

九年级上册英语 Unit 7 《Films》单元测试卷

班级：_____ 姓名：_____ 学号：_____

(考试时间：90 分钟 试卷满分：130 分)

听力部分

一、听短对话选答案

1. Where did the girl learn about Victoria Bell?

- A. On the computer. B. On TV. C. On the radio.

W: I know her family background. I've heard the interview with her on the radio.

2. What time is the sports news on Radio Shanxi?

- A. At 4: 30 pm. B. At 5: 30 pm. C. At 6: 30 pm.

3. At what age did Tim begin to work at a radio station?

- A. 16. B. 19. C. 22.

4. What are the speakers going to visit?

- A. A school. B. A news room. C. A new house.

5. How is the weather tomorrow?

- A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Cloudy.

二、听长对话选答案

听材料，回答下列小题。

6. What color is Mike's pen?

- A. Blue. B. Black. C. Brown.

7. Where is Mike's pen?

- A. On the chair. B. On the desk. C. On the sofa.

听材料，回答下列小题。

8. What are Cindy's?

- A. The red schoolbag and the watch.
B. The black schoolbag and the watch.
C. The black schoolbag and the cup.

9. What color is Alice's schoolbag?

- A. Purple. B. Red. C. Yellow.

10. Where is Alice's schoolbag?

- A. On the chair. B. On the sofa. C. On the desk.

三、听短文选答案

听下面一段独白，回答 5 个小题。

11. Jack is a smart boy in _____.
- A. No. 1 Middle School B. No. 2 Middle School C. No. 3 Middle School
12. When Jack wrote something at the desk, he put his eyes _____ the desk.
- A. far away from B. close to C. on to
13. When he went to bed, he usually _____ before falling asleep.
- A. watched TV B. did some reading C. played games
14. _____ took him to see the doctor.
- A. Jack's parents B. Jack's sister C. Jack's grandparents
15. From the story, we know we must _____.
- A. see the doctor often B. wear glasses C. take care of our eyes

笔试部分

四、单项选择

16. The visitor told a very _____ story about what he did for a _____ in Africa.
- A. lively; living. B. lively; life C. living; living D. alive; live
17. —Would you mind telling me something about the two _____?
- _____. They are exchange students from Germany.
- A. Frenchmen; Of course B. Frenchmans; That's all right
- C. Germans; Not at all D. German; All right
18. About how to achieve a balance between hobbies and schoolwork, Justin asked me for my_____.
- A. position B. attention C. suggestion D. introduction
19. —What else did the lady ask you about the trip to Nanjing?
- She asked me _____.
- A. who was the guide of the trip
- B. when they will visit Nanjing
- C. how long would they stay at Nanjing Museum
- D. if she could go to Nanjing University alone on the second day

20. Sorry, madam. You'd better come tomorrow because it's _____ the opening hours.
A. during B. at C. beyond D. before
21. The side effects (副作用) of the medicine are still _____ to us. More research is needed.
A. unknown B. unnecessary C. unusual D. uncommon
22. The long journey by air was boring _____ uncomfortable. Many students felt sick all the way.
A. so good as B. as good as C. so well as D. as well as
23. Li Ling's mother wanted to know _____.
A. how did she study at school B. what she has studied at school
C. whether did she study hard at school D. if she studied hard at school
24. Thanks for offering me _____. They really help me a lot.
A. so many useful advices B. so many useful suggestions
C. so much useful advice D. so much useful suggestion
25. The old scientist is strict _____ himself and strict _____ his work.
A. in; with B. with; in C. in; in D. with; with

五、完形填空

通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。

Many kids are crazy about space. Last month, a space agency (机构) told the public that they were _____ 26 _____ "a planet protection officer." Some people laughed at the funny job title, but a 9-year-old boy took the information _____ 27 _____. He wrote a letter to the agency, saying that he wanted the job.

"Dear sirs, my name is Sam Lee. I think I am the _____ 28 _____ person for the job," he wrote.

What are Sam's _____ 29 _____? For one, he wrote, "My sister says I act like an alien (外星人)." Sam also said he had watched almost all the _____ 30 _____ movies he could find. His last sentence may touch people's hearts: "I am young, so I can learn to think like an alien."

Sam soon got a _____ 31 _____ from Bill Black, director of the agency. "We have received your letter. It is great that you are interested in the job. This job is to _____ 32 _____ the earth from germs (细菌) on things brought back from other planets." Bill ended the letter with some warm words, _____ 33 _____ Sam to study hard and do well in school. "We hope to _____ 34 _____ you at the agency one day." he wrote.

"Among kids, there are _____ 35 _____ space scientists." Bill told a newspaper. "We think of this letter as a chance that may forever change our kids' life."

26. A. waking up B. looking for C. dealing with D. talking about
27. A. simply B. lightly C. seriously D. clearly

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| 28. A. right | B. kind | C. important | D. favorite |
| 29. A. dreams | B. problems | C. discoveries | D. advantages |
| 30. A. war | B. road | C. space | D. sports |
| 31. A. job | B. test | C. reply | D. ticket |
| 32. A. move | B. protect | C. pull | D. collect |
| 33. A. warming | B. helping | C. ordering | D. encouraging |
| 34. A. see | B. tell | C. thank | D. search |
| 35. A. past | B. future | C. recent | D. present |

六、阅读单选

A

Thirteen-year-old Cindy had been bullied (欺凌) at school for about two years. Her bag, keys and mobile phone had been stolen. She had also been knocked off her bicycle, kicked and punched (以拳重击).

Cindy tried to fight back, but it always seemed to be her, not the bullies, who got into trouble. She became so afraid of going to school that she started to be absent from her classes.

Finally, her headmaster set up a special plan, asking students to look after one another. He gave Cindy the courage to play the guitar in a school concert, which gave Cindy new confidence and helped her receive respect from the other students. Gradually, the bullying began to stop.

Cindy's story is not uncommon, but help is always there. All schools in the UK now have to follow strict bullying policies (政策). There are many charities and organizations giving support to young people, such as Bullying UK and Childline. So remember one very important piece of advice: If you are being bullied, don't put up with it—tell someone.

36. How old was Cindy when she was first bullied? _____

- A. About 7 years old. B. About 9 years old. C. About 11 years old. D. About 13 years old.

37. Why was Cindy absent from her classes? _____

- A. Because she couldn't deal with her trouble. B. Because she was afraid of her teachers.
C. Because she like playing. D. Because she had to work.

38. How did Cindy receive respect? _____

- A. By fighting back. B. By setting up a special plan.
C. By playing the guitar in a school concert. D. By asking an organization for help.

39. The underlined phrase "put up with" in the last paragraph means "_____".

- A. stand B. refuse C. notice D. miss

40. What is the best title for this passage? _____

- A. Disadvantages of bullying B. Bullying policies
C. Leave bullying alone D. Say "No" to bullying

B



Have you ever had lucid(清醒的)dreams? Recent studies suggest that the number of people having them is on the rise. Someone having a lucid dream realizes they are dreaming and may from then on "direct" the action. Or they may simply "watch" the dream unfold. The sense of awareness(知道) makes it different from a dream that is simply very lively and true to life. And although the description may seem strange, the process is far from alien to many of us.

Studies suggest that the number of people in the Western world experiencing lucid dreams, which happen once in a while, has risen by between 10 and 40 per cent since the 1980s. Today, they are so common that about one in eight of us will have one in our lives. But still, little is known about what causes them or what is behind the rise.

Research carried out at the respected Harvard University in the US shows that the brain is working hard during lucid dreams. In fact, the level of the mental(精神的) activity in some parts of the brain is similar to that of a person who is awake. Lucid dreamers seem to share certain personal characters. For example, in general they are quite creative. They are also good at digging deep into problems and going out of their way to solve them. Furthermore, they always believe in personal responsibility rather than letting society carry the can.

Our nightmares(噩梦) may show our waking worries, with the five most common ones—falling, being run after, feeling disabled, being late and the death of a loved one. Men are more likely to have nightmares about fights or being fired while hair and tooth loss appear more in women's nightmares—perhaps showing worries about losing their looks. Research has also found that women have more nightmares than men. Their dreams are also scarier and more unforgettable.

41. What do we know about lucid dreams according to Paragraph 1? _____
- A. We know nothing about their process. B. Fewer people are having them now.
- C. They are just common lively dreams. D. They may be directed by the dreamers.
42. Which of the following is true according to Paragraphs 2 and 3? _____
- A. The cause of lucid dreams remains a mystery. B. The brain is inactive during lucid dreams.
- C. Most western people have had lucid dreams. D. Lucid dreamers have nothing in common.
43. How is Paragraph 3 mainly developed? _____
- A. By listing numbers. B. By giving reasons.
- C. By providing examples. D. By making comparisons
44. Compared with men, which of the following dreams do women often have? _____
- A. Fights. B. Being fired. C. Feeling disabled. D. Hair loss
45. Where is the text most probably from? _____
- A. A news report. B. A science magazine. C. A story book. D. A sports poster.

七、补全对话 7 选 5

- A: Excuse me, I'm recording a program called "Chaoyang in My Eyes". 46 _____
- B: Of course.
- A: 47 _____
- B: Well, I think it has changed a lot over these years. For example, a lot of tall buildings were built. And the streets are much wider and cleaner than what they used to be. 48 _____
- A: That's true. Our city is becoming more and more modern and beautiful. As you know, the Chaoyang Hongshan Culture Exhibition is coming. 49 _____
- B: Well, I plan to help clean up the city parks to make the environment better. And I also hope to get a chance(机会) to be a volunteer at the exhibition.
- A: Wonderful! 50 _____
- B: Good idea!
- A. What are you going to do to welcome it?
- B. Thanks for your time.
- C. May I ask you some questions?
- D. So what do you think of our city?
- E. It is very important.
- F. And they are so beautiful at night with many colorful lights in the trees.

G. Let's take action to make our city better and better.

八、完成句子

51. 玛丽去上学了，而不是待在家里。

Mary went to school _____ at home.

52. 我们的英语老师总是第一个到校，最后一个离校。

Our English teacher is always _____.

53. 尽管我们生活在和平中，但是一些孩子仍然生活在为生命安全的担忧中。

_____, some children still _____.

54. 人们希望在火星上能够从头再来。

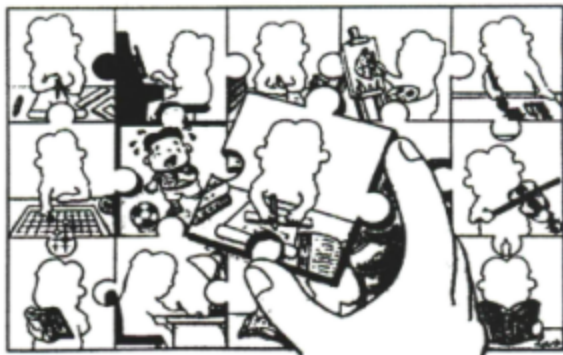
It _____ on Mars.

55. 领导建议我缩短工作时间，而不是熬夜。

The leader advised me _____.

九、书面表达

56. 如今，很多父母望子成龙心切，给孩子安排很多任务，导致孩子没有了自己的周末，如下图所示的 Jack。请分析图中的这种现象并谈谈你的看法，以“**Weekend or Not?**”为题，写一篇约 110 词的英语短文向 **Parents** 杂志投稿，让父母们通过阅读你的文章能有所启发。



注意：文中不得出现“Jack”以外的人名或任何学校名称。

Weekend or Not?

参考答案

一、听短对话选答案

1、C

【原文】

M: How much do you know about Victoria Bell?

W: I know her family background. I've heard the interview with her on the radio.

2、B

【原文】

M: What time is the sports news on Radio Shanxi?

W: It's at 5:30 pm. It will be on air in five minutes.

3、C

【原文】

W: When did you find your first job, Tim?

M: At the age of 19. Three years later, I found another job at a radio station. It was interesting to work there.

4、B

【原文】

W: Can you show me around your news room, Mike?

M: Certainly. This way, please. We collect the latest national and international news and write reports here.

5、B

【原文】

M: How is the weather tomorrow?

W: The radio says it is going to be wet.

二、听长对话选答案

6. A

7. C

【原文】略

8. A

9. C

10. B

【原文】略

三、听短文选答案

11-15. B B B A C

【原文】

Jack is a smart boy in No. 2 Middle School. He studied very hard, but he had a problem. He didn't care much about his eyes. When he wrote something at the desk, he put his eyes very close to the desk. He kept this habit for a long time. His parents often told him not to do like that. But he didn't listen to them. When he went to bed, he usually did some reading in bed. His parents were worried about his eyesight. Sometime later he couldn't see things clearly. He asked his parents to take him to see the doctor. The doctor looked him over carefully and found that he was short-sighted. He told him to wear glasses from then on. He was very unhappy. But he had no choice. From this story we know that eyes are the windows of a person. We must take care of them.

四、单项选择

16、A

【详解】

句意：这名游客讲了一个关于他在非洲做什么来谋生的非常生动的故事。

考查形容词和名词辨析。lively 活泼的，生动的，形容词；living 活(着)的，形容词，生计，名词。alive 活着的，活泼的，形容词，一般作后置定语。live 居住，动词；life 生活，名词。本句 story 是名词，前面可用形容词修饰作前置定语，结合句意应用 lively，a lively story 意为“一个生动的故事”；第二空前是冠词，所以用名词，life 指生活，泛指时通常用作不可数名词，所以应用 living，do sth. for a living 意为“做……谋生”。故选 A。

17、C

【详解】

句意：-你介意告诉我这两个德国人的情况吗？-一点也不。他们是来自德国的交换生。German 名词，德国人；Germans 复数，德国人。Frenchman 名词，法国人；Frenchmen 名词复数，法国人。Of course 当然，肯定回答 That's all right 没关系，表示感谢的答语；Not at all 一点也不，表示否定含义；All right 好的，表示赞同。根据答语可知指德国人并作否定回答。故选 C。

18、C

【详解】

句意：关于如何实现平衡爱好和学业，贾斯汀向我寻求建议。A. position 名词，位置；B. attention 名词，注意；C. suggestion 名词，建议；D. introduction 名词，介绍。有问题，需要询问“建议”。故选 C。

19、D

【详解】

句意：—关于去南京的旅行这位女士问了你别的什么了吗？—她问我第二天她是否能独自去南京大学。

考查宾语从句。宾语从句应使用陈述句语序，排除 A 和 C；又根据“*She asked me*”中的动词 *asked* 是一般过去时可知宾语从句中要用相应的过去时态。故选 D。

20、C

【详解】

句意：对不起，女士。你最好明天来，因为现在过了开放时间了。

考查介词。*during* 在……期间；*at* 在……；*beyond* 超出；*before* 在……之前。根据“*You'd better come tomorrow because it's...the opening hours*”可知已经超过开放时间了，所以建议她明天再来。 故选 C。

21、A

【详解】

句意：这药的副作用对我们来说仍然未知。还需要更多的研究。

考查形容词辨析。*unknown* 未知的；*unnecessary* 不必要的；*unusual* 不寻常的；*uncommon* 不普通的；根据“*More research is needed*”可知还要做很多研究，因为不知道有什么副作用，*be unknown to sb* 意为“对某人来说是未知的”。故选 A。

22、D

【详解】

句意：这次乘飞机的长途旅行既无聊又不舒服。很多同学一路都感到恶心。

考查短语辨析。*so good/well as* 常和 *not* 连用，表示“不如……”*good* 是形容词作表语，*well* 是副词修饰动词；*as good as* 和……一样好；*as well as* 不但……而且、既……又。根据“*boring...uncomfortable*”结合语境可知，本句表示“既无聊又不舒服”。故选 D。

23、D

【详解】

句意：李玲的妈妈想知道她在学校学习是否努力。

考查宾语从句。宾语从句应用陈述句语序，先排除 A、C 两项；B 项因主句 *wanted* 为一般过去时态，其宾语从句也应用过去的某种时态，B 项时态有误，故排除。故选 D。

24、B

【详解】

句意：谢谢给我提供这么多建议。它们帮助了我很多。

考查名词辨析。*so many* 这么多，修饰可数名词复数；*so much* 修饰不可数名词；*advice* 建议，不可数名词；*suggestion* 建议，可数名词。根据第二句中的主语“*They*”可知，此处应用名词复数“*suggestions*”，

用“so many”修饰。故选 B。

25. B

【详解】

句意：这位老科学家严于律己并且对他的工作严格要求。

考查介词。be strict with sb in sth 意为“对某人在某方面严格要求”，为固定用法。故选 B。

五、完形填空

26-30. BCADC 31. CBDAB

【分析】

本文主要讲述一个航天机构要招聘“行星保护员”，一名九岁的男孩写信应聘该职位，最后他收到了机构负责人的回信，鼓励他好好学习，希望将来能在航天机构看到他。

【解析】

26.

句意：上个月，一家航天机构告诉公众，他们正在寻找“一名行星保护员”。

waking up 醒来；looking for 寻找；dealing with 处理；talking about 谈论。根据“He wrote a letter to the agency, saying that he wanted the job.”可知，航天机构在招聘行星保护员。故选 B。

27.

句意：有人嘲笑这个有趣的职位，但一个九岁的男孩却认真对待这条信息。

simply 简单地；lightly 轻地；seriously 认真地，严肃地；clearly 清晰地。根据“He wrote a letter to the agency, saying that he wanted the job.”小男孩写信去应聘。可知，男孩认真对待这条招聘信息。故选 C。

28.

句意：我想我是这个工作的合适人选。

right 正确的，合适的；kind 善良的；important 重要的；favorite 喜爱的。根据“I think I am the person for the job”可知，男孩想要这份工作，此处是写信自荐，认为自己是合适的人选。故选 A。

29.

句意：萨姆的优点是什么？

dreams 梦想；problems 问题；discoveries 发现；advantages 优点。根据“My sister says I act like an alien”以及“Sam also said he had watched almost all the...movies he could find.”可知，此处是在介绍萨姆的优点。故选 D。

30.

句意：萨姆还说，他几乎看了他能找到的所有太空电影。

war 战争；road 路；space 太空；sports 运动。根据“Last month, a space agency told the public that they were...”

可知,男孩想要的工作与航天有关,所以他看的电影应该与太空有关。故选 C。

31.

句意:萨姆很快就得到了该机构主任比尔·布莱克的答复。

job 工作;test 测试;reply 答复;ticket 票。根据“*We have received your letter. It is great that you are interested in the job. This job is to...*”以及“*Bill ended the letter with some warm words*”可知,此处指男孩收到了回信。故选 C。

32.

句意:这项工作是保护地球免受从其他星球带回的东西上的细菌的侵害。

move 移动;protect 保护;pull 拉;collect 收集。根据“*a planet protection officer*”可知,这份工作是保护地球,protect...from...表示“保护.....免受.....”。故选 B。

33.

句意:比尔在信的结尾说了几句温暖的话,鼓励萨姆努力学习,在学校取得好成绩。

warming 温暖;helping 帮助;ordering 命令;encouraging 鼓励。根据“*Bill ended the letter with some warm words*”可知,此处表示鼓励男孩好好学习,encourage sb. to do sth.表示“鼓励某人做某事”。故选 D。

34.

句意:我们希望有一天能在机构里见到你。

see 看见;tell 告诉;thank 感谢;search 搜索。根据“*We hope to...you at the agency one day.*”可知,比尔鼓励男孩好好学习,希望将来有一天他真的能来机构工作。故选 A。

35.

句意:在孩子们当中,有未来的太空科学家。

past 过去的;future 将来的;recent 最近的;present 现在的。根据“*Among kids, there are...space scientists.*”可知,此处指孩子们中有未来的科学家。故选 B。

六、阅读单选

36-40. CACAD

【导语】

本文是一篇记叙文。Cindy 经常遭受校园欺凌,她试图反击,但没能成功。校长知道这一情况后,想出一个特别的方法帮助 Cindy 摆脱校园欺凌。文章想以此告诉我们:在遭遇欺凌时要敢于说出来。

【解析】

36.

推理判断题。根据“*Thirteen-year-old Cindy had been bullied (欺凌) at school for about two years.*”可知,十三岁的 Cindy 在学校遭受欺凌已经两年了;由此可以推知,Cindy 第一次被欺凌时大概十一岁。故选

C。

37.

细节理解题。根据“*She became so afraid of going to school that she started to be absent from her classes.*”可知，Cindy 旷课是因为她害怕去学校，她无法处理自己遇到的麻烦，即无法摆脱别人的欺凌。故选 A。

38.

细节理解题。根据“*He gave Cindy the courage to play the guitar in a school concert, which gave Cindy new confidence and helped her receive respect from the other students.*”可知，通过在学校音乐会上演奏吉他，Cindy 重拾自信，并赢得了他人的尊重。故选 C。

39.

词义猜测题。结合画线短语所在句“*If you are being bullied, don't put up with it—tell someone.*”及语境可知，如果你正在遭受欺凌，不要忍耐，要告诉别人，由此可以推知画线短语与 stand 意思相近，意为“忍受”。故选 A。

40.

最佳标题题。通读全文可知，本文讲述了 Cindy 在学校被欺凌，后来在校长的帮助下重拾自信，并赢得了他人的尊敬，逐渐地这些欺凌就停止了的故事。由此可知，“Say “No” to bullying”为最佳标题。故选 D。

41-45. D A C D B

【分析】

文章大意：你做过清醒梦吗？最近的研究表明，患有这种疾病的人数正在上升。尽管如此，人们仍然不知道是什么导致了这些问题，或者是什么导致了这种问题的增长。文章还介绍了人们做清醒梦的共同特点，以及男人和女人做清醒梦的不同等。

【解析】

41.

细节理解题。根据第一段中的信息“*Someone having a lucid dream realizes they are dreaming and may from then on “direct” the action.*”做清醒梦的人意识到他们在做梦，并可能从那时起“指导”行动。可知，清醒梦可能是被做梦的人“指导”的行动，故选 D。

42.

细节理解题。根据第二段中的信息“*Today, they are so common that about one in eight of us will have one in our lives. But still, little is known about what causes them or what is behind the rise.*”可知，清醒梦的起因现在仍然是个谜，故选 A。

43.

理解判断题。根据第三段开头的信息“Research carried out at the respected Harvard University in the US shows that the brain is working hard during lucid dreams.”美国著名的哈佛大学进行的一项研究表明，大脑在做清醒梦时也在努力工作。可知本段是通过举出例子来展开的，故选 C。

44.

细节理解题。根据“Men are more likely to have nightmares about fights or being fired while hair and tooth loss appear more in women's nightmares...”，可知，女性经常做的噩梦更多的是脱发和掉牙，故选 D。

45.

文章来源题。通读全文可知，本文属于一篇科普性的文章，主要介绍了现如今，做清醒梦的人越来越多，尽管如此，人们仍然不知道是什么导致了这些问题，或者是什么导致了这种问题的增长。还介绍了人们做清醒梦的共同特点，以及男人和女人做清醒梦的不同等。结合选项，可知文章最有可能出自于一篇科学杂志上，故选 B。

七、补全对话 7 选 5

46-50. C D F A G

【导语】本文是 A 在对 B 进行采访，谈论城市的变化以及能够为即将到来的朝阳红山文化展览做些什么。

【解析】

46.

根据“Of course.”可知，对方提出请求，选项 C“我可以问你几个问题吗”符合语境，故选 C。

47.

根据“Well, I think it has changed a lot over these years. For example, a lot of tall buildings were built. And the streets are much wider and cleaner than what they used to be.”可知，此处是对城市的描述，选项 D“你觉得我们的城市怎么样”符合语境，故选 D。

48.

根据“For example, a lot of tall buildings were built. And the streets are much wider and cleaner than what they used to be.”可知，此处描述城市的街道，选项 F“它们在晚上很漂亮，树上有许多五颜六色的灯”符合语境，故选 F。

49.

根据“Well, I plan to help clean up the city parks to make the environment better.”可知，此处介绍打算做什么来迎接朝阳红山文化展览，选项 A“你打算怎么迎接它”符合语境，故选 A。

50.

根据“Good idea!”可知，此处有一个好的提议，选项 G“让我们采取行动，让我们的城市变得越来越好”

符合语境，故选 G。

八、完成句子

51、instead of staying

【详解】

instead of doing sth“代替做某事”，stay“待”，“of”是介词，后接动名词，故填 instead；of；staying。

52、the first to come to school and the last to leave

【详解】

the first to come to school“第一个到校”，and 连接并列关系；the last to leave“最后一个离校”，故填 the first to come to school and the last to leave。

53、Although we live in peace live in fear of their lives

【详解】

根据句意可知，本句为 although 引导的让步状语从句。although 连词，“虽然”；we“我们”，在句中作主语；live in peace“生活在和平中”；in fear of“为……提心吊胆”；their lives“他们的生命”。故填 Although we live in peace；live in fear of their lives。

54、is hoped that people could start all over again

【详解】

希望……：It is hoped that；从头再来：start all over again；可以：could；故填 is hoped that people could start all over again。

55、to cut the working time short instead of staying up

【详解】

根据英汉对照可知，“缩短工作时间”cut the working time short；“而不是”instead of；“熬夜”stay up，位于介词“of”之后，动词需用其动名词形式 staying；“建议某人做某事”advise sb to do sth。故填 to cut the working time short instead of staying up。

九、书面表达

56、

Weekend or Not?

Jack has to attend lots of classes at weekends. He has little time for his favorite sport—soccer. Still, his parents are pushing him to do more tasks, which worries him a lot.

Nowadays, many students are under much pressure like Jack. Their parents believe it necessary for them to make full use of the weekends and learn as much as possible. As a result, some students are stressed out and therefore lose interest in learning anything. What's worse, they may not be able to learn to manage their own

life.

I do hope all the children can have the freedom to choose what they like to do and enjoy their weekends.

【详解】

1. 题干解读：本文以“Weekend or Not”为题根据图片所示内容进行写作，分析图中的现象并谈谈自己的想法，可适当增加细节。

2. 写作指导：本文以第三人称和一般现在时为主。第一段描述图片中的现象；第二段主要讲述自己对这种现象的看法；第三段进行总结。写作时需要叙述完整，保证条理清晰；同时，注意合理拓展，逻辑顺畅。