

Unit 7 Shopping 单元测试卷

(考试时间:90 分钟 试卷满分: 100 分)

一、单项填空 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

请认真阅读下列各题, 从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1. This pair of football shoes _____ really nice .
A. look B. sees C. looks D. is looking
2. I like this pair of sports shoes . Can I _____ , please?
A. try on them B. tried on them C. trying them on D. try them on
3. Look! There _____ many students on the playground .
A. am B. is C. are D. be
4. The shirt isn't _____ for me , I can't put it on .
A. enough big B. enough small C. big enough D. small enough
5. Girls like to _____ money on clothes .
A. spend B. take C. pay D. cost
6. The shoes are too big . Can you show me _____ ?
A. a pair B. another C. a pair D. another pair
7. She enjoys _____ and wants _____ more books from the library .
A. reading ; to borrow
B. to read ; borrowing
C. reading ; borrowing
D. to read ; to borrow
8. The computer games centre is small and there are _____ people there .
A. too much B. many too C. too many D. much too
9. Millie wants to give _____ interesting talk on The life of a Trainer .
A. / B. a C. the D. an
10. — _____ do you exercise?
— Three to six times a week .
A. When B. How often C. How long D. How much

11. — Can you lend _____ money to me?
— Sorry, I don't have _____ with me.
A. some; any B. any; any C. some; some D. any; some
12. — When do you get up _____ Sunday morning?
— I get up _____ 8:30.
A. in; at B. on; at C. on; on D. in; on
13. — _____ do you like Halloween best?
— Because it's very important.
A. How B. What C. Which D. Why
14. Daniel often borrows books _____ my cousin.
A. from B. of C. on D. to
15. He can't _____ his bike.
A. look for B. looks for C. find D. finds

二、完形填空(共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项

One Friday evening my wife and I go shopping at a shop. We drive the car to 1 a lot of things because my brother and his family want to spend(度过) the 2 with us. We stop the car in 3 of the shop. An hour later we come back to the car 4 lots of things. But we can not 5 the door of the car.

"Oh, dear," says my wife. "6 shall we do?"

"Let's ask that policeman!" I say to her.

The policeman is very 7 and comes to help us. A few 8 later, he gets the door open. Just at that moment a man comes up and shouts, "9 are you opening my car door?" We look at the 10 of the car and our faces turn red.

1. A. repair B. sell C. buy D. look for
2. A. weekend B. Friday C. summer D. winter
3. A. a lot B. front C. the front D. lots of
4. A. carry B. take C. and D. with
5. A. find B. see C. open D. close
6. A. How B. What C. When D. Where
7. A. fat B. good C. bad D. kind

8. A. minutes B. hours C. days D. weeks
9. A. Who B. Why C. What D. When
10. A. door B. colour C. number D. windows

三、阅读理解(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

认真阅读下列材料，从材料后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项

A

Most people, especially girls like shopping.

My name is Linda. Shopping is one of my pastimes. My classmates and I go shopping when we finish our homework on Sunday. I like shopping, not because I want to buy something, but because I want to know what the new products there are in the markets. Most of the time, I just do window shopping.

Some new department stores recently opened in east Taipei. It is a piece of good news for shoppers like me.

1. Who likes shopping most according to the passage?

- A. Boys. B. Girls. C. Old people. D. Children.

2. When do Linda and her classmates go shopping?

- A. On Weekdays. B. Every afternoon.
C. On Sunday. D. After school.

3. Where are these newly opened department stores?

- A. In east Taipei. B. In south Taipei.
C. In west Taipei. D. In north Taipei.

4. Why does Linda like shopping?

- A. Because she can buy many beautiful things.
B. Because she can play with her classmates.
C. Because she can eat a lot of delicious food.
D. Because she wants to know the new products.

5. What does the underlined word "pastimes" mean in Chinese?

- A. 逛街 B. 消遣，娱乐 C. 吃饭 D. 作业

B

Mum gives little Tom ten *yuan*. Then little Tom goes shopping. He gets on the bus and sits down next to

an old woman. Then he sees the old woman's bag is open. There is ten *yuan* in it. He quickly looks into his pocket. The money isn't there now! Little Tom is sure that the old woman is a thief (小偷). He decides (决定) to take back the money from the old woman's bag. So he carefully puts his hand into the old woman's bag, takes the money and says nothing. Suddenly (突然地) the old woman shouts, "Where is my money? I can't find it. There is a thief in the bus." Little Tom feels strange (奇怪的). Then he sees his own ten *yuan* under his seat. Little Tom is thinking a question now, "Am I a thief?"

- _____ is sitting beside little Tom.
A. A young woman
B. An old woman
C. A young man
D. An old man
- Little Tom sees _____ in the old woman's bag.
A. a wallet
B. a packet
C. ten *yuan*
D. ten dollars
- Little Tom is sure that the old woman is a _____.
A. thief
B. teacher
C. rich woman
D. poor woman
- Little Tom sees _____ ten *yuan* under his seat.
A. his own
B. the old woman's
C. the thief's
D. the driver's
- Which of the following is right?
A. Little Tom is a bad boy.
B. Little Tom often steals (偷) things.
C. Mum gives little Tom twenty *yuan*.
D. Little Tom makes a mistake (错误).

C

Come to Murray's shop. There are things for your room and things for school. We have jackets for boys for thirty-five dollars(美元), sweaters for girls for fifteen, and bags, earrings, and pants for five dollars!

See our great dressers, beds, and chairs. Get a new bookcase for all your school books and notepaper. At Murray's big sale, they're only twenty dollars! And we have backpacks(背包), pencils, pens and notebooks everything for school!

All the things are very good and very cheap. Come into Murray's and have a look yourself today!

- How much are jackets for boys in the shop?
— They are _____ each.
A. ¥35 B. \$35 C. 35 yuan D. 53 dollars
- Bags in the shop are _____ dollars each.
A. five B. fifteen C. fifty D. five hundred
- _____ for girls on sale in the shop are fifteen dollars each.
A. Jackets B. Pants C. Earrings D. Sweaters
- What can't we buy in the shop?
— We can't buy _____ in it.
A. things for rooms B. things for school C. things to eat D. beds or chairs
- The things in Murray's shop are all _____.
A. not very good but very cheap B. very good but very expensive
C. very good and very cheap D. not very good and not very cheap

四、词汇检测 (共15小题, 每小题1分, 满分15分)

A) 请根据括号中所给的汉语写出单词, 使句子意思完整正确。

- My brother's birthday is coming. I'd like to buy him a _____ (钱包) as a present.
- How do you _____ (搬运) all the food?
- I want to invite you to have dinner in a _____ (餐馆).
- I think the coat _____ (适合) you very well.
- The trousers are too big for me. Can you show me another _____ (条)?

B) 请根据句子意思, 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- Can I have _____ (some) milk, Mom?
- He eats beef _____ (two) a week.
- How much _____ (money) do you want for this shirt?
- We want to have a party to celebrate my _____ (father) birthday tomorrow.
- Let's go and _____ (ask) Li Ming this question.

C) 根据下列句子, 通过上下文, 写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空只写一词。

- My parents usually go s _____ in the supermarket at weekends.

2. I don't have e_____ money to buy these books.
3. It is too e_____. I won't take it.
4. Bill Gates often gives money to the p_____.
5. This pair of trousers has a high p_____, we don't want to buy.

五、动词填空 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空（满分 5 分）

1. -What would you like _____ (buy) for your father? -A computer.
2. Tom, _____ (not talk) in class next time, please!
3. We don't have enough bags _____ (put) so many books.
4. Thank you for _____ (teach) us English so well.
5. What about _____ (have) some hamburgers for lunch? They are very nice.
6. One of my friends never _____ (wear) blue jeans.
7. Do you need her _____ (give) you some help when you are in trouble?
8. There _____ (be) some milk and some eggs in the kitchen.
9. KFC is a good place _____ (meet) friends, I think.
10. _____ (be) there any hair clips in the shop near our school?

六、句子翻译（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

将下列句子译成英语，并将所译句子写在答题卡标有题号的横线上。

1. 他今天有足够的时间去游泳。

2. 博物馆是个参观的好地方。

3. 我们想要帮助中国贫困地区的孩子们。

4. 我确信这条蓝色短裙很适合你。

5. 你的发夹与其他人的不同，看起来很酷。

七、阅读填空（共20小题,每小题1分，满分20分）

A) 请认真阅读下列短文，并根据所读内容在文章后表格中的空格里填入一个最恰当的单词。

阅读材料，根据其内容填空，完成后面的表格。（每空一词）

Eating habits are different in different countries. The Chinese have a saying "Eat good things for breakfast, eat a big meal for lunch, but eat less at dinner." Many people in the USA agree that people start a day with a good breakfast, but their ideas about lunch and dinner are different.

Most people in America only have a short time for their lunch, so they eat a small lunch. After work, they can have more time to eat a big dinner. It is a way to take a good rest after a long, hard day of work, they usually have a quiet dinner at home with all the family members talking about their day.

Eating at restaurants is also different. In China, very often you can hear people talking and laughing loudly, and they are just having a good time. In America it is not like this. They usually eat a good meal far away from the noisy places. If they are making some noise, other people in the restaurants will look at them angrily, even the manager (经理) of the restaurants will ask them to be quiet(安静).

____1____ eating habits in different countries		
People	Having three ____2____ at home	____3____ at restaurants
Chinese	They have a good breakfast. They eat a big lunch. They eat ____4____ at supper.	They often talk and ____5____ loudly when they are eating. They show they are having ____6____ if they do like this.
____7____	They start the day with a good breakfast, too. They never have their lunch for a ____8____ time. They like a big dinner at home, talking about their day after work.	They enjoy their dinner in quiet ____9____ and talk softly at dinner. If someone ____10____ some noise, others in the restaurants will feel angry.

B) 请根据短文内容及首字母提示，填入所缺单词。

On Sunday morning, I usually get up late. It is about 8:20 a.m. A ____1____ I eat my breakfast, I often go to a shopping center w ____2____ my mother. The shopping center is near my home, s ____3____ we walk there. The shopping center has a good n ____4____. It is called "新世纪购物中心" in Chinese. It doesn't have an English name. Can you help to put it into E ____5____? It is new and big. There are many t ____6____ there, such as TVs, fridges, bikes, food and drinks. And the things there are usually good and c ____7____. There are many p ____8____ there. They are men and women, old and young. Parents must look after their c ____9____.

The workers there are nice and f__10___. If you come to my home, I can take you there and have a look.

八、书面表达（满分15分）

根据提示写一篇关于一个新的购物中心的短文。

提示：1.在我们学校附近有个新的购物中心。它紧挨着汽车站，很容易找到。

2.它有很多服装店，女孩儿们很喜欢。但是为男孩儿们开的商店不多，只有一家体育店。我认为需要更多。

3.在最顶层有很多餐馆。在那里，你可以吃到各种各样的食物。其中我喜欢的是四川食物。

4.商场是一个相当有趣的去处，也是一个会见朋友的好地方。

要求：1. 书写认真，语句通顺。

2. 词数：70~80。

参考答案及解析

一、单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

请认真阅读下列各题，从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1. 【答案】C。

【解析】本句的主语是 *this pair of football shoes*，谓语动词的数由 *pair* 决定，用单数；*nice* 是形容词，应该选系动词 *look*。

2. 【答案】D。

【解析】*try on* 意为“试穿”，代词 *them* 应放在其中间；*can* 后应加动词原形。

3. 【答案】C。

【解析】*there be* 句型要依据“就近原则”，*many students* 是复数，所以谓语动词用 *are*。

4. 【答案】C。

【解析】根据后句的 *I can't put it on* 可知是衣服不够大；*enough* 修饰形容词，应该放在形容词的后面。

5. 【答案】A。

【解析】*spend...on sth.* 意为“花费……”。

6. 【答案】D。

【解析】*another pair* 意为“另一双”。

7. 【答案】A。

【解析】*enjoy doing sth.* “喜欢做某事”；*want to do sth.* 意为“想要做某事”。

8. 【答案】C。

【解析】*too many* 和 *too much* 都意为“太多”，*too many* 后接可数名词，*too much* 后接不可数名词，根据题空后的 *people* 可知选 *too many*。

9. 【答案】A。

【解析】*talk* 是可数名词，意为“讲座”；*interesting* 以元音音素开头，选 *an*。

10. 【答案】B。

【解析】根据答语可知问句问的是频率，对频率提问应该用 *how often*。

11. 【答案】A。

【解析】根据问句句意“你能借给我一些钱吗？”可知希望得到对方肯定的回答，用 *some*；答语是否定句，所以用 *any*。

12. 【答案】B。

【解析】“周日上午”用介词 on；具体时间点前用 at。

13. 【答案】D。

【解析】根据答语中的 because 可知问句是问“为什么”，用 why。

14. 【答案】A。

【解析】borrow...from...意为“从……借”。

15. 【答案】C。

【解析】can't 后接动词原形；look for 意为“寻找”，强调“找”的过程；find 意为“找到”，强调结果，根据句意可知选 find。

二、完形填空(共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项

1. 【答案】C。

【解析】根据前文的 go shopping 可知会“买”许多东西。

2. 【答案】A。

【解析】根据文意可知，应该是“我弟弟一家和我们一起过周末。”

3. 【答案】B。

【解析】在商店前停车，外部的前面用 in front of。

4. 【答案】D。

【解析】带着许多东西，表伴随用 with。

5. 【答案】C。

【解析】根据题空后的 the door 可知选“打开”。

6. 【答案】B。

【解析】“我们该做什么？”选 what。

7. 【答案】D。

【解析】根据后文的“comes to help us”可知警察很“热心”选 kind。

8. 【答案】A。

【解析】根据常识可知，几分钟后比较合理。

9. 【答案】B。

【解析】根据实际情况，车主看到有人在打开自己车的车门，肯定会问“你们为什么打开我的车门”。

10. 【答案】C。

【解析】根据常识可知应该是看车牌号。

三、阅读理解(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

认真阅读下列材料，从材料后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项

A

1. 【答案】 B

【解析】 由第一段Most people, especially girls like shopping.可知，最喜欢购物的是女孩。

2. 【答案】 C

【解析】由第二段第三句My classmates and I go shopping when we finish our homework on Sunday.可知，Linda和她同学星期天去购物。

3. 【答案】 A

【解析】由第三段第一句Some new department stores recently opened in east Taipei.可知，新商店开在east Taipei。

4. 【答案】 D

【解析】由第二段倒数第二句I like shopping ,not because I want to buy something, but because I want to know what the new products there are in the markets.可知，Linda喜欢购物的原因并不是想买东西，而是想了解新的商品。

5. 【答案】 B

【解析】逛街对于很多人来说是一种消遣和娱乐，因此答案选B。

B

1. 【答案】 B

【解析】由短文第三句He gets on the bus and sits down next to an old woman.可知答案应该选B。

2. 【答案】 C

【解析】由短文第五句There is ten yuan in it.可知答案。

3. 【答案】 A

【解析】由短文第八句Little Tom is sure that the old woman is a thief (小偷) .可知答案。

4. 【答案】 A

【解析】由短文倒数第二句Then he sees his own ten yuan under his seat.可知，那10元钱应该是汤姆自己的。

5. 【答案】 D

【解析】小汤姆误认为别人是小偷，结果自己成了“小偷”，他犯了一个错误。

C

1. B。

【解析】根据“We have jackets for boys for thirty-five dollars(美元)”可知答案。

2. A。

【解析】根据“...and bags, earrings, and pants for five dollars!”可知答案。

3. D。

【解析】根据“...sweaters for girls for fifteen...”可知答案。

4. C。

【解析】根据文意可知本文没有提到吃的东西。

5. C。

【解析】根据文意可知答案。

四、词汇检测（共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分）

A) 请根据括号中所给的汉语写出单词，使句子意思完整正确。

【答案】1. wallet 2. carry 3. restaurant 4. fits 5. pair

C) 请根据句子意思，用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

【答案】1. some 2. twice 3. money 4. father's 5. ask

C) 根据下列句子，通过上下文，写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空只写一词。

【答案】1. shopping 2. enough 3. expensive 4. poor 5. price

五、动词填空 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空（满分5分）

【答案】1. to buy 2. don't talk 3. to put 4. teaching 5. having

6. wears 7. to give 8. is 9. to meet 10. Are

六、句子翻译（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

将下列句子译成英语，并将所译句子写在答题卡标有题号的横线上。

【答案】

1. He has enough time to go swimming today.

2. The museum is a good place to visit.
3. We want to help the children in poor areas in China.
4. I'm sure the blue skirt fits you very well.
5. Your hair clip is different from others' / other people's. It looks cool.

七、阅读填空（共20小题,每小题1分,满分20分）

A) 请认真阅读下列短文,并根据所读内容在文章后表格中的空格里填入一个最恰当的单词。

- 【答案】 1. Different 2. meals 3. Eating 4. less 5. laugh
6. fun 7. American 8. long 9. places 10. makes

B) 请根据短文内容及首字母提示,填入所缺单词。

- 【答案】 1. After 2. with 3. so 4. name 5. English
6. things 7. cheap 8. people 9. children 10. friendly

八、书面表达（满分15分）

【参考范文】

The new shopping mall

There is a new shopping mall near our school. It's next to the bus station and it's easy to find. There are many clothes shops in it. Girls like them very much. But there aren't many shops for boys. There's only one sports shop. I think it needs more.

There are many restaurants on the top floor. You can eat different kinds of food there. My favourite is Sichuan food.

The mall is an interesting place to meet friends and have fun.