory is often seen as something that comes naturally and a bad memory as something that cannot be changed, but actually there are plenty of things that you can do to improve your memory. (好的记忆通常被认为是天生的, 坏的记忆是无法改变的, 但实际上你可以做很多事情来改善你的记忆。) 可知, 有些人天生记性好, 记性差是改不了的, 但是我们可以做很多事情来提高记忆力。故填: born。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第二段 We all remember the things we are interested in and forget the ones that bore us. It's not hard to explain why schoolboys remember football results without difficulty, but make a great effort to remember dates from history lessons! One way to "make" yourself more interested is to ask questions — the more, the better! (们都记得我们感兴趣的事情, 忘记那些让我们厌烦的事情。不难解释为什么男生毫无困难地记住足球比赛的结果, 却要花很大力气记住历史课上的日期! "让"自己更感兴趣的一个方法是提问——越多越好!) 可知, 改善你的记忆的一个方法是对你需要记住的事情表现出兴趣, 多问问题。

故填：interest。

（3）细节理解题。根据第二段 Moreover, researchers have found that information organized in groups can be easy to remember.（此外，研究人员发现，组织成组的信息容易记忆。）可知，分组整理信息，容易记忆知识。故填：easily。

（4）细节理解题。根据第二段 What's more, when you're learning new materials, take the time to think about the relationship between the present information and what you've already known. Then it helps you remember information.（更重要的是，当你学习新材料时，花点时间想想现在的信息和你已经知道的信息之间的关系。然后它帮助你记住信息。）可知，思考新材料和你的知识之间的关系。故填：Think about。

（5）细节理解题。根据第二段 Physical exercise is also important for your memory, because it increases your heart rate and sends more oxygen to your brain, and that makes your memory work better. Exercise also reduces stress, which is very bad for the memory.（体育锻炼对你的记忆力也很重要，因为它可以提高你的心率，向你的大脑输送更多的氧气，这使你的记忆力更好。锻炼还能减轻压力，压力对记忆力非常不利。）可知，锻炼可以让你的记忆力更好，压力更小。故填：less。

【点评】做题时首先对原文材料迅速浏览，掌握全文的主旨大意。其次，细读题材，各个击破。掌握全文的大意之后，细细阅读材料后的问题，弄清每题要求后，带着问题，再回到原文中去寻找、捕获有关信息。

七、完成句子 按所给的汉语，用英语完成下列句子， 并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。（本大题共 6 小题， 每小题 1.5 分， 共 9 分）

37.（1.5 分）那里的人民生活在为生命安全担忧之中。

People there live in fear of their lives.

【分析】那里的人民生活在为生命安全担忧之中。

【解答】根据题干可知，缺少表达“为……担忧之中”。in fear of“为……担忧之中”。

故填：in fear of

【点评】分析要表达的内容，结合语法写出正确答案。

38.（1.5 分）老师重复这个规则以吸引我们的注意。

The teacher repeated the rule to draw our attention.

【分析】老师重复这个规则以吸引我们的注意。

【解答】draw one's attention“吸引某人的注意”。our“我们的”。此处动词不定式表示目的。

故填：draw our attention。

【点评】分析要表达的内容，再结合语法，正确作答。

39. (1.5 分) 专家正在讨论此项调查是否值得开展。

Experts are discussing if the survey is worth carrying out.

【分析】专家正在讨论此项调查是否值得开展。

【解答】根据题干可知，缺少表达"值得开展"，时态是一般现在时。be worth doing sth"值得做某事"；carry out"开展"，the survey 是单数，系动词用 is。

故填：is worth carrying out。

【点评】做这类题型，首先根据所给汉语明确句子所要考查的单词或短语的拼写，再结合相关语法知识对单词或短语做出形式上的变化。

40. (1.5 分) 粉丝们想知道谁缺席了白玉兰颁奖典礼。

The fans wonder who was absent from Magnolia Awards Ceremony.

【分析】粉丝们想知道谁缺席了白玉兰颁奖典礼。

【解答】根据观察可知题干包含 wonder 的宾语从句。宾语从句应使用一般过去时。谁：who；缺席：be absent from。因此空格处填 who was absent from。

故答案为：who was absent from。

【点评】平时要多积累英语词汇，多做一些英汉互译方面的练习，熟能生巧。

41. (1.5 分) 这家酒店因为顾客提供优质的服务而赫赫有名。

The hotel has been famous for providing a high level of service for customers.

【分析】这家酒店因为顾客提供优质的服务而赫赫有名。

【解答】根据题干可知，时态是现在完成时。be famous for"因.....有名"；provide sth for sb"为某人提供某物"；a high level of service"优质的服务"。

故填：famous for providing a high level。

【点评】做这类题型，首先根据所给汉语明确句子所要考查的单词或短语的拼写，再结合相关语法知识对单词或短语做出形式上的变化。

42. (1.5 分) 这个女孩严以律己，以至于她做起事情来毫不费力。

The girl is so strict with herself that she never has difficulty in doing things.

【分析】这个女孩严以律己，以至于她做起事情来毫不费力。

【解答】根据所给中文和 so 可知本题考查 so+形容词+that，意为"如此.....以至于"，引导结果状语从句。be strict with sb.对某人要求严格，herself 她自己。never 从不，副词表否定；have difficulty in doing 做.....有困难。根据 The girl is（这个女孩）可知本句用一般现在时，主语是 she，谓语动词用第三人称单数 has。

故填：strict with herself that she never has difficulty in doing。

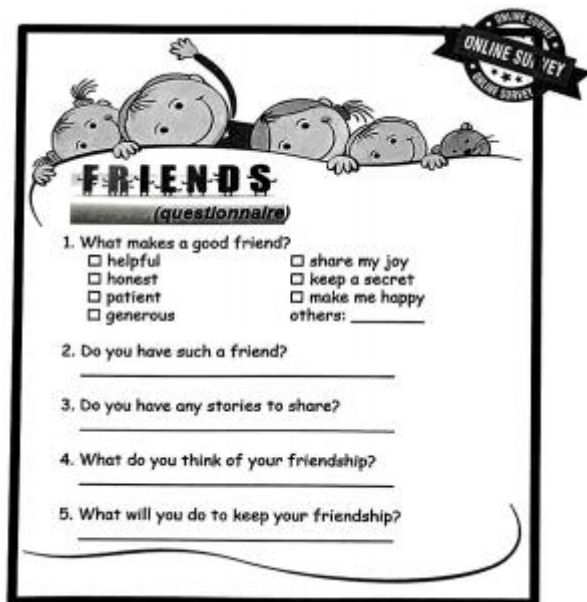
【点评】汉译英，需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等，来选择合适的单词或者短语，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

## 八、书面表达（本大题共 20 分）

43. (20 分) 友谊是阳光，照亮你的世界；友谊是春风，拂去你的疲惫。校英文网站正在开展关于友谊的讨论，请你根据自己的实际情况完成问卷调查，并整理成文，发表在网站上，参与讨论。

注意事项：

- (1) 短文须包括所给提示内容，可作适当发挥，要求语句通顺、意思连贯；
- (2) 词数在 100 个左右；
- (3) 短文中不得使用真实的人名、校名等相关信息；
- (4) 短文内容必须写在答题卡的指定位置上



**FRIENDS**  
(questionnaire)

1. What makes a good friend?

<input type="checkbox"/> helpful	<input type="checkbox"/> share my joy
<input type="checkbox"/> honest	<input type="checkbox"/> keep a secret
<input type="checkbox"/> patient	<input type="checkbox"/> make me happy
<input type="checkbox"/> generous	others: _____

2. Do you have such a friend?  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. Do you have any stories to share?  
\_\_\_\_\_

4. What do you think of your friendship?  
\_\_\_\_\_

5. What will you do to keep your friendship?  
\_\_\_\_\_

### 【分析】【高分句型一】

I think good friends should be honest, helpful and able to keep secrets for me. 我认为好朋友应该诚实，乐于助人和能为我保守秘密。I think+宾语从句。

### 【高分句型二】

In order to make our friendship last, I also help him when he needs help and keep his secret. 为了让我们的友谊长久，我也在他需要帮助时帮助他并为他保守秘密。In order to 为了。

【解答】I think good friends should be honest, helpful and able to keep secrets for me. 【高分句型一】（对朋友的看法）Bob is my friend. He has these qualities. （好朋友）He likes playing basketball. If we have time, we often go to the park to play basketball together. Once, I was ill and couldn't go to school for several days. He

took the initiative to help me study after school every day and told me some interesting stories. This made me very happy, and I did not fall behind in my study. （我们之间的故事） So I think our friendship is very pure. （对这份友谊的看法） In order to make our friendship last, I also help him when he needs help and keep his secret. 【高分句型二】（如何做）

【点评】能够根据提示进行书面表达，能够围绕主题准确使用一定的语法、词汇、短语和句型等，清楚连贯地表达自己的思想，进而完成写作任务。