

七年级上册英语期中试卷

(考试时间: 90 分钟 试卷满分: 100 分)

一、单项选择(共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

请认真阅读下列各题, 从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1. — Is he _____ English boy?

— No, he is _____ Chinese boy.

- A. a; a B. an; an C. a; an D. an; a

2. My cousin is _____ now.

- A. 15 old B. 15 years C. 15 years old D. 15 year old

3. — Is this your brother? — _____.

- A. No, he is B. Yes, he is
C. He is my father D. Yes, he isn't

4. The children often play _____ football in _____ afternoon in our school.

- A. 不填; an B. the; an C. 不填; the D. a; the

5. — _____ is your telephone number?

— It's 76453218.

- A. What B. How much C. How many D. Which

6. She likes the building _____ a big garden.

- A. have B. has C. and D. with

7. — Do you like _____ football games?

— No, I like _____ books.

- A. looking at; reading B. watching; reading
C. seeing; looking at D. watching; seeing

8. My desk is _____ the classroom and I sit _____ Lucy.

- A. in front of; in front of B. in the front of; in the front of
C. in front of; in the front of D. in the front of; in front of

9. — _____ you good at _____?

— No, I don't like it at all.

- A. Are; drawing
B. Is; drawing
C. Are; draw
D. Is; draw
10. I go to bed _____ ten o' clock.
A. at
B. with
C. in
D. on
11. —Where is Class Six, Grade Seven?
—It's _____ the ground floor.
A. in
B. at
C. on
D. with
- 12.—Hello! I'm Gina.
—I'm Jenny._____.
A. Thanks
B. I'm fine
C. Nice to meet you
D. Hello
- 13.—Lily, please put your school things in your bag.
—But those things are not _____. They are Tom's.
A. I
B. my
C. mine
D. me
14. I often go to school _____.
A. by bus
B. by a bus
C. by the bus
D. on bus
- 15.—Thank you for your help, Sarah.
—_____.
A. Good idea
B. Please don't say so
C. It doesn't matter
D. You are welcome

二、完形填空(共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

This is Mike's classroom. There are thirty 1 in his classroom. There is a clock 2 the wall. 3 clock is very old. There are 4 students—eighteen boys and 5 girls. 6 is their teacher. She is a good teacher.

It's about 4 o'clock. It's time 7 home, but Mike doesn't go home. 8 is he? Look! He is near the 9. He is cleaning 10.

1. A. desk and chair B. desks and chairs
C. desks and chair D. desk and chairs
2. A. on B. in C. at D. of

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 3. A. A | B. An | C. The | D. / |
| 4. A. thirty | B. forty | C. seventy | D. fifty |
| 5. A. eleven | B. twelve | C. thirty-one | D. thirty-two |
| 6. A. Mr Wang | B. Miss Wang | C. Teacher Wang | D. Wang Teacher |
| 7. A. go | B. to go | C. goes | D. going |
| 8. A. Where | B. How | C. What | D. Which |
| 9. A. door | B. brooms | C. school | D. flowers |
| 10. A. it | B. them | C. that | D. those |

三、阅读理解(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

认真阅读下列材料，从材料后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项

A

Look at the clothes line in the twins' bedroom. There are some clothes on it. You can see a green blouse, a yellow skirt and a pair of trousers. The trousers on the clothes line are black. They are not new but clean. Are they Lily's clothes? No. I know they are Lucy's. Lily's clothes are on a clothes tree near the window. Her trousers are brown, her blouse is white and her skirt is blue. There is a new hat on the clothes tree, but it's not Lily's, it's Lucy's. There is an old hat on Lucy's bed in the room, and it's Lily's. There are no clothes on the other bed, and the bed is Lily's.

- What can you see in the bedroom? I can see _____.
A. a clothes line B. a tree C. a bed D. the twins
- What colour are Lucy's trousers? They are _____.
A. green B. black C. brown D. white
- Where is Lucy's hat? It's on _____.
A. the clothes tree B. the clothes line C. Lily's bed D. Her own bed
- How many beds are there in the room?
A. Only one. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
- Are there any things on Lily's bed?
A. Yes, there is a hat on it.
B. Yes, there is a skirt on it.
C. No, there is not anything on it.
D. Sorry, I don't know.

B

Many people like to travel by plane, but I don't like it because an airport is usually far from the city. You have to get there early and wait for hours for the plane to take off and it is often late. You can't open the window. You can't choose the food. Planes are fast, but they still take hours to get out of the airport and into the city.

I like traveling by train. I think trains are safe. Railway stations are usually in cities. When you are late for a train, you can catch another one. You can walk around in the train and open the windows. You can see many interesting things on your way. I know it takes a little more time.

I also like cars. You can start your journey when you want to, and you don't need to get to a railway station or a bus stop. Also you can carry many things with you in a car. But sometimes there are too many cars on the road.

1. Why do many people like to travel by plane?

- A. Because it is fast.
- B. Because it is safe.
- C. Because you can walk around and open the windows in the plane.
- D. Because you can see many interesting things on your way.

2. Which is not the good thing about the train?

- A. It is safe.
- B. It takes a little more time.
- C. You can walk around in the train.
- D. You can open the windows in the train.

3. If you want to take a lot of things with you , which one do you take to go out?

- A. A plane.
- B. A bus.
- C. A train.
- D. A car.

4. What is the bad thing about travelling by car ?

- A. You needn't go to a station.
- B. You needn't go to a bus stop.
- C. You can start your journey when you want to.
- D. There are too many cars on the road.

5. What does the writer think of the plane , train and car?

- A. He likes to travel by plane because it is fast.

- B. He thinks it takes a lot of time to go to and get out of the airport.
- C. He likes to take a train because it takes a little more time.
- D. He likes to take a car because he has a car.

.C

Everyone knows that exercise is important. We all need to exercise. Doctors say it is good for us. It makes your heart and body strong. Children who often exercise are more alert (灵活的). This means they do better in tests and schoolwork than those who don't exercise.

There are many ways to exercise. You can walk, run, swim, skate or play ball games. Make sure you exercise in the following ways: You have to like what you're doing. Exercise enough—but not too much. It's best to exercise twice each week. Thirty minutes each time is enough. Try all kinds of things until you find one, two or even three sports that feel right for you.

You can exercise at fitness centers. They have a lot of equipment (设备) there. The equipment will help exercise your arms, legs and other parts of your body to make you fit. Some people buy equipment for homes. But it is very expensive.

Exercising can be fun. Friends can exercise together at a fitness center, or they can play sports together. How do you exercise?

1. In the text, the writer tells us that we all need to _____.

- A. drink
- B. sleep
- C. exercise
- D. work

2. Which of the following sports is not mentioned in the text?

- A. Fishing.
- B. Running.
- C. Swimming.
- D. Walking.

3. The underlined words "fitness centers" in the text mean _____.

- A. 商务中心
- B. 健身中心
- C. 购物中心
- D. 医疗中心

4. Exercise makes your _____ and body strong.

- A. head
- B. hand
- C. arm
- D. heart

5. According to the text, it's best to exercise _____ each week.

- A. once
- B. twice
- C. three times
- D. four times

四、词汇检测 (共15小题, 每小题1分, 满分15分)

A) 请根据括号中所给的汉语写出单词, 使句子意思完整正确。

1. Three _____ (一刻钟) of an hour is forty-five minutes.
2. How many _____ (博物馆) are there in your city?

- Our school always s_____ at 8:00 in the morning every day.
- Let's have a _____ (野炊) with our friends this Sunday.
- Is this the _____ (原因) why you are late today, Jim?

B) 请根据句子意思, 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- Jim likes _____ (walk) after supper.
- I like swimming.
—Oh, _____ (real)?
- We will go _____ (swim) next Sunday.
- Everyone hopes _____ (go) to college.
- My mother enjoys _____ (listen) to music.

C) 根据下列句子, 通过上下文, 写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空只写一词。

- The first day of the week is S_____.
- You're 1_____. It's eight fifteen.
—I'm sorry.
- Do you p_____ basketball every day?
- We go to school from Monday to F_____.
- Our classes b_____ at 8:00 in the morning.

五、句型转换 (满分 5 分)

- His father is driving a car. (用 often 改写句子)
His father often _____ a car.
- The apples are five *yuan* a kilo. (就画线部分提问)
_____ are the apples?
- I'd like to go to the party. (改为一般疑问句, 并作肯定回答)
— _____ you _____ to come to the party?
—Yes, _____.
- I like playing table tennis. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you like doing?
- He has a new storybook. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ he _____ a storybook?

六、完成句子 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

1. 这是我的朋友艾米，她 12 岁了。

This is my friend Amy and she is 12 _____ .

2. 让我们听音乐吧。

_____ music.

3. 我们放学后经常踢足球。

We often _____ .

4. 我很高，留着短发。

I'm tall and I _____ .

5. 这所学校离这里很远。

The school is _____ here.

七、阅读填空（共20小题,每小题1分, 满分20分）

A)请认真阅读下列短文，并根据所读内容在文章后表格中的空格里填入一个最恰当的单词。

Just sit in front of your computer, click your mouse and your things will be sent to your house in a few days. Shopping used to mean going to shops, but now, you can shop without leaving your house.

November 11 was a big day for people who like shopping online. A big discount (折扣) and free delivery (传递) service was offered by many online shops. On that day, the two big online shopping websites in China, Taobao.com and Tianmall.com, sold all kinds of things that are worth 19.1 billion yuan in total.

"Goods online are not so expensive as those sold in shops. Shopping online saves me a lot of time, and we can often choose more things in many online shops than in shopping malls," than in shopping malls," Wang Xin, an online shopping lover in Beijing, said to China Daily.

Another big advantage of shopping online is that it helps people get things from different cities, even different countries, easily. "I like eating duck neck very much and I often buy it on Taobao from shops in Wuhan. It's much more delicious than what our local shops sell," said Zhang Xi, a girl in Yangzhou.

While enjoying shopping online, many people also have worries, especially for middle school student buyers. Advertisements (广告) on the Internet always attract young students easily and those young students buy things they don't need.

"Middle school students should pay more% attention to their study. It's a waste of time searching for things online," said Jing Chunling, an education expert (专家). "Online shop owners have no idea of the ages of their buyers. It's dangerous when young students can buy things such as cigarettes (香烟) and wines so easily."

| Shopping __1__ | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Basic (基本的) information | You can go shopping __2__ leaving your house and things you buy can be sent to you in a few days. |
| | Many online shops often offer a big __3__ and free delivery on __4__ days such as November 11, Christmas. |
| __5__ | ◇ Things sold online are often much __6__ ◇ Buyers needn't spend a lot of time doing shopping. ◇ People can have __7__ choices in online shops. ◇ People can get things from other cities or even other countries more __8__. |
| Disadvantages | Advertisements always attract students easily and sometimes they buy things they don't need. Searching for things online __9__ their time. It's easy for them to buy things such as cigarettes and wines because the online shop owners don't __10__ their ages. |

B) 请根据短文内容及首字母提示，填入所缺单词。

Hi! My n __1__ is Linda. I am 12 years o __2__. I s __3__ at No. 2 Middle School. I go to school f __4__ Monday to Friday. My favorite day is F __5__. We have art and P.E. lessons and we have beef for lunch. Beef is my favorite f __6__. My favorite t __7__ is Miss White. She teaches us E __8__. She has 1 __9__ hair. She loves m __10__. She often sings for us.

八、书面表达 (满分15分)

假设你的名字叫王林，请你用英文给你在美国的笔友 Tom 写一封信，介绍一下你自己的学习状况及个人爱好等。

- 要点：1. 你在学校所学习的科目（至少列出三门）；
 2. 你最喜欢的科目及喜欢的原因；
 3. 课后喜欢参加的体育运动及参加运动后的感受；
 4. 希望了解对方的学习生活及个人爱好。

要求：1. 内容完整，表达清楚，意思连贯、符合逻辑；

参考答案及解析

一、单项选择题（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

1. 【答案】D

【解析】考查不定冠词的用法。因为 English 是以元音音素开头，所以前面的不定冠词用 an；因为 Chinese 是以辅音音素开头，所以前面的不定冠词用 a。故答案选 D。

2. 【答案】C

【解析】15 years old 是固定用法，表示“15 岁了”。故答案选 C。

3. 【答案】B

【解析】对于一般疑问句的回答，要用 yes 或者 no，排除 C 项。而 A、D 两项明显是错误的。故答案选 B。

4. 【答案】C

【解析】play football 意为“踢足球”，in the afternoon 意为“在下午”。

5. 【答案】A

【解析】考查特殊疑问词的用法。what 用来提问“什么”，how much 和 how many 用来提问数量的多少，which 指“哪一个”。故答案选 A。

6. 【答案】D

【解析】介词 with 表示“带有”。故答案选 D。

7. 【答案】B

【解析】watch football matches 意为“观看足球比赛”；read books 意为“看书”。故答案选 B。

8. 【答案】D

【解析】in the front of 强调一个物体在另一个物体内部的前面；in front of 强调一个物体在另一个物体外部的前面。故答案选 D。

9. 【答案】A

【解析】be good at 意为“擅长……”，介词 at 后面跟名词或者动名词，主语是 you，所以连系动词用 are。故答案选 A。

10. 【答案】A

【解析】具体的时间点前用介词 at。故答案选 A。

11. 【答案】C

【解析】on the ground floor 意为“在一楼”。故答案选 C。

12. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：“你好，我是吉娜。”“我是詹妮，很高兴见到你。”由句意可知双方是初次见面，Nice to meet you.用于初次见面时问候对方，符合题意。A项“谢谢”；B项用来回应 How are you?；D项“你好”，均不符合题意。故答案选 C。

13. 【答案】C

【解析】本题考查用名词性物主代词作表语。I（主格）、my（形容词性物主代词）和 me（宾格）均不符合题意。故答案选 C。

14. 【答案】A

【解析】by bus 意为“乘公共汽车”。故答案选 A。

15. 【答案】D

【解析】Thank you.的答语往往用 You are welcome./Not at all./That's all right.等。故答案选 D。

二、完形填空(共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)

1. 【答案】B

【解析】学生的桌椅是配对的，因此都应该用复数形式。

2. 【答案】A

【解析】“在墙上”用介词 on。

3. 【答案】C

【解析】clock 在前面已经提过了，因此用定冠词 the 表示特指。

4. 【答案】A

【解析】第二句已经提到有三十张桌椅，因此，相应地也应该有三十个学生。

5. 【答案】B

【解析】三十个学生里面，有十八个男孩，据此可以推断有十二个女孩。

6. 【答案】B

【解析】由后面的 she 可以推断是一个女老师。

7. 【答案】B

【解析】It's time to do sth.是固定结构，意为“到了干某事的时间了”。

8. 【答案】A

【解析】where 提问地点。

9. 【答案】A

【解析】根据后一句的 clean 可以判断，此处只能填 door。

10. 【答案】A

【解析】 it指代前面的 door。

三、阅读理解(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

A

1. 【答案】 A

【解析】 a clothes line 意为“一条晒衣绳”，由第一句 Look at the clothes line in the twins' bedroom. 可知，答案应该选 A。

2. 【答案】 B

【解析】 由第四句 The trousers on the clothes line are black和第八句 I know they are Lucy's.可知，答案应该选 B。

3. 【答案】 A

【解析】 由倒数第三句 There is a new hat on the clothes tree, but it's not Lily's, it's Lucy's.”可知，答案应该选 A。

4. 【答案】 B

【解析】 整篇文章都谈的是双胞胎 Lily 和 Lucy 的房间里的东西，通读全文可知，房间里有两张床。故答案选 B。

5. 【答案】 C

【解析】 由最后一句 There are no clothes on the other bed, and the bed is Lily's.可知，答案应该选 C。

B

1. 【答案】 A

【解析】 由第一段最后一句的前半句 Planes are fast 可知，飞机飞得很快。

2. 【答案】 B

【解析】 由第二段的内容可知，A，B，D 项都是乘火车的好处，而 B 项不是。

3. 【答案】 D

【解析】 由第三段第三句 Also you can carry many things with you in a car.可知，答案应该选 D。

4. 【答案】 D

【解析】 由第三段最后一句 But sometimes there are too many cars on the road.可知，答案应该选 D。

5. 【答案】 B

【解析】 由第一段内容可知“去机场”和“出机场”都需要花费很长时间，因此 B 项正确。A、C、D 项都与原文不符。

C

1. 【答案】C

【解析】由第一段第二句可知,我们都需要锻炼。

2. 【答案】A

【解析】由第二段第二句 You can walk, run, swim, skate or play ball games.可知在文中没有提到钓鱼。

3. 【答案】B

【解析】锻炼的地方应该是健身中心。

4. 【答案】D

【解析】由第一段第四句 It makes your heart and body strong.可知答案应该选 D。

5. 【答案】B

【解析】由第二段第五句 It's best to exercise twice each week.可知答案应该选 B。

四、词汇检测(共15小题,每小题1分,满分15分)

A) 请根据括号中所给的汉语写出单词,使句子意思完整正确。

【答案】1. quarters 2. museums 3. starts 4. picnic 5. reason

C) 请根据句子意思,用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

【答案】1. walking 2. really 3. swimming 4. to go 5. listening

C) 根据下列句子,通过上下文,写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空只写一词。

【答案】1. Sunday 2. late 3. play 4. Friday 5. begin

五、句型转换(满分5分)

【答案】1. drives 2. How much 3. Would, like; I'd like to 4. What do 5. Does, have

六、完成句子(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

【答案】1. years old 2. Let's listen to 3. play football after school

4. have short hair 5. far away from

七、阅读填空(共20小题,每小题1分,满分20分)

A) 请认真阅读下列短文,并根据所读内容在文章后表格中的空格里填入一个最恰当的单词。

【答案】Online, without, discount, big, Advantages, cheaper, more, easily, waste, know

B) 请根据短文内容及首字母提示,填入所缺单词。

【答案】1. name 2. old 3. study 4. from 5. Friday

6. food 7. teacher 8. English 9. long 10. music

八、书面表达(满分15分)

【参考范文】

Dear Tom,

How are you? I would like to tell you something about my study and my hobbies.

I'm in Class 3, Grade 1 in a middle school this year. I have many subjects at school, such as Chinese, maths, English and geography. Our lessons begin at half past eight in the morning. Usually we have four lessons in the morning and two lessons in the afternoon. I like English very much, because it's very interesting and useful. After class, I often play sports with my classmates. My favourite sport is basketball. I think it can make me much stronger and healthier.

How about you? What's your favourite subject and sport? Please write to me soon.

Yours,

Wang Lin