

## Unit 4 Finding your way 测试卷

学校：\_\_\_\_\_ 班级：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_ 考号：\_\_\_\_\_

### 温馨提示：

本试卷共分第 I 卷和第 II 卷两部分，第 I 卷为客观题；第 II 卷为主观题；满分为 100 分，考试时间为 100 分钟。

请同学们将【答案】写在答题卡上，务必注意你的书写。

### 第 I 卷（客观题 共 55 分）

#### I. 单项选择（15）

1. Beijing is \_\_\_\_\_ old and beautiful city. It is \_\_\_\_\_ capital of China.

- A. an; a                      B. an; the                      C. the; the                      D. the; a

2.—I want to go to Xinhua Bookshop, but I don't know the \_\_\_\_\_.

—Don't worry. I have a map. It may help.

- A. price                      B. way                      C. time                      D. ticket

3. Stand over there, and you \_\_\_\_\_ it better.

- A. see                      B. sees                      C. saw                      D. will see

4.—Our teacher looks \_\_\_\_\_ today.

—Yes. She is laughing \_\_\_\_\_ now.

- A. happy; happily                      B. happy; happy  
C. happily; happily                      D. happily; happy

5.—Excuse me, can you tell me how to get to the library?

—Go \_\_\_\_\_ the street and then you will see it.

- A. under                      B. along                      C. above                      D. behind

6. Mrs Black is looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ her daughter.

- A. seeing                      B. see                      C. sees                      D. saw

7. I remember \_\_\_\_\_ you in the street before.

- A. see                      B. seeing                      C. to see                      D. saw

8.—What do you think of the boy?

—He is \_\_\_\_\_ honest student today and \_\_\_\_\_ useful man tomorrow.

- A. a; an                      B. an; a                      C. an; an                      D. a; a

9. *Dangal* (《摔跤吧！爸爸》), \_\_\_\_\_ Indian film, has become one of \_\_\_\_\_ most popular films in China.

A. a; /                      B. a; the                      C. an; the                      D. /; the

10.—Do you go to school every day?

—No. We go to school \_\_\_\_\_ Monday \_\_\_\_\_ Friday every week.

A. from; through                      B. to; from                      C. from; to                      D. to; round

11.—Mum, do those birds play with the pandas?

—No, they don't. Pandas are cute, but they are \_\_\_\_\_, too.

A. friendly                      B. quiet                      C. interesting                      D. dangerous

12. Jack, with his friends, \_\_\_\_\_ see Mr Li tomorrow.

A. is going to                      B. are going to                      C. go to                      D. will goes

13. Because the weather is quite hot, most people enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ with the windows open in summer.

A. sleep                      B. sleeps                      C. sleeping                      D. to sleep

14. Let's take a walk \_\_\_\_\_ the river after dinner, shall we?

A. along                      B. through                      C. upon                      D. over

15. Yancheng, \_\_\_\_\_ energetic city, has set up trade relations with lots of countries and areas.

A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. /

## II. 完形填空 (10 分)

July is coming, children know they'll have their examinations and the school year will (16)\_\_\_\_\_ soon. Boys and girls will have a nearly two-month holiday, and they'll leave school (17)\_\_\_\_\_ train or by car to (18)\_\_\_\_\_ their parents.

The summer holidays are the (19)\_\_\_\_\_ time of a year for most children. The weather is usually good, so children can spend most of his time (20)\_\_\_\_\_ outside. If one lives in the countryside, he can go and play in the woods or in the fields. If he (21)\_\_\_\_\_ in a big town, he can usually go to a park to play.

The best place for children to spend their summer holidays is the (22)\_\_\_\_\_. Some children are lucky enough to live near the sea. (23)\_\_\_\_\_ for those who do not live there, if they have a chance to stay in one of the biggest seaside towns for a week or two, they will (24)\_\_\_\_\_ it all the following school year.

(25)\_\_\_\_\_ makes children like the seaside so much? I think they are the sand, the sea and the sunshine. The feelings of the sand under their feet, salt water on their skin and the warm sunshine on their bodies make them very happy.

16. A. arrive                      B. start                      C. begin                      D. finish

17. A. on                      B. by                      C. in                      D. at

- |                 |            |              |              |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 18. A.love      | B.see      | C.watch      | D.return     |
| 19. A.best      | B.better   | C.worst      | D.worse      |
| 20. A.missing   | B.working  | C.playing    | D.studying   |
| 21. A.works     | B.walks    | C.lives      | D.arrives    |
| 22. A.village   | B.seaside  | C.city       | D.park       |
| 23. A.But       | B.Unless   | C.Or         | D.And        |
| 24. A.hear from | B.speak to | C.agree with | D.talk about |
| 25. A.That      | B.Which    | C.Who        | D.What       |

### III. 阅读理解 (30)

#### A

On my recent trip to Sydney with my parents, we visited the Wildlife Park.

The Wildlife Park has lots of different animals and birds. Some are native (当地的) to Australia and can only be found there. There are over 600 animals there, including kangaroos, koalas and crocodiles (鳄鱼). They are kept in their natural environment. I like the Wildlife Park better than a zoo where most of the animals are in cages (笼子).

We first spent some time with the kangaroos. We were allowed to touch and feed them. It was very exciting to be so close to them. There were koalas there too. They looked very cuddly (令人想拥抱的). Although we were not allowed to carry them, I got a chance to take a photo with one. It is a wonderful souvenir (纪念品) of my holiday in Sydney.

The Wildlife Park has plenty of freshwater and saltwater crocodiles. Some of them are really big and scary (吓人的) with huge teeth! I did not want to get too close to them.

There was also a bird show. The keepers showed us different species (种类) they had. I saw an old parrot which could "talk". It made a great impression on me.

I enjoyed the trip very much. There was so much to see.

26. Where is the Wildlife Park?

- |               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| A. In Sydney. | B. In Cairo. |
| C. In Athens. | D. In Rome.  |

27. What is a wonderful souvenir of the writer's holiday?

- A. A parrot that could talk.  
 B. A chance to feed a koala.

C.A photo with a koala.

D.Food for the kangaroos.

28.Why didn't the writer want to get very close to the crocodiles?

A.They lived in water.

B.The writer was afraid of them.

C.The writer did not want to feed them.

D.The writer did not like the smell of saltwater.

29.Which of the following is TRUE?

A.The kangaroos are kept in cages in the Wildlife Park.

B.The writer travelled to the Wildlife Park alone.

C.The writer went to see koalas first.

D.The writer watched a bird show.

30.How did the writer feel after visiting the Wildlife Park?

A.Excited.

B.Unhappy.

C.Bored.

D.Hopeless.

### B

When we travel, we must pay attention to road signs. They can help us find the right directions(方向). If you don't do as the signs tell you, you may be a "fool". Here is a story about this kind of thing.

Mr Black is travelling in his car. He sees a road sign with these words: "NO THROUGH WAY. PLEASE GO ANOTHER WAY." He looks ahead and sees nothing wrong at all. He goes on, thinking the sign is a kind of joke. After a while he sees a broken bridge and he has to turn back.

31. What should we pay attention to according to this passage?

A. Broken bridges.

B.Roads.

C.Cars.

D.Road signs.

32. What does the road sign in the passage mean?

A. Take another way.

B.Turn right.

C.Turn left.

D.Go straight on.

33. Why does Mr Black go on driving?

A.Because he thinks there is nothing wrong at all.

B.Because the sign tells him so.

C.Because he thinks it is not a joke.

D.Because he wants to see the broken bridge.

34.This story is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Mr Black's car
- B. how to find the right directions
- C. why road signs are important to people
- D. the dangerous broken bridge

35. Which sentence is NOT true?

- A. Road signs show us the right directions.
- B. Mr Black sees a road sign with some words when he is travelling.
- C. Only fools do as the signs say.
- D. The sign isn't a joke.

### C

Here is our pet dog, Mr. Hawkeye is seven years old, and we got him from our vet (兽医). He takes in a lot of cats. Hawkeye is one of the eight cats at our home but is a real character. He receives his name because he is such a hawk (掠夺者) around food. If you are not looking, he will take a sandwich off your plate. He can smell the delicious food in the fridge from another floor in the house, and potato chips are his favourite thing to steal! This comes the name, Hawkeye. Hawkeye was a great animal at the vet. They thought he could bring good luck and he took care of all the new cats, giving them baths, etc. He does that at our house as well. Like I said, he is quite a character and very friendly. He always greets(问候) us when we come home. He has to check out all the bags to make sure if there's food there for him— especially chips!

36. Mr. Hawkeye is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. our pet dog
- B. the owner of the pet
- C. a cat
- D. a vet

37. He receives his name Hawkeye because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he is a hawk
- B. he can bring good luck
- C. he is a real character
- D. he is quick at eating food

38. Our pet likes \_\_\_\_\_ best of all.

- A. sandwiches
- B. potato chips
- C. potatoes
- D. new cats

39. The underlined word "character" mostly means \_\_\_\_\_ here.

- A. 有个性的宠物
- B. 有个性的人
- C. 主角
- D. 英雄

40. What do you think of Mr. Hawkeye?

A. He is very clever and friendly.

B. He is very lucky.

C. He is a very good vet.

D. He can do all the housework at home.

## 第 II 卷 (主观题 共 45 分)

### V. 词汇运用 (10)

(一) 根据句意及所给的汉语提示填写单词。

41. The car is running \_\_\_\_\_ (沿着) the road.

42. Go \_\_\_\_\_ (径直地). Don't turn left or right.

43. It's very cold \_\_\_\_\_ (外面的). Please put on more clothes before you go out.

44. There is \_\_\_\_\_ (充足的) of time for us to have a good drink.

45. Let life be beautiful like summer flowers and death like autumn \_\_\_\_\_ (树叶).

(二) 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。

46. Get up early, and you \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) late.

47. He saw Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (stand) there just now.

48. My uncle has many ways to make his son \_\_\_\_\_ (laugh).

49. Two policemen are directing the traffic at the \_\_\_\_\_ (cross).

50. It is reported that the number of working \_\_\_\_\_ (wife) is becoming larger and larger.

### VI. 根据要求完成句子, 每空一词。(10)

51. The lions are north of the pandas. (同义句转换)

The pandas \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ the lions.

52. Can you tell me the way to the hospital? (同义句转换)

Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ the hospital?

53. The students are in front of the World Park. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ the students?

54. Tony lies on the grass every day. (用 now 代替 every day 改写句子)

Tony \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ on the grass now.

55. Her printer is beside her computer. (同义句转换)

Her printer is \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ her computer.

**VII.根据汉语提示完成句子(5)。**

56.我想我们应该乘地铁去杰克家。

I think we should \_\_\_\_\_ to Jack's home.

57.北京阳光中学在公园的西南方向。

Beijing Sunshine Middle School \_\_\_\_\_ the park.

58.它们使人们大笑。

They \_\_\_\_\_.

**VIII.任务型阅读(10)**

Two Englishmen were in Boston for a visit. One morning they went to look for a famous church, but they didn't know how to get there. They stopped a man and asked.

"Excuse me, can you tell us the way to the North Church?"

"Go three blocks and turn to your left," he said, "you can't miss it."

So the Englishmen walked three blocks and turned to their left, but they didn't see any church. Then they asked a second man.

"Excuse me, but we're trying to find the North Church."

This one said, "Go three blocks and turn to your left."

But again they couldn't find the church. In the end they asked a third man, "Excuse me, please could you tell us how to get to the North Church?"

"Go three blocks and turn to your left. You can't miss it."

They walked three blocks and turned to their left for a third time. This time they found the church.

"Is everything in Boston three blocks and a left turn?" they asked themselves.

Just then a man walked over to them. "Excuse me," the man said. "Where is the East Park? Can you tell me?"

"Go three blocks and turn to your left," one of the Englishmen said, "you can't miss it."

59. Where were the two Englishmen going?

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60. Did they know the way?

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61. What did the first man tell them?

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62.How many people did they ask the way?

63.Do you think the two Englishmen know the way to the East Park?

### IX.书面表达 (10)

本周末在博物馆将有个老照片展, Andy 想邀请 Jim 和他一起去。请根据下面的提示, 替 Andy 给 Jim 写一个 70 词左右的 QQ 留言。

提示:

1.开始时间: 上午九点

2.交通: 乘 5 路公共汽车

3.午餐地点: Jianghuai Restaurant

4.其他: 看到留言 (message) 后回复 (reply); 8:30 在校门口集合。

Dear Jim,

Shall we go to the museum this Saturday?

I am sure we will have a good time together.



## 参考答案

### I. 单项选择题 (15)

1. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查冠词的用法。句意：北京是一座古老又美丽的城市。它是中国的首都。old 一词，是以元音音素开头的，故用不定冠词 an；再根据“the capital of...”是固定搭配，意为“……的首都”。故答案为 B。

2. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查名词辨析。price 意为“价格”；way 意为“路；方式；方法”；time 意为“时间”；ticket 意为“票”。由答句“不要担心，我有一张地图，他会帮助你。”可知问句句意为“我想去新华书店，但我不认识“路”。”。故答案为 B。

3. 【答案】D

【解析】本题考查固定句型。句意：站在那儿，你就会更好地看到它。“祈使句+and+简单句”是固定句型，and 后的简单句用“将来时”，故答案为 D。

4. 【答案】A

【解析】本题考查形容词和副词的用法。句意：—我们的老师今天看起来很开心。—是的。她现在笑得正开心。look 后加形容词，故排除 C 和 D 项；且 laugh 是动词，故用副词 happily 来修饰，故答案为 A。

5. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查介词的用法。under 意为“在……下面”；along 意为“沿着”；above 意为“在……上面”；behind 意为“在……后面”。结合选项可知句意为：—打扰一下，你能告诉我怎么去图书馆？—“沿着”这条街，你就能看见它。故答案为 B。

6. 【答案】A

【解析】本题考查固定搭配。句意：布莱克夫人正盼望着见到她的女儿。look forward to doing sth. 意为“盼望着做某事”，故答案为 A。

7. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查固定搭配。句意：我记得以前在街上见过你。remember doing sth. 意为“记得做过某事”，表示事情已做过，故答案为 B。

8. 【解析】本题考查冠词。句意：—你认为这个男孩怎么样？—他现在是一名诚实的学生，将来他会是一位有用的人。两个空都表泛指，用 a/an。honest 为元音音素开头，故用 an；useful 为辅音音素开头，故用 a。故答案为 B。

9. 【答案】C

【解析】本题考查冠词。句意：《摔跤吧！爸爸》，一部印度电影，已经成为中国最受欢迎的电影之一。第一空 an Indian film 是 Dangal 的同位语，应用不定冠词，表示一部电影；第二空，是形容词的最高级，所以用定冠词 the。故答案为 C。

10. 【答案】C

【解析】本题考查介词。句意：—你们每天都上学吗？—不，我们每周从周一到周五上学。from...to... 意为“从……到……”；故答案为 C。

11. 【答案】D

【解析】本题考查形容词辨析。friendly 意为“友好的”；quiet 意为“安静的”；interesting 意为“有趣的”；dangerous 意为“危险的”。由答句“熊猫很可爱”可推知 but 后的句意为“但是他们也很危险”，此处用形容词 dangerous，故答案为 D。

12. 【答案】A

【解析】本题考查主谓一致及时态。由句中的“tomorrow”可知，此处用一般将来时，故排除 C 项，will 后加动词原形，故排除 D 项；再根据“主谓一致”可知，此处的谓语动词的单复数取决于主语“Jack”，故用单数，故答案为 A。

13. 【答案】C

【解析】本题考查固定搭配。句意：由于天气非常热，所以大多数人在夏天喜欢开着窗户睡觉。enjoy doing sth. 意为“喜欢做某事”，故答案为 C。

14. 【答案】A

【解析】本题考查介词。句意：让我们晚饭后沿着河边散步，好吗？Along 意为“沿着”，故答案为 A。

15. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查冠词。句意：盐城，一座充满活力的城市，已经和很多国家和地区建立了贸易关系。此处表示泛指，应使用不定冠词。energetic 是以元音音素开头的单词，故用 an，故答案为 B。

## II. 完形填空 (10 分)

16. 【答案】D

【解析】本题考查动词辨析。arrive 到达；start 开始；begin 开始；finish 结束。由上半句“July is coming, children know they'll have their examinations”及下句“Boys and girls will have a nearly two-month holiday”可知，此处应是一个学年的“结束”。故答案为 D。

17. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查介词固定搭配。根据后半句的“by car”可知，此处应是“by train”，故答案为 B。

18. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查动词辨析。love 爱；see 看望；watch 观看；return 返回。根据上半句“他们乘车离开学校”可知，学生们离开学校是为了看望父母。故答案为 B。

19. 【答案】A

【解析】本题考查形容词。best 最好的；better 更好；worst 最糟的；worse 更糟的。空格前有 the，故此处应用形容词最高级；且结合下文孩子们的开心生活可知，对孩子们而言，这应该是一年中最好的时间。故答案为 A。

20. 【答案】C

【解析】本题考查动词辨析。miss 错过；work 工作；play 玩；study 学习。根据下文“he can go and play in the woods or in the fields”可知，孩子们应该是花大部分时间在户外“玩耍”。故答案为 C。

21. 【答案】C

【解析】本题考查动词辨析。work 工作；walk 步行；live 居住；arrive 达到。根据上文“If one lives in the countryside,”可知，此处应是“如果一个人“住”在大城市”。故答案为 C。

22. 【答案】B

【解析】本题考查名词辨析。village 村庄；seaside 海边；city 城市；park 公园。由下句“Some children are lucky enough to live near the sea.”可知，此处应是孩子们度过暑假最好的地方是“海边”。故答案为 B。

23. 【答案】A

【解析】本题考查连词辨析。but 但是；unless 除非；or 或者；and 和；又。由上一句“Some children are lucky enough to live near the sea.”可知此处是说“对于那些不能住到海边的人”，前后表示转折。故答案为 A。

24. 【答案】D

【解析】本题考查动词短语辨析。hear from 收到来信；speak to 对……说；agree with 同意；talk about 谈论。根据上一句“如果他们信在一个大海边城镇待上一两个星期”可知此处应是说“他们会在接下来的学年里谈论这件事”。故答案为 D。

25. 【答案】D

【解析】本题考查疑问词辨析。that 那个；which 哪一个；who 谁；what 什么。根据下一句“I think they are the sand, the sea and the sunshine.”可知，此处应是问“是什么让孩子们喜欢海边的？”。故答案为 D。

### III. 阅读理解 (30)

26. 【答案】A

【解析】细节理解题。由第一段内容“On my recent trip to Sydney with my parents, we visited the Wildlife Park”可知，野生动物园在悉尼，故答案为 A。

27. 【答案】C

【解析】细节理解题。由第三段内容“Although we were not allowed to carry them, I got a chance to take a photo with one. It is a wonderful souvenir (纪念品) of my holiday in Sydney.”可知是一张考拉的照片，故答案为 C。

28. 【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由第四段内容“Some of them are really big and scary (吓人的) with huge teeth! I did not want to get too close to them.”可知，作者害怕这些鳄鱼，故答案为 B。

29. 【答案】D

【解析】推理判断题。由第二段内容“They are kept in their natural environment.”可知选线 A 错误；由第一段内容“On my recent trip to Sydney with my parents, we visited the Wildlife Park”可知，选线 B 错误；由第三段第一句“We first spent some time with the kangaroos.”可知，选线 C 错误。故答案为 D。

30. 【答案】A

【解析】细节理解题。根据整篇文章内容及最后一句“I enjoyed the trip very much. There was so much to see.”可知作者感到很兴奋。故答案为 A。

31. 【答案】D

【解析】细节理解题。由文章第一段第一句“When we travel, we must pay attention to road signs.”可知答案为 D。

32. 【答案】A

【解析】词义理解题。文章中标牌的意思为“此路不通，请走另一条路。”，故答案为 A。

33. 【答案】A

【解析】细节理解题。由文章第二段第三句“He looks ahead and sees nothing wrong at all.”可知答案为 A。

34. 【答案】C

【解析】推理判断题。这篇文章主要讲述了道路标识对人们很重要。故答案为 C。

35. 【答案】C

【解析】细节理解题。由文章第一段内容“If you don't do as the signs tell you, you may be a ‘fool’.”可知选项 C 错误。

36. 【答案】 A

【解析】 细节理解题。由文章第一段第一句“Here is our pet dog, Mr. Hawkeye is seven years old.”可知答案为 A。

37. 【答案】 A

【解析】 由文章第一段内容“He receives his name because he is such a hawk (掠夺者) around food.”可知答案为 A。

38. 【答案】 B

【解析】 细节理解题。由文章第一段第六句“He can smell the delicious food in the fridge from another floor in the house, and potato chips are his favourite thing to steal!”可知答案为 B。

39. 【答案】 A

【解析】 词义猜测题。本篇文章主要讲的是宠物的事情，故答案为 A。

40. 【答案】 A

【解析】 推理判断题。根据短文内容可知它是一个聪明的友好宠物。故答案为 A。

## 第 II 卷 (主观题 共 45 分)

### V. 词汇运用 (10)

41. 【答案】 along

42. 【答案】 straight

43. 【答案】 outside

44. 【答案】 plenty

45. 【答案】 leaves

【解析】 树叶 leaf, 复数 leaves。

46. 【答案】 won't

47. 【答案】 standing

48. 【答案】 laugh

49. 【答案】 crossing

50. 【答案】 wives

### VI. 根据要求完成句子, 每空一词。(10)

51. 【答案】 are south of

52. 【答案】 how to get to

53. 【答案】 Where are

54. 【答案】 is lying

55. 【答案】 next to

#### VII. 根据汉语提示完成句子 (5)。

56. 【答案】 take the underground

57. 【答案】 is south-west of

58. 【答案】 make people laugh

#### VIII. 任务型阅读 (10)

59. 【答案】 They were going to the North Church.

【解析】由文章第一段第二句话“One morning they went to look for a famous church”可知答案。

60. 【答案】 No, they didn't.

【解析】由文章第一段第二句话“One morning they went to look for a famous church, but they didn't know how to get there.”可知他们不知道去那里的路。

61. 【答案】 He told them to go three blocks and turn left.

【解析】由文章第三段内容“Go three blocks and turn to your left.”可知答案。

62. 【答案】 Three people.

【解析】由文章第一段内容“ They stopped a man and asked.”、“Then they asked a second man.”及“ They walked three blocks and turned to their left for a third time.”可知他们问了三个人。

63. 【答案】 No, I don't think so.

【解析】由文章倒数第三段内容““Is everything in Boston three blocks and a left turn?” they asked themselves.”可知，他们不知道去东公园的路。

#### IX. 书面表达 (10)

##### 【参考范文】

Dear Jim,

Shall we go to the museum this Saturday?

There will be a show of old photos in the museum this Saturday. The photos are from the 1950s. It must be great to watch them. The show starts at 9:00 a.m. I plan to go there by bus. I can take No. 5 Bus. And after viiting the museum, we can have lunch at Jianghuai Restaurant. It has the best Huaiyang food in the city. Please reply when you see the message. And we will meet at our school gate at 8:30.

I am sure we will have a good time together.