

# 2021-2022 学年度第二学期期中考试

## 高一英语试卷

(本试卷满分 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟)

### 第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How does the woman think about having online lessons?

A. Difficult. B. Helpful. C. Boring

2. How much will the woman have to pay for the dinner?

A. \$40. B. \$45. C. \$90.

3. What will the speakers do next?

A. Deliver the speech. B. Check the documents. C. Find another print shop.

4. What is James doing?

A. Doing his homework.

B. Cleaning the bedroom.

C. Doing some research for his paper.

5. What are the two speakers mainly talking about?

A. A movie. B. A character. C. The music.

#### 第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. When will the meeting be held in the end?

A. At 11 a. m. B. At 9 a. m. C. At 12 a. m.

7. How will Steven know the time change?

A. From an e-mail. B. From the man. C. From a phone call.

**听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。**

8. When did the man lose his job?

A. A week ago. B. Three weeks ago. C. A month ago.

9. What did the woman do to help the man?

A. She bought him a car.

B. She gave him her old car.

C. She donated-money to him.

**听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。**

10. What is the man?

A. A banker. B. A salesman. C. An operator.

11. What excuse does the woman make to refuse the man at first?

A. She is too busy to talk to him.

B. She thinks it's too expensive.

C. Her husband doesn't allow it.

12. How does the woman probably feel in the end?

A. Sorry. B. Annoyed. C. Interested.

**听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。**

13. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?

A. Husband and wife. B. Brother and sister. C. Friends.

14. What can we know about the woman?

A. She's the only child. B. She's the youngest child. C. She's the eldest child.

15. What's the main reason why the man wants a second child?

A. Reducing the aging population.

B. Solving the labor shortage problem.

C. Keeping his son company.

16. What worries the man's wife most in having a second child?

A. The influence on her career.

B. The high cost of childcare and living.

C. The balance between her work and family.

**听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。**

17. How many cups of coffee a day are considered healthy?
- A. Three. B. Five. C. Six.
18. What will it probably cause if we drink too much caffeine a day?
- A. Difficulty sleeping. B. Good appetite. C. Low heart rate.
19. Who should avoid drinking coffee completely according to the speaker?
- A. Kids. B. Doctors. C. Women.
20. What does the speaker advise to do when one feels lazy in the morning?
- A. Drink a cup of green tea.
- B. Drink a cup of caffeine.
- C. Drink a glass of water.

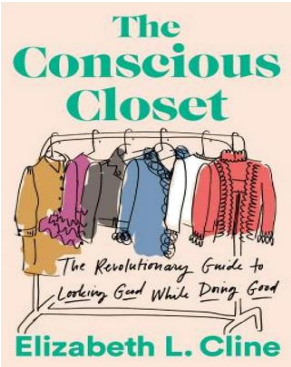
## 第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 50 分）



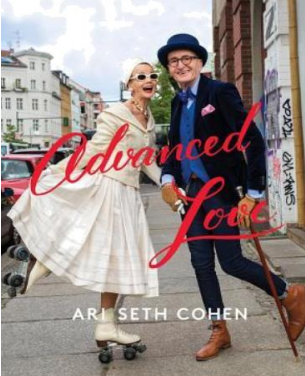
### 第一节 阅读理解（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

#### A

Whether you're looking to learn more about sustainability or imagine yourself as a media big man at the head of a world-famous magazine, here are several books worth popping on your Good Reads list.

<p><b><u><i>The Conscious Closet</i></u></b> by Elizabeth L. Cline</p> 	<p>As the pressure to save the planet increases, it's important to turn the conversation to our closet（衣帽间）.</p> <p>Stockpiling endless printed books on sustainability seems somewhat unwise, but <i>The Conscious Closet</i> is easily the best of the lot. It exposes the true cost of fast fashion and encourages the reader to think twice about unwise purchasing, drawing deeply on Cline's own experiences.</p>
<p><b><u><i>How To Dress: Secret Styling Tips From A Fashion Insider</i></u></b> by Alexandra Fullerton</p>	<p>Former fashion editor at <i>Stylist</i> magazine, Alexandra Fullerton certainly knows something about getting dressed.</p> <p>Illustrated beautifully, this book allows you to dip easily in and out of her easy-to-follow advice, helping you carve out a signature style, shop more effectively and even wash and store your clothes to maximize their full potential.</p>

	
<p><b><u>The New Fashion Rules</u></b> by Victoria McGrath</p> 	<p>One of the UK's most successful fashion bloggers, Victoria McGrath has used her platform to demonstrate the growing value of influencer culture on fashion and new media.</p> <p>Her friendly, accessible tone is backed up with some serious knowledge — her PhD in fashion marketing allows her to explore how far fashion has come in recent decades, discussing many things including virtual reality shopping while offering up a brief tour of fashion's 21st century history.</p>
<p><b><u>Advanced Love</u></b> by Ari Seth Cohen</p> 	<p>The photographic blog series that made stars of Iris Apfel and Linda Rodin, the Advanced Style brand has grown over the past decade, demonstrating that real beauty is truly ageless.</p> <p>His third and most recent book, Advanced Love sees Ari Seth Cohen picturing couples from all walks of life, making a statement about our dismissal of romance within the over-40 age set.</p> <p>The perfect festive gift for your special other-half, or a treat-to-self as a constant reminder that love never goes out of style.</p>

1. Which is the most suitable book for a new graduate ignorant of fashion?

A. *Advanced Love*

B. *The Conscious Closet*

2. From \_\_\_\_\_'s book, we can know something about the development of fashion.

A. Elizabeth L. Cline      B. Alexandra Fullerton      C. Victoria Magrath      D. Ari Seth Cohen

3. What do the books have in common?

A. They are targeted on young ladies.

B. The authors advise us against unreasonable purchasing.

C. They are all good books about secrets of the fashion world.

D. The writers are all bloggers giving practical advice on how to get well dressed.

## B

Dry eye—a condition that occurs when your eyes don't produce enough tears, the tears don't work correctly or they evaporate (蒸发) too quickly—is much more than a bother. "The burning can feel like sand is in your eyes, and this can cause eye tiredness, light insensitivity, and blurry vision," says Angela Bevels, a doctor in Tucson, Arizona.

Nearly 16 million Americans may have dry eye, according to the National Eye Institute. Anyone can develop the problem, but it's more common in women and people over 50.

Sometimes dry eye is a temporary condition caused by a variety of irritants (刺激物). But it can be constant, too, when caused by immune system diseases. Skin issues on or around the eyelids and diseases of the glands (腺) in the eyelids are also common contributors. People who wear contact lenses (隐形眼镜) or have had eye surgeries are also at a higher risk.

Some lifestyle changes can minimize the discomfort. First, take frequent breaks from staring at computer and phone screens, which may cause tears to work overtime, according to Aditya Kanasa-thasan, MD, an eye doctor at the Wills Eye Hospital in Philadelphia.

Turn off fans or other direct air to your face, as this can increase the evaporative loss of tears as well, he says. Eight to ten glasses of water every day can also play a role in keeping your eyes lubricated (润滑).

Over-the-counter eye drops can help ease symptoms. But when these solutions don't provide relief or you find you're using drops more than six times a day, it's time to see an eye doctor for treatments.

4. What do we know about dry eye according to passage?

A It is a temporary condition.

B. It is caused by eye weakness.

C. It will make you unable to sense light.

D. It may be caused by immune system diseases.

5. Which group of people are more likely to have dry eye?

A. People under 50.

B. People with skin issues.

C. People wearing glasses.

D. People having done eye surgeries.

6. What should people with dry eye do?

A. Use eye drops more often.

B. Avoid using phones or computers.

C. Drink enough water every day.

D. Go to the doctor for eye surgeries.

7. What's the best title for the passage?

A. Coping with Dry Eye

B. Tips for Eye Health

C. Caring for Your eyes

D. Causes of Dry Eye

## C

As Covid-19 spread through the United States in the spring of 2020, previously busy cities fell silent. A new study shows that the dip in noise in the early months of the pandemic (大流行病) led to an increased abundance of birds in cities.

The flock to cities ranged “from birds like hawks and eagles all the way down to small songbirds and even hummingbirds” says Michael Schrimpf, study co-author and postdoctoral fellow at the University of Manitoba's Natural Resources Institute

To see if and how birds were using now-quiet cities differently, the team of researchers analyzed more than 4.3 million bird observations of more than 80 bird species recorded on the community science app eBird. They looked at more than three years of observations taken by experienced birders before and through the first few months of the pandemic.

Scientists found significant changes in birds' migration patterns and use of urban habitats (栖息地), like bravely getting closer to usually-noisy areas like roads and airports. It was also revealed that white-crowned sparrows adapted their tune when San Francisco streets fell quiet. Bird abundance increased in cities overall, especially during spring and fall migration.

North America has lost almost a third of its birds in recent decades due to a combination of factors, including climate change, predation (捕食) by stray cats, and habitat loss, so any information scientists can obtain about how to make urban environments more bird-friendly is significant. The study's authors note that one of the most remarkable findings is that many different birds benefited from a reduction in noise, which doesn't have to be

limited to pandemic lockdowns.

“There is an opportunity to adjust how we live, to slow down,” says Schrimpf. “We hope that it might be a lesson for us that we can take away in a post-pandemic world.”

8. What does the underlined word “dip” in Paragraph 1 mean?

- A. Decrease.                      B. Increase.                      C. Effect.                      D. Change.

9. How did the researchers conduct the research?

- A. By observing varieties of birds in nature.  
B. By doing an experiment on different kinds of birds.  
C. By analyzing bird observations recorded by birders.  
D. By studying past researches on bird behavior.

10. What do the findings of the study indicate?

- A. All birds benefited from the reduction in noise.  
B. Some birds sang differently in a quieter environment.  
C. Birds would often go to noisy areas like roads and airports.  
D. The overall bird population increased worldwide during the pandemic

11. What message does the author want to convey in his article?

- A. People should slow down to appreciate birds in nature.  
B. People should be banned from any activities harmful to nature  
C. People should adjust their lifestyle to stay safe during the pandemic.  
D. People should reduce noise to create a better environment for birds.

## D

More than half the world's population live in cities, and by 2050 the United Nations expects that proportion to reach 68 percent. This means more homes, roads, and other infrastructure. Such a construction boom is a great challenge for tackling climate change, because making steel and concrete generates around 8% of the world's anthropogenic carbon-dioxide emissions. If cities are to expand and become greener at the same time, they must be made from something else.

Chicago might become part of the answer. In recent years, wooden buildings have been getting steadily taller. The current record is held by the 85-meter-tall Mjøstarnet building in Norway, completed in 2019. But this would be dwarfed by the River Beech Tower, a 228-meter building proposed for a site beside the Chicago River.

As the American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS) meeting heard this week, wood is one of the most promising sustainable alternatives to steel and concrete. It is not, however, everyday lumber,

chipboard or plywood that is attracting the interest of architects. Rather, it is a material called engineered timber. This is a mix of different layers, each designed to meet the requirements of specific components such as floors, panels, cross-braces, and beams. Engineered timber is, moreover, usually made into large sections of a building in a factory. That cuts down on the number of deliveries that need to get to a construction site.

If building with wood takes off, it does raise concerns about there being enough trees to go round. But with sustainably managed forests that should not be a problem, says Dr. Ramage. A family-sized apartment requires about 30 cubic meters of timber, and he estimates Europe's sustainable forests alone grow that amount every seven seconds. Nor is fire a risk, for engineered timber does not burn easily.

12. What is mainly talked about in Paragraph 1?

- A. Green expansion of cities.
- B. The large population in cities.
- C. The great need for infrastructure.
- D. Negative effects of urbanization.

13. What is special about Mjostarnet building in Norway?

- A. It's a historical attraction.
- B. It's the tallest wooden building.
- C. It's second to the River Beech Tower.
- D. It's beside the Chicago River.

14. Which of the following is a benefit of engineered timber?

- A. It arouses interest in architects.
- B. It is made up of different layers.
- C. It can be processed for different uses.
- D. It can be delivered to the construction site.

15. What is Dr. Ramage's attitude towards wooden building?

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| A. Optimistic. | B. Doubtful.   |
| C. Casual.     | D. Subjective. |

## 第二节 七选五（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

If you are someone who struggles with exam anxiety, know that you aren't alone.

Some levels of stress are normal, and they do serve a purpose. Stress can improve your work performance,



think more quickly and more efficiently. \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ These high levels of stress and anxiety have harmful effects on both your mental health and your performance. Fortunately, there are things that you can do to try and relieve this.

Simply being aware of what is causing your anxiety can help to lessen the effects. Try to take some time to reflect on what could be causing your anxiety. \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_ In terms of exam anxiety, it could be linked to a few different factors. For example, if you're someone that tends to be a bit of a perfectionist, you might experience higher levels of exam anxiety. \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_.

Most of the time, the key to exam anxiety is making full preparations. Make an early start on your revision. Starting 6 weeks before the exam is usually recommended. \_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_ Take enough time to do yourself justice.

\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_ Studying constantly will make you worn out, and you may even feel burnt out-long before you even get the chance to sit the exam. Make sure that you have at least one day off from revision a week. Take regular breaks for exercise to help keep your brain active. And always remember to eat nutritious, high-quality foods and drink enough water.

Hopefully, you will be free from exam anxiety in the future.

A. Also, try not to neglect your self-care.

B. In addition, your mental health matters the most.

C. It is completely normal to experience exam anxiety.

D. Once you address the causes, it puts you in a better position to treat it.

E. That being said, sometimes stress can turn into anxiety, which is overwhelming.

F. But this can change depending on where you feel you are in your studies and the study level.

G. This often means you set yourself up for failure or disappointment, due to the fear of never feeling "good enough".

### 第三部分 语言知识运用（共四节，满分 50 分）

#### 第一节 完形填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空内处的最佳选项。

Juan Manuel Ballestero was a 47-year-old sailing enthusiast, who currently lived in Porto Santo, Portugal. When the COVID-19 pandemic (流行病) outbreak started to take its hold, Ballestero began to \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_ across the Atlantic to reach his 90-year-old dad in the middle of March.

"I didn't want to \_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_ like a coward (懦弱的人) on an island where there were no \_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_, Ballestero said. "My father is 90 years old and I'm \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_ his health, especially during the pandemic."

The journey wasn't without any trouble. Although he'd \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ necessities and fuel before leaving the

Portuguese island in his boat, he \_\_\_\_\_ 26 \_\_\_\_\_ to make a stop at Cape Verde in mid-April to pick up more supplies and fuel. \_\_\_\_\_ 27 \_\_\_\_\_, authorities in the middle of the Atlantic Ocean refused his request to dock (停靠). So, the \_\_\_\_\_ 28 \_\_\_\_\_ sailor carried on his journey in hopes that he'd get to see his dad, unsure of what to \_\_\_\_\_ 29 \_\_\_\_\_ as the world battled with the pandemic. He said, "The love for my father kept me \_\_\_\_\_ 30 \_\_\_\_\_ in these situations. I learned about myself; this voyage gave me lots of \_\_\_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_\_\_. He finally reached the port of his \_\_\_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_\_\_ Mar del Plata and was able to \_\_\_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_\_\_ his 90-year-old father after his COVID-19 test \_\_\_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_\_\_ came back negative (阴性的)—just in time for Father's Day.

Ballestero proves how the love for his father has no \_\_\_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_\_\_ even in such a difficult time.

- |                     |                |                    |                   |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 21. A. travel       | B. swim        | C. fly             | D. run            |
| 22. A. escape       | B. leave       | C. stay            | D. relax          |
| 23. A. resources    | B. comforts    | C. reasons         | D. cases          |
| 24. A. aware of     | B. certain of  | C. concerned about | D. satisfied with |
| 25. A. ordered      | B. prepared    | C. produced        | D. consumed       |
| 26. A. managed      | B. failed      | C. referred        | D. intended       |
| 27. A. Otherwise    | B. Anyhow      | C. However         | D. Therefore      |
| 28. A. honest       | B. courageous  | C. generous        | D. stubborn       |
| 29. A. expect       | B. pay         | C. predict         | D. bring          |
| 30. A. rising       | B. changing    | C. wondering       | D. standing       |
| 31. A. hope         | B. inspiration | C. tests           | D. advantages     |
| 32. A. unique       | B. native      | C. pretty          | D. great          |
| 33. A. hug          | B. welcome     | C. accept          | D. protect        |
| 34. A. result       | B. effect      | C. agenda          | D. standard       |
| 35. A. measurements | B. choices     | C. questions       | D. limits         |

## 第二节 短文语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As the effects of global warming, rising sea levels and natural disasters become \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ (serious) than before, some local communities are taking action. Among them is one community in Florida \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ local people and government officials are proving successful in protecting coastal cities from the dangers of rising sea levels.

The community has studied how much sea levels will rise and has suggested addressing the problem in some \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ (effect) ways. It has persuaded the state government \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ (ban) new developments on land near the coastline and recommended \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ (build) sand dunes(沙丘) along beaches. Kristin Jacobs, one of the group's founders, decided to take action in 2008 after it became \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ (gradual) clear that her state's 27 water authorities couldn't agree on joint action.

While some Florida government officials doubt \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ the climate will become hotter or colder, the people living in these \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_ (locate) are certain of the need to protect their communities.

At present, coming \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ with ways to fight against the effects of climate change under a limited budget \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a pressing concern. Only time will tell whether these communities will succeed in the end.

### 第三节 用所给词的适当形式填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

46. They are searching for a kind of medicine which can relieve dying patients of \_\_\_\_\_ (bear) pain and suffering.

(所给词的适当形式填空)

47. An experienced public speaker usually begins by encouraging the audience's \_\_\_\_\_ (curious). (所给词的适当形式填空)

(所给词的适当形式填空)

48. Such dangers can have \_\_\_\_\_ (disaster) impacts not only on the sites themselves but also on people. (所给词的适当形式填空)

(所给词的适当形式填空)

49. An interview allows the employer to assess job \_\_\_\_\_ (apply) to see if they are suitable for the position. (所给词的适当形式填空)

(所给词的适当形式填空)

50. \_\_\_\_\_ (survive) a car accident, many of the passengers now need medical treatment. (所给词的适当形式填空)

(所给词的适当形式填空)

51. He ordered a book and had it \_\_\_\_\_ (deliver) to his office. (所给词的适当形式填空)

52. Travelling not only helps relieve stress but also \_\_\_\_\_ (broad) our horizons. (所给词的适当形式填空)

53. The trials on patients are likely \_\_\_\_\_ (postpone) because they lack sufficient safety data. (所给词的适当形式填空)

(所给词的适当形式填空)

54. The college is not an \_\_\_\_\_ (office) recognized English language school. (所给词的适当形式填空)

55. Having sold most of his \_\_\_\_\_, he almost had nothing left in the house. (用适当的词填空)

### 第四节 根据要求翻译句子（共 5 题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

56. 只有当我们采取各种措施来拯救濒临灭绝的动植物我们才能解决这个吓人的问题。(only 倒装,

extinction) (汉译英)

57. 他突然意识到这些是灾难来临的征兆，这让他很震惊。(occur, 非限制定语从句) (汉译英)

58. 沉迷于移动设备的学生需要老师和家长的关注。(addict, call for) (汉译英)

59. 点名确认所有人安然无恙后, 他们才放松下来, 互相拥抱着。(safe and sound) (汉译英)

60. 令我们大为欣慰的是, 大多数员工同意这项提议。(relief, favour) (汉译英)

#### 第四部分 写作(满分 20 分)

61. 假定你是国际学校学生李华, 4 月 22 日“世界地球日(Earth Day)”即将来临, 请你代表学生会写一封倡议书, 呼吁大家关爱地球。内容包括:

1. 现状说明;

2. 具体措施;

3. 发出倡议。

注意: 1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear fellow students,

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Students' Union

听力答案: 1-5 BBCAA    6-10 BACBB    11-15 ABCCC    16-20 AAAAC